

Weighing scale-reader

2.737 Mechatronics

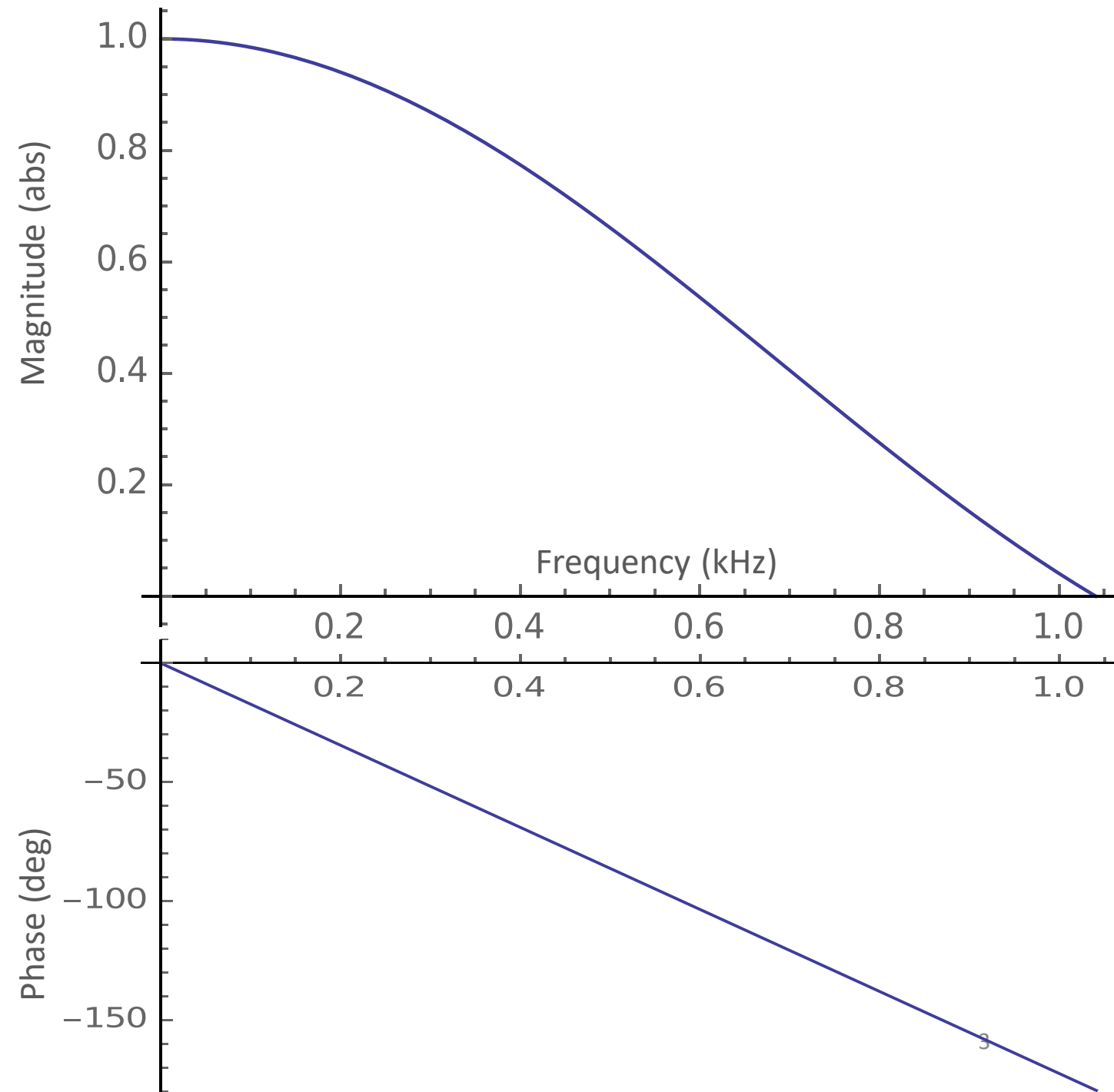
Instructor: Prof. David L. Trumper

Key takeaway: Oversampling for noise reduction.

Code Overview

- Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)
 - Reads C/AI0 at 333 kHz as a 12-bit integer value, and
 - Oversampling Implemented: Takes a moving average with 320 previous values and converts the result into fixed point.
 - Effectively, the fidelity (tracking of AI without too much phase lag) of the output oversampled AI signal is at frequencies considerably below $0.5 * 333 / 320 = 520.83$ Hz. (multiplying by 0.5 due to Shannon-Nyquist criterion). The [phase decreases linearly](#) with frequency going to -180 degree at $333 / 320 = 1.041$ kHz.
 - We are trading throughput (limiting how fast dynamics we can perceive from the AI signal) for lower noise and hence better resolution.
 - For more information, refer to - <http://www.cypress.com/file/236481/download>
- Real-Time
 - Reads the oversampled C/AI0 from the FPGA.
 - Has operations for filtering, converging voltage to load and implements the “tare” function.

Frequency response of Moving average filter



If you need better frequency response, then look at alternative FIR implementations - http://www.analog.com/media/en/technical_documentation/dsp-book/dsp_book_Ch15.pdf

Oversampling

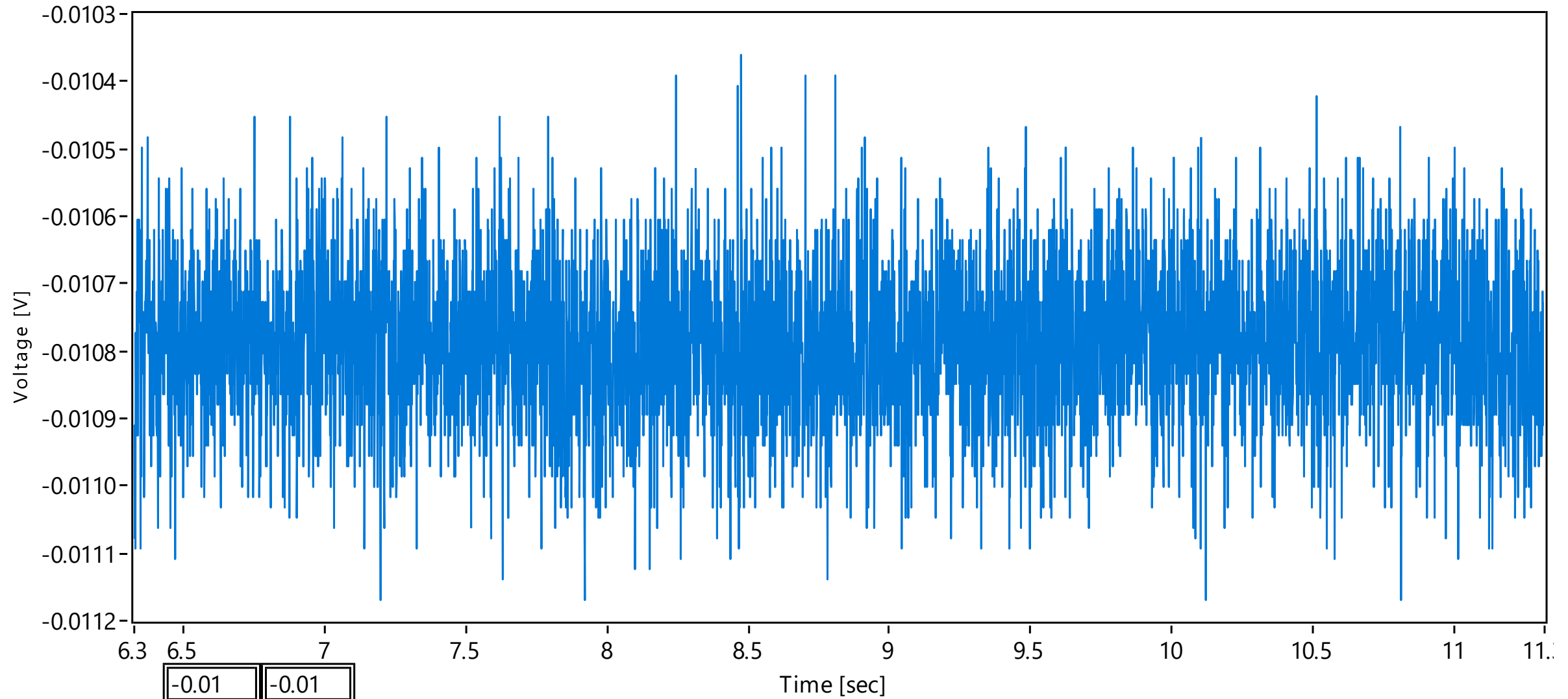
Oversampling implemented (320:1)

Acquired Data

Raw input



Filtered



Oversampling implemented (320:1)

Effective resolution increase:

$$w = \frac{\log(N_{avg})}{\log(4)}$$

$N_{avg} = 320$ sample average,
 $w = 4.17$

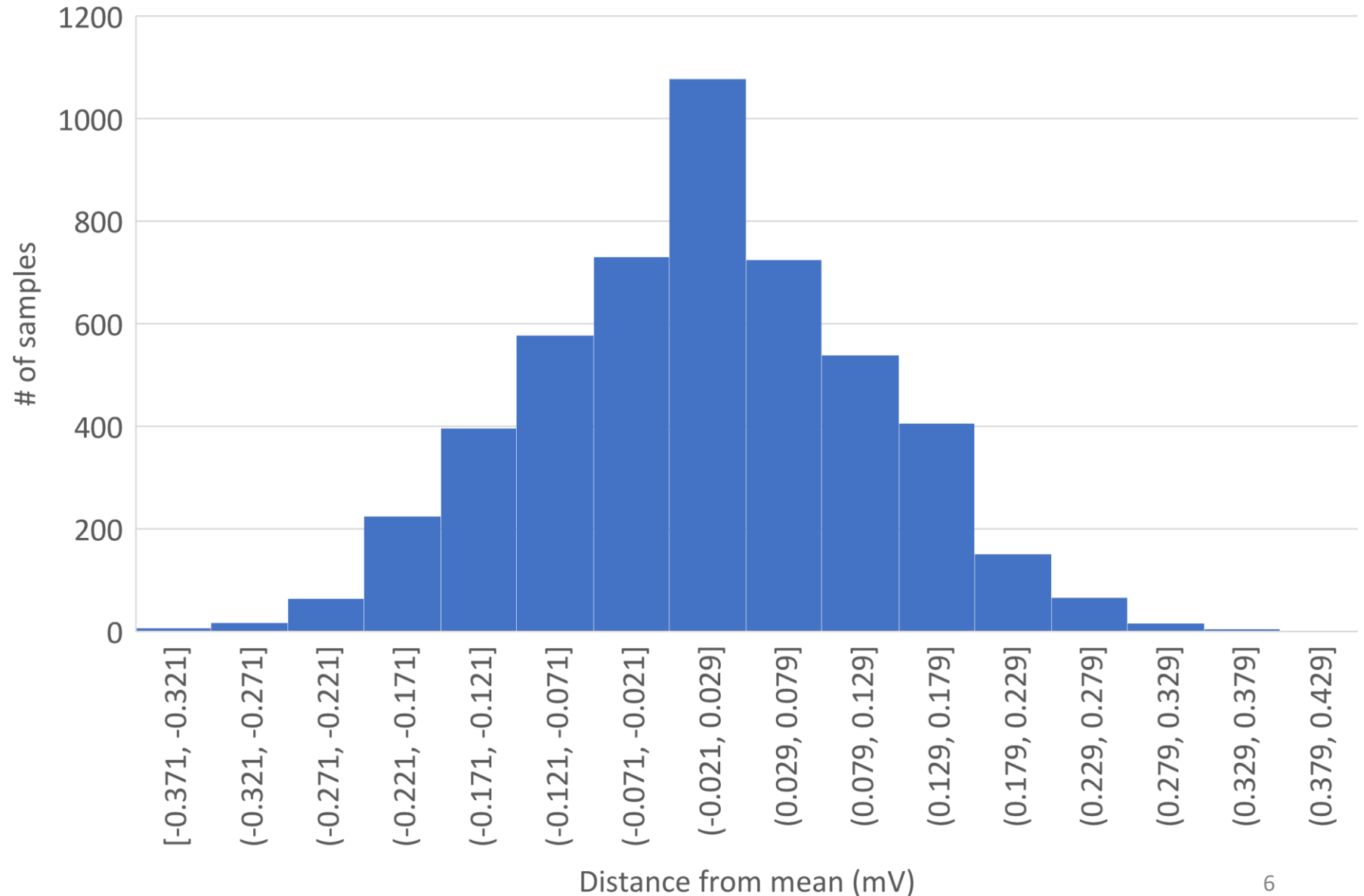
The system effectively should
behave as a 16-bit ADC.

16-bit resolution:
 $20/2^{16} = 0.305$ mV

Measurement:
10 times better
resolution and lower
noise than original.



Total spread:
Max-Min = 0.778 mV

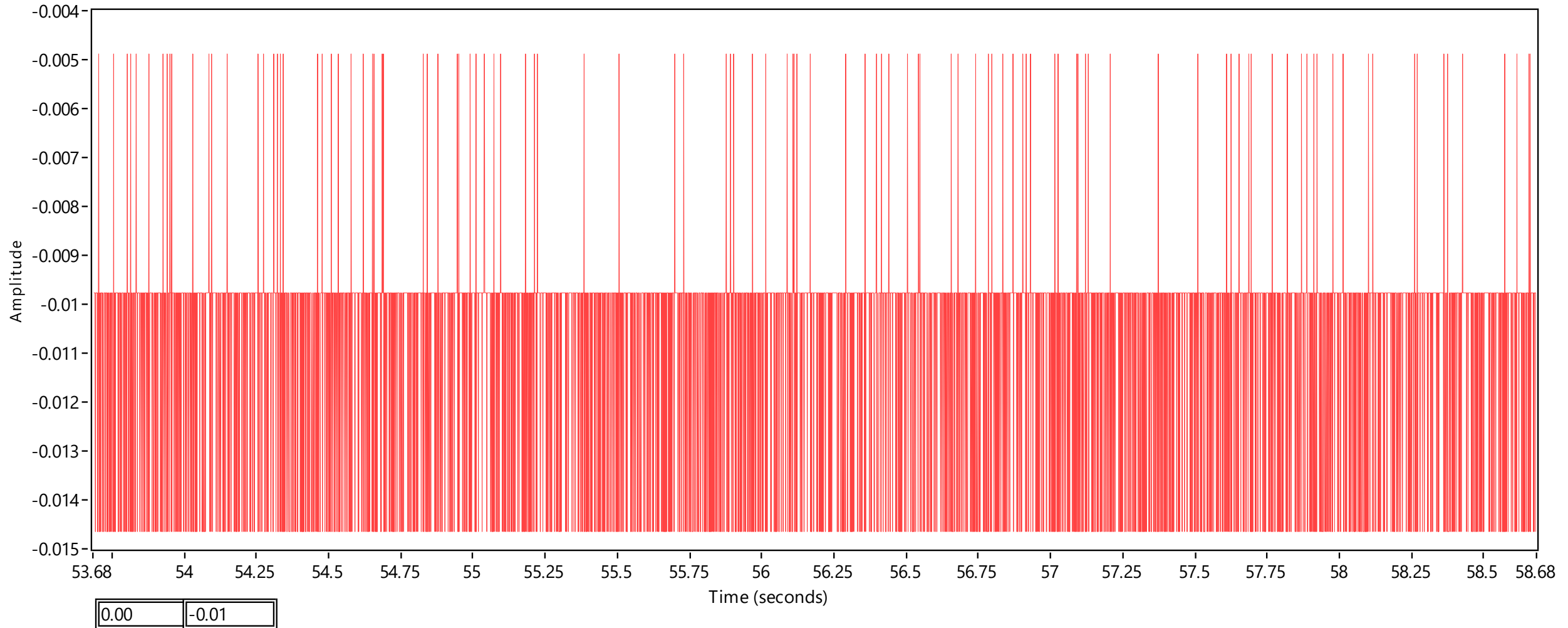
Histogram of 5000 values - 320:1 oversampling



Original 12-bit Analog input

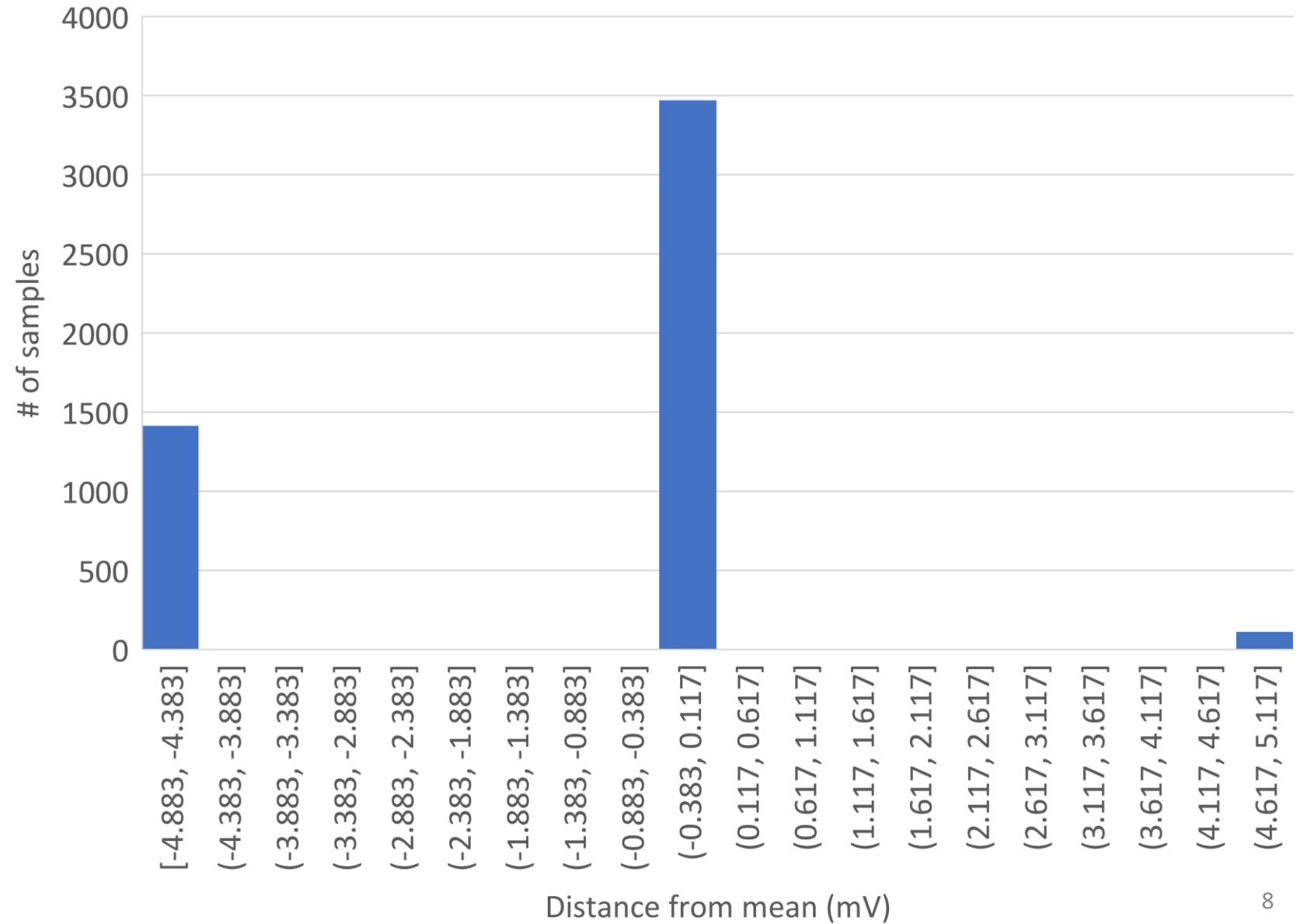
Waveform Chart

Ref.>  Plant Output> 



Original 12-bit Analog input

Histogram of 5000 values - No oversampling

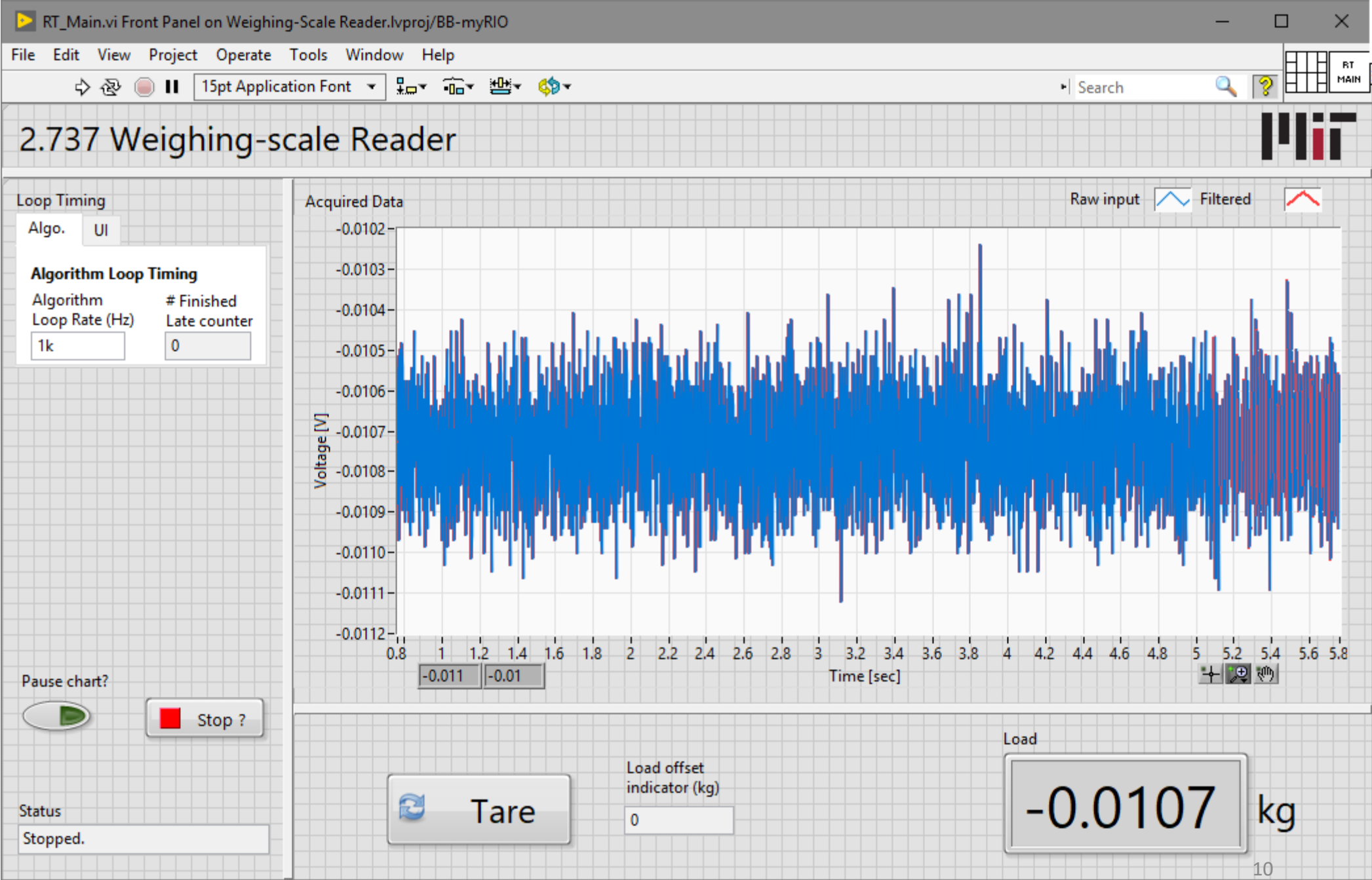


12-bit resolution:
 $20/2^{12} = 4.883 \text{ mV}$

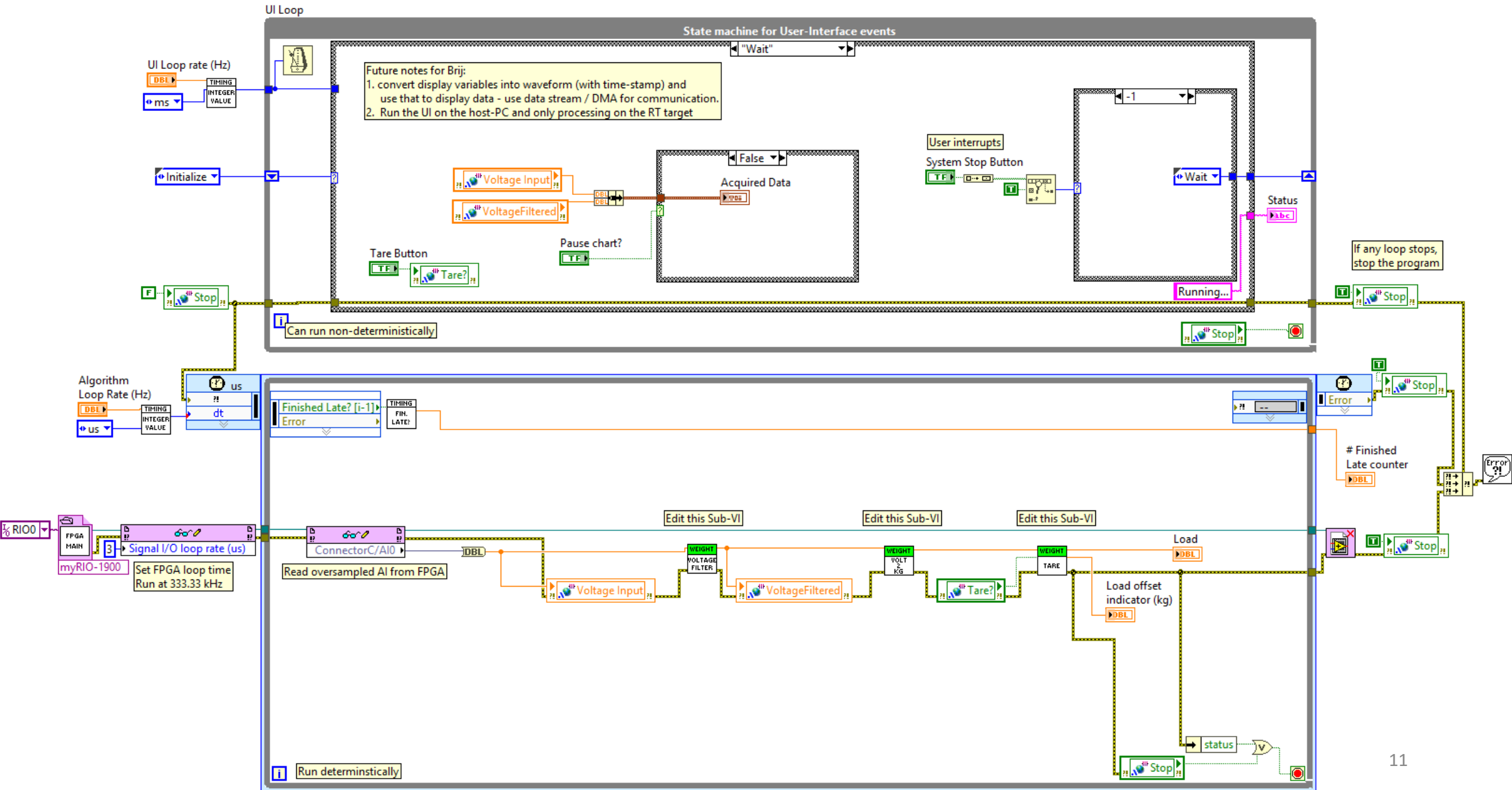
Total spread:
Max-Min = 9.776 mV

Code screenshots

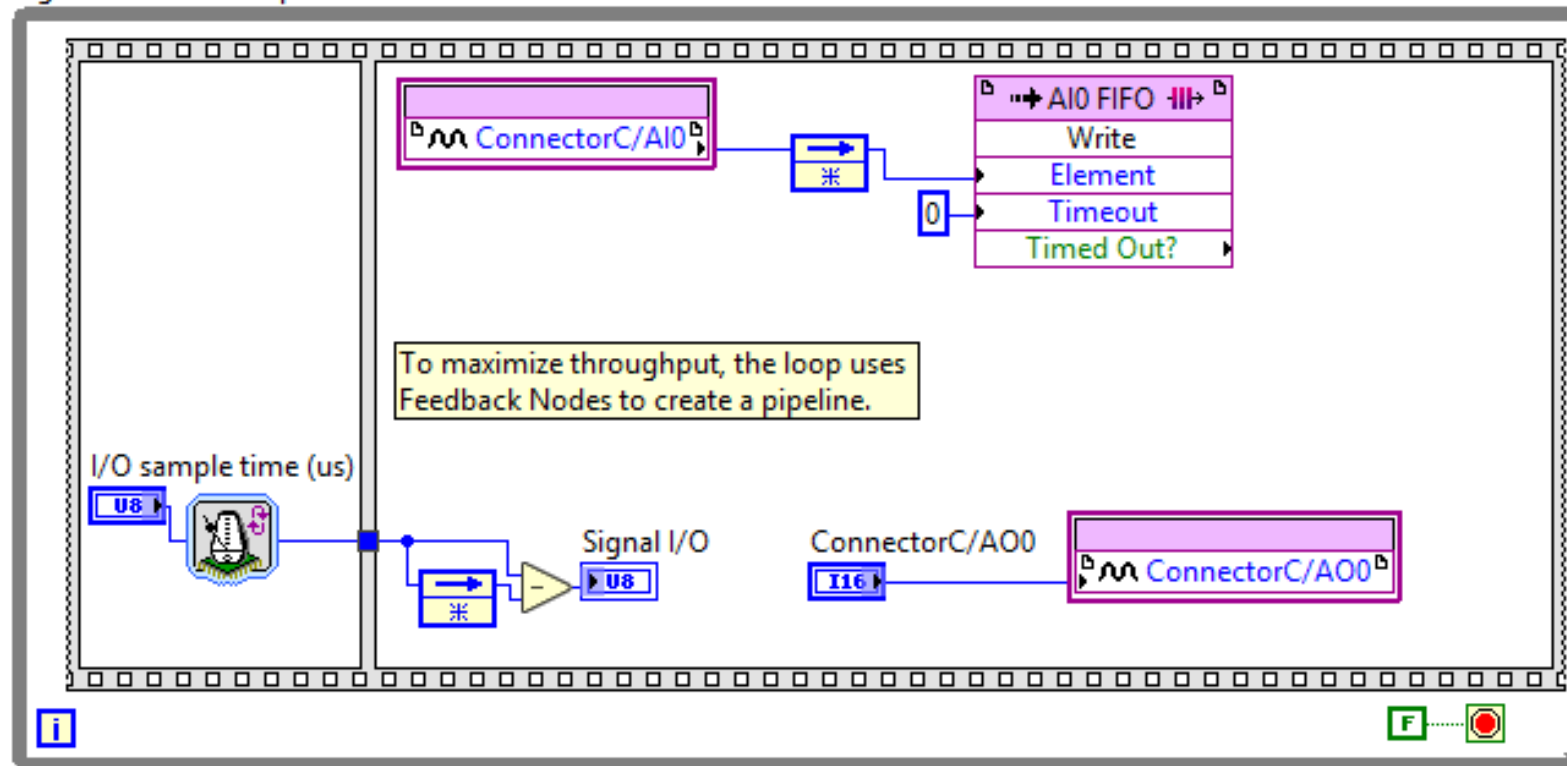
Front Panel



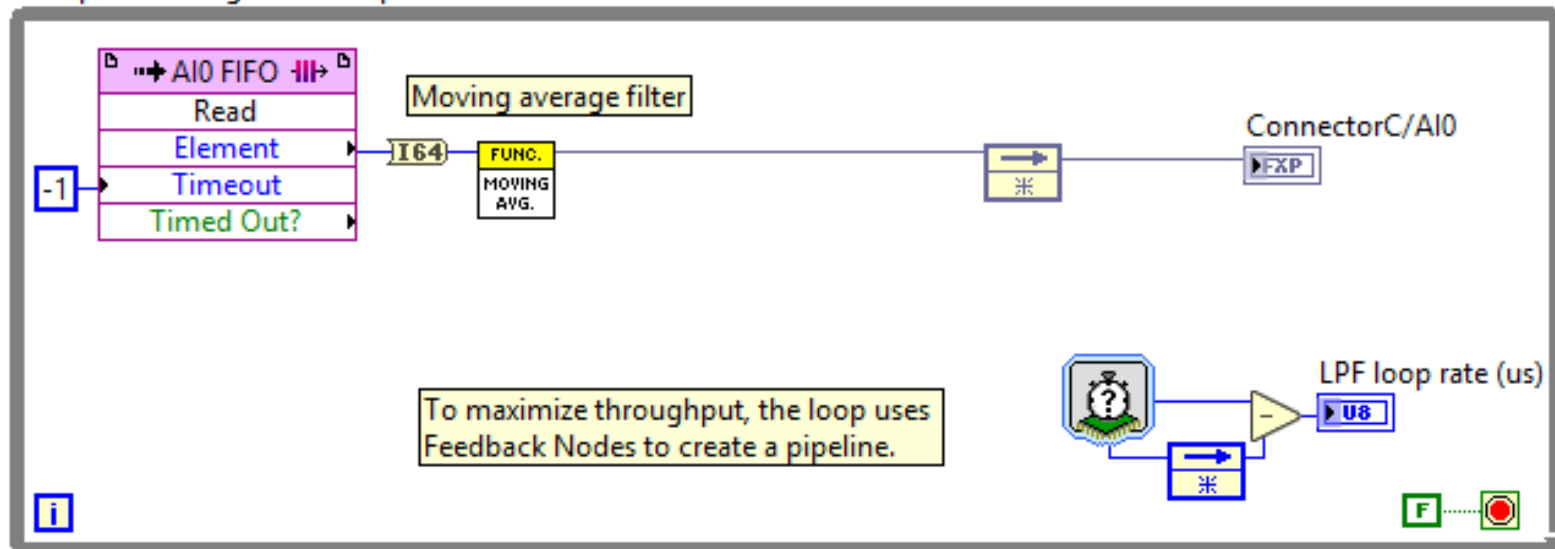
Block diagram



Signal I/O While Loop



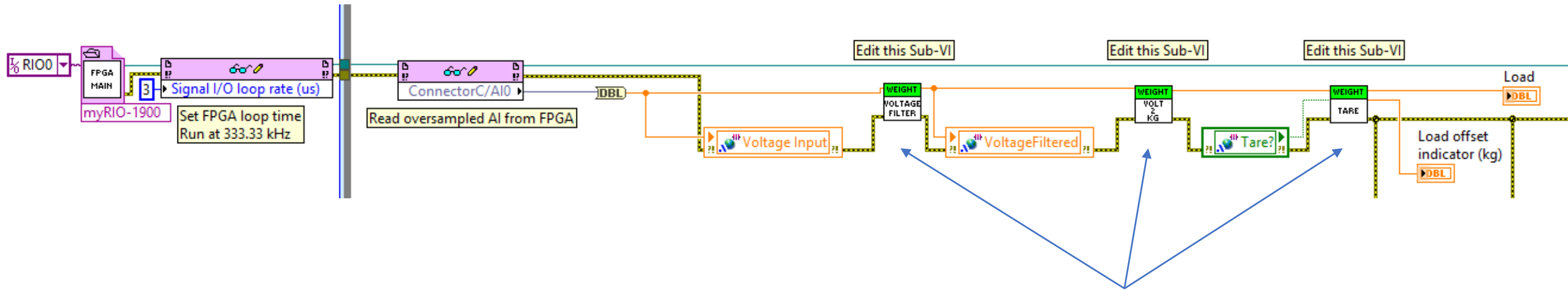
Low-pass filtering While Loop



Tasks

Modify the 3 sub-VIs

- Implement any further filtering if you would like.
- Write to code to convert from voltage to weight measurement.
- Write code to implement tare functionality on pressing the tare button.



Double-click to open [sub-VI](#) and modify to implement your own code.

References

- <https://forums.ni.com/t5/Example-Programs/Convert-Sine-Wave-Generator-Raw-Output-to-Fixed-Point/ta-p/3530621>
- <https://forums.ni.com/t5/LabVIEW/Moving-Average-Filter/td-p/2550513>
- <https://terpconnect.umd.edu/~toh/spectrum/Smoothing.html>
- <http://www.cypress.com/file/236481/download>