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Inuvik -	N Pa	fictica	I Profile

	Inuvik	Northwest Territories		Inuvik	Northwest Territories
POPULATION			Number of Births		
		·	2002	48	635
Population (2015)			2003	79	701
Total	3,265	44,088	2004	65	698
			2005	67	712
Males	1,601	22,499	2006	63	687
Females	1,664	21,589	2007	68	725
0.4.7	200	2.106	2008	76 75	721
0 - 4 Years 5 - 9 Years	288 320	3,196 3,526	2009 2010	75 73	711 700
10 - 14 Years	198	2,721	2010	71	690
15 - 24 Years	460	6,489	2011	/1	070
25 - 44 Years	975		Teen Births		
45 - 59 Years	663	9,191	2002	6	72
60 Yrs. & Older	361	5,059	2003	13	72
			2004	11	86
Aboriginal	2,247	22,050	2005	3	68
Non-Aboriginal	1,018	22,038	2006	9	73
			2007	6	65
Population Dependency Ratio (2015)			2008	8	56
< 15 Yrs.	0.38		2009	10	61
60 Yrs. & Older	0.17	0.17	2010	8	65
Historical Population			2011	9	56
Historical Population 2004	3,622	43,305	Number of Deaths		
2005	3,654		2002	16	169
2006	3,646		2002	20	202
2007	3,616		2004	19	153
2008	3,601	43,350	2005	17	148
2009	3,632		2006	20	182
2010	3,639	43,278	2007	13	174
2011	3,607	43,501	2008	20	201
2012	3,547	43,648	2009	18	186
2013	3,415	43,884	2010	27	183
2014	3,358		2011	15	186
2015	3,265	44,088	T: D 1 (1)		
A A 10/G (1/04/15)			Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)	4	24
Avg. Annual % Growth (04-15) Total Population	-0.9	0.2	2002 2003	4 2	24 36
< 15 Yrs.	-1.2		2003	2	23
60 Yrs. & Older	5.0		2005	4	21
00 1151 CC 01dC1	2.0	5.1	2006	2	36
			2007	5	32
HEALTH & VITAL STATS			2008	5	29
			2009	3	28
% of Population that Currently Smoke			2010	2	22
2009	43.4	35.2	2011	3	20
			Suicides		
			2002	2	8
			2003	1	10
			2004	-	11
			2005	-	4
			2006	-	5
			2007	3	9
			2008	-	10
			2009	-	7
			2010 2011	1 1	6 6
			2011	1	б

	Inuvik	Northwest Territories		Inuvik	Northwest Territories
HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES			Other Criminal Code		
.,			2005	899	6,492
% of Households with 6 or More People	10.2	12.0	2006	997	5,695
1981	10.3	13.9	2007	887	5,942
1986	9.5	11.5	2008	755	6,377
1991	7.3	9.8	2009	767	5,949
1996	7.6	8.6	2010	1,273	6,895
2001	6.4	7.2	2011	1,181	7,185
2004	6.0	7.0	2012	948	6,943
2006 2009	6.0 4.5	6.2 6.7	2013 2014	800 772	6,162 6,035
2011	4.3	5.6	2014	112	0,033
2014	3.2	6.1	Federal Statutes		
2014	3.2	0.1	2005	50	742
Earnily Structure (2011)			2006	81	534
Family Structure (2011) Total Family Structure	915	10,930	2007	59	665
Husband-Wife	370	5,470	2007	62	815
Common-law	315	3,470	2009	41	832
Lone Parent	235	2,330	2010	59	1,017
% Lone-Parent Families	25.7	2,330	2010	74	949
70 Lone-1 arent Families	23.1	21.5	2012	47	772
Tenure (2014)			2012	51	714
Total	1,279	14,729	2014	52	581
Owned	447	7,574	2014	32	361
Rented	832	7,155	Traffic		
% Owned	35.0	51.4	2005	57	884
70 Owned	33.0	31.4	2006	35	829
% of Households in Core Need			2007	45	813
1996	13.4	19.7	2008	75	1,051
2000	11.0	20.3	2009	52	813
2004	13.1	16.3	2010	58	882
2009	19.5	19.0	2011	49	753
2014	14.1	19.8	2012	65	779
2011	11	17.0	2013	40	557
			2014	27	670
CRIME					
Violent Crimes			Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons) 2005	135.2	85.1
2005	494	3,694	2006	133.2	81.7
2006	485	3,527	2007	132.5	92.8
2007	479	4,025	2008	102.7	88.6
2008	370	3,839	2009	133.3	86.7
2009	484	3,740	2010	125.9	85.9
2010	458	3,717	2011	103.1	85.7
2011	372	3,730	2012	92.9	79.4
2012	331	3,467	2013	74.1	74.4
2013	257	3,263	2014	82.7	69.1
2014	281	3,015		V-1.	*****
			Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)		
Property Crimes			2005	291.7	192.6
2005	1,066	8,357	2006	357.4	192.0
2006	1,303	8,292	2007	333.2	203.0
2007	1,205	8,807	2008	343.5	204.9
2008	1,237	8,881	2009	367.3	200.2
2009	1,334	8,639	2010	440.8	226.8
2010	1,604	9,814	2011	466.9	233.0
2011	1,684	10,134	2012	448.5	238.5
2012	1,598	10,406	2013	323.4	240.8
2013	1,121	10,556	2014	288.0	231.7
2014	978	10,108			

INCOME ASSISTANCE			EDUCATION		
Beneficiaries (monthly average)			% with High School Diploma or More		
2005	152	1,909	1986	58.7	51.6
2006	155	1,912	1989	67.5	59.8
2007	148	2,024	1991	66.4	59.9
2008	141	2,067	1994	70.0	63.2
2009	144	2,402	1996	69.3	63.5
2010	133	2,314	1999	71.9	66.1
2011	140	2,313	2001	70.8	64.8
2012	198	2,240	2004	73.1	67.5
2013	216	2,306	2006	68.8	67.0
2014	231	2,313	2009	68.6	69.3
			2011	68.6	68.9
Cases (monthly average)			2014	67.9	73.6
2005	81	1,051			
2006	85	1,060	Employment Rates (2014)		
2007	82	1,121	Less than High School Diploma	35.1	37.7
2008	83	1,172	High School Diploma or Greater	84.6	76.0
2009	86	1,415	-		
2010	88	1,429			
2011	95	1,468	LABOUR FORCE		
2012	125	1,453			
2013	141	1,489	Participation Rate		
2014	147	1,519	1986	81.4	74.5
		,	1989	81.7	74.9
Payments (\$000)			1991	79.6	78.2
2005	794	8,610	1994	82.4	77.2
2006	858	8,534	1996	76.7	77.2
2007	755	9,783	1999	82.4	78.3
2008	864	12,051	2001	79.5	77.1
2009	885	14,574	2004	80.9	75.6
2010	903	15,118	2006	79.8	76.5
2011	967	15,810	2009	79.1	75.1
2012	1,376	16,023	2011	76.4	75.4
2013	1,573	16,721	2014	75.5	73.4
2014	1,644	17,557	2014	75.5	73.4
2014	1,044	17,557	Unemployment Rate		
			1986	8.0	11.2
TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2008)			1989	5.7	13.2
TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2000)			1991	10.5	11.3
Hunted & Fished (%)	44.9	44.7	1991	16.4	14.8
Trapped (%)	7.0	6.1	1996	11.0	11.7
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	24.6	23.3	1990	9.8	13.7
Households Consuming Country					
- ·	22.5	26.3	2001 2004	6.4 7.5	9.5
Food (Half or More) (%)					10.4
			2006	11.2	10.4
A DODICINAL LANGUA CEC			2009	10.1	10.3
ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES			2011 2014	13.6 9.0	11.4 10.6
% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language				<i>7.0</i>	10.0
1984	35.2	59.1			
1989	26.5	55.6			
1994	25.3	50.1			
1999	24.8	45.1			
2004	17.6	44.0			
2009	16.2	38.0			
2014	20.6	38.5			
2011	20.0	30.3			

	Inuvik	Northwest Territories		Inuvik	Northwest Territories
F 1			DEDCONAL INCOME		
Employment Rate	74.0	66.2	PERSONAL INCOME		
1986	74.9	66.2	T (11 (\$000)		
1989	77.1	65.0	Total Income (\$000)	105 522	1 246 596
1991	71.0	69.3	2004	105,532	1,246,589
1994	68.9	65.7	2005	105,147	1,297,842
1996	68.5	68.2	2006	110,582	1,384,602
1999	74.4	67.5	2007	115,060	1,469,86
2001	74.4	69.8	2008	122,315	1,542,75
2004	74.9	67.8	2009	124,480	1,557,610
2006	71.0	68.6	2010	128,425	1,599,920
2009	71.2	67.3	2011	123,530	1,672,485
2011	66.2	66.8	2012	123,190	1,692,76
2014	68.7	65.6	2013	130,340	1,754,545
Selected Employment Rates (2014)			% Change in Total Inc. (2004-2013)	23.5	40.7
Males	74.9	66.9			
Females	62.8	64.2	Average Personal Income (\$)		
			2004	44,907	44,080
Aboriginal	59.8	52.0	2005	45,916	46,170
Non-Aboriginal	85.5	78.8	2006	47,665	48,39
			2007	49,810	51,072
15-24	36.6	38.9	2008	52,271	52,943
25-34	77.9	71.8	2009	51,867	52,998
35-44	83.9	80.1	2010	52,205	53,97
15-54	83.7	83.8	2011	52,566	56,030
55-64	89.0	73.2	2012	54,031	56,86
55 & Over	26.2	25.3	2013	55,229	58,329
Labour Force Activity (2014)			Employment Income (\$000)		
Population 15 & Over	2,588	34,087	2004	93,880	1,101,853
Employed	1,779	22,353	2005	93,365	1,145,168
Available Labour Supply	334	5,219	2006	97,057	1,208,376
Not in the Labour Force	475	6,515	2007	102,065	1,294,015
vot in the Eurour Force	175	0,515	2008	107,895	1,356,780
Potential Available Labour Supply (2014)			2009	107,855	1,356,890
Available Labour Supply	334	5,219	2010	112,685	1,388,490
% Do Rotational	56.9	64.8	2010	107,275	1,433,035
% Do Rotational % Male	36.9 45.1	58.1	2011		
				105,485	1,455,120
% Aboriginal % Less than High School Diploma	84.8 59.8	77.8 49.4	2013	112,215	1,513,240
Employment Buofile (2014)			% Change in Emp. Inc. (2004-2013)	19.5	37.3
Employment Profile (2014) Court Health Social Sory Educ	47.0	16.2	Avarage Employment Income (\$)		
6 Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	47.9	46.2	Average Employment Income (\$)	44.705	42.00
6 Goods Producing	15.4	15.3	2004	44,705	43,969
6 Other Industries	30.7	32.9	2005	45,544	45,843
			2006	47,345	47,850
Annual Work Pattern (2014)		_	2007	49,788	50,62
6 Worked	78.1	79.0	2008	52,123	52,650
Worked More than 26 weeks	77.0	75.1	2009	53,131	52,98
			2010	52,169	53,630
			2011	54,179	55,673
			2012	54,940	56,930
			2013	57,253	58,744

	Inuvik	Northwest Territories		Inuvik	Northwest Territories
D			D		
Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000	26.4	27.2	Percent Families More than \$75,000	50.0	50.7
2004	26.4	27.3	2004	50.0	52.7
2005	24.0	26.0	2005	52.1	55.3
2006	24.1	24.9	2006	54.3	57.1
2007	23.4 23.9	23.3	2007	52.7	59.5
2008 2009	25.4	23.7 23.9	2008 2009	55.4 55.9	60.8
2010	24.4	23.3	2009		60.7
2010	24.4	23.3	2010	56.8 54.9	61.9 62.5
2012	25.4	23.1	2012	56.2	63.1
2012	25.4	22.3	2012	58.2	63.3
2010	20.0	22.0	2010	56.2	00.0
Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000	27.0	26.5	PRICES		
2004 2005	37.0 38.4	36.5	FRICES		
2006	40.1	38.3 39.9	2013 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	147.5	
2007	42.0	42.7	2013 Living Cost Diff. (Edili = 100)	147.5	
2007	43.2	43.7	2012 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	149.0	
2009	42.9	43.6	2012 Food File fildex (TR = 100)	149.0	
2010	41.9	44.2			
2011	41.7	44.9	ENVIRONMENT		
2012	42.1	45.6	ENVIRONMENT		
2012	43.6	46.1	Average Temperature (°C)		
2013	43.0	40.1	January 2009	-4.1	
			January 2010	-30.3	
FAMILY INCOME			January 2011	-23.8	
			January 2012	-26.4	
Average Family Income			January 2013	-20.7	
2004	87,750	91,362	,		
2005	89,233	96,171	July 2009	11.1	
2006	95,392	101,622	July 2010	10.9	
2007	98,005	107,252	July 2011	18.8	
2008	102,141	111,796	July 2012	20.3	
2009	103,898	112,119	July 2013		
2010	104,532	113,934			
2011	105,527	119,089			
2012	107,191	120,898	COMMUNITY LIVING		
2013	112,044	124,103			
			% Who Volunteered in 2013	51.1	47.5
Percent Families Less than \$30,000			% of Homes with Internet	83.6	79.1
2004	21.3	20.2	Access in 2013		
2005	19.1	19.0			
2006	17.4	18.0			
2007	20.9	16.6	SYMBOLS		
2008	19.6	17.0			
2009	20.4	16.7	- zero or too small to be expressed		
2010	20.0	16.4	not available		
2011	19.8	16.0	x data suppressed		
2012	21.3	15.7			
2013	20.9	15.2			

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[11]{\frac{Pop_{2015}}{Pop_{2004}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 200, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004, 2009 & 2014). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%)s: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2014 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 & 2011); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2009 & 2014).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2013 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2013, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income (\$000): Refers to total money income received from all sources

Average Personal Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income (\$000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income (\$): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than \$15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than \$15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than \$50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than \$50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than \$30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than \$30,000.

Percent Families More Than \$75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than \$75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2013: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.