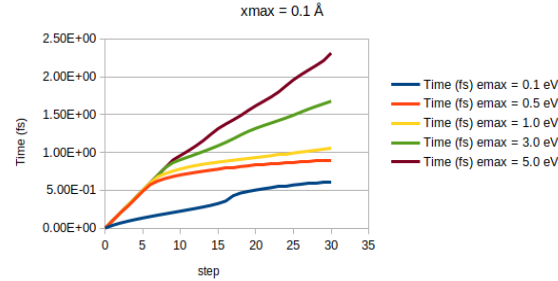
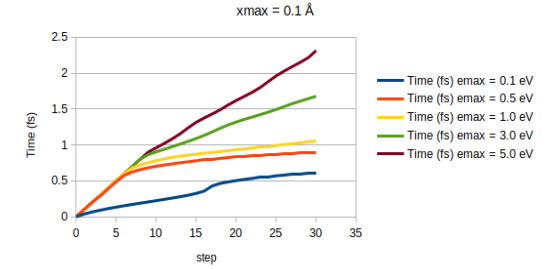


Binary Collision Simulations using TurboGAP and LAMMPS and sensitivity of time step to xmax and emax criterion

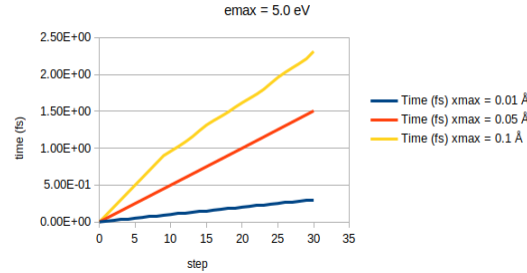
Binary Collision using TurboGAP



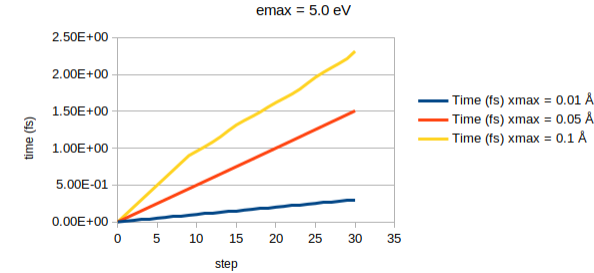
Binary Collision using LAMMPS



Binary Collision using TurboGAP



Binary Collision using LAMMPS



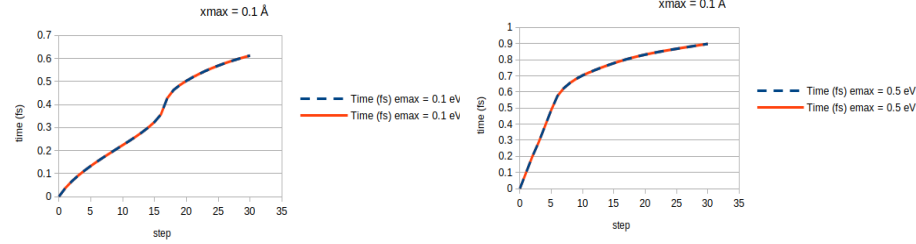
Two Si atoms

at $r_1 = (10.0, 10.0, 10.0)$ and $r_2 = (13.0, 10.0, 10.0)$

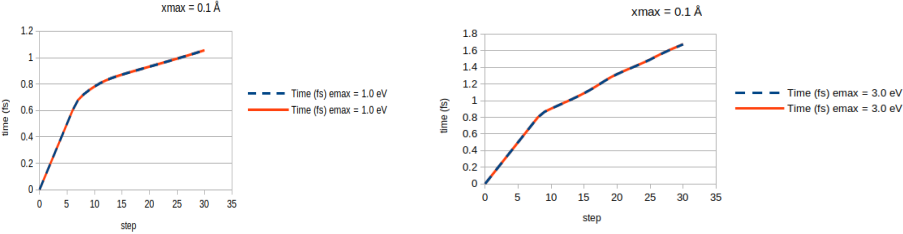
with $v_{1x} = 1.0 \text{ Å/fs}$, $v_{1y} = 0.0$, $v_{1z} = 0.0$ and $v_{2x} = -1.0 \text{ Å/fs}$, $v_{2y} = 0.0$, $v_{2z} = 0.0$

using Si (not stiffened) GAP potential.

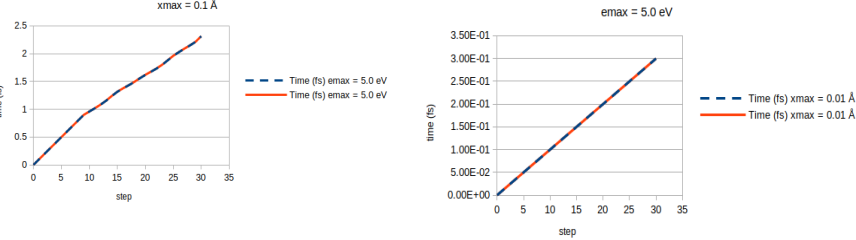
TurboGAP (blue) and LAMMPS (orange)



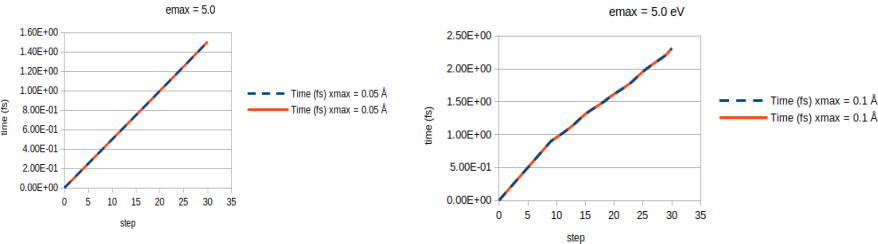
TurboGAP (blue) and LAMMPS (orange)



TurboGAP (blue) and LAMMPS (orange)



TurboGAP (blue) and LAMMPS (orange)



Full EPH model in TurboGAP and LAMMPS

216 Si atoms in a box of dimensions 16.29 Å on each side.
Using Si-GAP potential.

T_a = 0.0 K, T_e = 300.0 K

Coupling parameter – constant case

T. Jarrin et al. Phys. Rev. B 104, 195203

C_e = 3.5*10⁻⁶ eV/K/Å³

K_e = 0.1248 eV/K/Å/ps

