The dangers of using Seasonal Adjustment and other filters in Econometrics

Some economic and environmental examples

44TH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON FORECASTING, DIJON

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 Traditional approach

$$y_t = T_t + C_t + S_t + e_t$$

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 - When using seasonally unadjusted data, how can we decide what is the optimal seasonal adjustment to use?
 - Not theoretical point of view
 - Do we have sensible statistical tools to discriminate among the different available alternatives?
 - Knowing that the *estimated* components are not *observable*, is
 it enough to pay attention to just the component of interest
 and forget about the remaining ones?
 - Is the ideal property of orthogonality among the different component reasonably fulfilled?
 - How potential *outliers* and other variants of *intervention* analysis affect final estimated components?



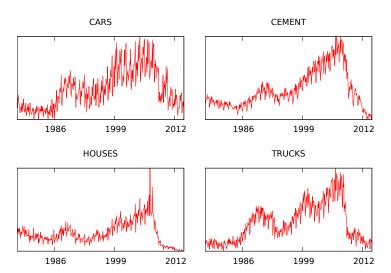
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Four monthly time series pertaining to the Spanish economic CLI used in: http://uam-ucm-economic-indicators.es/

- CAR REGISTRATIONS
- HOUSING STARTS
- CEMENT CONSUMPTION
- TRUCKS

From 1978M01 to 2013M12

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6 Dynamic Harmonic Regression Model

The DHR model consists of several unobserved components plus an irregular stationary zero mean component $e=\{e_t\}_{t\in\mathbb{Z}}$

$$y = \sum_{j=0}^{R} s^j + e. \tag{1}$$

 \bullet DHR components $\ s^j = \{s^j_t\}_{t \in \mathbb{Z}}$ are oscillatory

$$s_t^j = a_t^j \cos(\omega_j t) + b_t^j \sin(\omega_j t), \tag{2}$$

where frequency ω_j is associated to the j-th component.

- Oscillations are modulated by two GRW processes $a^j=\{a^j_t\}_{t\in\mathbb{Z}}$ and $b^j=\{b^j_t\}_{t\in\mathbb{Z}}.$
- $\omega_0 = 0$ corresponds to the trend (or zero frequency term).
- The model is fitted in the frequency domain.

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5 Several signal extraction methodologies

Using several model-based signal extraction methodologies, namely

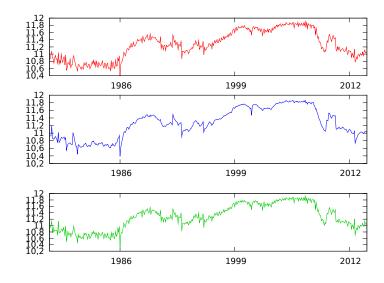
- SEATS-TRAMO
- X-12 ARIMA
- Linear Dynamic Harmonic Regression (Bujosa et al., 2007)

Disclaimer and explanation of the posterior empirical results

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7 Car registrations Seasonal Factors: DHR, ST, X12

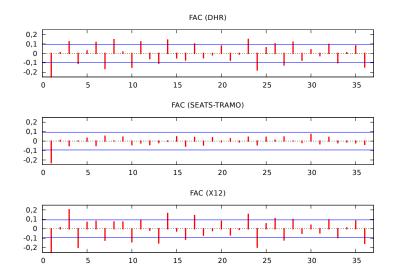


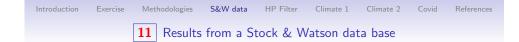




- Outlier detection plus other interventions as easter effects and calendar effects are crucial in the estimation of unobserved components models
- As a matter of fact when you don't use this option in SEATS-TRAMO there is evidence of seasonality in the SA series
- Using outlier detection plus easter and calendar effects produce considerable reduction in the estimated residual variances ranging from 21% to 31%

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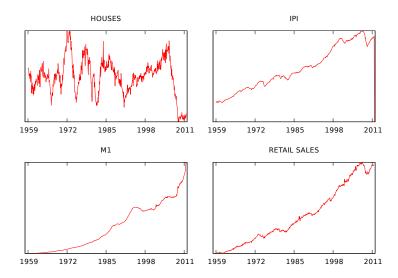
- Housing starts
- IPI

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- Money supply M1
- Retail sales

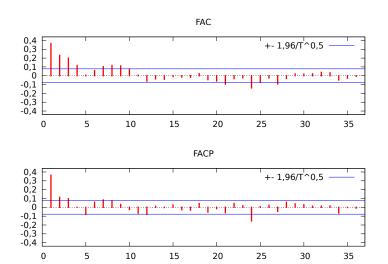
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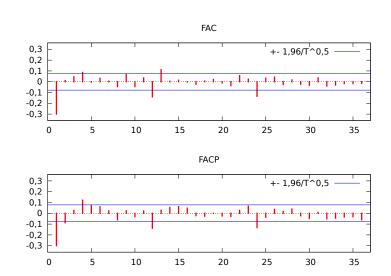
12 Results from a Stock & Watson data base



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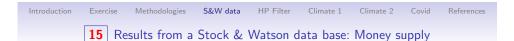


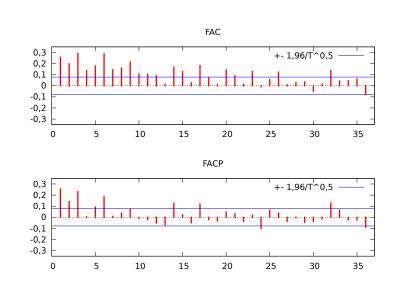




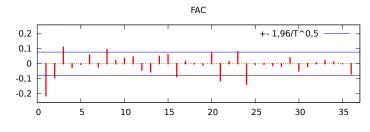
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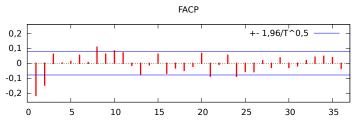
13 Results from a Stock & Watson data base: Housing starts





16 Results from a Stock & Watson data base: Retail sales





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17 Hodrick–Prescott filter

Hodrick and Prescott (1981, 1997); Whittaker (1922)

$$y_t = \tau_t + c_t + \epsilon_t$$

Given a positive λ , there is a trend component τ that solves

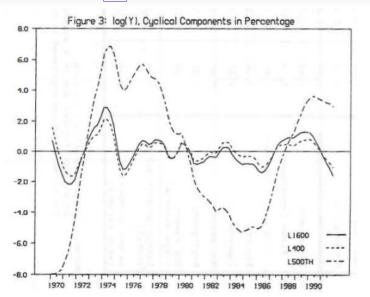
$$\min_{\tau} \left(\sum_{t=1}^{T} (y_t - \tau_t)^2 + \lambda \sum_{t=2}^{T-1} [(\tau_{t+1} - \tau_t) - (\tau_t - \tau_{t-1})]^2 \right)$$

Why
$$\lambda = 1600$$
?

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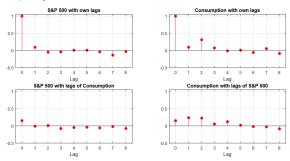
18 Hodrick—Prescott filter



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19 Why You Should Never Use the Hodrick-Prescott Filter (Hamilton, 2018)

Figure 2. Autocorrelations and cross-correlations for first-difference of stock prices and real consumption spending.

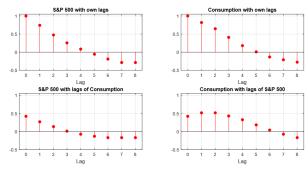


Notes to Figure 2. Upper left: autocorrelations of log growth rate of end-of-quarter value for S&P 500. Upper right: autocorrelations of log growth rate of real consumption spending. Lower panels: cross correlations.

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20 Why You Should Never Use the Hodrick-Prescott Filter (Hamilton, 2018)

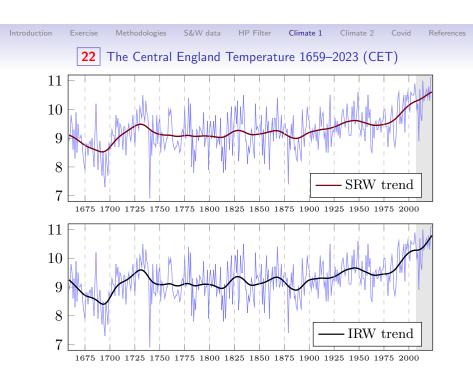
Figure 3. Autocorrelations and cross-correlations for HP cyclical component of stock prices and real consumption spending.



Notes to Figure 3. Upper left: autocorrelations of HP cycle for log of end-of-quarter value for S&P 500. Upper right: autocorrelations of HP cycle for log of real consumption spending. Lower panels: cross correlations.

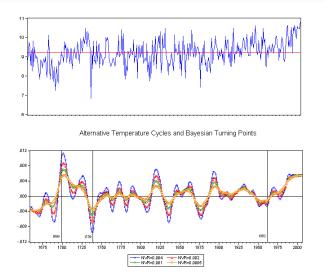
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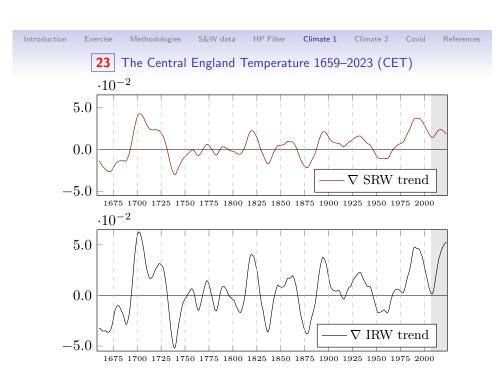


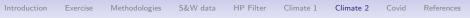
21 The Central England Temperature 1659–2007 (CET)



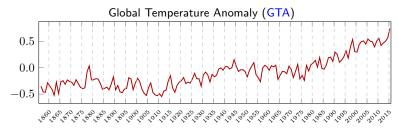
(Moreno et al., 2013; García-Ferrer et al., 2008)

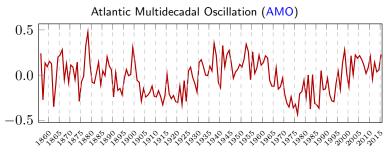
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24 Modelling of Global Climate Change (Young et al., 2021)

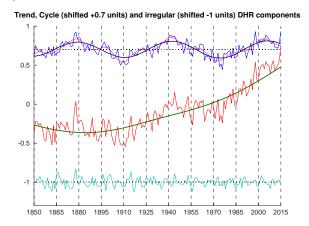




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DHR components for GTA

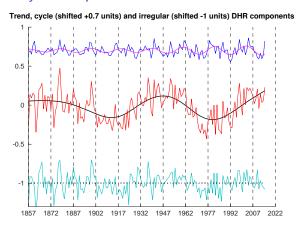


$$GTA = T + S^{63} + S^{21} + \sum$$
 (other harmonics) $+ Irreg$

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Have AMO and GTA a common 63-years cycle?

DHR Trend-cycle component for AMO

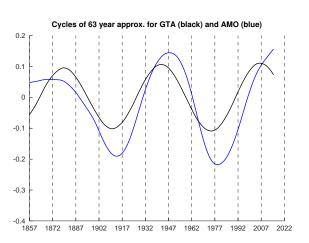


$$AMO = T + S^{21} + \sum$$
 (other harmonics) $+ Irreg$

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27 Have AMO and GTA a common 63-years cycle?

Not clear GTA has a periodic cycle, but not AMO

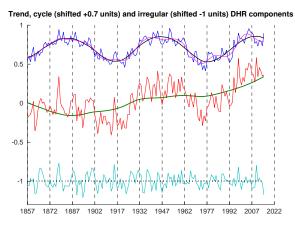


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28 Have original AMO and GTA a common 63-years cycle?

DHR components for "original" AMO data



$$AMO_{\rm with\ trend} = T + S^{63} + S^{21} + \sum ({\rm other\ harmonics}) + Irreg$$

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30 Number of confirmed cases at 3/22/2020

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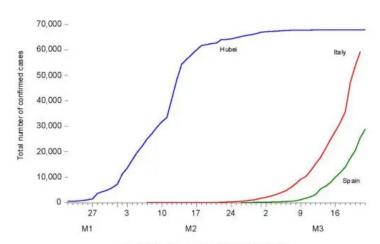


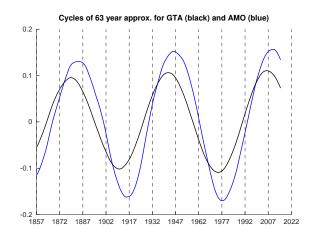
Figure 1: Number of confirmed cases at 3/22/2020

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Have the "original" AMO and GTA a common cycle?

They seem to have a common cycle

(as suggested in Professor Young's article)



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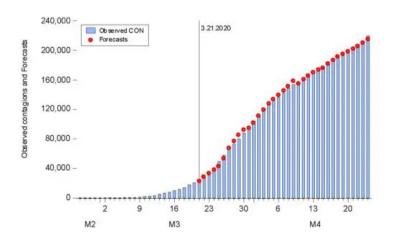


Figure 2: Observed contagions and Forecasts in Spain

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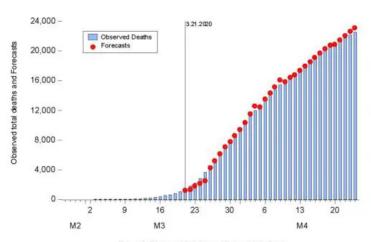


Figure 3: Observed Deaths and Forecasts in Spain

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Coronavirus traiectories

S&W data HP Filter



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