

Thursday 25 May 2023 – Afternoon GCSE (9–1) Computer Science

J277/02 Computational thinking, algorithms and programming

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Do not use: • a calculator								
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Please write clea	arly in bla	ack ink.	Do no	ot writ	te in the barcodes.			
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INSTRUCTIONS

Last name

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- · Answer all the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **80**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has **20** pages.

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start your answer.



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SECTION A

1 (a) The table contains four statements about programming languages.

> Tick (✓) **one** box in each row to identify whether each statement describes a low-level programming language or a high-level programming language.

Statement	Low-level	High-level
The same language can be used on computers that use different hardware		
It allows the user to directly manipulate memory		
It allows the user to write English-like words		
It always needs to be translated into object code or machine code		

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(b) The variables num1 and num2 store integers.

Write pseudocode to add the integers stored in num1 and num2. Store the result in a variable with the identifier total [1]

(c) Three incomplete pseudocode algorithms are given with a description of the purpose of each algorithm.

Write the missing arithmetic operator for each algorithm.

(i) Outputting 12 to the power of 2.

```
print(12 .....2)
                                                               [1]
```

(ii) Working out if a number is odd or even.

```
number = 53
if number \dots 2 == 0 then
   print("Even number")
else
   print("Odd number")
endif
```

[1]

(iii) Finding the difference between two measurements.

```
measurement1 = 300
measurement2 = 100
difference = measurement1 ...... measurement2 [1]
```

(d) Read the following pseudocode algorithm:

```
01 start = 3
02 do
03 print(start)
04 start = start - 1
05 until start == -1
06 print("Finished")
```

Complete the following trace table for the given algorithm.

Line number	start	Output

[3]

[4]

		4
2	This	s pseudocode algorithm totals all the numbers in the 0-indexed array scores
	01	total = 0
	02	for scoreCount = 1 to scores.length - 1
	03	<pre>scores[scoreCount] = total + total</pre>
	04	next scoreCount
	05	print(total)
	The	function length returns the number of elements in the array.
	The	algorithm contains several errors.
	Two	types of errors in a program are syntax and logic errors.
	(a)	State what is meant by a syntax error and a logic error.
		Syntax error
		Logic error
		[2]
	(b)	Identify two logic errors in the pseudocode algorithm.
	()	Write the refined line to correct each error.
		Error 1 line number
		Error 1 line number
		Corrected line
		Error 2 line number
		Corrected line

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3 An insertion sort is one type of sorting algorithm.

A student has written a pseudocode algorithm to perform an insertion sort on a 1D array names.

```
names = ["Kareem", "Sarah", "Zac", "Sundip", "Anika"]
for count = 1 to names.length - 1
  pos = count
  while (pos > 0 and names[pos] < names[pos - 1])
    temp = names[pos]
    names[pos] = names[pos - 1]
    names[pos - 1] = temp
    pos = pos - 1
  endwhile</pre>
```

nex	t count
(a)	Describe the purpose of the variable temp in the insertion sort pseudocode algorithm.
	[2]
(b)	An insertion sort contains a nested loop; a loop within a loop. In this pseudocode algorithm the outer loop is a count-controlled loop and the inner loop is a condition-controlled loop.
	Explain why the inner loop needs to be a condition-controlled loop.
	[2]



(c) A bubble sort is another type of sorting algorithm.

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(i)	Describe one difference between an insertion sort and a bubble sort.
	[2]
(ii)	Describe two similarities between an insertion sort and a bubble sort.
	1
	2
	[01



4 A garden floodlight system uses inputs from sensors and switches to decide whether it should be turned on.

The table shows the inputs into the system and the meaning of each input value:

Letter	Input device	Input of 1	Input of 0
А	Motion sensor	Motion is detected	Motion is not detected
В	Light sensor	Light levels indicate it is daytime	Light levels indicate it is nighttime
С	Light switch	The switch is turned on	The switch is turned off

The floodlight (Q) is designed to be on (Q = 1) when the switch is turned on and the motion sensor detects motion at nighttime.

(a) Draw a logic diagram for the floodlight.



[3]

(b) Identify the logic gates for truth table 1 and truth table 2.

Truth table 1:

Α	В	Output
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

Logic gate 1:

Truth table 2:

Α	В	Output
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

Logic gate 2:

[2]

- 5 Charlie is developing an adding game. The rules of the game are:
 - the player is asked 3 addition questions
 - each question asks the player to add together two random whole numbers between 1 and 10 inclusive
 - if the player gets the correct answer, 1 is added to their score
 - at the end of the game their score is displayed.

				2]
		Test type	Description	
	(ii)	Complete the table by nar Charlie's program before r	ning and describing one type of test that should be used on releasing it.	
				2]
	(i)	Explain why programs sho	ould be tested before use.	
(a)	Cha	arlie has been told that the o	game will need to be tested before giving it to the players.	
	0.1	The error or are goine aren ee		

(iii) Complete the table by identifying **and** describing **two** features of an IDE that can be used when testing a program.

Feature	Description

[4]



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D)	validating inputs can reduce errors when a program is being run.
	Identify two methods of validation and explain how they can be used on this game.
	Validation method 1
	Use
	Validation method 2
	Use
	[6]



MyCSTutor

- **(c)** Write an algorithm to play this game. The rules are repeated from the start of the question here:
 - the player is asked 3 addition questions
 - each question asks the player to add together two random whole numbers between 1 and 10 inclusive
 - if the player gets the correct answer, 1 is added to their score
 at the end of the game their score is displayed.

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SECTION B

We advise you to spend at least 40 minutes on this section.

Some questions require you to respond using either the OCR Exam Reference Language or a high-level programming language you have studied. These are clearly shown.

6 OCR Security Services is a company that installs intruder alarm systems in commercial buildings.

The systems use a computer that is connected to the door sensors and window sensors.

The following data is stored in the system:

Data stored	Variable identifier	Example data
The user's name	UserName	Admin123
A telephone number to call when the alarm is activated	EmergencyPhoneNumber	+449999999999
Whether a door sensor is activated	DoorSensorActive	True
Whether a window sensor is activated	WindowSensorActive	True
A timer that counts, to the nearest second, how long a door sensor has been activated	DoorActiveTime	100
A timer that counts, to the nearest second, how long a window sensor has been activated	WindowActiveTime	100
Whether the system is armed	SystemArmed	True
Whether the system is in test mode	TestModeActive	True



(a) Below is a table showing some variables within the program.

Tick (\checkmark) one box in each row to identify the most appropriate data type for each variable.

Variable	Boolean	Char	String	Integer	Real
UserName					
EmergencyPhoneNumber					
DoorSensorActive					
DoorActiveTime					

[4]

- **(b)** The alarm has an algorithm that decides whether to sound the alarm by checking the data that is stored in the following three variables.
 - SystemArmed
 - DoorSensorActive
 - WindowSensorActive

The alarm will only sound when the alarm has been activated **and** one or both of the door and window sensors are activated. When the system needs to sound the alarm it calls the pre-written procedure SoundAlarm()

Write a program that checks the data in the variables and calls SoundAlarm() when appropriate.

•	OCR Exam Reference Language, or A high-level programming language that you have studied.	
		•••
	[4	41
		TI



(c) The alarm system can also have motion sensors. Each type of sensor has a code. The code for each sensor is given in the table:

Code	Sensor
MS	Motion sensor
DS	Door sensor
WS	Window sensor

A program is written to reset the sensors. The program:

- · asks the user to enter the code for the sensor they want to reset
- calls the prewritten function CheckSensorCode () to check whether the code entered is a valid code
- the sensor number is read as input if the code is valid and the function ResetSensor() is called for the sensor

01	<pre>sensorType = input("Enter code of the type of sensor to reset")</pre>
02	<pre>if(CheckSensorCode(sensorType)) then</pre>
03	<pre>sensorNumber = input("Please input the number of the sensor</pre>
04	sensorID = sensorType + sensorNumber
05	ResetSensor(sensorID)
06	endif
(i)	Give the line number where there is concatenation.
	[1]
(ii)	Give the identifier of a variable used in the program.
	[1]
(iii)	Identify the data type of the data returned by the function CheckSensorCode()
	[1]
iv)	Give the line number that contains a function call.
,	[1]
(v)	Identify two programming constructs that have been used in the program.
	1
	2
	[2]



(d) The alarm system has a log that stores a record each time a sensor is triggered. This is called an event. The record format is given in the table:

Fieldname	Description
Date	The date the event happened
SensorID	The sensor that was activated
SensorType	The type of sensor that was activated – Door, Motion or Window
Length	The number of seconds the sensor was triggered (to the nearest second)

The log is stored in a database table called <code>events</code>. The current contents of <code>events</code> is shown:

Date	SensorID	SensorType	Length
05/02/2023	WS2	Window	38
05/02/2023	MS1	Motion	2
06/02/2023	DS3	Door	1
06/02/2023	MS2	Motion	3
06/02/2023	MS1	Motion	2
07/02/2023	WS1	Window	24
07/02/2023	DS1	Door	1

[31	Write an SQL statement to display the sensor IDs of the door sensors that have been triggered for more than 20 seconds.
[31	
[31	
[31	
[31	
[31	
[31	
[31	
[31	
[31]	
[31	
	[3]



(e) A program written in a high-level language is used to access the data from the database. This program has a procedure, <code>SaveLogs()</code>, that stores the data to an external text file.

The procedure SaveLogs():

- takes the string of data to be stored to the text file as a parameter
- takes the filename of the text file as a parameter
- stores the string of data to the text file.

Write the procedure SaveLogs ()

nust use either :
nust use either

 OCR Exam Reference Language, or A high-level programming language that you have studied. 				

.....[6]



(f) OCR Security Services need to identify the total number of seconds the sensors have been activated on a specific date.

The data from the database table events is imported into the program written in a high-level programming language.

The program stores the data in a two-dimensional (2D) string array with the identifier arrayEvents

The data to be stored is shown in the table.

Date	SensorID	SensorType	Length
05/02/2023	WS2	Window	38
05/02/2023	MS1	Motion	2
06/02/2023	DS3	Door	1
06/02/2023	MS2	Motion	3
06/02/2023	MS1	Motion	2
07/02/2023	WS1	Window	24
07/02/2023	DS1	Door	1

Identify the process that converts integer data to string data.

In this table, the value of events[1, 1] contains "MS1".

(i) An array can only store data of one data type. Any non-string data must be converted to a string before storing in the array.

[1]



(ii) Write a program that:

- asks the user to input a date
- totals the number of seconds sensors have been activated on the date input
- outputs the calculated total in an appropriate message including the date, for example:

Sensors were activated for 40 seconds on 05/02/2023

You must use either:

 OCR Exam Reference Language, or A high-level programming language that you have studied.

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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19 ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).

 1	



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