

presents the

REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

of the remarkable

DAI CREDIT SYSTEM

issuing a diversely collateralized stablecoin

with last update on March 8, 2017.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

The DAI CREDIT SYSTEM, henceforth also "Maker," is a network of Ethereum contracts designed to issue the DAI currency token and automatically adjust incentives in order to keep dai market value stable relative to SDR¹ in the short and medium term.

New dai enters the money supply when a borrower takes out a loan backed by an excess of collateral locked in Maker's token vault. The debt and collateral amounts are recorded in a *collateralized debt position*, or CDP. Thus all outstanding dai represents some CDP owner's claim on their collateral.

Maker's knowledge of the market values of dai and the various tokens used as collateral comes from *price feeds*. Prices are used to continuously assess the risk of each CDP. If the value of a CDP's collateral drops below a certain multiple of its debt, it is marked for liquidation, which triggers a decentralized auction mechanism.

Another token, MKR, is also controlled by Maker, acting as a "share" in the system itself. When a CDP liquidation fails to recover the full value of debt, Maker mints more MKR and auctions it out. Thus MKR is used to fund last resort market making. The value of the MKR token is based on the *stability fee* imposed on all dai loans: stability fee revenue goes toward buying MKR for burning.

This document is an executable technical specification of the exact workings of the Maker smart contracts.

¹"Special Drawing Rights" (ticker symbol XDR), the international reserve asset created by the International Monetary Fund, whose value is derives from a weighted basket of world currencies. In the long term, the value of dai may diverge from the value of SDR; whether in an inflationary or deflationary way will depend on market forces.

1.1 Reference implementation

The version of this system that will be deployed on the Ethereum blockchain is written in Solidity, which is a workable smart contract implementation language. This reference implementation is a precise model of the behavior of those contracts, written as a "literate" Haskell program. The motivations for such a reference implementation include:

- 1. **Comparison.** Checking two free-standing implementations against each other is a well-known way of ensuring that they both behave as intended.
- 2. **Testing.** Haskell lets us use flexible and powerful testing tools such as QuickCheck and SmallCheck for comprehensively verifying key properties as a middle ground between unit testing and formal verification.
- 3. Explicitness. Coding the contract behavior in Haskell, a purely functional language, enforces explicit description of aspects which Solidity leaves implicit. For example, a Solidity program can read previously unwritten storage and get back a zero value, whereas in Haskell we must give explicit defaults. The state rollback behavior of failed actions is also explicit in the type of the execution function, which may return an error.
- 4. **Type correctness.** While Solidity does have a static type system, it is not expressive enough to encode the distinctions made by our system. In particular, the two different decimal fixed point number types that we use are typed in Solidity with one and the same uint128 type. In Haskell we can make this distinction explicit.
- 5. Formality. The work of translating a Solidity program into a purely functional program opens up opportunities for certain types of formal verification. In particular, this document will be useful for modelling aspects of the system in a proof assistant like Agda, Idris, Coq, or Isabelle. We can also use logical tools for Haskell, such as Liquid Haskell (which provides compile time logical property checking) and sbv (a toolkit for model checking and symbolic execution).
- 6. Simulation. Solidity is highly specific to the Ethereum blockchain environment and as such does not have facilities for interfacing with files or other computer programs. This makes the Solidity implementation of the system less useful for doing simulations of the system's economic, game-theoretic, or statistical aspects.

Part I Implementation

Chapter 2

Preamble

We replace the default prelude module with our own. This brings in dependencies and hides unneeded symbols. Consult Appendix B to see exactly what is brought into scope.

module Maker where

import Maker.Prelude Fully import the Maker prelude
import Prelude ()
Import nothing from Prelude

import Maker.Decimal

Chapter 3

Types

3.1 Numeric types

The system uses two different precisions of decimal fixed point numbers, which we call *wads* and *rays*, having respectively 18 digits of precision (used for token quantities) and 36 digits (used for precise rates and ratios).

```
Define the distinct wad type for currency quantities

newtype Wad = Wad (Decimal E18)

deriving (Ord, Eq, Num, Real, Fractional, RealFrac)

Define the distinct ray type for precise rate quantities

newtype Ray = Ray (Decimal E36)

deriving (Ord, Eq, Num, Real, Fractional, RealFrac)
```

See Appendix C for details on how we modify Haskell's decimal fixed point type to do more correct rounding for multiplication and division.

Haskell number types are not automatically converted, so in calculations that combine wads and rays, we convert explicitly with a *cast* function.

```
Convert via fractional n/m form. cast :: (\text{Real } a, \text{Fractional } b) \Rightarrow a \rightarrow b cast = from Rational \circ to Rational
```

We also define a type for time durations in whole seconds.

```
newtype Sec = Sec Int
deriving (Eq. Ord, Enum, Num, Real, Integral)
```

```
instance Epsilon Wad where \epsilon = \text{Wad } \epsilon instance Epsilon Ray where \epsilon = \text{Ray } \epsilon
```

3.2 Identifiers and addresses

There are several kinds of identifiers used in the system, and we can use types to distinguish them.

```
The type parameter a creates distinct types.
For example, Id Foo and Id Bar are incompatible.

data Id a = \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{String}

deriving (Show, Eq. Ord)
```

We define another type for representing Ethereum account addresses.

```
data Address = Address String
deriving (Ord, Eq, Show)
```

We also have three predefined entity identifiers.

```
The DAI token address id_{\mathrm{DAI}} = \mathrm{Id} "Dai" The CDP engine address id_{\mathrm{vat}} = \mathrm{Address} "Vat" The account with ultimate authority \Diamond Kludge until authority is modelled id_{\mathit{qod}} = \mathrm{Address} "God"
```

This section introduces the records stored by the Maker system.

3.3 Gem — ERC20 token model

```
\begin{aligned} & \textbf{data} \ \texttt{Gem} = \texttt{Gem} \ \{ \\ & \textit{gemTotalSupply} :: \texttt{Wad}, \\ & \textit{gemBalanceOf} \ :: \texttt{Map Address} & \texttt{Wad}, \\ & \textit{gemAllowance} \ :: \texttt{Map (Address, Address)} \ \texttt{Wad} \\ & \textbf{} \ \textbf{}
```

3.4 Jar — collateral type

```
\begin{aligned} \mathbf{data} \ \mathsf{Jar} &= \mathsf{Jar} \ \{ \\ jarGem :: \mathsf{Gem}, & \mathsf{Collateral} \ \mathsf{token} \\ jarTag &:: \mathsf{Wad}, & \mathsf{Market} \ \mathsf{price} \\ jarZzz &:: \mathsf{Sec} & \mathsf{Price} \ \mathsf{expiration} \\ \} \ \mathbf{deriving} \ (\mathsf{Eq}, \mathsf{Show}) \end{aligned}
```

3.5 Ilk — CDP type

```
data Ilk = Ilk 
  ilkJar :: Id Jar,
                      Collateral vault
  ilkAxe :: Ray,
                      Liquidation penalty
  ilkHat :: Wad,
                      Debt ceiling
  ilkMat :: Ray,
                      Liquidation ratio
  ilk Tax :: Ray,
                      Stability fee
  ilkLag :: Sec,
                      Limbo duration
  ilkRho :: Sec,
                      Last dripped
  ilkRum :: Wad,
                      Total debt in debt unit
  ilkChi :: Ray
                      Value of debt unit
  } deriving (Eq, Show)
```

3.6 Urn — collateralized debt position (CDP)

```
\begin{array}{lll} \mathbf{data} \ \mathsf{Urn} = \mathsf{Urn} \ \{ \\ \mathit{urnCat} \ :: \mathbf{Maybe} \ \mathsf{Address}, & \mathsf{Address} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{liquidation} \ \mathsf{initiator} \\ \mathit{urnVow} :: \mathbf{Maybe} \ \mathsf{Address}, & \mathsf{Address} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{liquidation} \ \mathsf{contract} \\ \mathit{urnLad} \ :: \mathsf{Address}, & \mathsf{lssuer} \\ \mathit{urnIlk} \ :: \mathsf{Id} \ \mathsf{Ilk}, & \mathsf{CDP} \ \mathsf{type} \\ \mathit{urnArt} \ :: \mathsf{Wad}, & \mathsf{Outstanding} \ \mathsf{debt} \ \mathsf{in} \ \mathsf{debt} \ \mathsf{units} \\ \mathit{urnJam} :: \mathsf{Wad} & \mathsf{Collateral} \ \mathsf{amount} \ \mathsf{in} \ \mathsf{debt} \ \mathsf{units} \\ \mathbf{deriving} \ (\mathsf{Eq}, \mathsf{Show}) \end{array}
```

3.7 Vat — CDP engine

```
\mathtt{data} \ \mathtt{Vat} = \mathtt{Vat} \ \{
  vatFix :: Wad,
                                     Market price
  vatHow :: Ray,
                                     Sensitivity
  vatPar :: Wad,
                                     Target price
  vatWay :: Ray,
                                     Target rate
  vatTau :: Sec,
                                     Last prodded
  vatJoy :: Wad,
                                     Unprocessed stability fees
  vatSin :: Wad,
                                     Bad debt from liquidated CDPs
  vatJars :: Map (Id Jar) Jar, Collateral tokens
  vatIlks :: Map (Id Ilk) Ilk, CDP types
  vatUrns :: Map (Id Urn) Urn
   } deriving (Eq, Show)
```

3.8 System model

```
data System = System {
  systemVat :: Vat, Root Maker entity
  systemEra :: Sec, Current time stamp
  systemSender :: Address, Sender of current act
  systemAccounts :: [Address] For test suites
} deriving (Eq, Show)
```

Lens fields

```
makeFields "Gem
makeFields" Jar
makeFields" Ilk
makeFields" Urn
makeFields" Vat
makeFields" System
```

3.9 Default data

```
defaultIlk :: Id Jar \rightarrow Ilk
defaultIlk id_{jar} = Ilk \{
  ilkJar = id_{jar}
  ilkAxe = Ray 1,
  ilkMat = Ray 1,
  ilkTax = Ray 1,
  ilkHat = Wad 0,
  ilkLag = Sec 0,
  ilkChi = Ray 1,
  ilkRum = Wad 0,
  ilkRho = Sec 0
}
defaultUrn :: Id Ilk \rightarrow Address \rightarrow Urn
defaultUrn id_{ilk} id_{lad} = Urn \{
  urn Vow = Nothing,
  urnCat = Nothing,
  urnLad = id_{lad},
  urnIlk = id_{ilk},
  urnArt = Wad 0,
  urnJam = Wad 0
}
initial Vat :: \mathtt{Ray} \to \mathtt{Vat}
initial Vat \text{ how}_0 = \text{Vat } \{
  vatTau = 0,
  vatFix = Wad 1,
  vatPar = Wad 1,
  vatHow = how_0,
  vatWay = \text{Ray } 1,
  vatJoy = Wad 0,
  vatSin = Wad 0,
  vatIlks = \emptyset,
  vatUrns = \emptyset,
  vatJars =
     singleton id_{DAI} Jar {
       jarGem = Gem \{
```

```
\begin{split} gemTotalSupply &= 0,\\ gemBalanceOf &= \varnothing,\\ gemAllowance &= \varnothing\\ \big\},\\ jarTag &= \text{Wad }0,\\ jarZzz &= 0\\ \big\} \\ \big\} \\ \\ initialSystem :: \text{Ray} \rightarrow \text{System}\\ initialSystem \text{ how}_0 &= \text{System} \text{ }\{\\ systemVat &= initialVat \text{ how}_0,\\ systemEra &= 0,\\ systemSender &= id_{god},\\ systemAccounts &= mempty\\ \big\} \end{split}
```

Chapter 4

Acts

The acts are the basic state transitions of the credit system.

For details on the underlying "Maker monad," which specifies how the act definitions behave with regard to state and rollback thereof, see chapter 5.

4.1 Risk assessment

We divide an urn's situation into five stages of risk. Table 4.1 shows which acts each stage allows. The stages are naturally ordered from more to less risky.

```
data Stage = Dread | Grief | Panic | Worry | Anger | Pride
deriving (Eq, Ord, Show)
```

First we define a pure function analyze that determines an urn's stage.

```
analyze \text{ era}_0 \text{ par}_0 \text{ urn}_0 \text{ ilk}_0 \text{ jar}_0 =
  if
    Undergoing liquidation?
       |view vow urn_0 \not\equiv Nothing

ightarrow Dread
    Liquidation triggered?
      | view cat urn_0 \not\equiv Nothing

ightarrow Grief
    Undercollateralized?
      | pro < min

ightarrow Panic
    Price feed expired?
      |\operatorname{era}_0 > view \operatorname{zzz} \operatorname{jar}_0 + view \operatorname{lagilk}_0 \to \operatorname{Panic}_0
    Price feed in limbo?
      | view zzz jar_0 < era_0 |
                                                              \rightarrow Worry
    Debt ceiling reached?
       | cap > view \text{ hat ilk}_0

ightarrow Anger
    Safely overcollateralized

ightarrow Pride
      otherwise
   where
    CDP's collateral value in SDR:
     pro = view jam urn_0 * view tag jar_0
    CDP type's total debt in SDR:
      cap = (view rum ilk_0 * cast (view chi ilk_0)) :: Wad
    CDP's debt in SDR:
      con = view  art urn_0 * cast (view chi ilk_0) * par_0
    Required collateral as per liquidation ratio:
     min = con * view mat ilk_0
```

Table 4.1: Urn acts in the five stages of risk

give shut lock wipe free draw bite grab plop

| Pride | • | • | • | • | • | • | | | | overcollateralized |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| Anger | • | • | • | • | • | | | | | debt ceiling reached |
| Worry | • | • | • | • | | | | | | price feed in limbo |
| Panic | • | • | • | • | | | • | | | undercollateralized |
| Grief | • | | | | | | | • | | liquidation initiated |
| Dread | • | | | | | | | | • | liquidation in progress |

Now we define the internal act gaze which returns the value of analyze after ensuring the system state is updated.

```
gaze id_{\text{urn}} = \mathbf{do}

Perform dai revaluation and rate adjustment prod

Update price of specific debt unit id_{\text{ilk}} \leftarrow look \; (\text{vat} \circ \text{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\text{urn}} \circ \text{ilk})

drip id_{\text{ilk}}

Read parameters for risk analysis \text{era}_0 \leftarrow view \; \text{era}

par_0 \leftarrow view \; (\text{vat} \circ \text{par})

urn_0 \leftarrow look \; (\text{vat} \circ \text{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\text{urn}})

ilk_0 \leftarrow look \; (\text{vat} \circ \text{ilk} s \circ ix \; (view \; \text{ilk} \; \text{urn}_0))

jar_0 \leftarrow look \; (\text{vat} \circ \text{jar} s \circ ix \; (view \; \text{jar} \; \text{ilk}_0))

Return risk stage of CDP

return \; (analyze \; \text{era}_0 \; \text{par}_0 \; \text{urn}_0 \; \text{ilk}_0 \; \text{jar}_0)
```

4.2 Lending

```
\begin{array}{l} \texttt{open} \ id_{\texttt{urn}} \ id_{\texttt{ilk}} = \\ & \textbf{do} \\ & id_{\texttt{lad}} \leftarrow view \ sender \\ & \texttt{vat} \circ \texttt{urn} s \circ at \ id_{\texttt{urn}} \ ?= \ default Urn \ id_{\texttt{ilk}} \ id_{\texttt{lad}} \\ \\ \texttt{lock} \ id_{\texttt{urn}} \ x = \textbf{do} \end{array}
```

Ensure CDP exists; identify collateral type

```
id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{ilk}) \\ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilk} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{jar}) \\ \mathsf{Record} \; \mathsf{an} \; \mathsf{increase} \; \mathsf{in} \; \mathsf{collateral} \\ \mathsf{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{jam} \mathrel{+}= x \\ \mathsf{Take} \; \mathsf{sender's} \; \mathsf{tokens} \\ id_{\mathtt{lad}} \leftarrow view \; sender \\ \mathsf{pull} \; id_{\mathtt{jar}} \; id_{\mathtt{lad}} \; x \\ \mathsf{pull} \; id_{\mathtt{jar}} \; id_{\mathtt{lad}} \; x \\ \mathsf{pull} \; d_{\mathtt{lad}} \; \mathsf{vad} \; = \mathsf{do} \; \mathsf{o} \;
```

$\texttt{free} \ id_{\texttt{urn}} \ \texttt{wad}_{\texttt{gem}} = \mathbf{do}$

Fail if sender is not the CDP owner $id_{sender} \leftarrow view \ sender \\ id_{\texttt{lad}} \ \leftarrow look \ (\texttt{vat} \circ \texttt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\texttt{urn}} \circ \texttt{lad}) \\ \texttt{aver} \ (id_{sender} \equiv id_{\texttt{lad}}) \\ \texttt{Decrease the collateral amount}$

 $\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{jam} = \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{gem}}$

Roll back if undercollateralized gaze $id_{urn} \gg aver \circ (\equiv Pride)$

Send the collateral to the CDP owner

 $id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{ilk}) \\ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilk} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{jar}) \\ \mathtt{push} \; id_{\mathtt{jar}} \; id_{\mathtt{lad}} \; \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{gem}}$

$draw id_{urn} wad_{DAI} = do$

Fail if sender is not the ${\ensuremath{\mathtt{CDP}}}$ owner

 $id_{sender} \leftarrow view \ sender$

 $id_{1ad} \leftarrow look \text{ (vat ourn} s \circ ix \ id_{urn} \circ lad)$

 $aver (id_{sender} \equiv id_{lad})$

Update value of debt unit

 $id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \quad \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{ilk})$

 $chi_1 \leftarrow drip id_{ilk}$

Denominate draw amount in debt unit

 $\mathbf{let} \ \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{chi}} = \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{DAI}} \ / \ \mathit{cast} \ \mathtt{chi}_1$

Increase debt

 $\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{art} += \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{chi}}$

Roll back unless overcollateralized

```
Mint dai and send to the CDP owner
         mint id_{DAI} wad_{DAI}
         \texttt{push}\ id_{\mathtt{DAI}}\ id_{\mathtt{lad}}\ \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{DAI}}
wipe id_{\mathtt{urn}} \ \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{DAI}} = \mathbf{do}
       Fail if sender is not the CDP owner
         id_{\mathit{sender}} \leftarrow view \ \mathit{sender}
         id_{\texttt{lad}} \leftarrow look \ (\texttt{vat} \circ \texttt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\texttt{urn}} \circ \texttt{lad})
         aver (id_{sender} \equiv id_{lad})
       Update value of debt unit
          id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{ilk})
         chi_1 \leftarrow drip id_{ilk}
       Roll back unless overcollateralized
         gaze id_{\tt urn} \gg aver \circ (\equiv Pride)
       Denominate dai amount in debt unit
         let wad_{chi} = wad_{DAI} / cast chi_1
       Reduce debt
         \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{art} \ -= \mathtt{wad}_{\mathtt{chi}}
       Take dai from CDP owner, or roll back
         pull id_{DAI} id_{lad} wad<sub>DAI</sub>
       Destroy dai
         burn id_{\mathrm{DAI}} wad_{\mathrm{DAI}}
give id_{\tt urn} \ id_{\tt lad} = \mathbf{do}
     x \leftarrow look \ (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{lad})
     y \leftarrow view \ sender
    aver (x \equiv y)
    \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{lad} := id_{\mathtt{lad}}
shut id_{urn} = do
       Update value of debt unit
         id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{ilk})
         chi_1 \leftarrow drip id_{ilk}
```

gaze $id_{\tt urn} \gg aver \circ (\equiv Pride)$

```
Attempt to repay all the CDP's outstanding dai  \texttt{art}_0 \leftarrow look \; (\texttt{vat} \circ \texttt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\texttt{urn}} \circ \texttt{art})  wipe id_{\texttt{urn}} \; (\texttt{art}_0 * cast \; \texttt{chi}_1)  Reclaim all the collateral  jam0 \leftarrow look \; (\texttt{vat} \circ \texttt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\texttt{urn}} \circ \texttt{jam})  free id_{\texttt{urn}} \; jam0  Nullify the CDP  \texttt{vat} \circ \texttt{urn} s \circ at \; id_{\texttt{urn}} := \texttt{Nothing}
```

4.3 Frequent adjustments

```
prod = do
   era_0 \leftarrow view era
   tau_0 \leftarrow view (vat \circ tau)
   fix_0 \leftarrow view (vat \circ fix)
   par_0 \leftarrow view (vat \circ par)
   how_0 \leftarrow view (vat \circ how)
   way_0 \leftarrow view (vat \circ way)
   let
    Time difference in seconds
      age = era_0 - tau_0
    Current target rate applied to target price
      par_1 = par_0 * cast (way_0 \uparrow \uparrow age)
    Sensitivity parameter applied over time
      wag = how_0 * fromIntegral age
    Target rate scaled up or down
      way_1 = inj (prj way_0 +
                      if fix_0 < par_0 then wag else -wag)
   vat \circ par := par_1
   vat \circ way := way_1
   \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{tau} := \mathtt{era}_0
   where
    Convert between multiplicative and additive form
      prj x = \mathbf{if} x \ge 1 \mathbf{then} x - 1 \mathbf{else} 1 - 1 / x
      inj \ x = if \ x \ge 0 \ then \ x + 1 \ else \ 1 / (1 - x)
```

```
drip id_{ilk} = do
  Current time stamp
    era_0 \leftarrow view era
  Time stamp of previous drip
    \mathsf{rho}_0 \leftarrow look \; (\mathsf{vat} \circ \mathsf{ilk} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathsf{rho})
  Current stability fee
    tax_0 \leftarrow look (vat \circ ilks \circ ix id_{ilk} \circ tax)
  Current value of debt unit
    chi_0 \leftarrow look (vat \circ ilks \circ ix id_{ilk} \circ chi)
  Current total debt in debt units
    rum0 \leftarrow look \ (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilk} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{rum})
  Current unprocessed stability fee revenue
    joy_0 \leftarrow look (vat \circ ilks \circ ix id_{ilk} \circ joy)
    let
        age = era_0 - rho_0
        chi_1 = chi_0 * tax_0 \uparrow \uparrow age
        joy_1 = joy_0 + (cast (chi_1 - chi_0) :: Wad) * rum\theta
    \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilk} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{chi} := \mathtt{chi}_1
    \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilk} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{rho} := \mathtt{era}_0
    \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilk} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{joy} := \mathtt{joy}_1
    return chi<sub>1</sub>
```

4.4 Price feedback

```
\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{mark} \, id_{\mathtt{jar}} \, \operatorname{tag}_1 \, \mathtt{zzz}_1 = \\ & \operatorname{auth} \, \$ \, \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ & \mathit{jarAt} \, id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{tag} := \operatorname{tag}_1 \\ & \mathit{jarAt} \, id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{zzz} := \operatorname{zzz}_1 \end{array} \operatorname{tell} \, x = \\ & \operatorname{auth} \, \$ \, \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ & \operatorname{vat} \circ \operatorname{fix} := x \end{array}
```

4.5 Liquidation and settlement

```
bite id_{\tt urn} = \mathbf{do}
       Fail if CDP is not in need of liquidation
         gaze id_{\tt urn} \gg \mathtt{aver} \circ (\equiv \mathtt{Panic})
       Record the sender as the liquidation initiator
         id_{\texttt{cat}} \leftarrow view \ sender
         \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{cat} := id_{\mathtt{cat}}
       Read current debt
                           \leftarrow look \ (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{art})
         art_0
       Update value of debt unit
         id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{ilk})
         \mathtt{chi}_1 \leftarrow \mathtt{drip} \ \mathit{id}_{\mathtt{ilk}}
       Read liquidation penalty ratio
                           \leftarrow look \; (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \; id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{ilk})
                           \leftarrow look (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilk} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{axe})
       Apply liquidation penalty to debt
         let art_1 = art_0 * axe_0
       Update CDP debt
         \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{art} := \mathtt{art}_1
       Record as bad debt
         sin += art_1 * chi_1
grab id_{urn} =
    auth $ do
       Fail if \ensuremath{\mathrm{CDP}} is not marked for liquidation
         gaze id_{\tt urn} \gg aver \circ (\equiv \tt Grief)
       Record the sender as the CDP's settler
         id_{vow} \leftarrow view \ sender
         \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{vow} := id_{\mathtt{vow}}
       Clear the CDP's requester of liquidation
         \mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{urn} s \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{urn}} \circ \mathtt{cat} := \mathrm{Nothing}
```

```
	ext{auth $$$$ do$} 	ext{vat} \circ 	ext{sin} = 	ext{wad}_{	ext{DAI}} 	ext{love wad}_{	ext{DAI}} = 	ext{auth $$$$$$$$$$ do$} 	ext{vat} \circ 	ext{joy} = 	ext{wad}_{	ext{DAI}}
```

4.6 Governance

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{form } id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} = \\ \text{auth } \$ \ \mathbf{do} \\ \text{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilks} \circ at \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} ?= defaultIlk \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{frob } how' = \\ \text{auth } \$ \ \mathbf{do} \\ \text{vat} \circ \mathtt{how} := how' \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{chop } id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \ \mathtt{axe_1} = \\ \text{auth } \$ \ \mathbf{do} \\ \text{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilks} \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{axe} := \mathtt{axe_1} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{cork } id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \ \mathtt{hat_1} = \\ \text{auth } \$ \ \mathbf{do} \\ \text{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilks} \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{hat} := \mathtt{hat_1} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{calm } id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \ \mathtt{lag_1} = \\ \text{auth } \$ \ \mathbf{do} \\ \text{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilks} \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{lag} := \mathtt{lag_1} \end{array}
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{cuff}\, id_{\mathtt{ilk}}\, \mathtt{mat}_1 = \\ \\ \operatorname{auth} \, \$ \,\, \mathbf{do} \\ \\ \operatorname{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilks} \circ ix \,\, id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{mat} := \mathtt{mat}_1 \\ \\ \operatorname{crop}\, id_{\mathtt{ilk}}\, \mathtt{tax}_1 = \\ \\ \operatorname{auth} \, \$ \,\, \mathbf{do} \\ \\ \operatorname{drip}\, id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \\ \\ \operatorname{vat} \circ \mathtt{ilks} \circ ix \,\, id_{\mathtt{ilk}} \circ \mathtt{tax} := \mathtt{tax}_1 \end{array}
```

4.7 Minting, burning, and transferring

```
\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{pull} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \ id_{\mathtt{lad}} \ w = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ g \leftarrow look \ (jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem}) \\ g' \leftarrow transferFrom \ id_{\mathtt{lad}} \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} \ w \ g \\ jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} := g' \\ \\ \\ \operatorname{push} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \ id_{\mathtt{lad}} \ w = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ g \leftarrow look \ (jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem}) \\ g' \leftarrow transferFrom \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} \ id_{\mathtt{lad}} \ w \ g \\ jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} := g' \\ \\ \\ \operatorname{mint} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \ \operatorname{wad}_0 = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ totalSupply \\ jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} += \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{burn} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \ \operatorname{wad}_0 = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ totalSupply \\ jarAt \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ balanceOf \circ ix \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{gem} \circ \operatorname{balanceOf} \circ \operatorname{ix} \ id_{\mathtt{vat}} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{jarAt} -= \operatorname{wad}_0 \\ \\ \operatorname{jarAt} \ id_{\mathtt{jar}} \circ \operatorname{j
```

4.8 Test-related manipulation

```
\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{warp}\ t = \\ \operatorname{auth}\ \$\ \operatorname{do} \\ \operatorname{era}\ +=\ t \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{mine}\ id_{\mathtt{jar}} = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ \operatorname{vat}\circ\mathtt{jars}\circ at\ id_{\mathtt{jar}}\ ?=\ \operatorname{Jar}\ \{ \\ \operatorname{\textit{jarGem}} = \operatorname{Gem}\ \{ \\ \operatorname{\textit{gemTotalSupply}} = 10000000000000, \\ \operatorname{\textit{gemBalanceOf}} = \operatorname{\textit{singleton}}\ id_{\mathtt{vat}}\ 100000000000, \\ \operatorname{\textit{gemAllowance}} = \varnothing \\ \}, \\ \operatorname{\textit{jarTag}} = \operatorname{Wad}\ 0, \\ \operatorname{\textit{jarZzz}} = 0 \\ \} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{\textit{hand}}\ dst\ \operatorname{wad}\ id_{\mathtt{jar}} = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ \operatorname{push}\ id_{\mathtt{jar}}\ dst\ \operatorname{wad} \end{array} \operatorname{\textit{sire}}\ \operatorname{lad} = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ \operatorname{\textit{accounts}}\ \% = (\operatorname{lad:}) \end{array}
```

4.9 Other stuff

```
\begin{array}{l} perform :: \mathrm{Act} \to \mathrm{Maker} \; () \\ perform \; x = \\ \mathbf{let} \; ?act = x \; \mathbf{in} \; \mathbf{case} \; x \; \mathbf{of} \\ \mathrm{Form} \; id \; \mathrm{jar} \; \to \mathrm{form} \; id \; \mathrm{jar} \\ \mathrm{Mark} \; \mathrm{jar} \; \mathrm{tag} \; \mathrm{zzz} \to \mathrm{mark} \; \mathrm{jar} \; \mathrm{tag} \; \mathrm{zzz} \\ \mathrm{Open} \; id \; \mathrm{ilk} \; \to \mathrm{open} \; id \; \mathrm{ilk} \\ \mathrm{Tell} \; \mathrm{wad} \; \to \mathrm{tell} \; \mathrm{wad} \\ \mathrm{Frob} \; \mathrm{ray} \; \to \mathrm{frob} \; \mathrm{ray} \end{array}
```

```
Prod

ightarrow prod
      Warp t

ightarrow warp t
      Give urn lad \rightarrow give urn lad
      Pull jar lad wad \rightarrow pull jar lad wad
      \mathtt{Lock}\ \mathtt{urn}\ \mathtt{wad} \to \mathtt{lock}\ \mathtt{urn}\ \mathtt{wad}
      Mine id
                            \rightarrow mine id
      \operatorname{Hand} lad wad \operatorname{jar} \to \operatorname{hand} lad wad \operatorname{jar}
                            \rightarrow sire lad
transfer From
    :: (MonadError Error m)
    \Rightarrow Address \rightarrow Address \rightarrow Wad
    \rightarrow \ \mathrm{Gem} \rightarrow m \ \mathrm{Gem}
transferFrom \ src \ dst \ {\tt wad \ gem} =
   case view (balanceOf \circ at \ src) gem of
      Nothing \rightarrow
          throwError AssertError
      Just balance \rightarrow \mathbf{do}
          aver(balance \geqslant wad)
          return \$ gem \& ^{\sim} do
              balanceOf \circ ix \ src \mathrel{-=} \mathtt{wad}
             balanceOf \circ at \ dst \% =
                 (\lambda case
                     Nothing \rightarrow Just wad
                     Just x 	o Just (wad + x))
```

Chapter 5

Act framework

5.1 Act descriptions

We define the Maker act vocabulary as a data type.

```
data Act =
   Bite (Id Urn)
   Draw (Id Urn) Wad
   Form (Id Ilk) (Id Jar)
   Free (Id Urn) Wad
   Frob Ray
   Give (Id Urn) Address
   Grab (Id Urn)
   Heal Wad
   Lock (Id Urn) Wad
   Love Wad
   Mark (Id Jar) Wad
                         Sec
   Open (Id Urn) (Id Ilk)
   Prod
   Pull (Id Jar) Address Wad
   Shut (Id Urn)
   Tell Wad
   Warp Sec
   Wipe (Id Urn) Wad
   Mine (Id Jar)
   Hand Address Wad
                         (Id Jar)
   Sire Address
```

```
Test acts
| Addr Address
deriving (Eq, Show)
```

Acts can fail. We divide the failure modes into general assertion failures and authentication failures.

```
data Error = AssertError | AuthError
deriving (Show, Eq)
```

5.2 The Maker monad

The reader does not need any abstract understanding of monads to understand the code. What they give us is a nice syntax—the **do** notation—for expressing exceptions and state in a way that is still purely functional.

```
newtype Maker a =
Maker (StateT System (Except Error) a)
deriving
(Functor, Applicative, Monad,
MonadError Error,
MonadState System)

exec :: System
\rightarrow Maker ()
\rightarrow Either Error System

exec sys (Maker m) =

runExcept (execStateT m sys)
```

The following instance makes the mutable state also available as read-only state.

```
instance MonadReader System Maker where ask = Maker \ get
local \ f \ (Maker \ m) = Maker \ \$ \ do
s \leftarrow get; put \ (f \ s)
x \leftarrow m; \ put \ s
return \ x
```

5.3 Accessor aliases

```
ilkAt id = vat \circ ilks \circ ix id

urnAt id = vat \circ urns \circ ix id

jarAt id = vat \circ jars \circ ix id
```

5.4 Asserting

```
aver :: Fails m \Rightarrow \operatorname{Bool} \rightarrow m ()

aver x = unless \ x \ (throwError \ \operatorname{AssertError})

look :: (\operatorname{Fails} m, \operatorname{Reads} r m)

\Rightarrow \operatorname{Getting} (\operatorname{First} a) \ r \ a \rightarrow m \ a

look \ f = preview \ f \gg \lambda \mathbf{case}

Nothing \rightarrow throwError \ \operatorname{AssertError}

Just x \rightarrow return \ x
```

5.5 Modifiers

```
auth::
(\operatorname{IsAct}, \operatorname{Fails} m, \\ \operatorname{Reads} r m, \\ \operatorname{HasSender} r \operatorname{Address}) \\ \Rightarrow m \ a \to m \ a
\operatorname{auth} \ continue = \operatorname{\mathbf{do}} \\ s \leftarrow view \ sender \\ unless \ (s \equiv id_{god}) \\ (throwError \ \operatorname{AuthError}) \\ continue
```

Chapter 6

Testing

```
Sketches for property stuff...
        data Parameter =
           Fix | Par | Way
        maintains
            :: Eq a \Rightarrow \text{Lens' System } a \rightarrow \text{Maker ()}
                       \rightarrow System \rightarrow Bool
        maintains p = \lambda m \operatorname{sys}_0 \rightarrow
           case exec \operatorname{sys}_0 m \operatorname{of}
             On success, data must be compared for equality
               Right sys_1 \rightarrow view \ p \ sys_0 \equiv view \ p \ sys_1
             On rollback, data is maintained by definition
               Left _
                                \rightarrow True
        changesOnly
            :: Lens' System a \rightarrow Maker ()
             \rightarrow System \rightarrow Bool
        changesOnly p = \lambda m \operatorname{sys}_0 \rightarrow
           case exec \operatorname{sys}_0 m \operatorname{of}
             On success, equalize p and compare
               Right sys_1 \rightarrow set \ p \ (view \ p \ sys_1) \ sys_0 \equiv sys_1
             On rollback, data is maintained by definition
               Left _
                              \rightarrow True
        also :: Lens' s a \to \text{Lens'} s b \to \text{Lens'} s (a, b)
        also f g = lens getter setter
```

where

```
\begin{array}{l} getter \ x = (view \ f \ x, view \ g \ x) \\ setter \ x \ (a,b) = set \ f \ a \ (set \ g \ b \ x) \\ \\ keeps :: Parameter \rightarrow Maker \ () \rightarrow System \rightarrow Bool \\ keeps \ Fix = maintains \ (vat \circ fix) \\ keeps \ Par = maintains \ (vat \circ par) \\ keeps \ Way = maintains \ (vat \circ way) \end{array}
```

Thus:

$$\begin{aligned} foo \ \mathsf{sys}_0 &= all \ (\lambda f \to f \ \mathsf{sys}_0) \\ & [\mathit{changesOnly} \ ((\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{par}) \ `also' \\ & (\mathtt{vat} \circ \mathtt{way})) \\ & (\mathit{perform} \ \mathtt{Prod})] \end{aligned}$$

Appendix A

Act type signatures

We see that drip may fail; it reads an ilk's tax, cow, rho, and bag; and it writes those same parameters except tax.

```
drip::
    (Fails m,
        Reads r m,
        HasEra r Sec,
        HasVat r vat<sub>r</sub>,
        HasIlks vat<sub>r</sub> (Map (Id Ilk) ilk<sub>r</sub>),
        HasTax ilk<sub>r</sub> Ray,
        HasRho ilk<sub>r</sub> Sec,
        HasChi ilk<sub>r</sub> Ray,
        HasRum ilk<sub>r</sub> Wad,
        HasJoy ilk<sub>r</sub> Wad,
        Writes w m,
        HasVat w vat<sub>w</sub>,
        HasIlks vat<sub>w</sub> (Map (Id Ilk) ilk<sub>w</sub>),
        HasRho ilk<sub>w</sub> Sec,
```

```
\operatorname{HasJoy} ilk_w \operatorname{Wad},
                \operatorname{HasChi}\,\mathrm{ilk}_w\,\operatorname{Ray})
     \Rightarrow \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Ilk} \to m \operatorname{Ray}
form::
    (IsAct, Fails m,
     Reads r m, HasSender r Address,
     Writes w m, HasVat w vat_w,
                              HasIlks vat_w (Map (Id Ilk) Ilk))
     \Rightarrow Id Ilk \rightarrow Id Jar \rightarrow m ()
frob :: (IsAct, Fails m,
             Reads r m, HasSender r Address,
             Writes w m, HasVat w vat_w,
                                     \operatorname{HasHow} \operatorname{vat}_w \operatorname{ray})
     \Rightarrow ray \rightarrow m ()
open::
    (IsAct,
     Reads r m, HasSender r Address,
     Writes w m, HasVat w vat_w,
                              \operatorname{HasUrns} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn}) \operatorname{Urn}))
     \Rightarrow Id Urn \rightarrow Id Ilk \rightarrow m ()
give::
    (IsAct, Fails m,
     Reads r m, HasSender r Address,
                          \operatorname{HasVat} r \operatorname{vat}_r,
                              \operatorname{HasUrns} \operatorname{vat}_r (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn}) \operatorname{urn}_r),
                                 HasLad urn_r Address,
     Writes w m, HasVat w \text{ vat}_r)
     \Rightarrow Id Urn \rightarrow Address \rightarrow m ()
lock::
    (IsAct, Fails m,
     Reads r m,
         HasSender r Address,
         HasVat r vat_r,
```

```
\operatorname{HasUrns} \operatorname{vat}_r (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn}) \operatorname{urn}_r),
                    HasIlk urn_r (Id Ilk),
               HasIlks vat_r (Map (Id Ilk) ilk_r),
                    \operatorname{HasJar} \operatorname{ilk}_r (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}),
               \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_r (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r),
                    HasGem jar, Gem,
       Writes w m,
           \operatorname{HasVat} w \operatorname{vat}_w
               \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r),
               \operatorname{HasUrns} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn}) \operatorname{urn}_w),
                    HasJam urn_w Wad)
      \Rightarrow \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn} \to \operatorname{Wad} \to m ()
mark::
     (IsAct, Fails m,
      Reads r m, HasSender r Address,
      Writes w m, HasVat w vat_w,
                                     \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_w),
                                         HasTag jar_w wad,
                                         \operatorname{Has}\mathrm{Zzz}\;\mathtt{jar}_w\;\mathtt{sec})
      \Rightarrow \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{\mathsf{Jar}} \to \operatorname{\mathsf{wad}} \to \operatorname{\mathsf{sec}} \to m \ ()
tell::
     (IsAct, Fails m,
      Reads r m, HasSender r Address,
      Writes w m, HasVat w vat_w,
                                     HasFix vat_w wad)
      \Rightarrow wad \rightarrow m ()
prod::
     (IsAct,
      Reads r m,
           HasSender r Address,
           HasEra r sec,
           \operatorname{HasVat} r \operatorname{vat}_r, (\operatorname{HasPar} \operatorname{vat}_r \operatorname{wad})
                                              HasTau vat_r sec,
                                              HasHow\ vat_r\ ray,
                                              HasWay vat_r ray,
                                              HasFix vat_r wad),
```

```
Writes w m,
            \operatorname{HasVat} w \operatorname{vat}_w, (\operatorname{HasPar} \operatorname{vat}_w \operatorname{wad},
                                                HasWay vat_w ray,
                                                HasTau\ vat_w\ sec),
       Integral sec,
       Ord wad, Fractional wad,
       Fractional ray, Real ray)
      \Rightarrow m()
warp::
     (IsAct, Fails m,
       Reads r m, HasSender r Address,
       Writes w m, HasEra w sec,
                                      Num sec)
      \Rightarrow sec \rightarrow m ()
pull::
     (Fails m,
      Reads r m,
            \operatorname{HasVat} r \operatorname{vat}_r, \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_r (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r),
                                                   HasGem jar, Gem,
       Writes w m,
            \operatorname{HasVat} w \operatorname{vat}_w, \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r))
      \Rightarrow Id Jar \rightarrow Address \rightarrow Wad \rightarrow m ()
push::
     (Fails m,
       Reads r m,
            \operatorname{HasVat} r \operatorname{vat}_r, \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_r (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r),
                                                   \operatorname{HasGem}\,\operatorname{\mathtt{jar}}_r\operatorname{\mathtt{Gem}},
       Writes w m,
            \operatorname{HasVat} w \operatorname{vat}_w, \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r))
      \Rightarrow \text{Id Jar} \rightarrow \text{Address} \rightarrow \text{Wad} \rightarrow m ()
mint::
     (Fails m,
       Writes w m,
            \operatorname{HasVat} w \operatorname{vat}_w, \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_x),
                                                   {\rm HasGem} \ {\tt jar}_r \ gem\_r,
```

```
HasTotalSupply gem r Wad,
                                             HasBalanceOf gem_r (Map Address Wad))
     \Rightarrow \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar} \rightarrow \operatorname{Wad} \rightarrow m ()
burn::
    (Fails m,
     Writes w m,
         \operatorname{HasVat} w \operatorname{vat}_w, \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r),
                                         HasGem jar_r gem_r,
                                             HasTotalSupply gem_r Wad,
                                             HasBalanceOf gem\_r (Map Address Wad))
     \Rightarrow \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{\mathsf{Jar}} \to \operatorname{\mathsf{Wad}} \to m \ ()
grab::
    (IsAct, Fails m,
     Numbers wad ray sec,
     Reads r m,
         HasSender r Address,
         HasEra r Sec,
         \operatorname{HasVat} r \operatorname{vat}_r,
             HasFix vat_r wad
             \operatorname{HasPar} \operatorname{vat}_r \operatorname{wad},
             HasHow\ vat_r\ ray,
             HasWay vat_r ray,
             HasTau vat_r sec,
             \operatorname{HasUrns} \operatorname{vat}_r (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn}) \operatorname{urn}_r),
                 HasJam\ urn_r\ wad,
                 HasArt urn_r wad,
                 \operatorname{HasCat} \operatorname{urn}_r (Maybe Address), \operatorname{HasVow} \operatorname{urn}_r (Maybe Address),
                 HasIlk urn_r (Id Ilk),
             HasIlks vat_r (Map (Id Ilk) ilk_r),
                 HasHat ilk_r wad,
                 HasMat ilk, wad,
                 HasRum ilk_r wad,
                 \operatorname{HasJoy} ilk<sub>r</sub> wad,
                 HasTax ilk_r ray,
                 HasLag ilk_r sec,
                 HasChiilk_r ray, HasRhoilk_r sec,
                 \operatorname{HasJar} \operatorname{ilk}_r (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}),
             \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_r (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar}) \operatorname{jar}_r),
```

```
\operatorname{HasGem}\; \mathtt{jar}_r\; \mathtt{Gem},
                   \operatorname{HasTag}\,\operatorname{\mathtt{jar}}_r\operatorname{\mathtt{wad}},
                   HasZzz jar_r sec,
  Writes w m,
       \operatorname{HasVat} w \operatorname{vat}_w
             \operatorname{HasTau} \operatorname{vat}_w \operatorname{sec},
             \operatorname{HasWay} \operatorname{\mathtt{vat}}_w \operatorname{\mathtt{ray}}, \operatorname{HasPar} \operatorname{\mathtt{vat}}_w \operatorname{\mathtt{wad}},
             \operatorname{HasUrns} \operatorname{vat}_w (\operatorname{Map} (\operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn}) \operatorname{urn}_w),
                   HasJam urn_w wad, HasArt urn_w wad,
                   HasVow\ urn_w\ Address,
                   \operatorname{HasCat} \operatorname{urn}_{w} (\operatorname{Maybe Address}),
             HasIlks vat_w (Map (Id Ilk) ilk_w),
                   HasJoy ilk_w wad,
                   \operatorname{HasChi}\, {\tt ilk}_w \, {\tt ray},
                   HasRhoilk_w sec,
             \operatorname{HasJars} \operatorname{vat}_w \left( \operatorname{Map} \left( \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Jar} \right) \operatorname{jar}_r \right)
) \Rightarrow \operatorname{Id} \operatorname{Urn} \rightarrow m ()
```

Appendix B

Prelude

```
module Maker.Prelude (
  module Maker.Prelude,
  module X
) where
import Prelude as X (
 Conversions to and from strings
  Read (...), Show (...),
 Comparisons
  Eq(..), Ord(..),
 Core abstractions
  Functor
               (fmap),
  Applicative (),
  Monad
               (return, (\gg)),
 Numeric classes
  Num (..), Integral (), Enum (),
 Numeric conversions
  Real (..), Fractional (..),
  RealFrac (..),
  fromIntegral,
  as Type Of,
 Simple types
  Integer, Int, String,
 Algebraic types
```

```
(True, False),
        Maybe (Just, Nothing),
        Either (Right, Left),
       Functional operators
        (\circ), (\$),
       Numeric operators
        (+), (-), (*), (/), (\uparrow), (\uparrow\uparrow), div,
       Utilities
        all,
       Constants
        mempty, \perp, otherwise)
We use a typical composition of monad transformers from the mtl library to struc-
ture stateful actions. See section 5.2 (The Maker monad).
      import Control.Monad.State as X (
        MonadState,
                          Type class of monads with state
        StateT.
                          Type constructor that adds state to a monad type
         execStateT,
                          Runs a state monad with given initial state
                          Gets the state in a do block
        get,
        put)
                          Sets the state in a do block
      import Control.Monad.Reader as X (
        MonadReader, Type class of monads with "environments"
         ask.
                          Reads the environment in a do block
        local)
                          Runs a sub-computation with a modified environment
      import Control.Monad.Writer as X (
        MonadWriter,
                          Type class of monads that emit logs
        WriterT,
                          Type constructor that adds logging to a monad type
        Writer,
                          Type constructor of logging monads
        runWriterT,
                          Runs a writer monad transformer
         execWriterT,
                          Runs a writer monad transformer keeping only logs
         exec Writer)
                          Runs a writer monad keeping only logs
      import Control.Monad.Except as X (
        MonadError,
                          Type class of monads that fail
        Except,
                          Type constructor of failing monads
        throwError,
                          Short-circuits the monadic computation
        runExcept)
                          Runs a failing monad
Our numeric types use decimal fixed-point arithmetic.
      import Data. Fixed as X (
```

Type constructor for numbers of given precision

Fixed (..),

HasResolution (..)) Type class for specifying precisions

We rely on the lens library for accessing nested values. There is no need to understand the theory behind lenses to understand this program. The notation $a \circ b \circ c$ denotes a nested accessor much like a.b.c in C-style languages; for more details, consult lens documentation¹.

```
import Control.Lens as X (
  Lens',
   lens,
   makeFields,
                     Defines lenses for record fields
   set,
                     Writes a lens
   view, preview, Reads a lens in a do block
   (\&^{\sim}),
                     Lets us use a do block with setters \lozenge Get rid of this.
   ix
                     Lens for map retrieval and updating
                     Lens for map insertion
   at
 Operators for partial state updates in do blocks:
   (:=),
                     Replace
   (-=), (+=),
                     Update arithmetically
   (\% =),
                     Update according to function
   (?=))
                     Insert into map
```

Where the Solidity code uses mapping, we use Haskell's regular tree-based map type².

For sequences of log entries, we use a sequence structure which has better time complexity than regular lists.

```
import Data.Sequence as X (Seq)
import qualified Data.Sequence as Sequence
```

Some less interesting imports are omitted from this document.

¹Gabriel Gonzalez's 2013 article *Program imperatively using Haskell* is a good introduction.

²We assume the axiom that Keccak hash collisions are impossible.

Appendix C

Rounding fixed point numbers

This somewhat arcane-looking code implements a wrapper around the base library's decimal fixed point type, only using a more precise rounding method for the x * y and x / y operations.

```
module Maker.Decimal (Decimal, E18, E36, Epsilon (..)) where import Data.Fixed newtype HasResolution e \Rightarrow \text{Decimal } e = D \text{ (Fixed } e) deriving (Ord, Eq, Real, RealFrac)
```

We want the printed representations of these numbers to look like "0.01" and not "R 0.01".

```
instance HasResolution e \Rightarrow \text{Read} (Decimal e) where readsPrec\ n\ s = fmap\ (\lambda(x,y) \to (D\ x,y))\ (readsPrec\ n\ s) instance HasResolution e \Rightarrow \text{Show} (Decimal e) where show\ (D\ x) = show\ x
```

In the Num instance, we delegate everything except multiplication.

```
instance HasResolution e \Rightarrow \text{Num (Decimal } e) where x@(D \text{ (MkFixed } a)) * D \text{ (MkFixed } b) = D \text{ (MkFixed } (div (a * b + div (resolution x) 2) (resolution x)))}
D a + D b = D (a + b)
D a - D b = D (a - b)
negate \text{ (D } a) = D \text{ (negate } a)
abs \text{ (D } a) = D \text{ (abs } a)
```

```
signum (D a) = D (signum a)

fromInteger i = D (fromInteger i)
```

In the Fractional instance, we delegate everything except division.

```
instance HasResolution e \Rightarrow Fractional (Decimal e) where x@(D \text{ (MkFixed } a)) / D \text{ (MkFixed } b) = D \text{ (MkFixed } (div (a * resolution } x + div b 2) b))
recip (D a) = D (recip a)
fromRational \ r = D \text{ (fromRational } r)
```

We define the E18 and E36 symbols and their fixed point multipliers.

```
data E18; data E36

instance HasResolution E18 where

resolution _ = 10 ↑ (18 :: Integer)

instance HasResolution E36 where

resolution _ = 10 ↑ (36 :: Integer)
```

The fixed point number types have well-defined smallest increments (denoted ϵ). This becomes useful when verifying equivalences.

```
class Epsilon t where \epsilon :: t instance HasResolution a \Rightarrow Epsilon (Decimal a) where The use of \bot is safe since resolution ignores the value. \epsilon = 1 \ / \ from Integral \ (resolution \ (\bot :: Fixed \ a))
```