

# Apply filters to SQL queries

## Project description

I am a security professional at a large organization. Part of my job is to investigate security issues to help keep the system secure. I recently discovered some potential security issues that involve login attempts and employee machines.

My task is to examine the organization's data in their **employees** and **log\_in\_attempts** tables. I'll need to use SQL filters to retrieve records from different datasets and investigate the potential security issues.

## Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM log_in_attempts WHERE login_time > '18:00' AND success = 0;
```

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
18	pwashing	2022-05-11	19:28:50	US	192.168.66.142	0
20	tshah	2022-05-12	18:56:36	MEXICO	192.168.109.50	0
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0
34	drosas	2022-05-11	21:02:04	US	192.168.45.93	0
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US	192.168.4.157	0
52	cjackson	2022-05-10	22:07:07	CAN	192.168.58.57	0
69	wjaffrey	2022-05-11	19:55:15	USA	192.168.100.17	0
82	abernard	2022-05-12	23:38:46	MEX	192.168.234.49	0
87	apatel	2022-05-08	22:38:31	CANADA	192.168.132.153	0
96	ivelasco	2022-05-09	22:36:36	CAN	192.168.84.194	0
104	asundara	2022-05-11	18:38:07	US	192.168.96.200	0
107	bisles	2022-05-12	20:25:57	USA	192.168.116.187	0
111	aestrada	2022-05-10	22:00:26	MEXICO	192.168.76.27	0
127	abellmas	2022-05-09	21:20:51	CANADA	192.168.70.122	0
131	bisles	2022-05-09	20:03:55	US	192.168.113.171	0
155	cgriffin	2022-05-12	22:18:42	USA	192.168.236.176	0
160	jclark	2022-05-10	20:49:00	CANADA	192.168.214.49	0
199	yappiah	2022-05-11	19:34:48	MEXICO	192.168.44.232	0

19 rows in set (0.064 sec)

Select all failed login attempts after hours (18:00) from the log\_in\_attempts table.

## Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM log_in_attempts WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR '2022-05-08';
```

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
5	jrafael	2022-05-11	03:05:59	CANADA	192.168.86.232	0
6	arutley	2022-05-12	17:00:59	MEXICO	192.168.3.24	0
7	eraab	2022-05-11	01:45:14	CAN	192.168.170.243	1
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
9	yappiah	2022-05-11	13:47:29	MEX	192.168.59.136	1
10	jrafael	2022-05-12	09:33:19	CANADA	192.168.228.221	0
11	sgilmore	2022-05-11	10:16:29	CANADA	192.168.140.81	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1
13	mrhah	2022-05-11	09:29:34	USA	192.168.246.135	1
14	sbaelish	2022-05-10	10:20:18	US	192.168.16.99	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0
16	mcouliba	2022-05-11	06:44:22	CAN	192.168.172.189	1

A suspicious event occurred on 2022-05-09. To investigate this event, I want to review all login attempts which occurred on this day and the day before. Create a query that identifies all login attempts that occurred on 2022-05-09 or 2022-05-08. Query string in screenshot. 200 rows returned, showing first 16 records.

## Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM log_in_attempts WHERE NOT country = 'MEX%';
```

event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
5	jrafael	2022-05-11	03:05:59	CANADA	192.168.86.232	0
6	arutley	2022-05-12	17:00:59	MEXICO	192.168.3.24	0
7	eraab	2022-05-11	01:45:14	CAN	192.168.170.243	1
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
9	yappiah	2022-05-11	13:47:29	MEX	192.168.59.136	1
10	jrafael	2022-05-12	09:33:19	CANADA	192.168.228.221	0
11	sgilmore	2022-05-11	10:16:29	CANADA	192.168.140.81	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1
13	mrhah	2022-05-11	09:29:34	USA	192.168.246.135	1
14	sbaelish	2022-05-10	10:20:18	US	192.168.16.99	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0
16	mcouliba	2022-05-11	06:44:22	CAN	192.168.172.189	1

There's been suspicious activity with login attempts, but the team has determined that this activity didn't originate in Mexico. Investigate login attempts that occurred outside of Mexico. Create a query that identifies all login attempts that occurred outside of Mexico.

Wildcard % is used as some entries are MEX instead of MEXICO. Query string in screenshot. 200 records returned. Showing first 16 records.

## Retrieve employees in Marketing

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM employees WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE 'East%';
```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1000	a320b137c219	elarson	Marketing	East-170
1052	a192b174c940	jdarosa	Marketing	East-195
1075	x573y883z772	fbautist	Marketing	East-267
1088	k865l965m233	rgosh	Marketing	East-157
1103	NULL	randerss	Marketing	East-460
1156	a184b775c707	dellery	Marketing	East-417
1163	h679i515j339	cwilliam	Marketing	East-216

7 rows in set (0.048 sec)

The team wants to perform security updates on specific employee machines in the Marketing department. Create a query that identifies all employees in the Marketing department for all offices in the East building.

## Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM employees WHERE department = 'Sales' OR department = 'Finance';
```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406
1008	i858j583k571	abernard	Finance	South-170
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134
1010	k242l212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109
1011	l748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271
1017	r550s824t230	jclark	Finance	North-188
1018	s310t540u653	abellmas	Finance	North-403
1022	w237x430y567	arusso	Finance	West-465
1024	y976z753a267	iuduike	Sales	South-215
1025	z381a365b233	jhill	Sales	North-115
1029	d336e475f676	ivelasco	Finance	East-156
1035	j236k303l245	bisles	Sales	South-171
1039	n253o917p623	cjackson	Sales	East-378
1041	p929q222r778	cgriffin	Sales	North-208

The team now needs to perform a different security update on machines for employees in the Sales and Finance departments. Create a query that identifies all employees in the Sales or Finance departments.

## Retrieve all employees not in IT

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM employees WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';
```

employee_id	device_id	username	department	office
1000	a320b137c219	elarson	Marketing	East-170
1001	b239c825d303	bmoreno	Marketing	Central-276
1002	c116d593e558	tshah	Human Resources	North-434
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153
1004	e218f877g788	eraab	Human Resources	South-127
1005	f551g340h864	gesparza	Human Resources	South-366
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406
1008	i858j583k571	abernard	Finance	South-170
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134
1010	k242l212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109
1011	l748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271
1016	q793r736s288	sbaelish	Human Resources	North-229
1017	r550s824t230	jclark	Finance	North-188
1018	s310t540u653	abellmas	Finance	North-403

The team needs to make one more update to employee machines. The employees who are in the Information Technology department already had this update, but employees in all other departments need it. Create a query which identifies all employees not in the IT department.

## Summary

This document outlines a security investigation into potential issues involving login attempts and employee machines within an organization's database, using SQL filters on the `log_in_attempts` and `employees` tables. Key tasks include:

- Retrieving failed login attempts after 18:00 using `WHERE login_time > '18:00' AND success = 0`.
- Identifying login attempts on specific dates (2022-05-09 or 2022-05-08) with `WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR login_date = '2022-05-08'`.
- Filtering login attempts outside Mexico via `WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%'`.
- Querying Marketing department employees in East offices with `WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE 'East%'`, identifying relevant staff for updates.
- Selecting employees in Sales or Finance using `WHERE department = 'Sales' OR department = 'Finance'`, identifying relevant staff for additional updates.
- Retrieving all non-IT employees with `WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology'`, to apply updates excluding those already secured.

These queries demonstrate the application of SQL filters (e.g., AND, OR, NOT, LIKE) to isolate data for security reviews, highlighting patterns in failed logins and departmental targeting to mitigate risks.