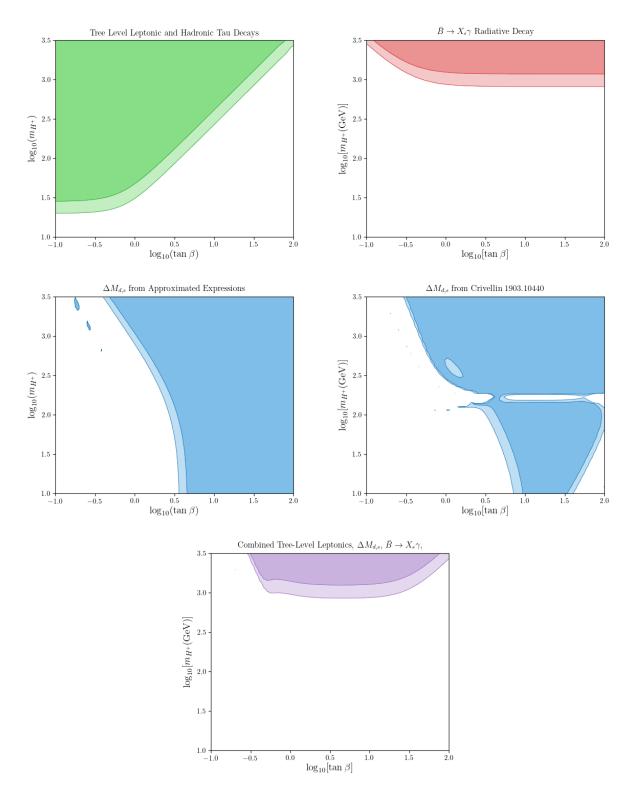
## **Project Notes**

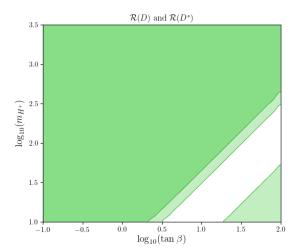
## 1 Replicating results

➤ Here are my plots for replicating what we did in first term:

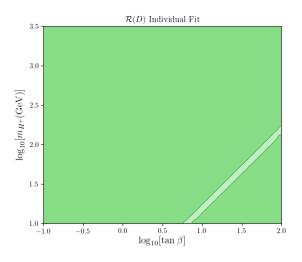


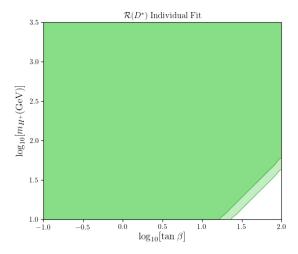
- ► Like Oliver, the main difference seems to be with  $b \to s\gamma$  where it fits higher than before the combined fit yields  $m_{H^+} \gtrsim 890\,\text{GeV}$  at  $2\sigma$  compared to  $m_{H^+} \gtrsim 500\,\text{GeV}$  in my previous fits
- $\blacktriangleright$  Note: all the plots here are showing contours for  $1,2\sigma$
- $\blacktriangleright$  This is using the higher order  $b \to s\gamma$  expressions from Crivellin 1903.10440

- ► I have modified the SM value in flavio for  $b \to s\gamma$  to fit the current result of  $(3.40 \pm 0.17)e^{-4}$
- ➤ It seems like it could be down to how flavio fits, but we would need to confirm this
- ▶ I have also included the fit for B mixing from higher-order expressions in Crivellin 1903.10440 to show the difference the gap we find around  $m_{H^+} \sim m_t(m_t)$  is due to divergences in the loop functions for this value
- $\blacktriangleright$  Adding in  $B_{s,d} \to \mu\mu$  and  $\mathcal{R}(D^{(*)})$  yields similar results to what I had before



 $\triangleright$   $\mathcal{R}(D)$  and  $\mathcal{R}(D^*)$  are fitting simultaneously it seems right now, which wasn't what we had before, so looking at individual plots:

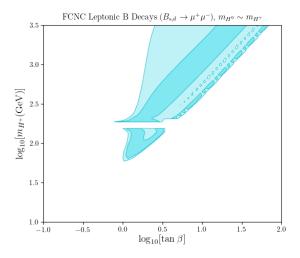


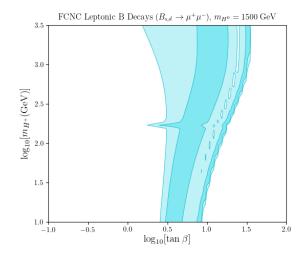


- ➤ It appears that both of them do fit individually which is not what we had before I'm not quite sure why this is the case currently
- ► For  $B_{s,d} \to \mu\mu$ , the left diagram is approximating  $m_{H^+} \sim m_{H^0}$  which is the rough limit James has from the obliques, and the right diagram is fixing  $m_{H^0} = 1500 \,\text{GeV}$
- ▶ Using the convention from 1903.10440 for the trilinear couplings means that instead of using  $M = m_{12}/(\sin\beta\cos\beta)$  as I did previously, you use  $\lambda_3$  from the 2HDM potential
- ➤ The two trilinear couplings we have to consider are

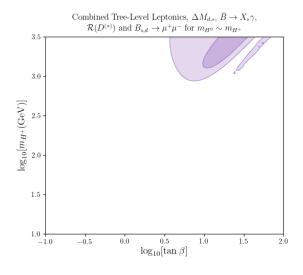
$$\lambda_{h^0H^+H^-} = v\sin(\beta - \alpha)\lambda_3, \qquad \lambda_{H^0H^+H^-} = v\cos(\beta - \alpha)\lambda_3$$

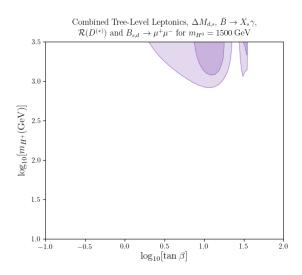
- ► In the alignment limit which I have been using so far for these,  $\sin(\beta \alpha) = 1$ , so we only have to consider  $\lambda_{h^0H^+H^-}$
- ➤ Using the updated values from Y Amhis at ICHEP 2020 and some code updates:





- $\triangleright$  These seem to preserve the overall shapes of the plots, but shifts constraints towards higher tan  $\beta$
- ➤ Updated global fits incoming to see the change there
- ➤ The contributions from the trilinear coupling seems to be minimal anyway, varying  $\lambda_3$  from  $0.01 \rightarrow 2$  doesn't change the results to any noticeable level, so for now I have set  $\lambda_3 = 0.1$
- $\blacktriangleright$  The coupling only contributes to  $C_S$  and  $C_P$  operators so far which only impact  $B \to \mu\mu$
- ➤ Checking the combined fit for all these observables to compare to my overall project work (bar the inclusion of James' obliques):





- ► Left is approximating  $m_{H^+} \sim m_{H^0}$  as above for  $B \to \mu\mu$  (can't compare to project directly as didn't use this limit); right is fixing  $m_{H^0} = 1500 \,\text{GeV}$
- ➤ For the right, we have  $m_{H^+} \gtrsim 890\,\mathrm{GeV}$ ,  $\tan\beta \lesssim 35$ ; in my project for this, I had  $m_{H^+} \gtrsim 500\,\mathrm{GeV}$  and  $\tan\beta \lesssim 21$

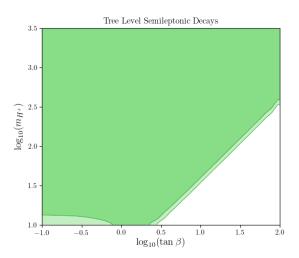
## 2 New Observables and To Do

- ➤ Also started looking at the tree-level semileptonic decays
- For semileptonics and leptonics, I think the WC contributions work out the same, e.g. for  $b \to u\mu\nu_{\mu}$  (using the subscript convention from flavio's WET basis)

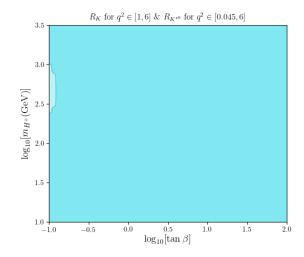
$$\mathcal{O}_{SR} = -\frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{ub}(\bar{u}_L b_R)(\bar{\mu}_R \nu_{\mu L}) \to C_{SR} = \frac{m_u}{m_{H^+}^2}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{SL} = -\frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{ub}(\bar{u}_R b_L)(\bar{\mu}_L \nu_{\mu R}) \to C_{SL} = \frac{m_b \tan^2 \beta}{m_{H^+}^2}$$

- For the tree-level leptonics, this transforms to  $r_H$  from 0907.5135, and looks to give the right results for semileptonics (including being used for the  $\mathcal{R}(D)$ s above)
- ➤ So providing the SM calculations for the semileptonics are fine, it's quite simple to fit these too:



- ▶ The next thing is to look at  $R_K$  and  $R_{K^{*0}}$
- From 1704.05340, the operators needed for the  $R_K$ s are  $C_7, C_7, C_9, C_9, C_{10}, C_{10}$  for both  $bs\mu\mu$  and bsee
- ► All these can be got from 1903.10440 already have the formulae for  $C_{10}^{(\prime)}$ s from  $B \to \mu\mu$  calculations
- $\triangleright$  So far, we get essentially no constraint in our parameter space from  $R_K$  and  $R_{K^{*0}}$ :



- There still needs to be more checks in case I've missed something, but so far we see the small region excluded at  $1\sigma$  in the left of the plot
- $\triangleright$  I want to check in literature for the  $R_K$ s in 2HDM Type II to see if there's any fits that include these to see what results have been found historically to give some at least a rough idea of what should be expected
- ▶ I have looked at the fit for the  $R_K$ s in 2007.11942 and it's not the easiest to compare to since they've presented differently, but it looks like they've found only a small constraint from  $R_K$ s near what would be along the left axis of our plots, which is roughly similar to where we're beginning to see a constraint here
- $\blacktriangleright$  I need to do the fits including  $B \to \mu\mu$  in the wrong sign limit too and compare to my previous results