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Accessing Secrets from an external Key Vault in AKS

[Kumar Allamraju](#) Jan 21 · 3 min read

The [Container Storage Interface](#) (CSI) is a standard for exposing arbitrary block and file storage systems to containerized workloads on Container Orchestration Systems (COs) like Kubernetes. Using CSI third-party storage providers can write and deploy plugins exposing new storage systems in Kubernetes without ever having to touch the core Kubernetes code.

Azure Key Vault provider for [Secrets Store CSI driver](#) allows you to store and retrieve secrets stored in an [Azure Key Vault](#) instance and use the Secrets Store CSI driver interface to mount them into Kubernetes pods.

The Secrets Store CSI driver `secrets-store.csi.k8s.io` allows Kubernetes to mount multiple secrets, keys, and certs stored in enterprise-grade external secrets stores into their pods as a volume. Once the Volume is attached, the data in it is mounted into the container's file system.

Prerequisites

- A valid Azure subscription
- Create an AKS cluster with [managed identity](#)
- [Helm3](#)

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- Connect to your AKS Cluster

```
az aks get-credentials -g myResourceGroup -n myCSICluster2
```

- Install the CSI driver using helm3

```
$ helm repo add csi-secrets-store-provider-azure  
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Azure/secrets-store-csi-driver-provider-azure/master/charts
```

```
$ helm install csi-secrets-store-provider-azure/csi-secrets-store-provider-azure --generate-name
```

- Create an Azure Key Vault or use an existing one. In my example I'm storing database credentials

ka-akvault | Secrets
Key vault

Search (Cmd + /) « + Generate/Import Refresh Restore Backup Manage deleted secrets

Name	Type	Status
SQLDBNAME		✓ Enabled
SQLPASSWORD		✓ Enabled
SQLSERVER		✓ Enabled
SQLUSER1		✓ Enabled

Settings

- Keys
- Secrets**

- The Azure Key Vault Provider offers 4 modes for accessing a Key Vault instance:
- 1. Service Principal
- 2. Pod Identity

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1. Create system assigned managed identity

I'll be focusing on #3 in this post.

In order to get userAssignedIdentityID, go to your AKS Cluster Resource Group. Look at the resource group that was created by Azure e.g. If your AKS Cluster's name is MyCSICluster2, you'll see a resource group named as below

 MC_rg-containerOH_MyCSICluster2_westus2

Resource group

- Go to this resource group and look for this Cluster's agentpool

 MyCSICluster2-agentpool

Managed Identity

- Click on the agentpool and copy the Client ID

^ Essentials

Resource group : MC_rg-containerOH_MyCSICluster2_westus2

Location : West US 2

Type : User assigned managed identity

Client ID : 57a4fde6-79ab-4180-9346-b7c5ac017894

You'll need to create a SecretProviderClass and reference the same in your Deployment. Here are my examples


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- Now deploy these files

```
kubectl apply -f MySecretProvider.yaml
kubectl apply -f poi.yaml
```

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NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
poi-deployment-55bfb96bcf-nwtq8	1/1	Running	0	2m29s
poi-deployment-55bfb96bcf-s8hh7	1/1	Running	0	2m29s

That’s it. You have successfully integrated Azure Key Vault provider with Secrets CSI Driver. In a future blog I’ll talk about doing the same functionality with a service principal.

References:

[Azure Key Vault Provider for Secrets Store CSI Driver](#)

Azure

Azure Kubernetes Service

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