

# Michele Buccoli

[✉ michele.buccoli@outlook.it](mailto:michele.buccoli@outlook.it) [📍 Milan, Italy](#) [👤 mbuccoli](#) [🔗 michelebuccoli](#)

## Education

---

**Politecnico di Milano**, TLC Engineering

Milan, Italy

- Description 1.
- Description 2.

2013 – 2016

**Politecnico di Milano**, Computer Engineering - Sound and Music

Milan, Italy

2010 – 2013

**Università di Pisa**, Computer Engineering

Pisa, Italy

2007 – 2010

## Experience

---

**BdSound S.r.l.**, Sr Innovation Scientist

Milan, Italy

TBD

2019 – present

7 years

- TB
- D

**Politecnico di Milano**, postdoc researcher

Milan, Italy

- dance.

2016 – 2018

- more dance.

2 years

**ST MicroElectronics**, Intern

Milan, Italy

2013 – 2013

1 year

## Publications

---

### Zur Elektrodynamik bewegter Körper

It concerned an interpretation of the Michelson–Morley experiment and the properties of light and time. Special relativity incorporates the principle that the speed of light is the same for all inertial observers regardless of the state of motion of the source.

Albert Einstein

[en.wikisource.org/wiki/Translation:On\\_the\\_Electrodynamics\\_of\\_Moving\\_Bodies](https://en.wikisource.org/wiki/Translation:On_the_Electrodynamics_of_Moving_Bodies)

### Über einen die Erzeugung und Verwandlung des Lichtes betreffenden heuristischen Gesichtspunkt

In the second paper, he applied the quantum theory to light to explain the photoelectric effect. In particular, he used the idea of light quanta (photons) to explain experimental results, but stressed the importance of the experimental results. The importance of his work on the photoelectric effect earned him the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1921.

Albert Einstein

[de.wikisource.org/wiki/%C3%9Cber\\_einen\\_die\\_Erzeugung\\_und\\_Verwandlung\\_des\\_Lichtes\\_betreffenden\\_heuristischen\\_Gesichtspunkt](https://de.wikisource.org/wiki/%C3%9Cber_einen_die_Erzeugung_und_Verwandlung_des_Lichtes_betreffenden_heuristischen_Gesichtspunkt)

### Die Grundlage der allgemeinen Relativitätstheorie

The publication of the theory of general relativity made him internationally famous. He was professor of physics at the universities of Zurich (1909–1911) and Prague (1911–1912), before he returned to ETH Zurich (1912–1914).

Albert Einstein

[de.wikisource.org/wiki/Die\\_Grundlage\\_der\\_allgemeinen\\_Relativit%C3%A4tstheorie](https://de.wikisource.org/wiki/Die_Grundlage_der_allgemeinen_Relativit%C3%A4tstheorie)

## Skills

---

### Physics

## **Languages**

---

### **Italian**

Native speaker

### **English**

Fluent

## **Interests**

---

### **Physics**

## **Certificates**

---

### **Machine Learning**

Jan 2018

### **Quantum Computing**

Jan 2018

### **Quantum Information**

Jan 2018

## **Projects**

---

### **Quantum Computing**

Jan 2018 – Jan 2018

Quantum computing is the use of quantum-mechanical phenomena such as superposition and entanglement to perform computation. Computers that perform quantum computations are known as quantum computers.

- Quantum Teleportation
- Quantum Cryptography

## **References**

---

**Professor John Doe**

**Professor Jane Smith**