

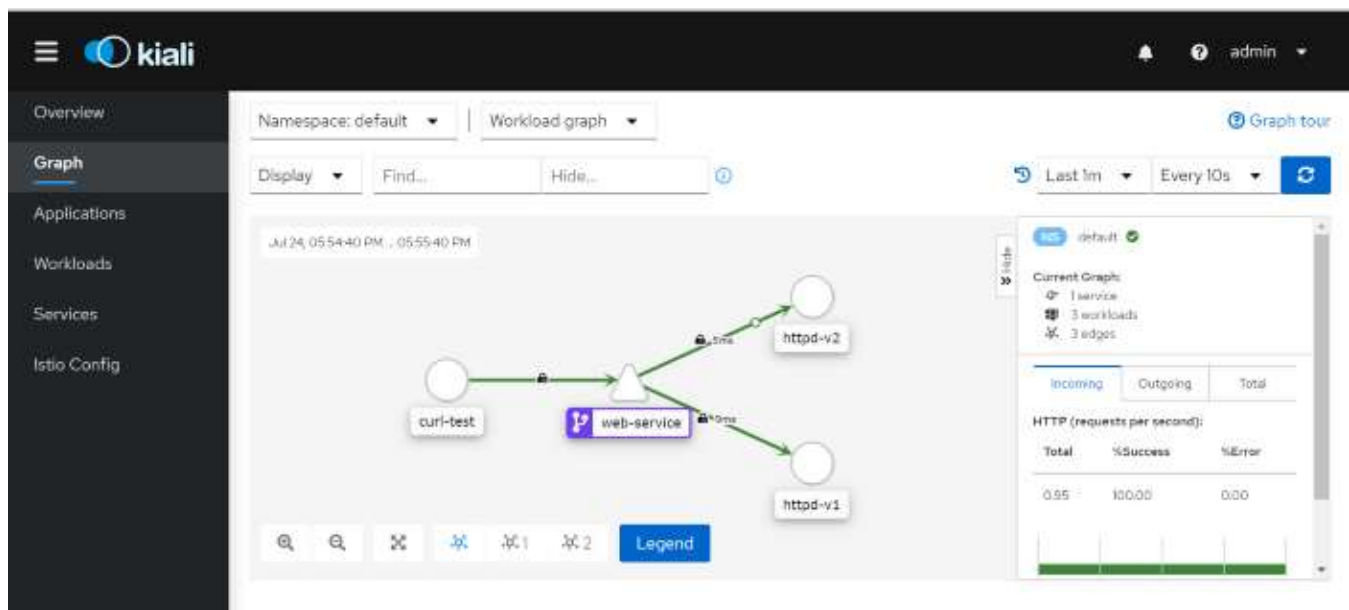
Weighted routing in Kubernetes using Istio



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Let us suppose version:v1 of your application is being used by your customers. A new version:v2 of an application is developed and it has to be deployed in the production environment. But we want to enable only a few customers in the version:v2 and then completely migrate from version:v1 to version:v2 without downtime. In this article let's learn how we can enable weighted routing in our Kubernetes cluster using Istio.



Kiali Dashboard showing the weighted routing between version v1&v2

Before you decide to enable the features of Istio make sure that you label your namespace with the following label **istio-injection=enabled**. When you label the namespace the injection webhook is enabled and any new pods created in that namespace will automatically have the sidecar proxy (envoy proxy) enabled.

Now Deploy the Pod having the webpage serving the version:v1 contents

```
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    labels:
5      app: httpd
6      version: v1
7  name: httpd-v1
8  namespace: default
9  spec:
10   containers:
11   - image: httpd
12     name: httpd
13     resources: {}
14     volumeMounts:
15     - mountPath: /usr/local/apache2/htdocs
16       name: index-html
17   dnsPolicy: ClusterFirst
18   initContainers:
19   - command:
20     - sh
21     - -c
22     - mkdir /usr/local/apache2/htdocs;( echo '<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1>
23       </body></html>' ) > /usr/local/apache2/htdocs/index.html
24     image: busybox
25     name: busybox
26     volumeMounts:
27     - mountPath: /usr/local/apache2/htdocs
28       name: index-html
29   restartPolicy: Always
30   volumes:
31   - emptyDir: {}
32     name: index-html
```

podv1.yaml hosted with ❤ by GitHub

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Expose your pod via ClusterIP service as we would be testing the weighted rules using a curl command inside the cluster. You can expose the service as a LoadBalancer and test it in the browser as well. Since I have Installed my Kubernetes cluster in Oracle Virtual Box I would be exposing the pod via ClusterIP and use the curl command to test the weighted rules.

```
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Service
3  metadata:
4    labels:
5      app: web-service
```

```

6   name: web-service
7   spec:
8     ports:
9     - name: http-port
10       port: 80
11       protocol: TCP
12       targetPort: 80
13     selector:
14       app: httpd
15     type: ClusterIP

```

web-service.yaml hosted with ❤ by GitHub

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Now the requests are only sent to version:v1 when the curl command is executed

```

[root@master istio-medium]# kubectl run curl-test -- image=odise/busybox-curl --
rm -it -- /bin/sh -c "while true; do curl web-service; sleep 1; done"
<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1> </body> </html>
<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1> </body> </html>
<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1> </body> </html>
<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1> </body> </html>
<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1> </body> </html>
<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1> </body> </html>
<html> <body> <h1>This is version V1!</h1> </body> </html>

```

Let us configure the Virtual service and Destination Rule to configure the weight of traffic

```

1  apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1
2  kind: VirtualService
3  metadata:
4    name: web-virtualservice
5  spec:
6    hosts:
7    - web-service.default.svc.cluster.local
8    http:
9    - route:
10      - destination:
11          host: web-service.default.svc.cluster.local
12          subset: v2
13          weight: 25
14      - destination:
15          host: web-service.default.svc.cluster.local
16          subset: v1
17          weight: 75

```

```
17         weight: 10
18
19
20 ---
21
22 apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1
23 kind: DestinationRule
24 metadata:
25   name: web-destinationrule
26 spec:
27   host: web-service.default.svc.cluster.local
28   subsets:
29   - name: v1
30     labels:
31       version: v1
32   - name: v2
33     labels:
34       version: v2
```

virtual-service.yaml hosted with ❤ by GitHub

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Let us try to understand what is the above file doing. When Istio is Installed in your Kubernetes Cluster a lot of CRD's are deployed. The CRD's that we would be focusing on now is Virtual Service and Destination Rule. A Virtual Service defines a set of traffic routing rules for Kubernetes service. And Destination Rules specify where the traffic should be routed once the routing rules are met. Let us examine the YAML file in detail.

Virtual Service:

- a) name: Specifies the name of the Virtual Service
- b) hosts: The host to which traffic is sent. Here the host is the DNS name of our Kubernetes Service
- c) http: It is the list of routing rules for HTTP traffic
- d) subset: The name of the subset that the traffic should be directed to which is defined in the corresponding Destination Rule
- e) weight: The amount of traffic to be forwarded to the service version

Destination Rule:

- a) name: The name of the Destination Rule

- b) hosts: The host to which traffic is sent. Here the host is the DNS name of our Kubernetes Service
- c) subsets: Named set that represents the Individual version of the service
- d) subsets.name: Name of the subset
- e) labels: Map of the labels that are used to select the pods

```
[root@master istio-medium]# k get vs
NAME                GATEWAYS    HOSTS                                AGE
web-virtualservice  [web-service.default.svc.cluster.local]  3s
[root@master istio-medium]# k get dr
NAME                HOST                AGE
web-destinationrule web-service.default.svc.cluster.local  6s
[root@master istio-medium]#
```

Virtual Service and Destination Rule

Now deploy a new pod with the new version:v2. The pod would be picked by the web-service service selector.

```
1  apiVersion: v1
2  kind: Pod
3  metadata:
4    labels:
5      app: httpd
6      version: v2
7  name: httpd-v2
8  namespace: default
9  spec:
10   containers:
11   - image: httpd
12     name: httpd
13     resources: {}
14     volumeMounts:
15     - mountPath: /usr/local/apache2/htdocs
16       name: index-html
17   dnsPolicy: ClusterFirst
18   initContainers:
19   - command:
20     - sh
21     - -c
22     - "mkdir /usr/local/apache2/htdocs;(
23   echo '<html>
24   <body>
25   <h1>This is version V2!</h1>
```

```
26 </body></html>'
27 ) > /usr/local/apache2/htdocs/index.html"
28     name: busybox
29     image: busybox
30     volumeMounts:
31     - mountPath: /usr/local/apache2/htdocs
32       name: index-html
33     restartPolicy: Always
34     volumes:
35     - emptyDir: {}
36       name: index-html
```

podv2.yaml hosted with ❤ by GitHub

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As the virtual service and Destination rules are deployed the magic of Istio is seen now. You can see that 75% percent of the traffic is sent to version:v1 but only 25% of the traffic is sent to version:v2.

This command would launch kiali in your browser.

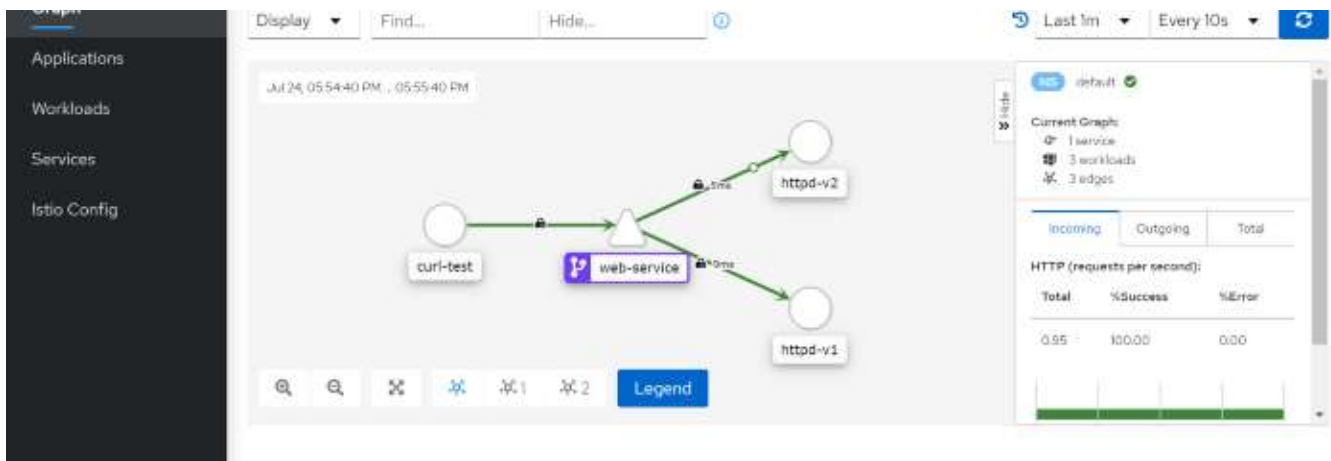
[illegible]

75% of the traffic to v1 and 25% of the traffic to v2

Incase If you want to visualize the traffic in your closer you can use an istio add-on feature called Kiali. It is a web-based graphical user interface to view service graphs of the mesh and your Istio configuration objects.

```
istioctl dashboard kiali
```





Kiali Dashboard

And once the customers are happy with the new version edit the virtual service and change the weight of subset v2 to 100 and subset v1 to 0. You have upgraded your services to the new version with zero downtime :) !!!

Prerequisites

Introduction to Istio Service Mesh

What is Istio Service Mesh?

[medium.com](#)

How to Install Istio using istioctl

As discussed in my earlier article we would be working on a few real-time scenarios where we would be able to...

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