$mbruner3_mod4$

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```
library(lpSolveAPI)
```

Defining decision variables and objective function

```
lprec <- make.lp(0, 9)</pre>
lp.control(lprec, sense = "max")
## $anti.degen
## [1] "fixedvars" "stalling"
## $basis.crash
## [1] "none"
## $bb.depthlimit
## [1] -50
##
## $bb.floorfirst
## [1] "automatic"
##
## $bb.rule
## [1] "pseudononint" "greedy"
                                      "dynamic"
                                                      "rcostfixing"
## $break.at.first
## [1] FALSE
## $break.at.value
## [1] 1e+30
##
## $epsilon
##
         epsb
                    epsd
                               epsel
                                         epsint epsperturb
                                                              epspivot
##
        1e-10
                    1e-09
                               1e-12
                                          1e-07
                                                      1e-05
                                                                 2e-07
##
## $improve
## [1] "dualfeas" "thetagap"
## $infinite
## [1] 1e+30
##
```

```
## $maxpivot
## [1] 250
##
## $mip.gap
## absolute relative
      1e-11
##
               1e-11
##
## $negrange
## [1] -1e+06
##
## $obj.in.basis
## [1] TRUE
## $pivoting
## [1] "devex"
                   "adaptive"
##
## $presolve
## [1] "none"
##
## $scalelimit
## [1] 5
##
## $scaling
## [1] "geometric"
                      "equilibrate" "integers"
##
## $sense
## [1] "maximize"
## $simplextype
## [1] "dual"
                "primal"
##
## $timeout
## [1] 0
##
## $verbose
## [1] "neutral"
set.objfn(lprec, c(420, 360, 300, 420, 360, 300, 420, 360, 300))
```

set constraints

Capacity Constraints

```
add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(1, 3)), indices = c(1, 2, 3), "<=", 750)
add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(1, 3)), indices = c(4, 5, 6), "<=", 900)
add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(1, 3)), indices = c(7, 8, 9), "<=", 450)</pre>
```

Square Footage

```
add.constraint(lprec, c(20, 15,12), indices = c(1, 2, 3), "<=", 13000)
add.constraint(lprec, c(20, 15, 12), indices = c(4, 5, 6), "<=", 12000)
add.constraint(lprec, c(20, 15, 12), indices = c(7, 8, 9), "<=", 5000)
```

Sales

```
add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(1, 3)), indices = c(1, 4, 7), "<=", 900)
add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(1, 3)), indices = c(2, 5, 8), "<=", 1200)
add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(1, 3)), indices = c(3, 6, 9), "<=", 750)

Same percentage of capacity

add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(900, 3), rep(-750, 3)), indices = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6), "=", 0)
add.constraint(lprec, c(rep(450, 3), rep(-750, 3)), indices = c(1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9), "=", 0)
set.bounds(lprec, lower = c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0))
```

Decision Variable Names

```
RowNames <- c("Capacity 1", "Capacity 2", "Capacity 3", "Sqft1", "Sqft2", "Sqft3", "Sales 1", "Sales 2"
ColNames <- c("L1", "M1", "S1", "L2", "M2", "S2", "L3", "M3", "S3")
dimnames(lprec) <- list(RowNames, ColNames)
write.lp(lprec, filename = "weigelt.lp", type = "lp")
lprec
## Model name:</pre>
```

noder name.
a linear program with 9 decision variables and 11 constraints

Solve LP model

```
solve(lprec)
## [1] 0
Optimize Objective Function
get.objective(lprec)
## [1] 696000
Decision Variables
get.variables(lprec)
## [1] 516.6667 177.7778 0.0000 0.0000 666.6667 166.6667 0.0000 0.0000
## [9] 416.6667
```

get.constraints(lprec)

```
## [1] 6.944444e+02 8.333333e+02 4.166667e+02 1.300000e+04 1.200000e+04
## [6] 5.000000e+03 5.166667e+02 8.444444e+02 5.833333e+02 -2.037268e-10
## [11] 0.000000e+00
```

Interpreting the output from optimization routines

In order to satisfy the constraints on the LP Model, the Weigelt Corporation should produce the following quantities of L, M, and S at each factory:

```
Factory 1 (space = 13000 sq ft and capacity is 750 units.) L1 = 516.6667 M1 = 177.7778 S1 = 0.00000
```

Optimal capacity is 694.44 units using 13000 sq ft.

```
Factory 2 (space = 12000 \text{ sq} ft and capacity is 900 \text{ units.}) L2 = 0.00000 \text{ M2} = 666.6667 \text{ S2} = 166.6667
```

Optimal capacity is 833.33 units using 12000 sq ft.

```
Factory 3 (space = 5000 \text{ sq} ft and capacity is 450 \text{ units.}) L3 = 0 \text{ M3} = 0 \text{ S3} = 416.6667
```

Projected sales of each size

Large = 516.67 units of the 900 forecasted. Medium = 844.44 units of the 1200 forecasted. Small = 583.33 units of the 750 forecasted.

Optimal capacity is 416.67 units using 5000 sq. ft.

Interpreting optimal objective function value:

If the above production occurs at each factory, optimal amount of money they can expect in profit per day. \sim \$696,000