

Service Orchestration with any cloud using Juju

Orchestration

Contemporary computer jargon meaning:

the arrangement, coordination and management of complex computer systems and services.

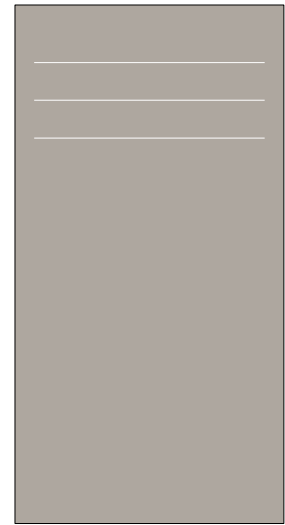
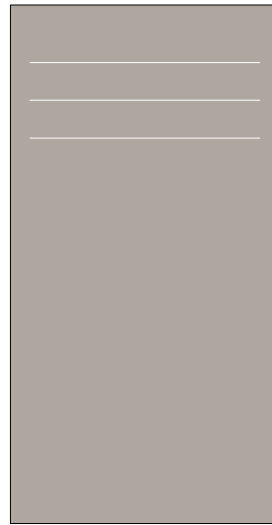
Complexity?

- One server



Increasing complexity

- **Many servers**



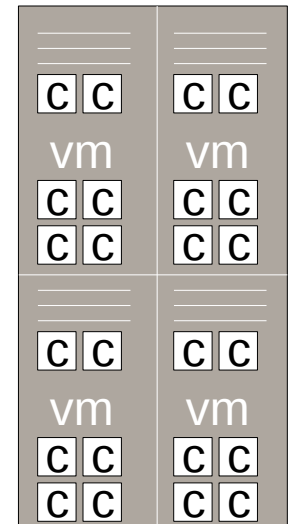
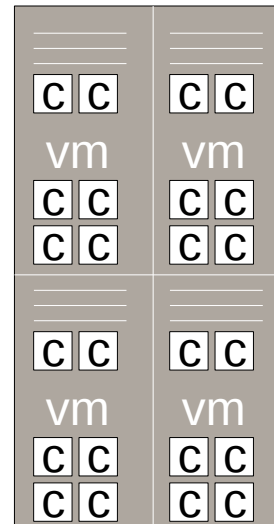
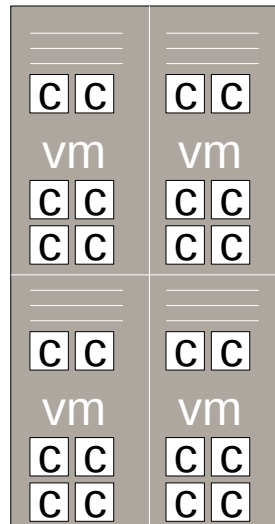
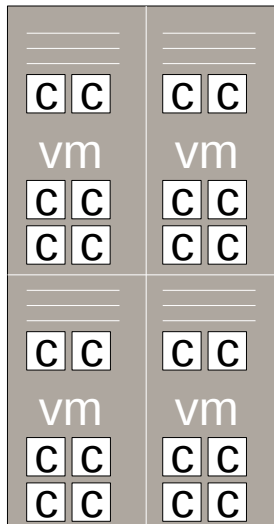
Virtualization complexity

- Virtualization makes your computers look huge!



Linux Container complexity

- Linux Containers (LXC) inside VMs.



What is Juju?



Juju is a free open source configuration management software project written in “Go” maintained by Canonical.

Juju's Goal



Encapsulate ops knowledge in
any cloud environment:
public or private



To provide a dynamic infrastructure
With interchangeable services

So you can focus on being an expert in using the service, not on deployment and life cycle management.

Stop treating your servers like pets!

- Each one with their own cute name
- When one is sick everything grinds to a halt.



Treat your servers like cattle

- No one is more important than the other
- When one goes down replace it with others





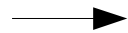
Develop

Consistent

Shareable

Readily Available

High production
parity



Deploy

Start and configure
Servers / services

Deploy and run
application



Operate

Update servers and
applications

Reconfigure services

Orchestrate
Interactions between
services

Charms are more than Services



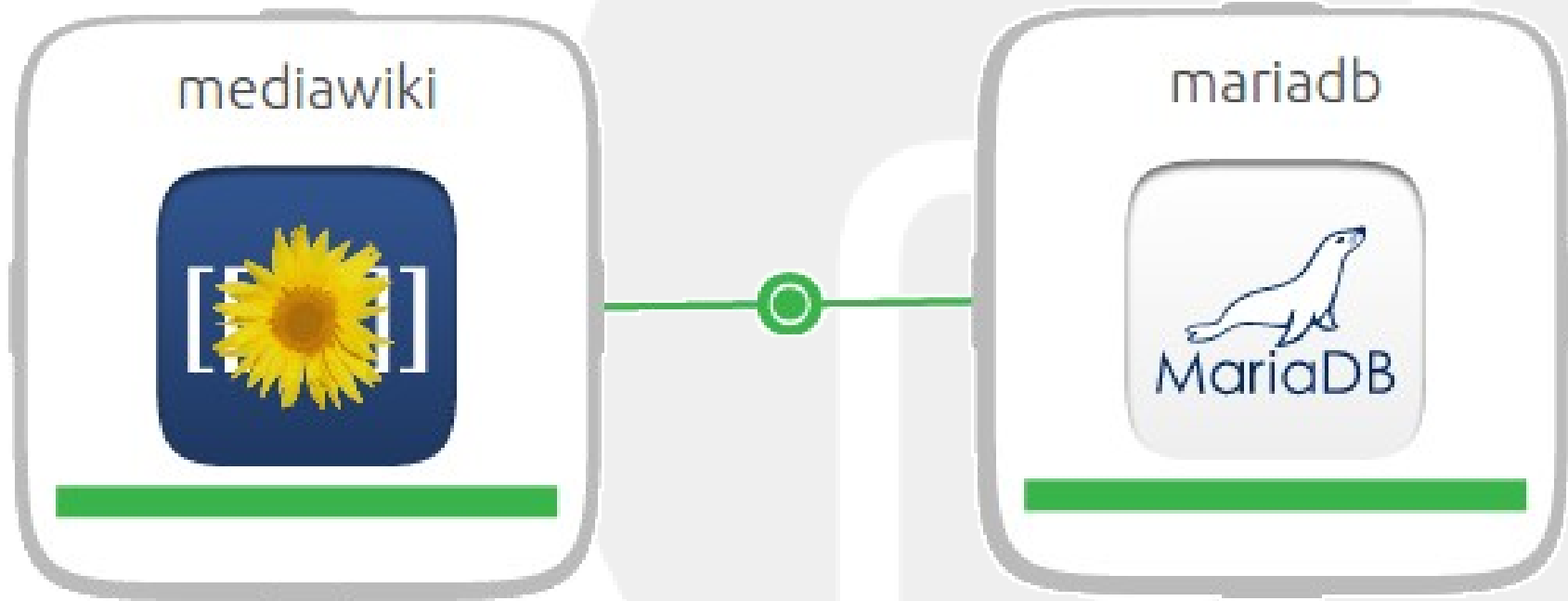
Define charms:

- Configuration management
 - version X of service Y
- Language independence
 - Charms can be written in any language you want
- Operational Intelligence
 - How one charm relates to another.

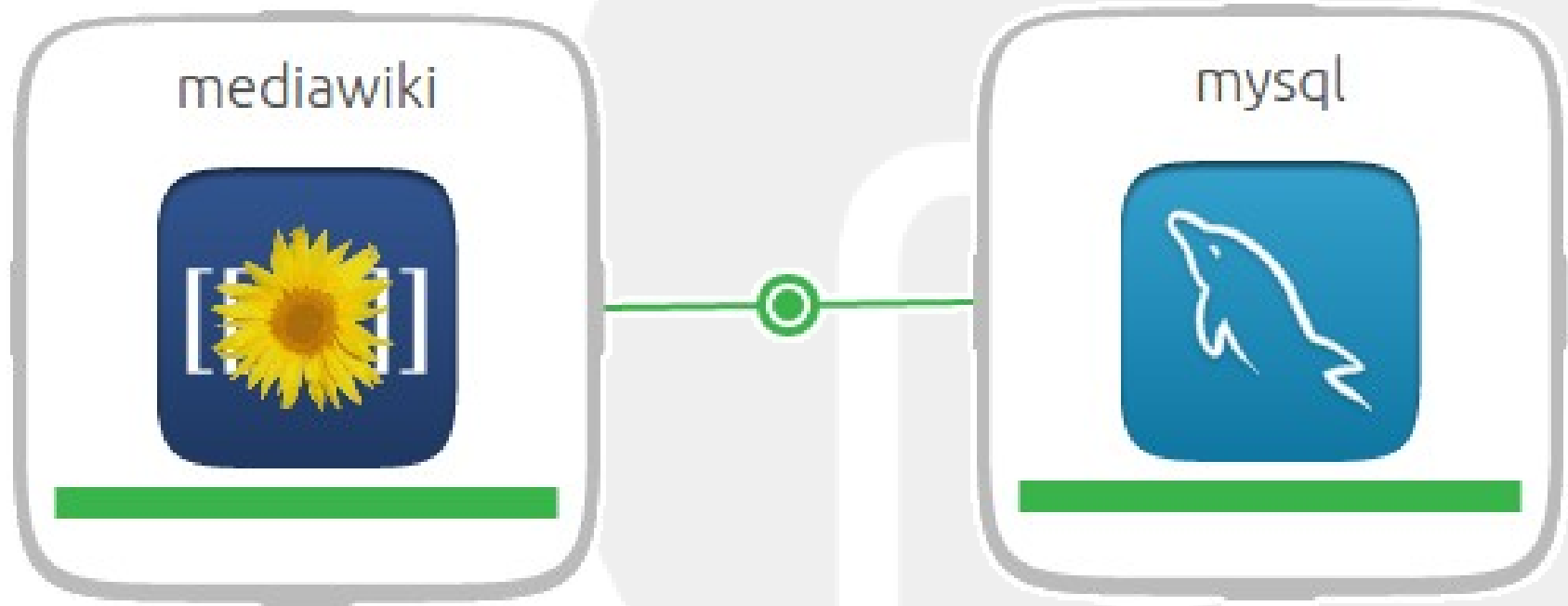
Define charms without buzz words

- Collection of files with a specific directory structure including a **metadata.yaml** file
- Download the service software (if needed)
- Configure the service software
- Start the software
- Handle relations to other charms
- Handle the data and details for the service

Relationships



Relationships



What clouds does Juju work with?



DigitalOcean



Google Compute Engine



Windows Azure™



Joyent

What if my cloud was not listed?


- Using the manual provider you can deploy to other private or public clouds.
 - It loses some features and automation but can be done.
- With Ubuntu Metal as a Service (MAAS) you can orchestrate bare metal (real servers).

Juju tools

- Juju GUI
- Juju Quickstart
- The Charm store
 - <http://jujucharms.com>



Juju GUI

 juju

eu-aws

0


More


Admin


Search for Charms


Added Services (10)


Popular (20)


 **rabbitmq-server**
Deployed 16210 times
trusty | Recommended

 **juju-gui**
Deployed 23107 times
trusty | Recommended

 **quantum-gate...**
Deployed 6316 times
trusty | Recommended





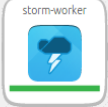

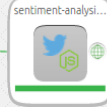
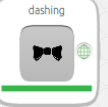
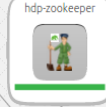
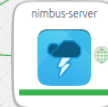

 **ntp**
Deployed 2575 times
trusty | Recommended

 **nova-compute**
Deployed 8561 times
trusty | Recommended

 **ceph-radosgw**
Deployed 2136 times
trusty | Recommended

Services

Machines

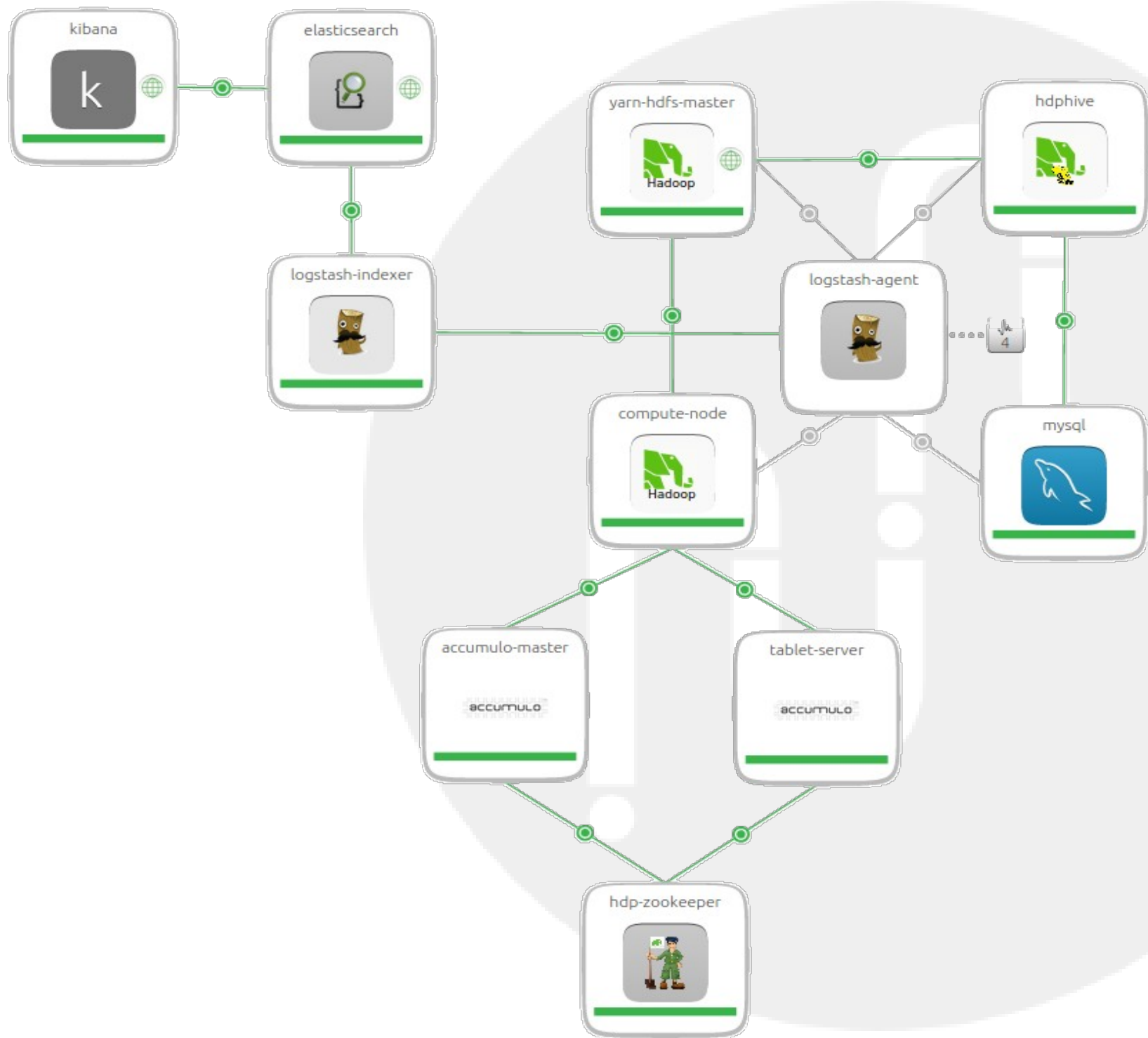
0 changes

Import | Export

Commit

Juju deploys OpenStack





Juju Quickstart

Select an existing Juju environment or create a new one

Manage existing environments:

- azure (type: azure)
- canonistack (type: openstack)
- ec2 (type: ec2)
- ec2-vivid (type: ec2)
- hp (type: openstack)
- joy (type: joyent)
- ✓ local (type: local, default)
- **maas (type: maas)**
- manual (type: manual)

Other active environments

(imported/not included in your environments.yaml file):

- staging
- vivid-testing

Create a new environment:

- new **Amazon EC2** environment
- new **OpenStack (or HP Public Cloud)** environment
- new **Windows Azure** environment
- new **Joyent** environment
- new **MAAS (bare metal)** environment
- new **Manual Provisioning** environment
- new **local (LXC)** environment

^X exit ↵ navigate ✓ default • active • has errors

The Charm Store

[Solutions](#)[Demo](#)[About](#)[Features](#)[Community](#)[Docs](#)[Get started](#)[Sign In](#)View: [272 solutions](#) [15 Bundles](#) [257 Charms](#)

Juju solutions for big data

Build your environment in minutes. Reduce, analyse, index, visualise, repeat.

[View solutions >](#)

Name	Author	Deploys	Units	Series	Charms	Tags
juju-gui	juju-gui-charmers	22302	—	trusty		ops
mysql	charmers	18565	—	trusty		databases
rabbitmq-server	charmers	15092	—	trusty		misc
mysql	charmers	28959	—	precise		database
keystone	openstack-charmers	9640	—	trusty		misc
glance	openstack-charmers	8620	—	trusty		miscellaneous
nova-cloud-controller	openstack-charmers	8291	—	trusty		openstack

Get in touch

- **#juju** on irc.freenode.net
- Sign up for the mailing list: juju@lists.ubuntu.com
 - <https://lists.ubuntu.com/mailman/listinfo/juju>
- We are always looking for new charms
 - <https://jujucharms.com/docs/authors-intro>
- You can branch the juju code from github and contribute that way.
 - <https://github.com/juju/juju>

More information

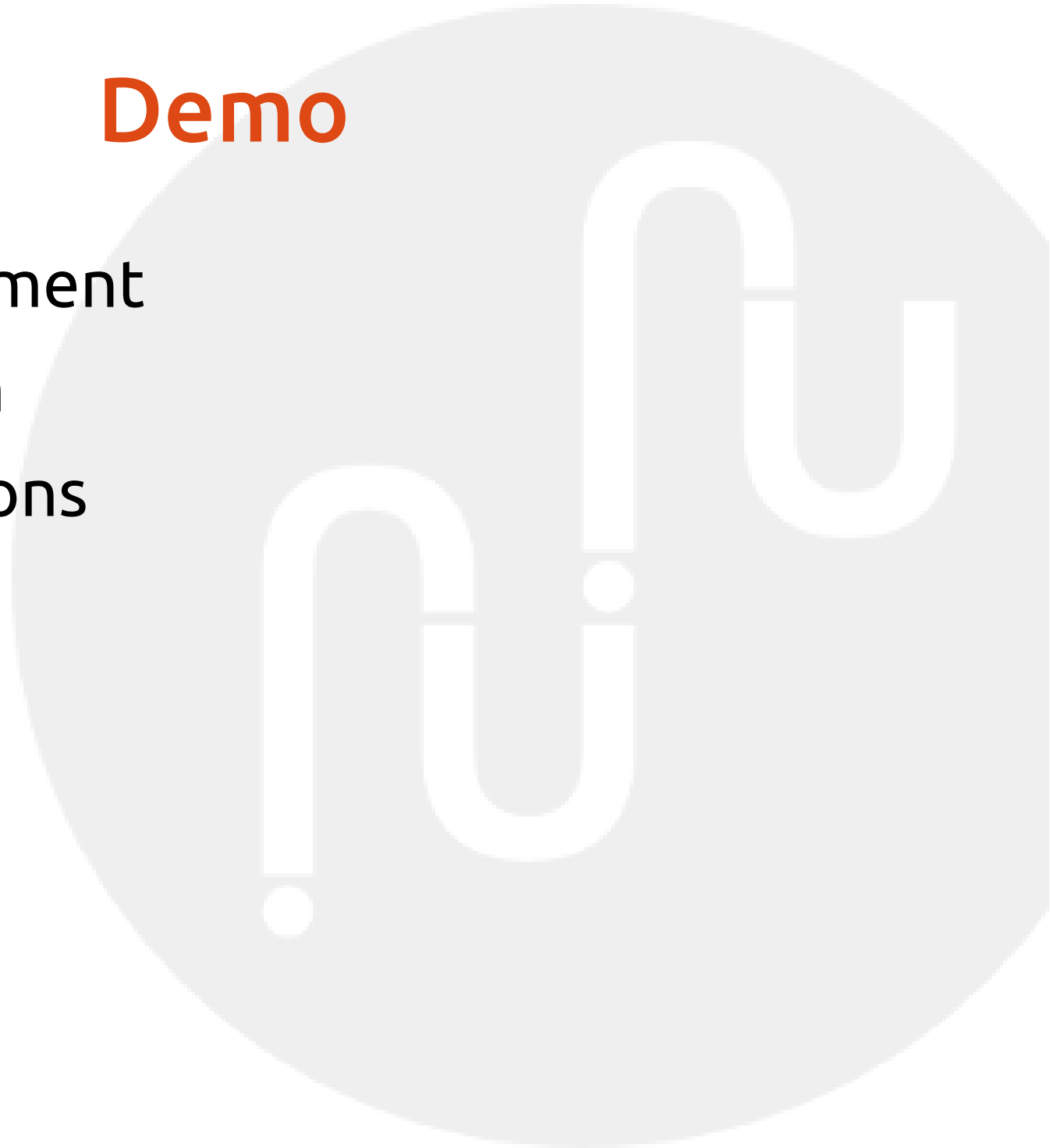
- <https://jujucharms.com>
- <https://jujucharms.com/docs/>
- <https://github.com/juju/juju>
- <https://launchpad.net/charms>

Install Juju on Ubuntu

- `sudo add-apt-repository ppa:juju/stable`
- `sudo apt-get update`
- `sudo apt-get install juju-quickstart`
- Also available for mac and windows
 - Check <https://jujucharms.com/get-started> for more details on other platforms.

Demo

- Show a deployment
- Create a charm
- Answer questions



Extra time slides

- Charm hooks
- Relationships between charms explained in further detail.
 - Requires
 - Provides

Charm Hooks

- Juju is an event driven architecture, those events are realized with hooks.
- Each hook is tied to an event that occurs.
- Hooks are run as root
- Hooks can be written in any language.
- Located in the hooks/ directory of the charm.

Charm Hooks

- install
- config-changed
- start
- stop
- upgrade-charm
- * relation hooks (described in further slides)

Charm Relations

- How charms interact with each other
- Are loosely based contracts between charms
 - No RFC
- No reserved names
 - Go crazy this is the wild west!

metadata.yaml

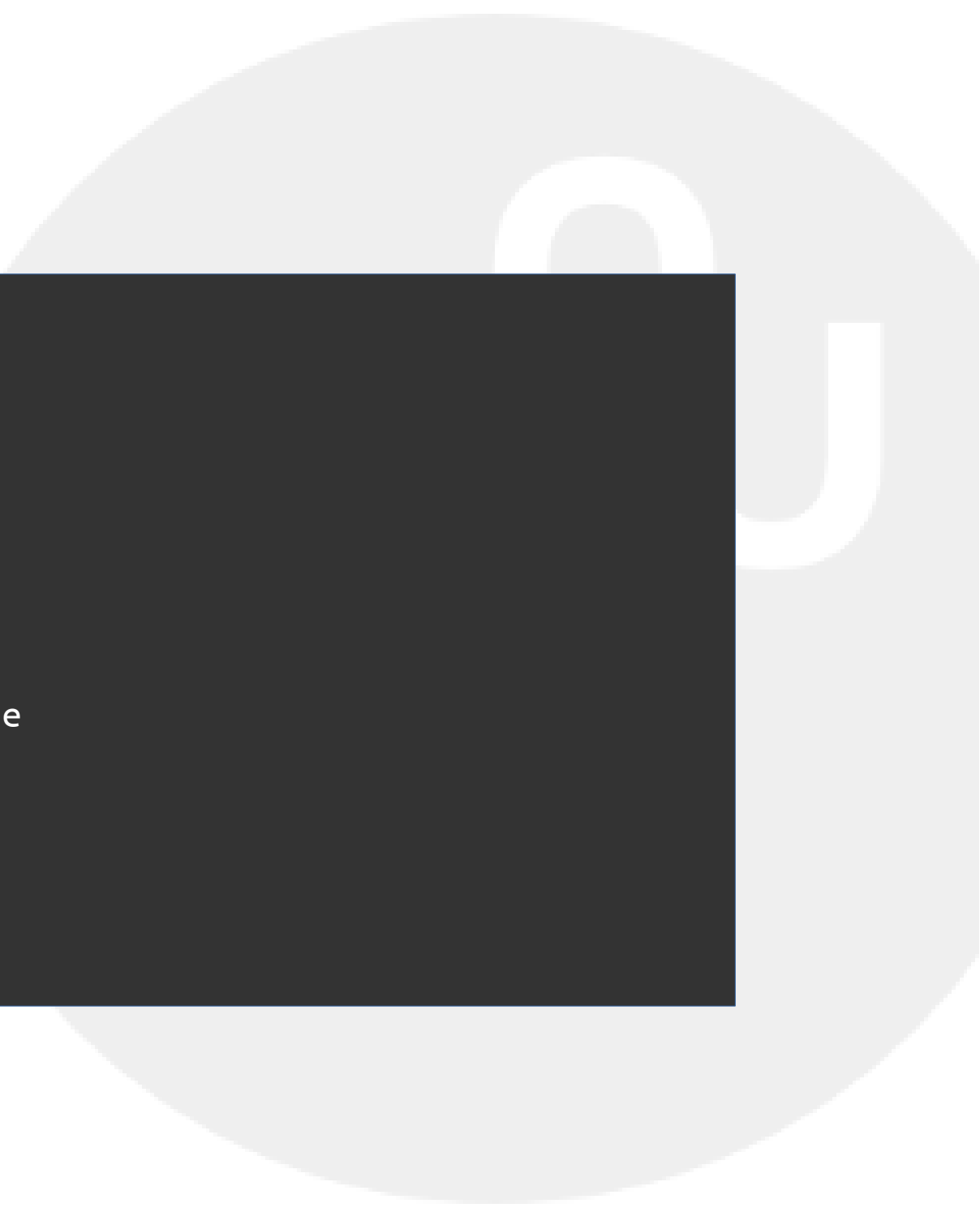
```
name: mediawiki
summary: "Website engine for collaborative work"
maintainer: Clint Byrum <clint@ubuntu.com>
description: |
  MediaWiki is a wiki engine (a program for creating a collaboratively
  edited website). It is designed to handle heavy websites containing
  library-like document collections, and supports user uploads of
  images/sounds, multilingual content, TOC autogeneration, ISBN links,
  etc.
tags: ["applications"]
requires:
  db:
    interface: mysql
  slave:
    interface: mysql
  cache:
    interface: memcache
provides:
  website:
    interface: http
```

Each relation has 4 events

- *<relation-name>*-**relation-joined**
 - Run before the relation is created, prepare for handshake.
- *<relation-name>*-**relation-changed**
 - Run when data changes, new data sent.
- *<relation-name>*-**relation-departed**
 - Run while the relationship still exists but is going away.
- *<relation-name>*-**relation-broken**
 - Run when the relationship is gone. No more communication.

Requires

```
requires:  
  db:  
    interface: mysql  
  slave:  
    interface: mysql  
  cache:  
    interface: memcache  
provides:  
  website:  
    interface: http
```



```
requires:
  db:
    interface: mysql
  slave:
    interface: mysql
  cache:
    interface: memcache
provides:
  website:
    interface: http
```


Provides

```
requires:  
  db:  
    interface: mysql  
  slave:  
    interface: mysql  
  cache:  
    interface: memcache  
provides:  
  website:  
    interface: http
```

```
requires:
  db:
    interface: mysql
  slave:
    interface: mysql
  cache:
    interface: memcache
provides:
  website:
    interface: http
```