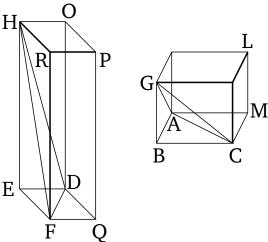
Book 12 Proposition 9

The bases of equal pyramids which also have triangular bases are reciprocally proportional to their heights. And those pyramids which have triangular bases whose bases are reciprocally proportional to their heights are equal.



For let there be (two) equal pyramids having the triangular bases ABC and DEF, and apexes the points G and H (respectively). I say that the bases of the pyramids ABCG and DEFH are reciprocally proportional to their heights, and (so) that as base ABC is to base DEF, so the height of pyramid DEFH (is) to the height of pyramid ABCG.

For let the parallelepiped solids BGML and EHQP have been completed. And since pyramid ABCG is equal to pyramid DEFH, and solid BGML is six times pyramid ABCG (see previous proposition), and solid EHQP (is) six times pyramid DEFH, solid BGML is thus equal to solid EHQP. And the bases of equal par-

allelepiped solids are reciprocally proportional to their heights [Prop. 11.34]. Thus, as base BM is to base EQ, so the height of solid EHQP (is) to the height of solid BGML. But, as base BM (is) to base EQ, so triangle ABC (is) to triangle DEF [Prop. 1.34]. And, thus, as triangle ABC (is) to triangle DEF, so the height of solid EHQP (is) to the height of solid BGML [Prop. 5.11]. But, the height of solid EHQP is the same as the height of pyramid DEFH, and the height of solid BGML is the same as the height of pyramid ABCG. Thus, as base ABC is to base DEF, so the height of pyramid DEFH (is) to the height of pyramid ABCG. Thus, the bases of pyramids ABCG and DEFH are reciprocally proportional to their heights.

And so, let the bases of pyramids ABCG and DEFH be reciprocally proportional to their heights, and (thus) let base ABC be to base DEF, as the height of pyramid DEFH (is) to the height of pyramid ABCG. I say that pyramid ABCG is equal to pyramid DEFH.

For, with the same construction, since as base ABC is to base DEF, so the height of pyramid DEFH (is) to the height of pyramid ABCG, but as base ABC (is) to base DEF, so parallelogram BM (is) to parallelogram EQ [Prop. 1.34], thus as parallelogram BM (is) to parallelogram EQ, so the height of pyramid DEFH (is) also to the height of pyramid ABCG [Prop. 5.11]. But, the height of pyramid DEFH is the same as the height of parallelepiped EHQP, and the height of pyramid ABCG is the same as the height of parallelepiped BGML. Thus, as base BM is to base EQ, so the height of parallelepiped EHQP (is) to the height of parallelepiped

BGML. And those parallelepiped solids whose bases are reciprocally proportional to their heights are equal [Prop. 11.34]. Thus, the parallelepiped solid BGML is equal to the parallelepiped solid EHQP. And pyramid ABCG is a sixth part of BGML, and pyramid DEFH a sixth part of parallelepiped EHQP. Thus, pyramid ABCG is equal to pyramid DEFH.

Thus, the bases of equal pyramids which also have triangular bases are reciprocally proportional to their heights. And those pyramids having triangular bases whose bases are reciprocally proportional to their heights are equal. (Which is) the very thing it was required to show.