

Matthew Black

Curriculum Vitae

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EDUCATION

- 2021 – PRESENT **PhD in Theoretical Particle Physics**
Universität Siegen
- 2016 – 2020 **Master of Physics (MPhys)**
FIRST CLASS HONOURS
Theoretical Physics
University of Durham
- 2009 – 2016 **Secondary Education**
The High School of Glasgow

POSITIONS

Universität Siegen [03.21 – present]
Doctoral Researcher

I am currently working as a doctoral researcher in the TP1 research group for particle physics at Universität Siegen, focusing on B physics using both lattice QCD simulations and QCD sum rules calculations, therefore making use of different non-perturbative methodologies for the physics. I work with colleagues both within the TP1 group and internationally to complete research, and also as part of the RBC/UKQCD collaboration focused on delivering high precision lattice results. Further research interests include new physics models and quantum computation for high energy physics.

RESEARCH WORKS

See iNSPIRE-HEP/Matthew Black.

- ➡ **M. Black**, R. Harlander, F. Lange, A. Rago, A. Shindler and O. Witzel, *Using Gradient Flow to Renormalise Matrix Elements for Meson Mixing and Lifetimes*, PoS LATTICE2023 263, [arXiv:2310.18059 [hep-lat]]
- ➡ **M. Black**, O. Witzel, *B Meson Decay Constants Using Relativistic Heavy Quarks*, PoS LATTICE2022 405, [arXiv:2212.10125 [hep-lat]]
- ➡ **M. Black**, A. D. Plascencia and G. Tetlalmatzi-Xolocotzi, *Enhancing $B_s \rightarrow e^+e^-$ to an Observable Level in the Two-Higgs-Doublet Model*, Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 3 035013, [arXiv:2208.08995 [hep-ph]]
- ➡ O. Atkinson, **M. Black**, C. Englert, A. Lenz and A. Rusov, *$MUonE$, muon $g - 2$ and electroweak precision constraints within 2HDMs*, Phys.Rev.D 106 (2022) 11 115031, [arXiv:2207.02789 [hep-ph]]
- ➡ O. Atkinson, **M. Black**, C. Englert, A. Lenz, A. Rusov and J. Wynne, *The Flavourful Present and Future of 2HDMs at the Collider Energy Frontier*, JHEP 11 (2022) 139, [arXiv:2202.08807 [hep-ph]]
- ➡ O. Atkinson, **M. Black**, A. Lenz, A. Rusov and J. Wynne, *Cornering the Two Higgs Doublet Model Type II*, JHEP 04 (2022) 172, [arXiv:2107.05650 [hep-ph]]

COMPUTER SKILLS

- INTERMEDIATE Fortran, Perl, HTML
- EXPERT Python, C++, Unix, L^AT_EX
Grid, Hadrons, Qlua

TEACHING

Throughout my Masters and PhD, I have taken up teaching assistant duties for various courses:

- ➡ Practical Lab: Intro to Lattice QCD [2 semesters, Siegen]
- ➡ Scientific Programming [1 semester, Siegen]
- ➡ Introduction to Python programming for physics [2 semesters, Durham]

Furthermore I helped to advise a Bachelors student through their dissertation work [1 semester, Siegen].

FURTHER EXPERIENCES

Systems Administrator [09.22 – present]

During my time at UniSiegen, I have taken on responsibilities as part of the Sys Admin team managing and maintaining the Linux computer systems of the TP1 group, including central server systems. This involves educating users on working with Linux systems and providing assistance and new services as needed by the group.

SELECTED TALKS

- 08.23 Lattice 2023, Fermilab, USA, *Using Gradient Flow to Renormalise Matrix Elements for Meson Mixing and Lifetimes*
- 03.23 ECT* Workshop on The Gradient Flow in QCD and other Strongly Coupled Field Theories, Trento, Italy, *Using Gradient Flow to renormalise Matrix Elements for B Meson Mixing and Lifetimes*
- 08.22 Lattice 2022, Bonn, Germany, *B Meson Decay Constants Using Relativistic Heavy Quarks*
- 06.22 Quirks in Quark Flavour Physics, Zadar, Croatia, *B meson decay constants from Lattice QCD*
- 06.22 Young Scientists Meeting of the CRC TRR 257, Karlsruhe, Germany, *Non-Perturbative Calculations for B-mesons*
- 03.22 DPG Frühjahrstagung 2022, Heidelberg, Germany (virtual), *Flavour and LHC constraints in the 2HDM*
- 05.21 Annual Meeting of the CRC TRR 257 (virtual), *Cornering the Two-Higgs-Doublet II Model*

EVENTS ATTENDED

- 10.23 LHCb Implications Workshop 2023 (virtual)
- 10.23 Young Scientists Meeting of the CRC TRR 257, Siegen, Germany
- 08.23 Lattice 2023, Fermilab, USA
- 04.23 MIAPbP program on Quantum Computing Methods for High Energy Physics, Munich, Germany
- 03.23 ECT* Workshop on The Gradient Flow in QCD and other Strongly Coupled Field Theories, Trento Italy
- 10.22 LHCb Implications Workshop 2022 (virtual)
- 09.22 DIRAC Practical Introduction to Quantum Computing, London, UK
- 08.22 Lattice 2022, Bonn, Germany
- 06.22 Quirks in Quark Flavour Physics, Zadar, Croatia
- 06.22 Young Scientists Meeting of the CRC TRR 257, Karlsruhe, Germany
- 03.22 DPG Frühjahrstagung 2022, Heidelberg, Germany (virtual)
- 10.21 LHCb Implications Workshop 2021 (virtual)
- 08.21 Lattice 2022 (virtual)
- 05.21 Annual Meeting of the CRC TRR 257 (virtual)

REFERENCES

Dr. Alexander Lenz

POSITION Chair, Professor
GROUP *Theoretical Physics 1
Universität Siegen*
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Dr. Oliver Witzel

POSITION Akademischer Rat
GROUP *Theoretical Physics 1
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Dr. Robert Harlander

POSITION Professor
GROUP *Institute for Theoretical Particle Physics
and Cosmology
RWTH Aachen University*
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High Energy Physics Lattice Group

UNIVERSITÄT REGENSBURG

REGENSBURG, GERMANY

Application for Postdoctoral Research Associate - High Energy Physics Lattice Group

To whom it may concern,

About Me

Since March 2021, I have been working as a PhD student in the TP1 group of Universität Siegen with a focus on lattice QCD for heavy flavour physics; further interests include QCD sum rules, new physics models, and quantum simulations. I am currently expected to complete my PhD in summer/early autumn 2024. Previously I studied Theoretical Physics (MPhys) at Durham University in the UK achieving a Class I (Honours).

I am an active member of the TP1 community, having served as a teaching assistant for multiple courses and mentored a Bachelor's student throughout their thesis work. Additionally, I have played a crucial role in the group's sys admin team, dedicating substantial effort to the maintenance and enhancement of the Linux computer systems and also to the education of the users. My contributions have significantly bolstered the support provided to my colleagues in their academic pursuits.

Why Me?

I am a passionate and dedicated scientist and I am looking forward to continuing my research career beyond my PhD. Throughout my academic career, I have worked on a diverse set of projects, giving me a rich and broad knowledge of particle physics phenomenology and lattice simulations. I am a very hard-working individual who will bring passion to my work and happily dedicate myself to research to the full extent of my abilities. I have the adaptability and aptitude needed to apply myself to any task or research goal needed of me and I'm eager to find new challenges to confront and overcome. I am also keen to integrate myself into any working community I find myself a part of, and will look to apply myself to the group's needs beyond scientific research.

The opportunity to continue developing my own knowledge and expertise while contributing towards the expansion of scientific knowledge is something most valuable to me, and I believe working with the High Energy Physics Lattice Group of Universität Regensburg is ideally situated for this.

Thank you for your time and consideration, I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Matthew Black

Statement of Research

My research interests primarily focus on lattice QCD simulations in the context of particle physics phenomenology, with a focus on heavy quark physics. Further interests are in QCD sum rules, BSM phenomenology, and quantum computing.

My academic research began during my Master's project, supervised by Prof. Dr. Alexander Lenz, where I delved into the Two Higgs Doublet model (2HDM), and this work extended into the start of my PhD, where I performed comprehensive analyses using almost 300 observables to constrain 2HDMs. The outcome of this research has resulted in three publications directly related to the 2HDM and its parameter space. Additionally, this work inspired further research into BSM phenomenology which lead to a fourth publication, exploring methods to enhance negligible decays to observable levels; this research invoked dialogue with experimental colleagues and further motivated LHCb researchers to look for such processes. My involvement in BSM physics has significantly shaped the foundation of my research career, preparing me with vital skills which I apply in my ongoing work. It has also imparted me with a profound understanding of phenomenology at the LHC and other colliders, a knowledge base I consider essential to recognising physical meaning, context, and importance to my research. In particular, many of the observables analysed in these studies came from B meson processes, and it was in this context that I learned to appreciate the rich phenomenology inherent to B physics and the importance of understanding the hadronic physics at play in this sector.

My PhD commenced in March 2021, focusing on lattice QCD for heavy quark flavour physics under the mentorship of Dr. Oliver Witzel. B physics on the lattice represents an interesting challenge due to the heavy mass of the b quark. In order to keep discretisation effects under control for fully dynamical quarks, the mass must obey $am_q < 1$ and practically this limit can be even stricter. While some newer lattices are beginning to reach the scale needed ($a^{-1} \gtrsim 4$ GeV), most lattices in production are not yet fine enough to treat the b quarks similarly to lighter quarks. To circumvent this problem on current lattices, there are two main methods, both of which I have dealt with in my research: the effective action, namely the Relativistic Heavy Quark (RHQ, based on the Fermilab) action, or the fully relativistic approach where one simulates heavier than the charm quark mass with e.g. domain wall quarks and extrapolates towards m_b .

Initial research focused on the calculation of pseudoscalar and vector $B^{(*)}$, $B_s^{(*)}$, and $B_c^{(*)}$ meson decay constants as part of the RHQ project of the RBC/UKQCD collaboration. I also played a pivotal role in implementing the RHQ operators for $O(a)$ improvement in general leptonic and semileptonic decays within the C++ codebase `Hadrons` utilising the `Grid` lattice QCD software package. This involved working with and advising a Bachelor's student, whose thesis work focused on this code implementation and validation. The developed RHQ code is now being used in large scale production runs by RBC/UKQCD for semileptonic B decays.

This early research into heavy quark dynamics on the lattice using RHQ has continued throughout my PhD with interest in studying new types of decays on the lattice and the calculation of form factors for both pseudoscalar-to-pseudoscalar and pseudoscalar-to-vector transitions. Future plans include the continuation of the RHQ project for these processes and eventually aiming for finer lattices and all-domain-wall setups where only minor extrapolations to physical m_b will be needed.

The primary research objective of my PhD has been developing techniques aimed at calculating the four-quark dimension-six $\Delta B = 0$ matrix elements for B meson lifetimes within lattice QCD. A key challenge for these matrix elements is the issue of operator mixing in standard renormalisation procedures. To address this, I have been working on a novel non-perturbative renormalisation scheme, leveraging the gradient flow and the “short flow time expansion” in which operator mixing is largely suppressed. The gradient flow has become an important tool in lattice simulations for e.g. scale setting, however of interest here is the evolution of four-quark matrix elements along the positive gradient flow whereby these matrix elements are removed of UV divergences and thus renormalised in a gradient flow scheme. The “short flow time expansion” is the key step in matching gradient flow renormalised matrix elements to the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme to deliver phenomenologically-relevant results. For this final step, I work in collaboration with Prof. Dr. Robert Harlander and his group who focus on calculating the matching

to $\overline{\text{MS}}$ in high-order perturbation theory. These perturbative coefficients can be combined with the non-perturbative result where, using both the non-perturbative and perturbative expertise of our collaboration, the final step is to understand the zero-flow-time extrapolation and deliver a final $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -scheme result.

The preliminary work testing this method considers $\Delta F = 2$ four-quark matrix elements governing neutral meson mixing such that we can compare to literature. We first start at the charm quark scale before any additional extrapolations towards the bottom quark are to be considered using an all-domain-wall approach. The highly-promising first results for this project were presented at Lattice 2023. With this innovative approach, we aim to provide full lattice QCD predictions of the vital $\Delta B = 0$ four-quark matrix elements for the first time, working towards more accurate and precise predictions for the lifetimes of B mesons.

Using knowledge gained from my work in the RHQ project, a first milestone for this research was also implementing the necessary code for the gradient flow in `Hadrons`. To perform the early simulations of this project, I made use of computation time on the large-scale High Performance Computing clusters `HAWK` and `LUMI-G`, where I have been in charge of compiling code, benchmarking, and running the simulations as well as the subsequent analysis. In particular on `LUMI-G`, the use of GPU nodes made optimal compilation and benchmarking crucial before performing measurements. Furthermore, for future use of `LUMI-G` with larger-volume simulations, I contributed to the writing of a grant proposal for this needed computation time.

In parallel to my lattice research, I have also engaged in exploring alternative non-perturbative methodologies, namely QCD sum rules, for the computation of $\Delta B = 0$ lifetime and $\Delta B = 2$ mixing matrix elements similarly to my lattice studies, however here for BSM operators. The QCD sum rules approach is quite different to lattice simulations, technically involving three-loop integrals, and this interdisciplinary approach has broadened my research horizon and enabled me to acquire a comprehensive understanding of diverse computational techniques in non-perturbative calculations.

Outside of my core research, I have been a driving force in a quantum computing initiative within the Siegen physics community, bringing together the theoretical particle physics group with experimental quantum computing to learn the prospects of using quantum computing for particle physics. While our research experience in this field is still limited, I have actively pushed to learn more, as evidenced for example by my participation in the MIAPbP program “Quantum Computing Methods for High Energy Physics”.

In conclusion, I am eager to apply my extensive expertise and interdisciplinary knowledge to contribute to cutting-edge and innovative research in lattice QCD simulations and heavy quark physics, while also exploring novel computational methodologies. My research experience so far has covered several different aspects of lattice QCD, such as code implementation, simulation running, and data analysis, and as such I am strongly suited to continue researching within this field with the flexibility and aptitude to perform in the many roles that can be required. I am committed to leveraging my diverse skill set and comprehensive understanding to make significant contributions to the academic community and push the boundaries of our understanding of particle physics phenomenology.

Thank you for your time and consideration, I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Matthew Black

Publication List

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- O. Atkinson, **M. Black**, C. Englert, A. Lenz and A. Rusov, *MUonE, $\mu\text{on } g - 2$ and electroweak precision constraints within 2HDMs*, Phys.Rev.D 106 (2022) 11 115031, [arXiv:2207.02789 \[hep-ph\]](#)
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- O. Atkinson, **M. Black**, A. Lenz, A. Rusov and J. Wynne, *Cornering the Two Higgs Doublet Model Type II*, JHEP 04 (2022) 172, [arXiv:2107.05650 \[hep-ph\]](#)