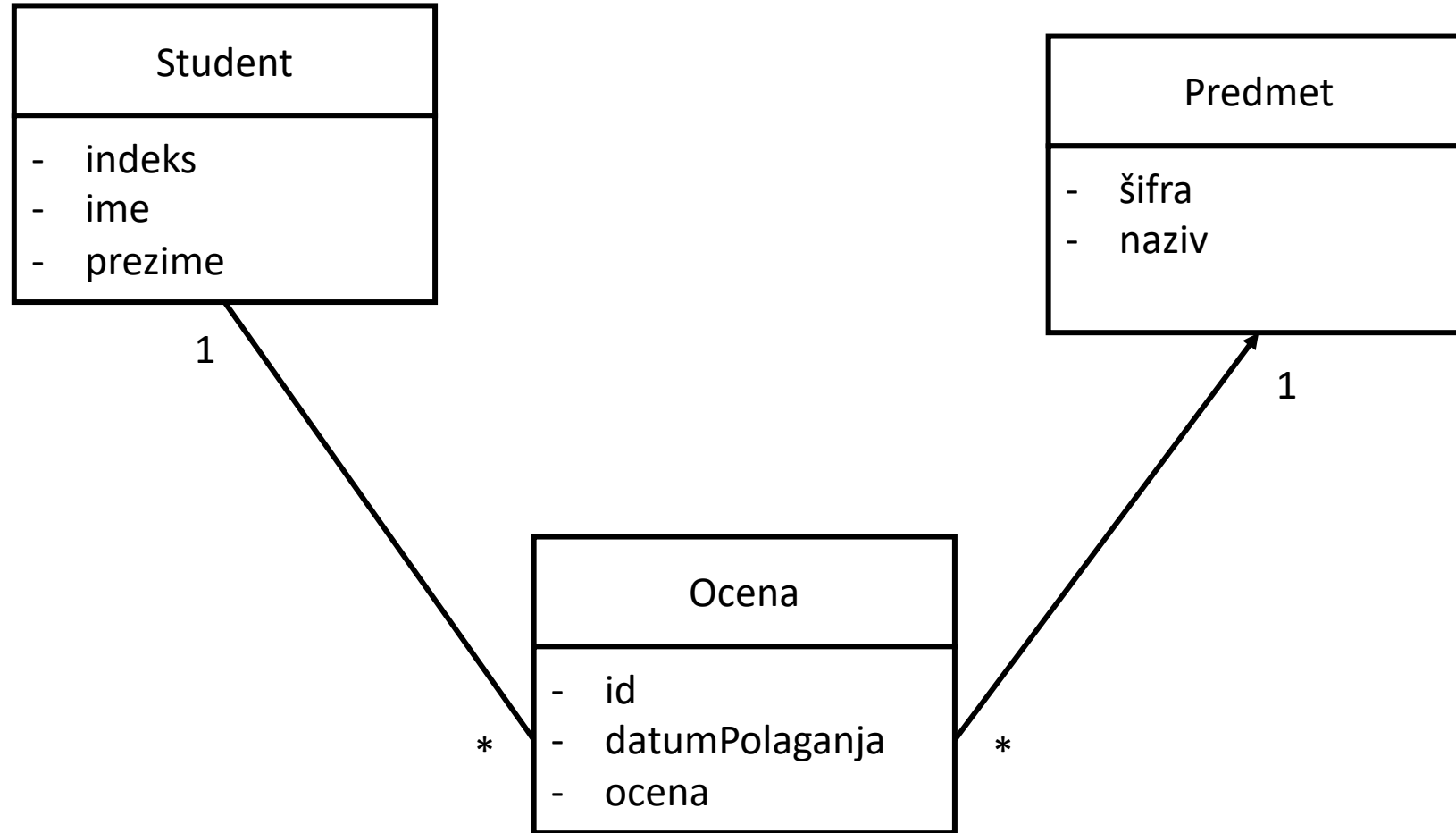
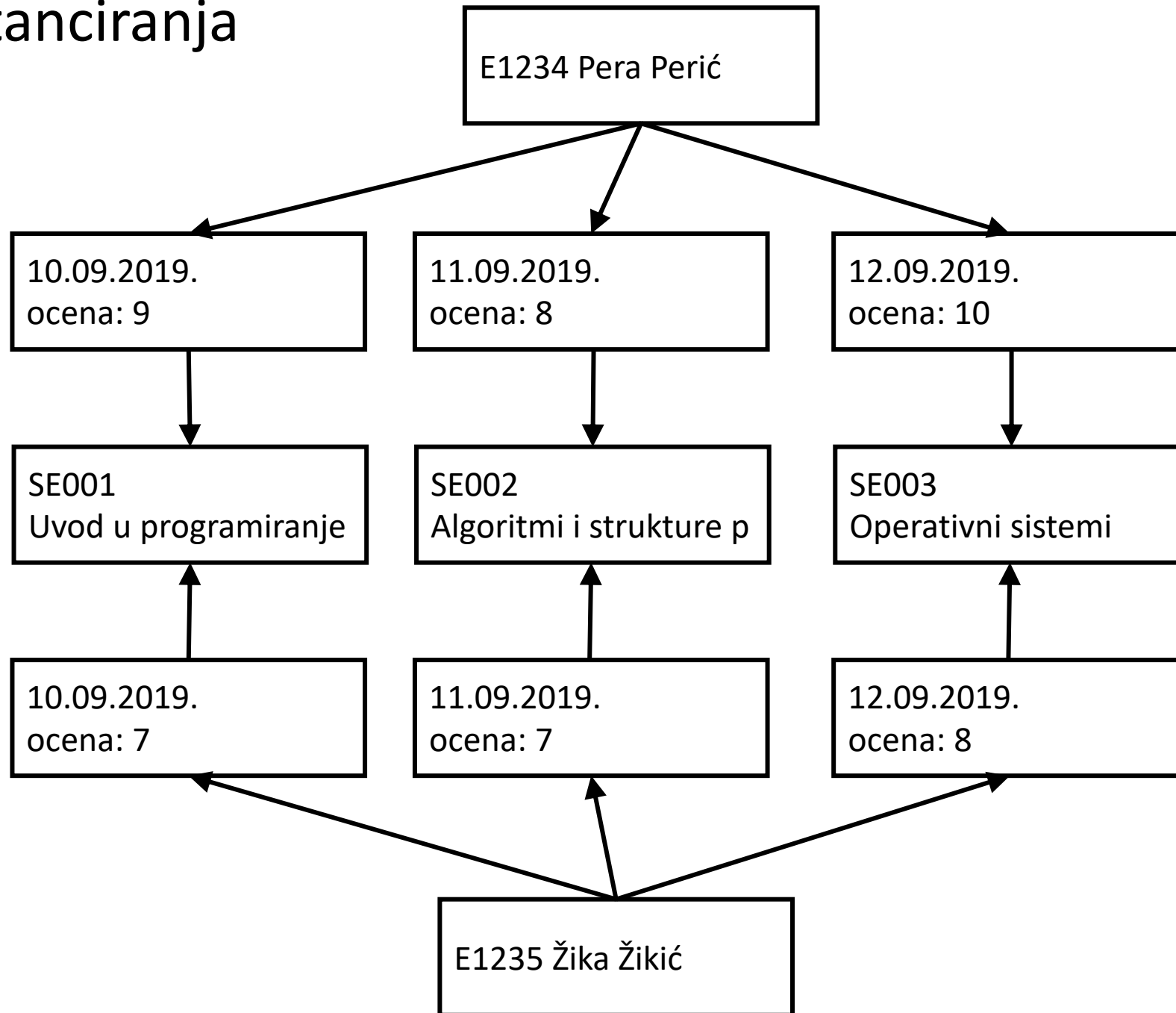


# Dijagram klasa

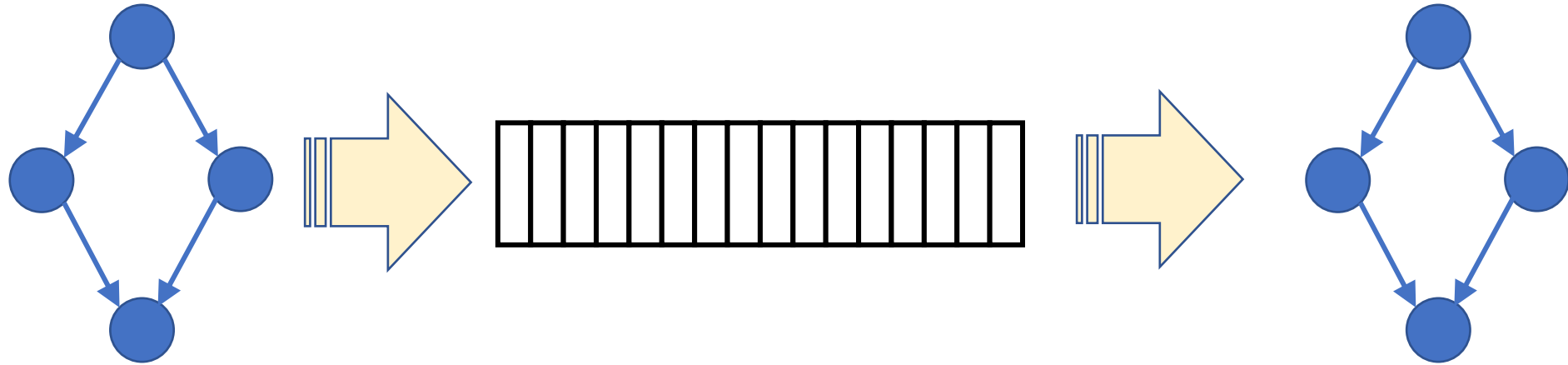


# Primer instanciranja

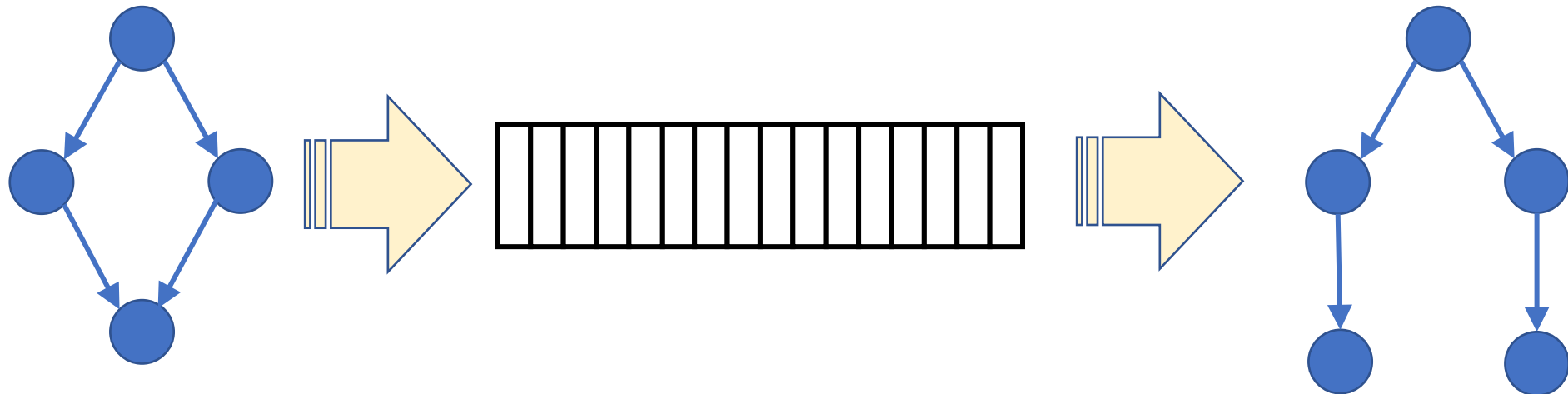


# Serijalizacija+deserijalizacija grafa

a)



b)



# GraphQL

- samo jedan endpoint: POST /graphql
- generički API za pretragu i izmene podataka
- zasnovan na definicijama tipova

```
type Client {  
  id: ID!  
  name: String!  
  paymentTerms: Int!  
  addressLine1: String!  
  addressLine2: String  
  city: String!  
  postCode: String!  
}  
  
type Query {  
  clients: [Client]!  
  clientCount: Int!  
}
```

```
type Invoice {  
  id: ID!  
  client: Client!  
  status: String!  
  issuedDate: String  
  currency: String!  
  gross: Float!  
  net: Float!  
  vat: Float!  
}  
  
extend type Query {  
  invoices: [Invoice]  
  invoice(id: Int!): Invoice  
  invoicesByStatus(status: String): [Invoice]  
  invoiceCount: Int!  
}
```

# GraphQL upiti

QUERY

```
1 {invoicesByStatus(status: "DRAFT"){id status client{id name addressLine1 city postCode}}}
```

Body Cookies (1) Headers (8) Test Results

Pretty

Raw

Preview

Visualize

JSON



```
1 {
2   "data": {
3     "invoicesByStatus": [
4       {
5         "id": "1",
6         "status": "DRAFT",
7         "client": {
8           "id": "1",
9           "name": "Bobs Marketing Agency",
10          "addressLine1": "23 Brighton Street",
11          "city": "Brighton",
12          "postCode": "BN2 7DP"
13        }
14      },
15      {
16        "id": "3",
17        "status": "DRAFT",
18        "client": {
19          "id": "2",
20          "name": "Jills Accountancy Company",
21          "addressLine1": "24 Eastbourne Rd",
22          "city": "Eastbourne",
23          "postCode": "BN23 5GP"
24        }
25      }
26    ]
27  }
28 }
```

# GraphQL vs REST

	GraphQL	REST
arhitektura	client-driven	server-driven
izvor organizacije	šema i sistem tipova	endpoints
operacije	query, mutation, subscription	create, read, update, delete
dobavljanje podataka	specifični podaci jednim pozivom	podaci fiksne strukture kroz više poziva
veličina zajednice	raste	velika
performanse	dobra :D	veliki mrežni saobraćaj
brzina razvoja	brža	sporija
kriva učenja	strma	umerena
samo-dokumentovanje	da	onako (OpenAPI)
file upload	ne	da
web caching	teško	lako
stabilnost	automatska validacija i provera grešaka	bolje za složene upite
domen primene	mikroservisi, mobilne aplikacije	resource-driven aplikacije