

Unit 5: Using the Node.js Client API

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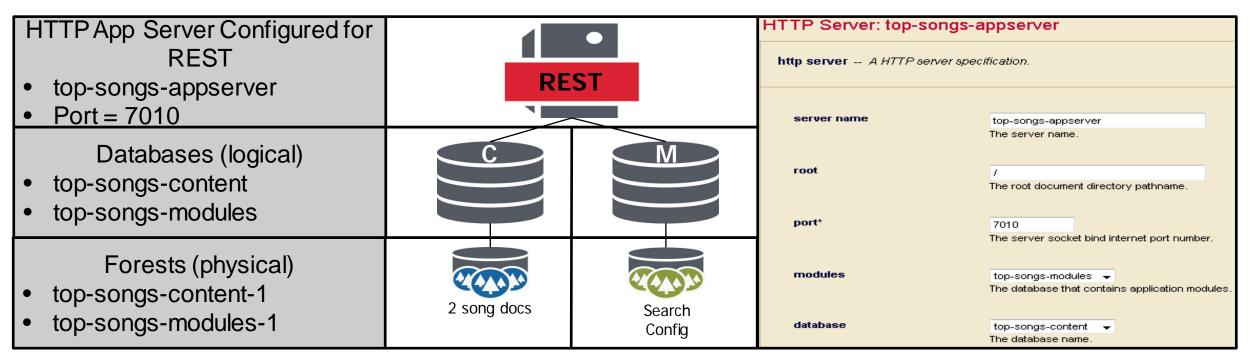
Learning Objectives

- Install and import the MarkLogic Node.js client API.
- Connect to a database.
- Create database connections using project security configuration.
- Access JSON and XML document data.
- Use callbacks, promises and streams.
- Work with document descriptors.



Getting Started Requirements

- Create a REST API instance and load some sample data (done)
- Create users and assign appropriate roles (done)
- Now its time to write some code!



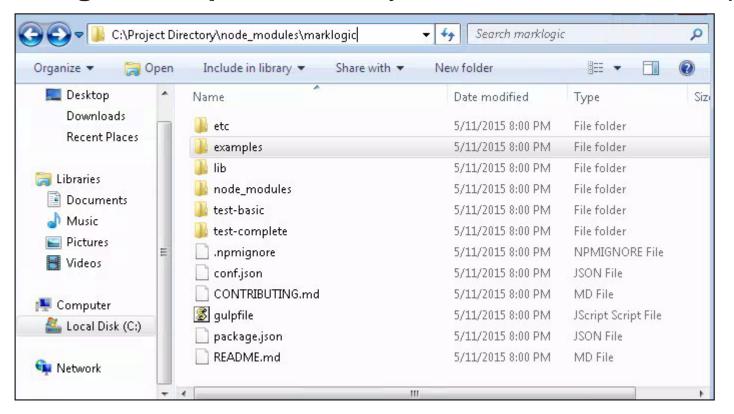
Installing the API

- Github site:
 - https://github.com/marklogic/node-client-api
- Available through NPM
 - https://www.npmjs.com/package/marklogic
- Install using NPM from the command line:

Project Directory>npm install marklogic

Installing the API

- After installation you'll see the API in your project folder under /node_modules/
 - See the /marklogic/examples/ directory for additional code samples



Using the API

Load the Node.js client API module:

```
var marklogic = require("marklogic");
```

Connect to a Database

Create a database client connection through your REST instance:

Managing Database Client Connections

- Remember our security configuration!
 - Using Admin account isn't realistic.
- Instead, create a pool of connections:
 - One for each project user.
 - Use appropriate connections in your app based on desired goal.

```
module.exports = {
  restReader: {
    host: 'localhost',
   port: 7010,
   user: 'rest-reader-user',
   password: 'training'
  restWriter: {
   host: 'localhost',
   port: 7010,
   user: 'rest-writer-user',
    password: 'training'
 restAdmin: {
   host: 'localhost',
    port: 7010,
   user: 'rest-admin-user',
   password: 'training'
```

Managing Database Client Connections

- Import and use the connection module.
 - Example assumes connections.js is in the same folder as the module loading it.
 - This creates a database client for each of our project users.

```
var dbConn = require("./connections.js")

var dbRead = marklogic.createDatabaseClient(dbConn.restReader);
var dbWrite = marklogic.createDatabaseClient(dbConn.restWriter);
var dbAdmin = marklogic.createDatabaseClient(dbConn.restAdmin);
```

Read Data

Use the database client to read a specific document from the database:

```
var myURI = "/songs/song2.json";
dbRead.documents.read(myURI).result(
 function(documents){
   documents.forEach(function(document){
      console.log("URI=" + document.uri);
     console.log("DOCUMENT=" + JSON.stringify(document.content));
     console.log("ARTIST=" + document.content["top-song"].artist);
     console.log("TITLE=" + document.content["top-song"].title);
   });
 },
 function(error){
    console.log(JSON.stringify(error, null, 2));
```

Callbacks

- This example uses a callback.
- We call the result method and pass in a success and error function.
- Asynchronous -- useful if you don't need to synchronize the result with some other action.

```
dbRead.documents.read(myURI).result(
  function(documents){
    documents.forEach(function(document){

        // Do something with your data

    });
},
function(error){
    console.log(JSON.stringify(error, null, 2));
}
);
```

Promises

- A promise is a way to interact with the results of an asynchronous event. For example:
 - Insert a document and search the database.
 - Ensure the insert has occurred before the search, so that if the new document matches, it would be returned in the results.
- Promises include then, catch and finally methods.

```
dbRead.documents.read(myURI).result().then(
  function(documents){
    documents.forEach(function(document){

        // Do something with your data

    });
},
function(error){
    console.log(JSON.stringify(error, null, 2));
}
);
```

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Streams

- Use when handling large documents or large result sets.
- For both read and write.
- Process results incrementally.

```
dbRead.documents.read(myURI).stream()
    .on("data", function(document){
        // on("data") means a full doc has been received
        // Process the document
    }).on("end", function(){
        // on("end") means all docs have been received
        // Finish up
    }).on("error", function(error){
        // Handle errors
    });
```



Document Descriptors

- Returned by read operations.
 - It's the response we will work with in our app when we do a read.
- Accepted by write operations
 - Describes the document to write.
- An object that encapsulates document content and metadata as named JavaScript object properties.

```
{
  uri: "myURI.json",
  content:
    {
      book:
      {
         title: "A Tale of Two Cities",
         author: "Charles Dickens"
      }
    },
  collections: ["classics", "fiction", "British"]
}
```

Labs: Unit 5

Exercise 1: Install the MarkLogic Node.js Client API

Exercise 2: Define Project Database Connections

Exercise 3: Read a JSON Document Using a Callback

Exercise 4: Read an XML Document Using a Callback

Exercise 5: Read Documents Using Promises

Exercise 6: Read Documents Using Streams

DIY: Create a Database Client

Unit Review Question 1:

A project may only have one database client defined.

- 1. True
- 2. False



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- 2. False



Unit Review Question 2:

You would use a promise if...

- 1. You desire operations to occur asynchronously.
- 2. You desire operations to occur synchronously.
- 3. You need to work with large documents.
- 4. You don't really mean what you are about to say.



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Unit Review Question 3:

Assume this code returns this document descriptor.

How would you output the title and author of the book?

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{
  uri: "myURI.json",
  content:
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      book:
      {
         title: "A Tale of Two Cities",
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    },
  collections: ["classics", "fiction", "British"]
}
```

Unit Review Question 3:

Assume this code returns this document descriptor.

How would you output the title and author of the book?

```
dbRead.documents.read(myURI).result(
  function(documents){
    documents.forEach(function(document){
        console.log(document.content.book.title);
        console.log(document.content.book.author);
    });
    },
  function(error){
      console.log(JSON.stringify(error, null, 2));
    }
};
```

```
{
  uri: "myURI.json",
  content:
    {
      book:
      {
         title: "A Tale of Two Cities",
         author: "Charles Dickens"
      }
    },
  collections: ["classics", "fiction", "British"]
}
```