Drawsgtree: a tool for visualizing properties in the semigroup tree

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In these pages we illustrate examples drawn by the code drawsgtree.

The code drawsgtree can be downloaded from https://github.com/mbrasamoros/drawsgtree.

Contact maria.bras@urv.cat for any comments or questions.

Please, cite as [7].

./drawsgtree -h

OUTPUT:

```
./sgroup [options]
                            generate a latex file with the semigroup tree
                            display this help
  -h
                            [mandatory option] maximum genus
  -g <int>
  -m <int>
                            multiplicity
  -n [option]
                            node representation
                                list of semigroup elements
     -n list
     -n minimalgenerators representation by minimal generator set
                                representation by gapsets
     -n gapset
                                     (S. Eliahou, J. Fromentin: Gapsets and
                                         \hookrightarrow numerical semigroups, Journal of
                                         \hookrightarrow Combinatorial Theory, Series A, 2020)
                                representation with the gap bitstream and the
     -n gapseedbitstream
         \hookrightarrow seed bitstream
                                     (M. Bras-Amoros, J. Fernandez-Gonzalez:
                                         \hookrightarrow Computation of numerical semigroups
                                         \hookrightarrow by means of seeds, Math of Comput,

→ 2018

                                      M. Bras-Amoros: On the seeds and the great
                                          \hookrightarrow -grandchildren of a numerical
                                          \hookrightarrow semigroup, Math of Comput, Accepted,
                                          \hookrightarrow 2023)
     -n seedstable
                                representation by seeds tables
                                     (M. Bras-Amoros, J. Fernandez-Gonzalez:
                                         \hookrightarrow Computation of numerical semigroups
                                         \hookrightarrow by means of seeds, Math of Comput,
                                         \hookrightarrow 2018
                                      M. Bras-Amoros: On the seeds and the great
                                          \hookrightarrow -grandchildren of a numerical
                                          \hookrightarrow semigroup, Math of Comput, Accepted,
                                          \hookrightarrow 2023)
                                representation by augmented Dyck paths and Hook
     -n dyckhook
         \hookrightarrow lengths
                                     (M. Bras-Amoros, A. de Mier: Representation
                                         \hookrightarrow of numerical semigroups by Dyck
                                         \hookrightarrow paths, Semigroup Forum, 2007)
                                      H. Constantin, B. Houston-Edwards, N.
                                          \hookrightarrow Kaplan: Numerical sets, core
                                          \hookrightarrow partitions, and integer points in
                                          \hookrightarrow polytopes, Combinatorial and
                                          \hookrightarrow Additive Number Theory, 2017)
     -n aperykunzposet
                                representation by Apery sets, Kunz coordinates,
         \hookrightarrow and posets
                                     (E. Kunz: Uber die Klassifikation
                                         \hookrightarrow numerischer Halbgruppen, Regensburger
                                         \hookrightarrow Mathematische Schriften, 1987
                                      J.C. Rosales, P.A. Garcia-Sanchez, J.I.
```

 \hookrightarrow Garcia-Garcia, M.B. Branco: Systems

```
\hookrightarrow of inequalities and numerical
                                       \hookrightarrow semigroups, J. Lond. Math. Soc.,
                                       \hookrightarrow 2002
                                    N. Kaplan, K. O'Neill: Numerical
                                       \hookrightarrow semigroups, polyhedra, and posets I:
                                       \hookrightarrow the group cone, Combinatorial
                                       \hookrightarrow Theory, 2021)
-e [option]
                          edge distinction
   -e infinitechains
                              distinguish the infinite chains in the
       \hookrightarrow semigroup tree
                                   (M. Bras-Amoros, S. Bulygin: Towards a
                                      \hookrightarrow better understanding of the semigroup
                                      \hookrightarrow tree, Semigroup Forum, 2009
                                    M. Rosas-Ribeiro, M. Bras-Amoros: Infinite
                                       \hookrightarrow semigroups. Submitted, 2023)
                              distinguish the chains of MED semigroups
   -e med
                                   (J.C. Rosales, P.A. Garcia-Sanchez, J.I.
                                      \hookrightarrow Garcia-Garcia, M.B. Branco: Numerical
                                      \hookrightarrow semigroups with maximal embedding
                                      \hookrightarrow dimension, Int. J. Commut. Rings,
                                      \hookrightarrow 2003)
   -e pattern <sign1>a1<sign2>a2..<signn>
                              distinguish the semigroups admitting the (
                                 \hookrightarrow strongly admissible) pattern <sign1>a1x1
                                 \hookrightarrow +<sign2>a2x2+...+<signn>anxn
                                  (M. Bras-Amoros, P.A. Garcia-Sanchez:
                                      \hookrightarrow Patterns on numerical semigroups,
                                      \hookrightarrow Linear Algebra App. 2006)
                          discard the non-distinguished edges together with
-etrim
   \hookrightarrow all its descendants
-t [option]
                          alternative tree
   -t ordinarization
                                   (M. Bras-Amoros: The ordinarization
                                      \hookrightarrow transform of a numerical semigroup
                                      \hookrightarrow and semigroups with a large number of
                                      \hookrightarrow intervals, J. of Pure and App.
                                      \hookrightarrow Algebra, 2012)
   -t quasiordinarization
                                   (M. Bras-Amoros, H. Perez-Roses, J. M.
                                      \hookrightarrow Serradilla-Merinero: Quasi-
                                      \hookrightarrow ordinarization transform of a
                                      \hookrightarrow numerical semigroup, Symmetry, 2021)
                          visit nodes by lexicographic order of the gaps (
-visitlexgaps
   \hookrightarrow defauls is -visitelxnongaps)
-incremental
                          incremental with genus
                          input file (not compiling without a calling file)
-inputfile
-vertical
                          vertical tree growing down
-plain
                          plain representation of objects using less memory
-blackandwhite
                          graph without colors
-framednodes
                          frame each tree node
```

```
-x <float>
                           scale the image by the specified factor
  -d <float>
                           enlarge distance between generations by the
     \hookrightarrow specified factor
                           enlarge distance between siblings by the specified
  -s <float>
     \hookrightarrow factor
  -1 <int>
                           limit the maximum number of nodes by the specified
     \hookrightarrow integer
  -rotated
                           rotated 90 degrees
  -o <filename>
                         output file name
  0 N[1] N[2] ... N[k] root at the semigroup \{0,N[1],N[2],N[k],N[k]+1,N[k]\}
     \hookrightarrow ]+2,...}
           ./drawsgtree -g5 -n list
examples:
            ./drawsgtree -g7 -n list -visitlexgaps -incremental
            ./drawsgtree -g7 -n list 0 5 8 -s .37 -d 1.2
            ./draws {\tt gtree} \ -{\tt g4} \ -{\tt n} \ {\tt minimal generators} \ -{\tt vertical}
            ./drawsgtree -g5 -n gapset -vertical
            ./drawsgtree -g7 -n gapseedbitstream -n list -plain -
                \hookrightarrow visitlexgaps
            ./drawsgtree -g25 -n seedstable -vertical 0 8 16 18 19 24 26 27
            ./drawsgtree -g10 -n aperykunzposet 0 6 7 9
            ./drawsgtree -g8 -m4 -n dyckhook
            ./drawsgtree -g10 -e infinitechains -visitlexgaps
            ./drawsgtree -g10 -e infinitechains -visitlexgaps -d 3.
            ./drawsgtree -g42 -m6 -e infinitechains -visitlexgaps -etrim -d
                \hookrightarrow .2
            ./drawsgtree -g6 -e med -n minimalgenerators
            ./drawsgtree -g5 -e pattern 1+1-1 -n minimalgenerators -e trim
                \hookrightarrow -vertical
            ./drawsgtree -g10 -m4 -e pattern 1+1+1-1 -n minimalgenerators -
                \hookrightarrow d 2.3 -s 4.
            ./drawsgtree -m3 -g8 -n list -n gapset -n minimalgenerators -n
                \hookrightarrow gapseedbitstream -n aperykunzposet -framednodes
            ./drawsgtree -g15 0 7 9 11 14 16 18 20 21 22 23 25 27 -n
                \hookrightarrow aperykunzposet
            ./drawsgtree -g33 0 12 19 24 28 31 34 36 38 40 42 43 45 -n
                \hookrightarrow dyckhook
            ./drawsgtree -g7 -t ordinarization -n list
            ./drawsgtree -g7 -t quasiordinarization -n list
```

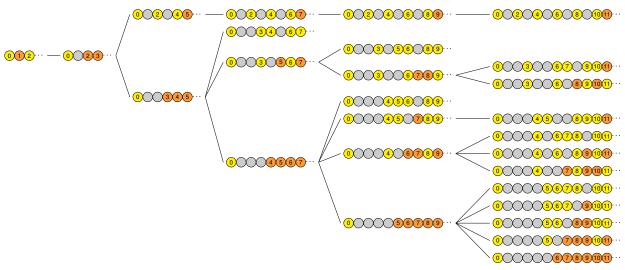
./drawsgtree -g5 -n list -inputfile

OUTPUT:

[g=5] count=12 ng=12 [0 seconds]

GENERATED FILE: inputfile-list-semigrouptree-g5.tex

GENERATED GRAPH:



./drawsgtree -g7 -n list 0 5 8 -s .37 -d 1.2 -inputfile

OUTPUT:

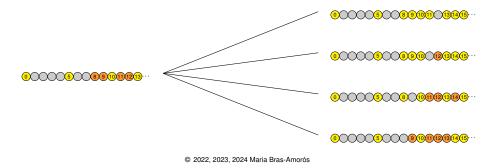
N [O] = O

N[1] = 5

N[2]=8

[g=7] count=4 ng=39 [0 seconds]

 ${\tt GENERATED} \ \ {\tt FILE: inputfile-list-semigrouptree-g7-root058.tex}$

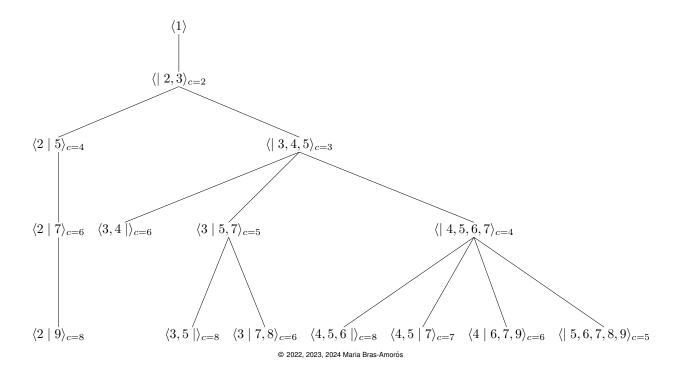


./drawsgtree -g4 -n minimalgenerators -vertical -inputfile

OUTPUT:

[g=4] count=7 ng=7 [0 seconds]

GENERATED FILE: inputfile-minimalgenerators-semigrouptree-g4.tex

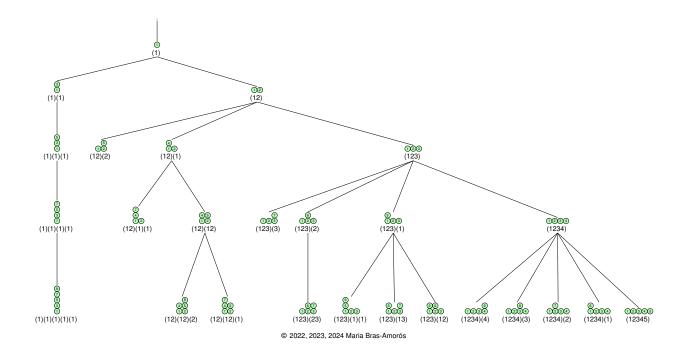


./drawsgtree -g5 -n gapset -vertical -inputfile

OUTPUT:

[g=5] count=12 ng=12 [0 seconds]

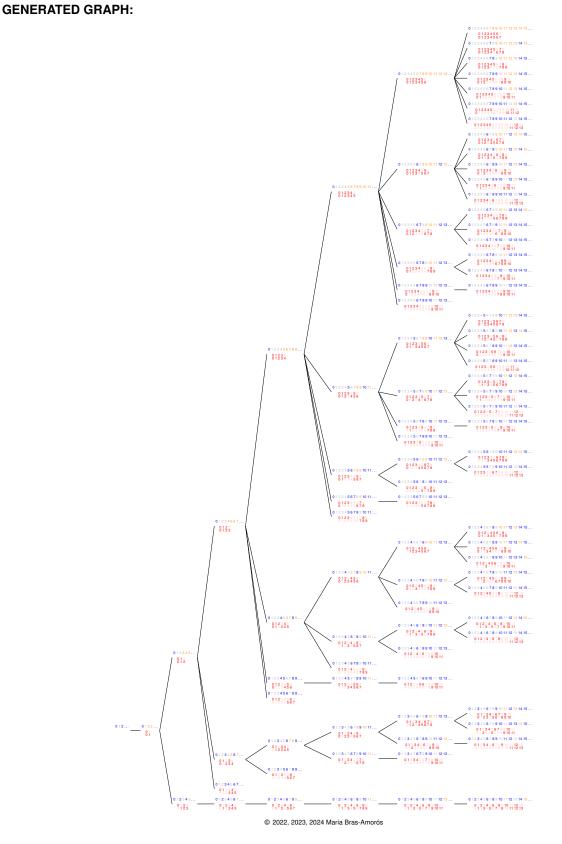
GENERATED FILE: inputfile-gapset-semigrouptree-g5.tex



./drawsgtree -g7 -n gapseedbitstream -n list -plain -visitlexgaps - \hookrightarrow inputfile

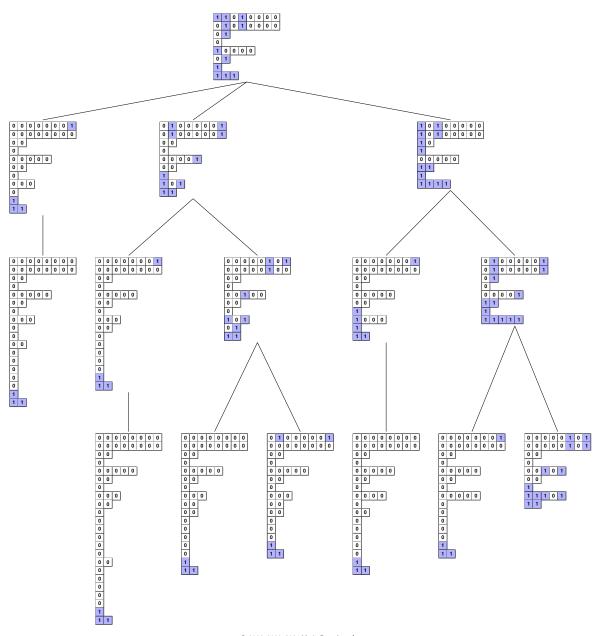
OUTPUT:

[g=7] count=39 ng=39 [0 seconds] GENERATED FILE: inputfile-plain-gapseedbitstream-list-semigrouptree-g7.tex



```
./drawsgtree -g25 -n seedstable -vertical 0 8 16 18 19 24 26 27 30 - \hookrightarrow inputfile
```

OUTPUT:



./drawsgtree -g10 -n aperykunzposet 0 6 7 9 -inputfile

OUTPUT:

N[O] = 0

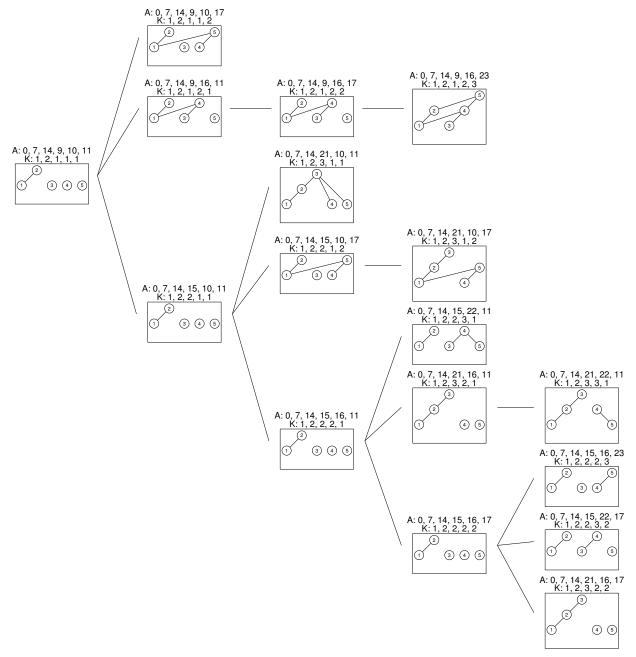
N[1] = 6

N[2] = 7

N[3] = 9

[g=10] count=4 ng=204 [0 seconds]

 ${\tt GENERATED} \ \ {\tt FILE: inputfile-aperykunzposet-semigrouptree-g10-root0679.tex}$

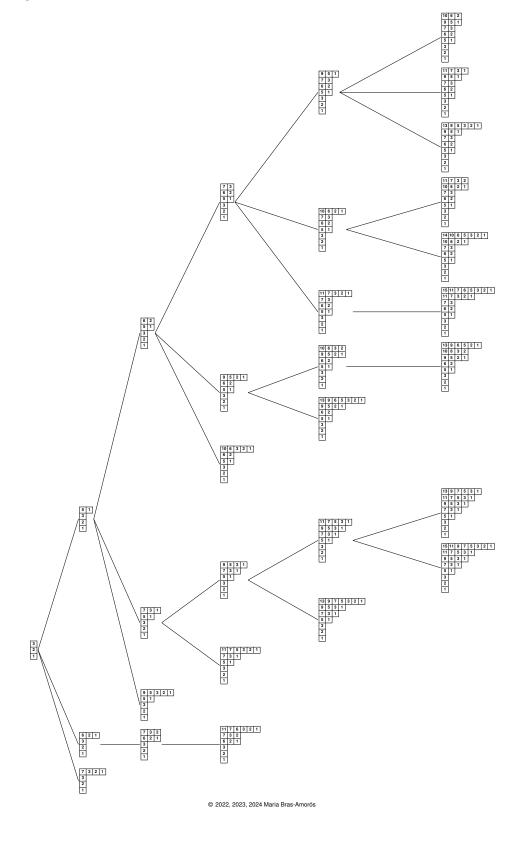


 $./{\tt drawsgtree}\ {\tt -g8\ -m4\ -n\ dyckhook\ -visitlexgaps\ -inputfile}$

OUTPUT:

[g=8] count=9 ng=67 [0 seconds]

GENERATED FILE: inputfile-dyckhook-semigrouptree-g8-m4-root04.tex

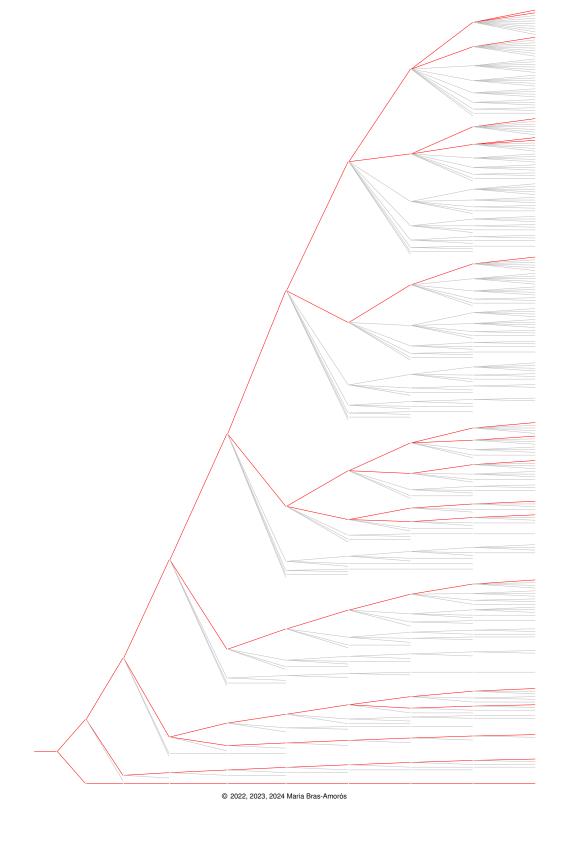


 $./{\tt drawsgtree}\ {\tt -g10}\ {\tt -e}\ {\tt infinite} {\tt chains}\ {\tt -visitlexgaps}\ {\tt -inputfile}$

OUTPUT:

[g=10] count=204 ng=204 [0 seconds]

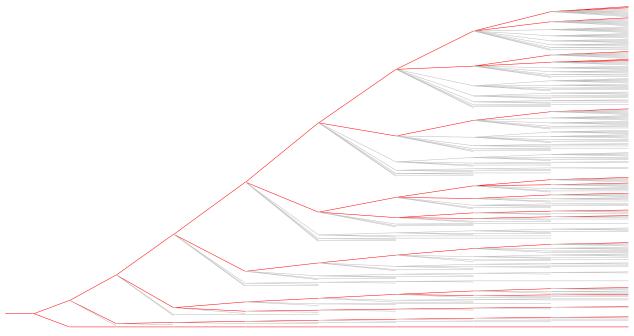
GENERATED FILE: inputfile-infinitechains-semigrouptree-g10.tex



./drawsgtree -g10 -e infinitechains -visitlexgaps -d 3. -inputfile

OUTPUT:

[g=10] count=204 ng=204 [0 seconds]
GENERATED FILE: inputfile-infinitechains-semigrouptree-g10.tex

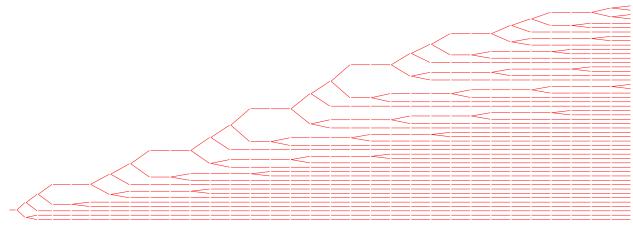


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```
./drawsgtree -g38 -m6 -e infinitechains -visitlexgaps -etrim -d .2 - \hookrightarrow inputfile
```

OUTPUT:

```
[g=38] count=50 ng=0 [0 seconds] GENERATED FILE: inputfile-infinitechains-trim-semigrouptree-g38-m6-root06. \hookrightarrow tex
```



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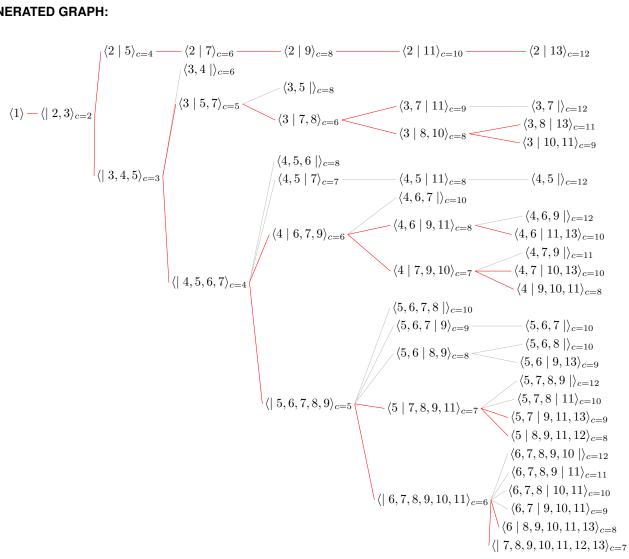
./drawsgtree -g6 -e med -n minimalgenerators -inputfile

OUTPUT:

[g=6] count=23 ng=23 [0 seconds]

GENERATED FILE: inputfile-med-minimalgenerators-semigrouptree-g6.tex

GENERATED GRAPH:



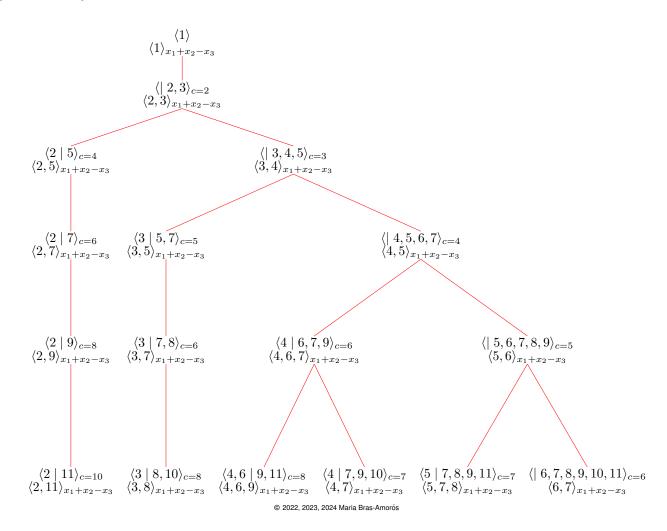
./drawsgtree -g5 -e pattern 1+1-1 -n minimalgenerators -e trim -vertical - \hookrightarrow inputfile

OUTPUT:

pattern: $x_{1}+x_{2}-x_{3}$ [g=5] count=6 ng=12 [0 seconds]

GENERATED FILE: inputfile-pattern-trim-minimalgenerators-semigrouptree-g5.

 $\hookrightarrow \,\, \text{tex}$



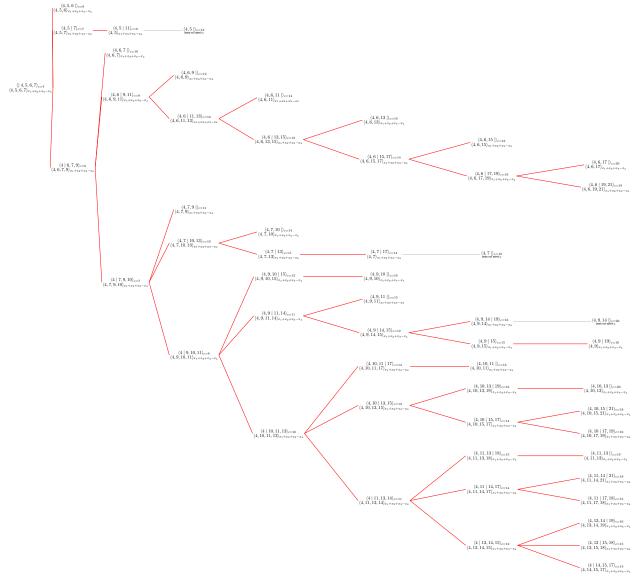
./drawsgtree -g10 -m4 -e pattern 1+1+1-1 -n minimalgenerators -d 2.3 -s 4. \hookrightarrow -inputfile

OUTPUT:

pattern: $x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}-x_{4}$ [g=10] count=13 ng=204 [0 seconds]

GENERATED FILE: inputfile-pattern-minimalgenerators-semigrouptree-g10-m4-

 $\hookrightarrow \texttt{root04.tex}$



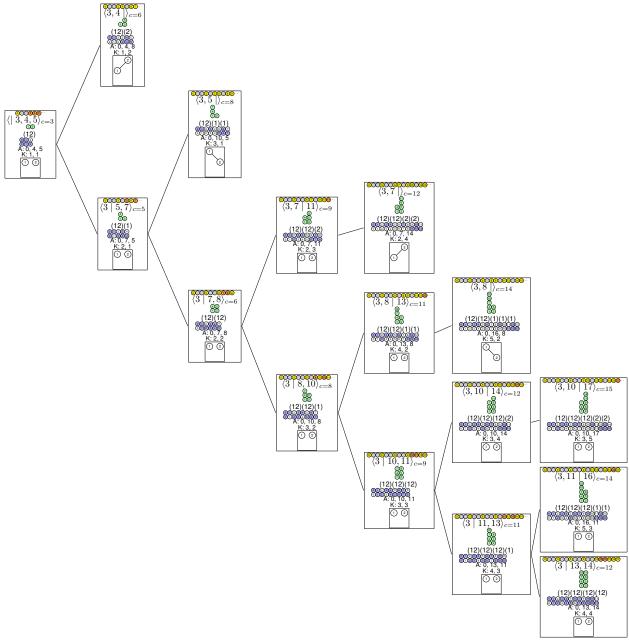
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./drawsgtree -m3 -g8 -n list -n gapset -n minimalgenerators -n $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ gapseedbitstream -n aperykunzposet -framednodes -inputfile

OUTPUT:

[g=8] count=3 ng=67 [0 seconds]

GENERATED FILE: inputfile-aperykunzposet-gapseedbitstream-gapset
→ minimalgenerators-list-semigrouptree-g8-m3-root03.tex

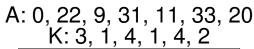


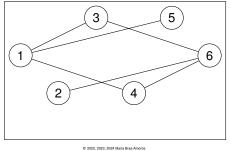
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```
./drawsgtree -g15 0 7 9 11 14 16 18 20 21 22 23 25 27 -n aperykunzposet - \hookrightarrow inputfile
```

OUTPUT:

```
N [O] = O
N[1] = 7
N[2] = 9
N[3] = 11
N[4] = 14
N[5] = 16
N[6] = 18
N[7] = 20
N[8]=21
N[9] = 22
N[10] = 23
N[11] = 25
N[12]=27
[g=15] count=1 ng=2857 [0 seconds]
GENERATED FILE: inputfile-aperykunzposet-semigrouptree-g15-
    \hookrightarrow root07911141618202122232527.tex
```



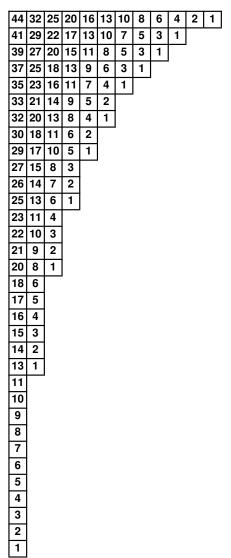


```
./drawsgtree -g33 0 12 19 24 28 31 34 36 38 40 42 43 45 -n dyckhook - \hookrightarrow inputfile
```

OUTPUT:

```
N [O] = O
N \lceil 1 \rceil = 12
N[2] = 19
N[3] = 24
N[4] = 28
N[5] = 31
N[6] = 34
N[7] = 36
N[8] = 38
N[9] = 40
N[10]=42
N[11]=43
N[12]=45
[g=33] count=1 ng=24896206 [0 seconds]
GENERATED FILE: inputfile-dyckhook-semigrouptree-g33-
    \hookrightarrow root0121924283134363840424345.tex
```

GENERATED GRAPH:

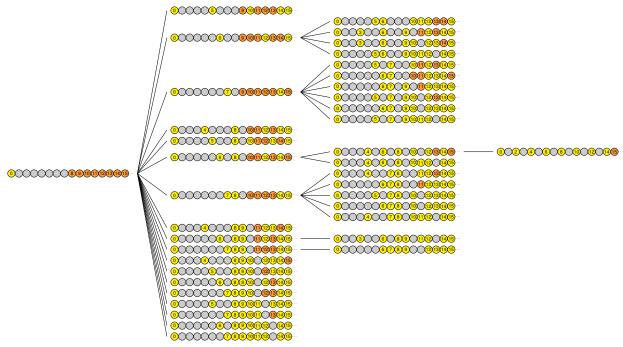


 $./ \, drawsgtree \, \, \hbox{-g7 -t} \, \, or dinarization \, \, \hbox{-n list -inputfile} \\$

OUTPUT:

[g=7] count=39 ng=39 [0 seconds] GENERATED FILE: inputfile-list-ordinarizationtree-g7.tex

GENERATED GRAPH:

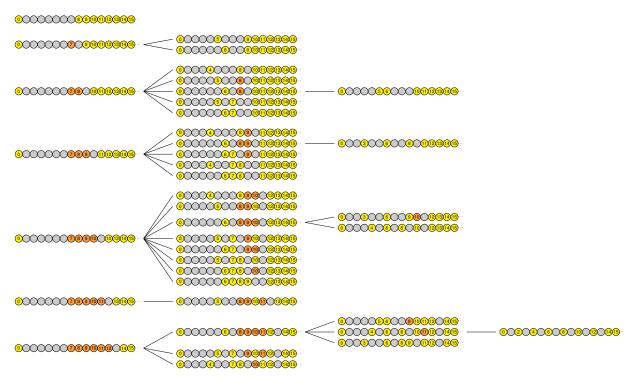


./drawsgtree -g7 -t quasiordinarization -n list -inputfile

OUTPUT:

[g=7] count=39 ng=39 [0 seconds]
GENERATED FILE: inputfile-list-quasiordinarizationforest-g7.tex

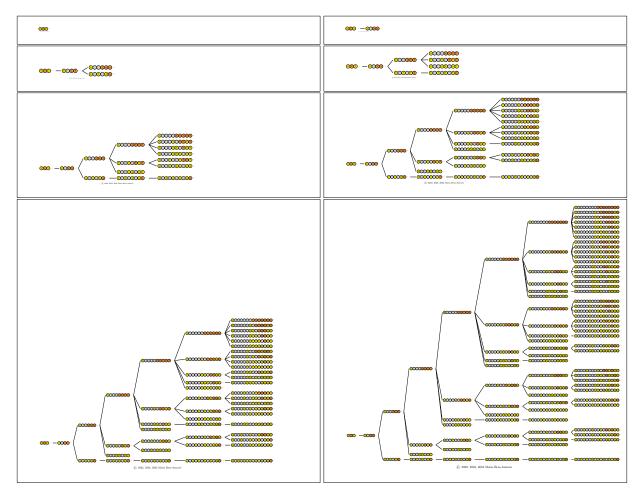
GENERATED GRAPH:



./drawsgtree -g7 -n list -incremental -visitlexgaps

OUTPUT:

```
[g=0] count=1 ng=1 [0 seconds]
[g=1] count=1 ng=1 [0 seconds]
[g=2] count=2 ng=2 [0 seconds]
[g=3] count=4 ng=4 [0 seconds]
[g=4] count=7 ng=7 [0 seconds]
[g=5] count=12 ng=12 [0 seconds]
[g=6] count=23 ng=23 [0 seconds]
[g=7] count=39 ng=39 [0 seconds]
GENERATED FILE: incremental-list-semigrouptree-g7.tex
```



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