

# Boyan Mihaylov

## Modelling Diffusive Signals for the Germination of *Aspergillus* Conidia

MSc Thesis  
Computational Science  
UvA/VU, Amsterdam, 2025

**Supervisor:** Prof. dr. Han Wösten, Utrecht University  
**Examiner:** Dr. Jaap Kaandorp, UvA  
**Assessor:** Dr. Vivek Sheraton Muniraj, UvA

The germination rate of *Aspergillus* conidia is reportedly influenced by the inducing carbon source in the medium and by an auto-inhibitor produced by the spores. This thesis assesses the plausibility of diffusion-driven mechanisms in timing the action of these signals until germination is enabled.

To this end, computational models of spores releasing inhibitor molecules are constructed on multiple scales, first simulating the depletion of inhibitor from a single spore, then exploring the effect of increasing spore culture densities, and eventually inspecting the diffusive outflow in a dense spore cluster. This leads to several observations: that the commonly considered inhibitor 1-octen-3-ol would be depleted too fast, unless a strong cell wall adsorption or continuous synthesis slow down its decrease; that increasing spore densities flatten the permeation-driving gradient through an ambient inhibitor saturation; and that dense spore packings do not lead to substantial inhibitor retention, unless their contact area is large. Finally, germination probability models incorporating induction and inhibition are proposed, representing heterogeneities in the spores through random variables. Parameter estimation through global and local optimisation highlights a promising model that fits experimental data under biologically sensible parameters. In this model, an inhibitor falls below a critical value, and an inhibitor-dependent inducing signal rises above an inhibitor-dependent threshold to trigger germination. In an attempt to explain data with both endogenously and exogenously driven 1-octen-3-ol inhibition, no appropriate parameter combination is found, leading to the supposition that in vivo inhibition is more complex than merely saturating the medium with the compound.

### About the author

Boyan Mihaylov is a student of Computational Science with a background in Architecture, Computational Design and Creative Coding. His primary interests lie in the fields of biofabrication and biologically inspired design and engineering. His learning trajectory during the Master's programme strives to interconnect knowledge in Biology, Physics and Mathematics through the tools of Computation to tackle the complexity of living systems.



Boyan Mihaylov

Modelling Diffusive Signals for the Germination of *Aspergillus* Conidia