



# Service Monitoring and Emergency Response

with OpenZeppelin Defender

**[zpl.in/defender-workshop](https://zpl.in/defender-workshop)**

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# Workshop Agenda

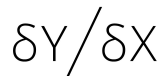
- **OpenZeppelin**
- **Defender**
- **Sentinels**
- **Real World Example**
- **Q & A**



Our mission is to protect  
the open economy

OpenZeppelin is a software company that  
provides **security audits** and **products** for  
decentralized systems.

Projects from any size -from new startups to  
established organizations- trust OpenZeppelin to  
build, inspect and connect to the open economy.



# Security, Reliability and Risk Management

OpenZeppelin provides a complete suite of **security and reliability products** to build, manage, and inspect all aspects of software development and operations for Ethereum projects.



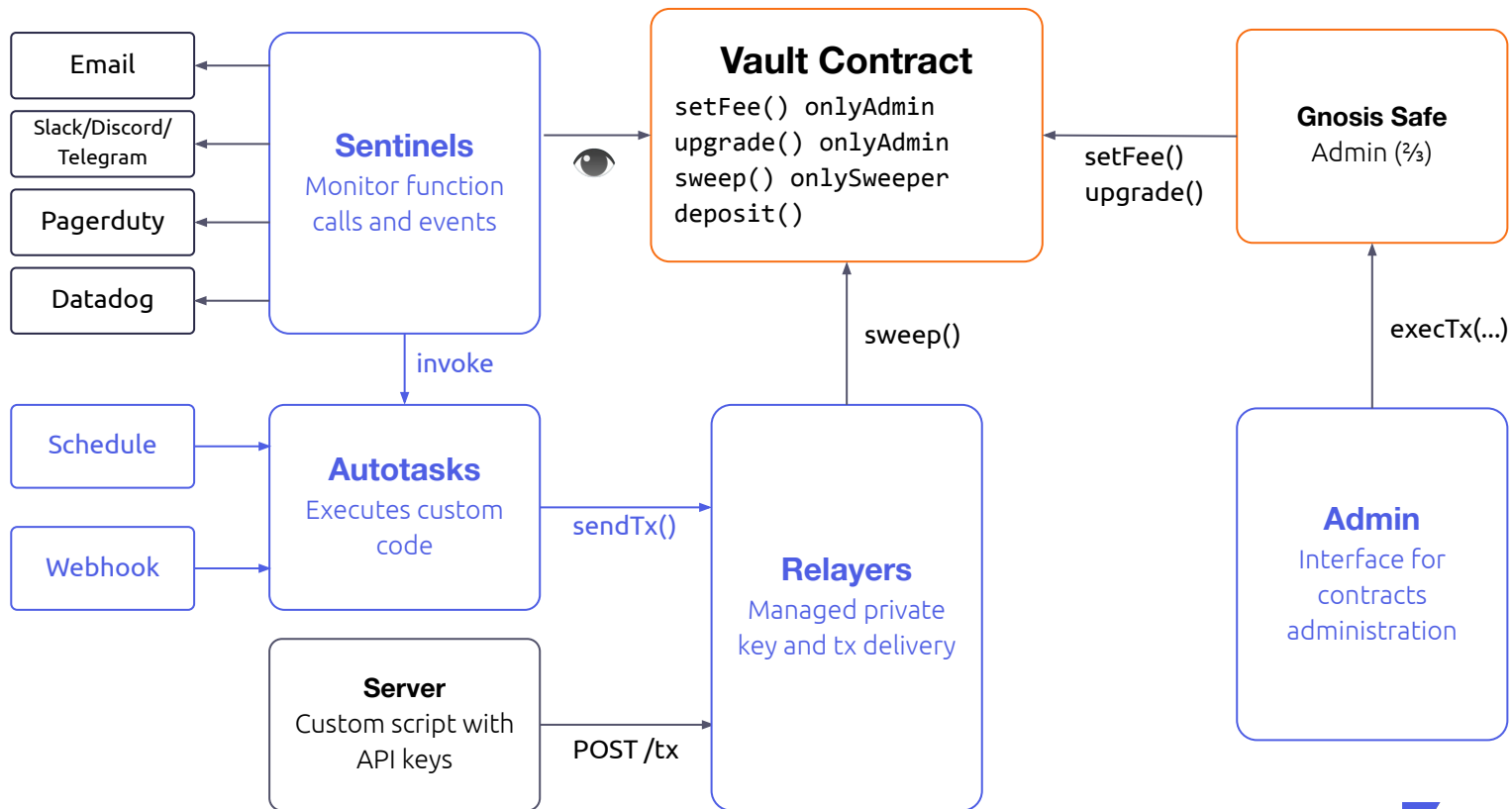
# Defender

Operations Security (OpSec) Platform

## Defender Features

- **Admin** - interface for contracts administration
- **Relayer** - secure hosted keys and reliable transaction delivery
- **Autotasks** - serverless code for automated tasks and off-chain logic
- **Sentinels** - monitor transactions, trigger notifications & Autotasks
- **Advisor** - best-practices in securing your decentralized system

# Defender Features



*A **Sentinel** can trigger an **Autotask** that can use a **Relayer** to respond to a transaction*



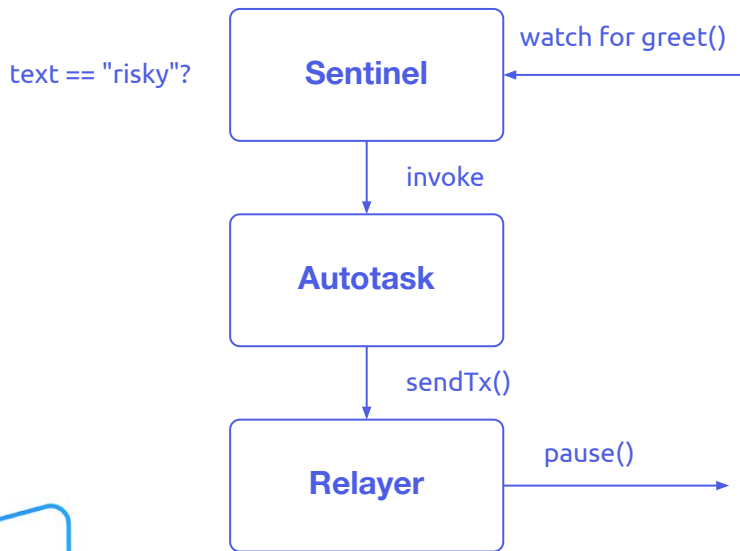
# Monitoring Transactions

Introduction to Sentinels

# **Exercise: Greeter Example**

Detect a “risky” Greeting

# Greeter Example



```
pragma solidity >=0.7.0 <0.8.0;
```

```
contract Greeter {  
    event Greeting(string text, address sender);  
    //...props, modifiers...
```

```
    function greet(string memory text) notPaused public {  
        emit Greeting(text, msg.sender);  
    }
```

```
    function unpause() adminOnly public {  
        paused = false;  
    }
```

```
    function pause() adminOnly public {  
        paused = true;  
    }
```

```
}
```

# Sentinel Notifications

## Popular Platforms

Integrate with the tools you already use.  
Custom integrations are available via  
**Autotask** or email (many tools like PagerDuty  
offer an email interface)



**Telegram**

*@Email*



**DISCORD**

**Autotask**



**slack**



**DATADOG**

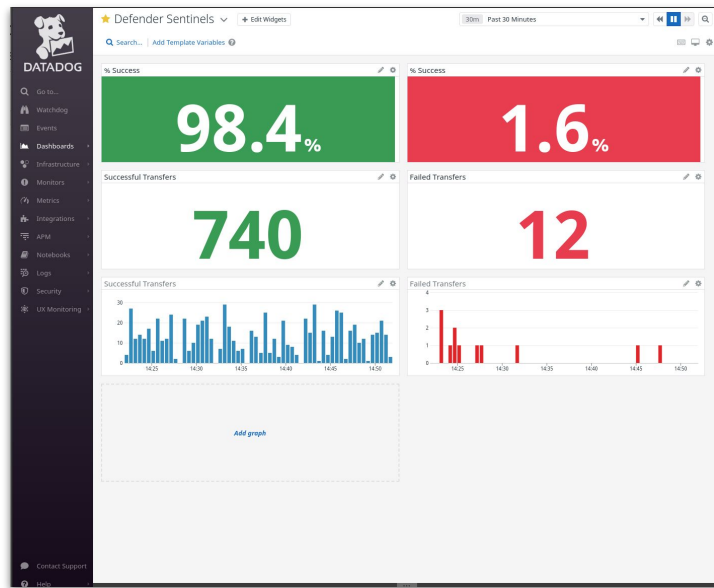
# Sentinel Integrations

## Advanced Analysis through Integrations

**Use the tool for the job.** Datadog is great at taking multiple metrics, relating them, and surfacing alerts.

Monitor **Successful** vs. **Failed** transactions, and alert when the Successful % dips below **95%** over a **15 minute** period

Datadog Integration (USDT success vs. failed)



# Autotask Integration

## Sentinels send events to Autotasks

Events contain key information about the transaction and the reasons for the Sentinel triggering.

[https://docs.openzeppelin.com/defender/sentinel#event\\_schema](https://docs.openzeppelin.com/defender/sentinel#event_schema)

```
{
  "transaction": {
    ...eip-1474 receipt...
  },
  "blockHash": "0xab..123",
  "matchReasons": [
    {
      "type": "event",
      "signature": "Transfer(...)",
      "condition": "value > 5"
    }
  ],
  "sentinel": {
    "id": "44a7d5...31df5",
    "name": "Sentinel Name",
    "abi": [...],
    "address": "0xabc..123",
    "confirmBlocks": 1,
    "network": "mainnet"
  }
}
```

## What should I monitor?

- Administrative or Sensitive Actions
- Spikes in Transaction Volume
- Spikes in Failed Transactions
- Significant Gas Price Changes
- Loss of System Funds
- Anomalous Transactions

## Other Scenarios

- Alert if `setFee(uint256)` is not consistent with Oracle
- Alert if transaction sends >1000 ETH to my contract
- Integrate a custom webhook when `Purchase( )` is emitted with details
- Send an email to security for any call to `transferOwnership(address)`
- Send a slack for every transaction involving a sensitive address
- Others....



## Consider an Audit

*Consider a formal **audit** to surface key monitoring recommendations.*

<https://openzeppelin.com/request/>

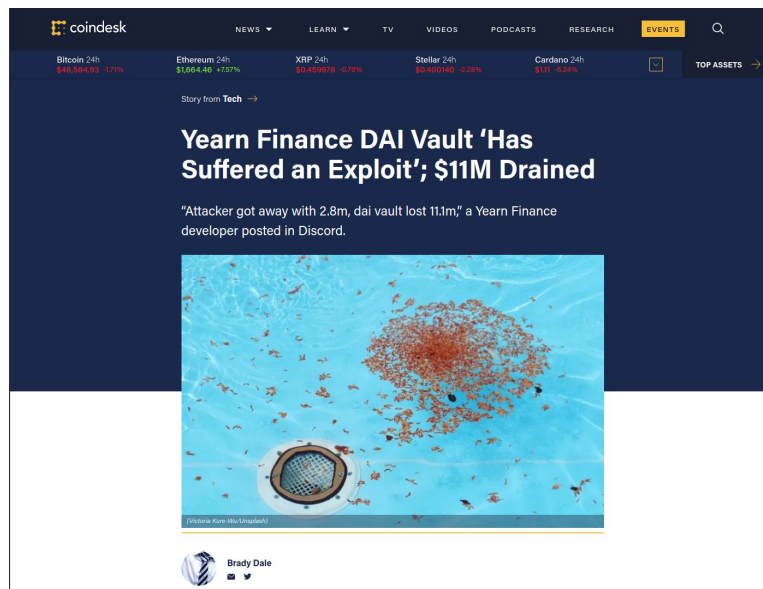
# **Yearn 2021/2/4 Exploit**

What Happened

# Yearn Exploit - 2021/2/4

- Vault Lost **\$11.1m**
- Attacker gained **\$2.8m**
- Mitigated after **38 Minutes**
- **11 Transactions**

<https://www.coindesk.com/yearn-finance-dai-vault-exploit>



## Yearn Exploit - 2021/2/4

*“At a high level, the exploiter was able to profit through the following steps:*

- 1. Debalance the exchange rate between stablecoins in Curve's 3CRV pool.*
- 2. Make the yDAI vault deposit into the pool at an unfavorable exchange rate.*
- 3. Reverse the imbalance caused in step 1.*

*This pattern was repeated in a series of **11 transactions executed over 38 minutes** before being mitigated.”*

Yearn Disclosure

<https://github.com/yearn/yearn-security/blob/master/disclosures/2021-02-04.md>



Attacker Contract

3pool

Victim Vault

Deposit 134M **USDC**, 34M **DAI**, get mCRV

Withdraw 165M **USDT**

Deposit **DAI**

Deposit **DAI** into 3pool (Bad Exchange Rate)

Deposit 165M **USDT**

Withdraw **DAI** from Vault

Withdraw **DAI** (Bad Exchange Rate)

Withdraw 165M **USDT** (except last iteration)

Exchange mCRV, Withdraw 134M **USDC**, 39.4M **DAI**

Repeat x N

**-LOSS**

**+GAIN**

# Detecting Anomalies

## Detecting Anomalies

**Basic sanity checks** are often enough to detect that something isn't quite right.



## What could have detected this?

- **Yearn v1 yDAI vault**
- **Large Complex Transaction**
  - `gasUsed > X`
  - `earn(), withdraw(), deposit()`
- **Loss of Funds**
  - `balance()`
  - Previous Block vs. This Block

<https://github.com/yearn/yearn-security/blob/master/disclosures/2021-02-04.md>

At 21:45 (UTC), Andre Cronje notices the **complex transaction pattern** of a contract that is interacting with **Yearn vaults**. Yearn's security team is called into action, and what eventually is determined to be an active exploit on Yearn's v1 yDAI vault, is mitigated 11 minutes later.

## Exercise Summary

1. Watch the **Vault address** for function calls
2. Trigger when a transaction is found with **gasUsed > 7M**
  - a. Sentinel sends a **Slack Alert**
  - b. Invoke an **Autotask**
    - i. **Autotask** determines whether there is a loss
    - ii. **Autotask** sends separate **Slack Alert** (webhook) if loss exceeds threshold
    - iii. (Could have sent mitigation transaction)



```
// Autotask receives event from sentinel
exports.handler = async function(payload) {
  const provider = new DefenderRelayProvider(payload);
  const evt = payload.request.body;

  // init vault contract
  const block = await provider.getBlock(evt.blockHash)
  const yVault = new ethers.Contract(evt.sentinel.abi, evt.sentinel.address, provider);

  // get balance for this block and previous block
  const currentBlockBalance = await yVault.balance({blockTag: block.number});
  const prevBlockBalance = await yVault.balance({blockTag: block.number-1})

  // send alert if loss exceeds threshold
  const delta = currentBlockBalance.sub(prevBlockBalance);
  const exceedsThreshold = delta.lte(threshold);

  if(exceedsThreshold) {
    // call webhook to slack
    await sendLossAlert(payload, evt, delta);
  }

  // return for autotask logging
  return {currentBlockBalance, prevBlockBalance, delta, exceedsThreshold }
}
```

# **Exercise: Detect a Real Exploit**

Detect the Yarn Exploit

**defender.openzeppelin.com**

**docs.openzeppelin.com**


**forum.openzeppelin.com**



# Thank you!

## Learn more

[openzeppelin.com/defender](https://openzeppelin.com/defender)  
[forum.openzeppelin.com](https://forum.openzeppelin.com)  
[docs.openzeppelin.com](https://docs.openzeppelin.com)



## Contact

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