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Candidate signature	Solutions
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# GCSE COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 2 Computing concepts

Tuesday 21 May 2024

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

#### **Materials**

- There are no additional materials required for this paper.
- You must **not** use a calculator.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Use pencil only for drawing.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

The total number of marks available for this paper is 90.

#### Advice



For Examiner's Use			
Question	Mark		
1–4			
5–6			
7–8			
9			
10–12			
13			
14–17			
18			
19			
TOTAL			

For the multiple-choice questions, completely fill in the lozenge alongside the appropriate answer.

If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.

If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



	Answer all questions.	
0 1	Which statement best describes what computers represent using binary?  Shade <b>one</b> lozenge.	[1 mark]
X	A All data are represented using binary.  B All data and instructions are represented using binary.  C Some data and instructions are represented using binary.  D Some instructions are represented using binary.	
0 2.1	Convert the binary number 10110111 into decimal.	[1 mark]
0 2 . 2	Convert the decimal number 112 into hexadecimal.  You should show your working.  112 DIV 16 (how many 16s go into 112) = 7  112 MOD 16 (remainder after 112/16) = 0	[2 marks]
	So hex number is 70  Answer	



Do not write outside the

0 3

Add together the following three binary numbers and give your answer in binary.

[2 marks]

If two 1's then put 0 and carry

If three 1's then put 1 and carry

0 4. 1 Figure 1 shows a bit pattern.

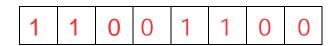
If LEFT SHIFT: delete bits from left hand side, and add 0's to the right

If RIGHT SHIFT: delete bits from right

00110011 and add 0's to the left

State the result of applying a left binary shift of **two** to the bit pattern shown in **Figure 1**.

[1 mark]



**0 4** . **2** The decimal equivalent of the bit pattern shown in **Figure 1** is 51

State the result of applying a <u>left binary shift of **one**</u> to the bit pattern shown in **Figure 1**.

Give your answer in decimal.

left shift by 
$$1 = x^2$$

[1 mark]

$$51 \times 2 = 102$$

Question 4 continues on the next page



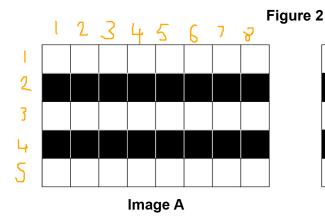
0 4.3 Which statement best describes where a single binary shift can be used?		Do not write outside the box
Shade <b>one</b> lozenge.	[1 mark]	
A Multiply or divide numbers by any even number.		
X B Multiply or divide numbers by any number.		
C Multiply or divide numbers by any odd number.		
<b>D</b> Multiply or divide numbers by powers of two.		9
eg left shift by 1bit = x2left shift by 2 bits = x2^2 = x4		

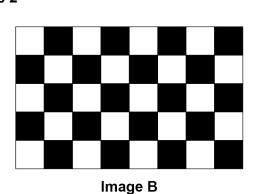


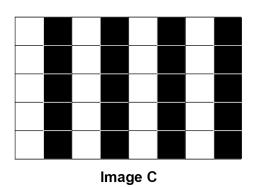
Do not write outside the box Turn over for the next question DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED

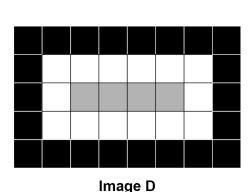


0 5 Figure 2 shows four bitmap images.









0 5. 1 State the number of pixels in Image A in Figure 2.

[1 mark]

8 wide x 5 tall = 40 pixels

0 5. 2 State the minimum colour depth required to represent Image B in Figure 2.

[1 mark]

There are two colours (black and white)

We can represent this as black = 0, white = 1

Therefore each is represented by 1 bit, so minimum colour depth is 1 BIT

Do not write outside the box

0 5.3	Calculate the minimum amount of storage required to store Image D from Figure	2.
	Give your answer in <b>bytes</b> .	
	Show your working. [2 ma	arkel
	8 wide x 5 tall = 40 bits	ai Nəj
	3 colours can't be represented with 1 bit, so min colour depth is 2	
	40 bits x 2 colour depth = 80 bits	
	80 bits / 8 = 10 bytes	
	Answer to the state of the stat	oytes

Question 5 continues on the next page



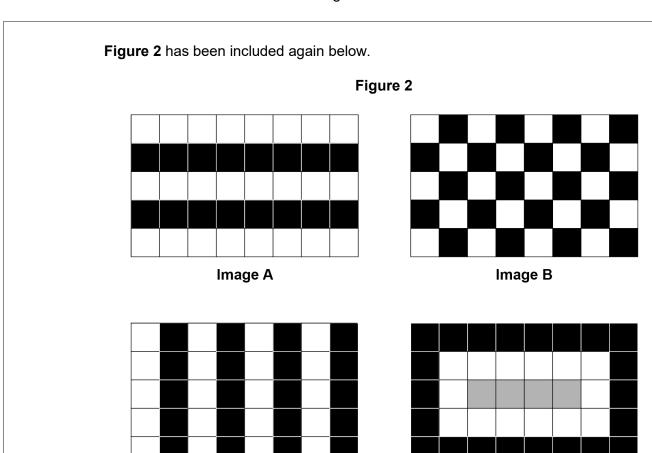


Image C

Image D

0 5.4 Figure 3 shows how Image D can be represented as binary data.

Figure 3

01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
01	00	00	00	00	00	00	01
01	00	10	10	10	10	00	01
01	00	00	00	00	00	00	01
01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01

Complete the table to show the binary representation of each colour in **Image D**. **[1 mark]** 

Colour	Binary representation
White	00
Black	<u></u>
Grey	10

0 5. The number of colours used in **Image C** and **Image D** in **Figure 2** are both increased by one.

State the impact of this increase on the minimum file sizes of both **Image C** and **Image D**.

[2 marks]

Image C We can't represent 3 colours with 1 bit, so min colour depth increases from 1 to 2, so min file sizes DOUBLES

Image D 4 colours can still be represented with 2 bits (2^2), so min colour depth stays the same, so min file size remains the same

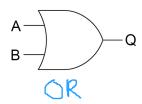


0 6	Calculate the number of <b>bits</b> in 7 MB.			Do not o outside box
	Show your working.		[2 marks]	
	7 MB = 7000 KB = 7,000,000 Bytes		<u>[</u> ]	
	7,000,000 Bytes x 8 = 56,000,000 bits			
	Answer	56,000,000	bits	9



**0 7 Figure 4** shows a logic gate.

Figure 4



**0 7 . 1** Which truth table matches the logic gate in **Figure 4**? Shade **one** lozenge.

[1 mark]

Α

Α	В	
0	1	X
1	0	' '

0

В

Α	В	Q	
0	0	0	V
0	1	0	×
1	0	0	X
1	1	1	<b>~</b>

0

С

Α	В	Q	
0	0	0 -	$\sqrt{}$
0	1	1	
1	0	1	<b>/</b>
1	1	1	<b>/</b>



D

Α	В	Q	
0	0	0	
0	1	1	<b>ノ</b>
1	0	1	$\checkmark$
1	1	0	X



Question 7 continues on the next page



0 7.2 Figure 5 shows a truth table.

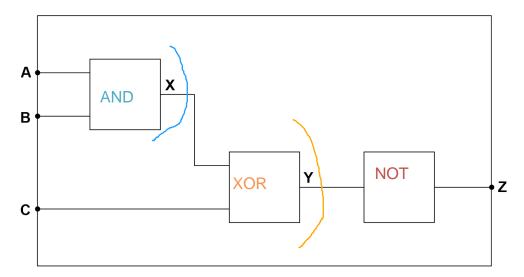
	Figure 5						
Α	В	С	x	Υ	Z		
0	0	0	0	0	1		
0	0	1	0	1	0		
0	1	0	0	0	1		
0	1	1	0	1	0		
1	0	0	0	0	1		
1	0	1	0	1	0		
1	1	0	1	1	0		
1	1	1	1	0	1		

Complete the logic circuit by writing the **name** of a logic gate in each empty box.

The completed logic circuit should have the same functionality as the circuit represented by the truth table in  ${f Figure~5}$ .

You should write the **name** of **one** logic gate only in each box.

[3 marks]

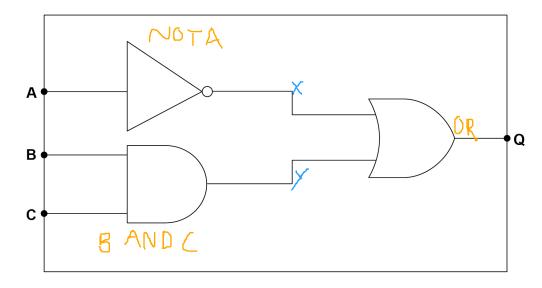




Do not write outside the box

0 7.3 Figure 6 shows a different logic circuit.

# Figure 6



Write a Boolean expression that represents the logic circuit shown in **Figure 6**.

You **must** use the correct symbols for the Boolean operators in your expression.

[3 marks]

$$Q = A + BL$$
(NOT A) OR (B AND C)

Turn over for the next question



14 0 8 . 1 Three major components of a Central Processing Unit (CPU) are: control unit clock cache. Describe the function of **each** of the three components. [6 marks] Control unit Controls signals to other components in the CPU Coordinates execution of instructions Clock Outputs a regular electrical pulse Which synchronises components Stores frequently used instruction/data for very fast access Makes data retrieval more efficient



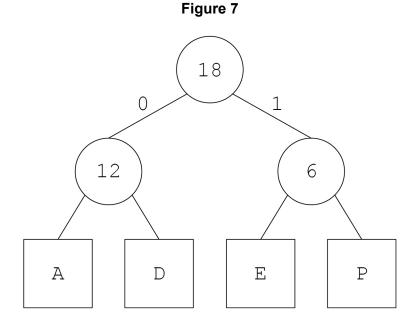
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0 8.2	Explain <b>three</b> ways to improve the performance of a CPU.	Do not write outside the box
	[3 marks]	
	1 Increase number of processor cores for more multitasking	
	2 Increase cache size to store more frequently used data/instructions	
	3 Increase clock speed	
		16

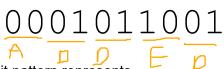
Turn over for the next question



0 9.1 Figure 7 contains a Huffman tree.



The Huffman tree in **Figure 7** was used to encode a string, which resulted in the following bit pattern:



State the string that this bit pattern represents.

[2 marks]

**ADDED** 



0 9 . 2

**Table 1** shows the Huffman codes for the characters used in the string HESELLSSEASHELLASHES

Table 1

Character	Character frequency	Huffman code
S	6	11
E	5	10
L	4	00
Н	3	011
А	2	010
	20	

Calculate how many bits would be saved if the string HESELLSSEASHELLASHES was encoded using the Huffman codes shown in **Table 1**, rather than using ASCII.

You should show your working.

frequency x colour depth

[3 marks]

41	П	F	F	<b>N</b> /	IΑ	N	
ш				w	-		

Q.	<b>~</b>	$\mathbf{v}$ 2	1	ワ
<b>O</b> .	U,	<u> </u>	. — 1	

E: 
$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

L: 
$$4 \times 2 = 8$$

H: 
$$3 \times 3 = 9$$

Number of bits saved

95 bits

5



1 0	Wł	nich <b>two</b> statements are true about machine code?	Do not write outside the box
	Sh	ade <b>two</b> lozenges. [2 marks]	
$\checkmark$	A	Machine code is directly executed by the processor.	
X	В	Machine code is easily understood by humans.	
X	С	Machine code is shorter than high-level code.	
X	D	Machine code is similar to English.	
$\checkmark$	Ε	Machine code is specific to a family of processors.	
×	F	Machine code is translated using a compiler.	
1 1		escribe three differences between high-level programming languages and low-level ogramming languages.  [3 marks]  Low level is usually more efficient	
	2_	High level may require an interpreter and/or compiler to create an executable program	
	3_	High level language is easier to learn, understand, read	



1 2	Describe how compilers and interpreters operate.	outside to
	COMPILER: [6 marks	P.J
	Translates entire program in one go	_
	Creates an executable file at the end which	_
	can be re-run	_
	Produces list of errors following translation	_
	INTERPRETER:	_
	Translates program one line at a time, stops execution once an error is encountered	_
	Executes programming code as it is being translated	_
	Requires source code to be translated each time program runs (as produce executable file)	d <mark>oesn't</mark>
		_
		_
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1 3 . 1	Define the term <b>computer network</b> .	Do not write outside the box
	[2 marks]	
	Group of computers that are linked together	
1 3.2	A school has purchased new computers for students and staff to use.	
	The school is considering installing the computers in a <b>network</b> .	
	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages to the school, staff and students of	
	having the computers installed in a network.  [6 marks]	
	PROS:	
	We can store files centrally, so they can be accessed by any personauthorised	n who is
	Allows better monitoring of computers of students	
	Central backup of files	
	New devices i.e. students devices from home can be connected to the network	
	Cheaper to license resources when centrally stored	
	rather than individually license for every student	
	CONS:	
	Expensive / difficult to maintain a large network	
	If malware (virus) infiltrates the server, it can spread easily	
	Speed of access of files deteriorates as size of	
	— network is large	
	Breakdown of network restricts access to all resources	



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<del></del>	
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	$-\left \left \frac{}{8}\right \right $
	_
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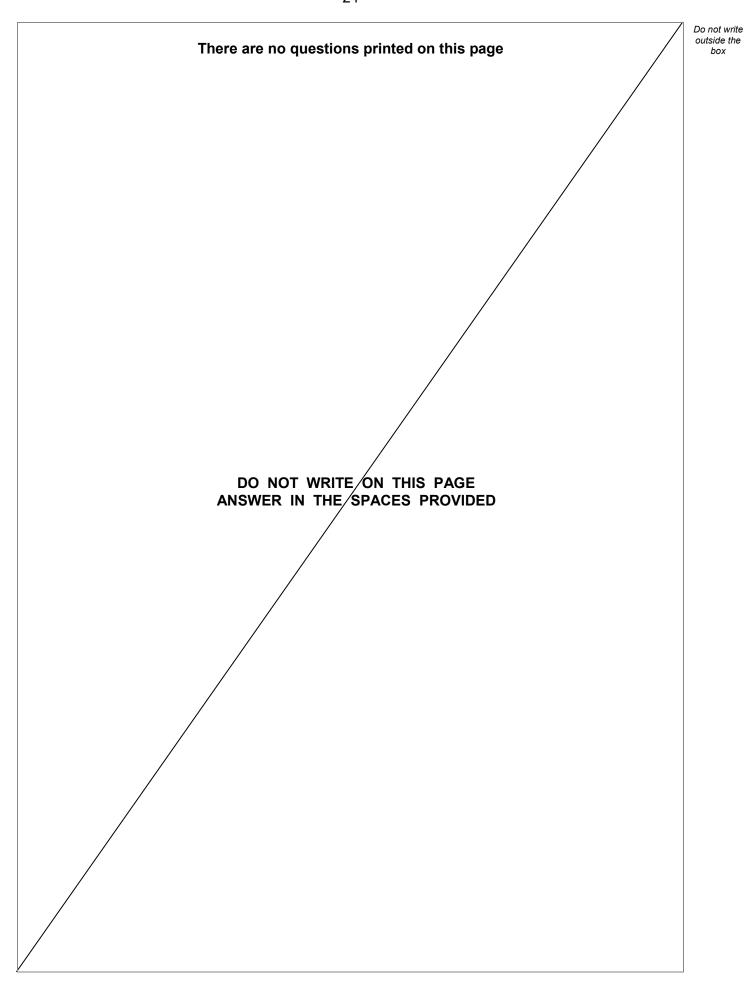
1 4	SMTP and IMAP are email protocols.	
	Describe how SMTP and IMAP are used.	[2 marks]
	SMTP Simple Mail Transfer Protocl	[2 marks]
	Sends	
	emails	
	IMAP Internet Message Access Protocol	
	Retrieves	
	emails 	
1 5	Describe how encryption can make the transmission of data more secure.	
		[2 marks]
	Encryption changes <u>plaintext</u> into ciphertext, so the text can not be read by anyone unauthorised	
1 6	Blagging and phishing are social engineering techniques.	
	Describe blagging and phishing.	
	Blagging and phishing both try to get sensitive	[4 marks]
	information from a person by impersonating	
	someone or an organisation	
	Phishing is commonly done through email to text,	
	targeting a large group of people	
	Blagging is similar but usually targets on e individua	l person



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Viruses, trojans and spyware are forms of malware.	
Describe how two of these forms of malware work.	[4 marks]
Name of malware 1_Virus	
Description	
An executable which attaches onto another piece of software, spreading to the computer when executed	
Name of malware 2 Trojan	
Description	_
Software that pretends to be legitimate	
Tricks user to execute the file	

Turn over for the next question





Do not write outside the | 1 | 8 |. | 1 | Define the term database. [1 mark] A structured collection of data 1 8.2 Explain what is meant by data inconsistency within a database. [2 marks] Where two instances of the same data exists within a database, but they contradict themselves (they are not the same) 1 8 . Define the term foreign key. [2 marks] A field in a table which is also a primary key in another table Question 18 continues on the next page

Turn over ▶

hox



A relational database is being developed to store information about actors and the films they have performed in.

The database contains three tables: Film, Performance and Actor.

Some of the contents of the tables are shown in Figure 8.

# Figure 8

#### Film

FilmID	Title	Year
100	Forrest Gump	1994
101	Toy Story 3	2019
102	Back to the Future	1985

#### **Performance**

PerformanceID	FilmID	ActorID
52	100	8
53	101	8
54	102	9

#### **Actor**

ActorID	Firstname	Lastname
8	Tom	Hanks
9	Lea	Thompson



1 8.4	State the identifier of a field from the Actor table in Figure 8.	rk1
	[1 ma	IINJ
	ActorID	
1 8 . 5	A list of all the films from the year 2019 in the database is needed.	
1 0 . 0		
	The following SQL is run to produce the list:  always in	
	A FilmID, Title, Year form	
	FROM Film SELECT FROM	
	WHERE B FROM WHERE	
	Some parts of the SQL have been replaced by labels.	
	State the SQL that should have been written in place of the labels <b>A</b> and <b>B</b> .	
	SELECT [2 mar	ks]
	B Year = 2019	
1 8.6	The film with the title <b>Toy Story 3</b> has been entered incorrectly into the database are	nd
	should have the title <b>Toy Story 4</b> . always in form UPDATE	
	Write the SQL to make this change!  SET  [3 mar]	ke1
	WHERE	vəl
	UPDATE Film	
	SET Title = "Toy Story 4"	
	WHERE Title = "Toy Story 3"	
	Question 18 continues on the next page	
	Question to continues on the next page	



Figure 8 has been included again below.

# Figure 8

### Film

FilmID	Title	Year
100	Forrest Gump	1994
101	Toy Story 3	2019
102	Back to the Future	1985

## **Performance**

PerformanceID	FilmID	ActorID
52	100	8
53	101	8
54	102	9

## Actor

ActorID	Firstname	Lastname
8	Tom	Hanks
9	Lea	Thompson



Turn over for the next question

Turn over ▶

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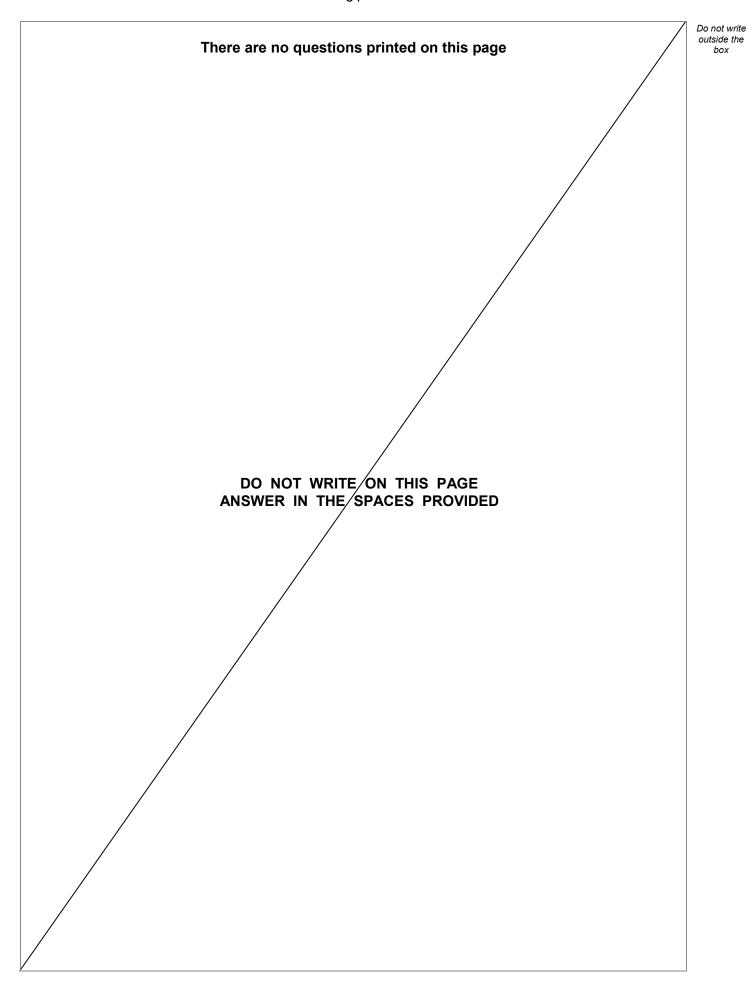
box

14

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1 9 . 1	Define the term <b>cyber security</b> .
	[2 marks]
	The process of protecting networks/computers from
	unauthorised access and attack
1 9 . 2	A website wants to improve its other accurity procedures
1 9 . 2	A website wants to improve its cyber security procedures.
	Explain how <b>CAPTCHA</b> and <b>email confirmations</b> could improve the security of the website.
	[4 marks]
	CAPTCHA CAPTCHA prevents bots from accessing a website by
	running a Turing test to ensure user is human
	Email confirmations
	Prevents unauthorised users as they need to prove who they are via confirmation of email
	who they are via committation of email
	Prevents a high volume of accounts to be created
	- protects database from bloating
	END OF QUESTIONS







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Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.



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