Problem 6.15

% Nick McCullough, AerE 161, HW4, Problem 6.15

clear.clc

% Write function to prompt a user for an angle in degrees

% call another function to calculate that angle in radians (pi/180)

% call another function to print the result

% include the main script, one script file and three function files

- - - - (insert your solution here)

function initial = degrees % set a degree function

initial = input('Hello Human, please enter angle in degrees: '); % user input with variable "initial" end % end function

function radians = degrees2radians(degreesinput) % function to convert degrees to radians radians = degreesinput * pi/180 % the conversion equation for radians from degrees end % end function

function printangle(degrees) % function to convert degrees to radians

fprintf('Conversion from degrees to radians is: %.3f\n',degrees)

% fprintf statement showing "degrees" conversion to radians rounded to three decimal places end % end function

clear,clc

% this is the script to use three previous functions
degreesinput = degrees; % variable for user prompt for degrees function
radians = degrees2radians(degreesinput); % this is the conversion
printangle(radians) % this is the fprintf function to display radians

Output 1:

----(insert output (your results) here)

Hello Human, please enter angle in degrees: 5

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radians =

0.0873

Conversion from degrees to radians is: 0.087

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Problem 6.21

% Nick McCullough, AerE 161, HW4, Problem 6.21

clear,clc

% write a script prompting user for three points on a graph that make a

% triangle. this script will calculate and print the area of triangle

% the script will call one function to calculate the area of triangle

% this function will call another function that calculates the length

% of one side formed by any two points, aka the distance.

--- (insert your solution here)

function distance = triangledistance(x1,y1,x3,y3)

% we create a function triangledistance to calculate the length of the side

% of the triangle from point 1 to point 3

distance = sqrt(((x3-x1)*(x3-x1)) + ((y3-y1)*(y3-y1)));

% equation for the square root of (x3-x1) squared plus (y3-y1) squared,

% providing the distance from point 1 to point 3.

function area = trianglearea(x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3)

% let's start by creating the sides of the triangle:

a = triangledistance(x1,y1,x2,y2); % using triangledistance in previous function

b = triangledistance(x2,y2,x3,y3); % using triangledistance in previous function

 $c = triangle distance (x3, y3, x1, y1); \ \% \ using \ triangle distance \ in \ previous \ function$

s = (a+b+c)/2;

% we will create this variable s to define half of the sum of the lengths.

% we will need this to use in the equation below for area of a triangle.

area = sqrt((s*(s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c)));

% the area of a triangle equation, using s and a,b,c sides we defined.

```
% functions for area and distance.
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disp('Hello Human, please gather the X and Y coordinates for the three points of your triangle, and enter them below. Thank you!')

% instructing the user

% since there are three points we will identify each value as

% x1, x2, x3 and y1, y2, y3 ... as seen below

x1 = input('Enter first point X coordinate: '); % user input for x1

y1 = input('Enter first point Y coordinate: '); % user input for y1

x2 = input('Enter second point X coordinate: '); % user input for x2

y2 = input('Enter second point Y coordinate: '); % user input for y2

x3 = input('Enter third point X coordinate: '); % user input for x3

y3 = input('Enter third point Y coordinate: '); % user input for y3

% since we want to display the area of the triangle after these user inputs,

% we will need to create a variable that will transfer between this script

% and the function we will make.

X = trianglearea(x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3); % this creates a variable that we will

% use between this script and the function for area. this pulls from the

% function for area we coded before, using all 6 values for the 3 points

fprintf('The area of the triangle is %f\n',X) % fprintf to display area, X

Output 1:

-----(insert output (your results) here)

>> triangle

Hello Human, please gather the X and Y coordinates for the three points of your triangle, and enter them below. Thank you!

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Enter first point X coordinate: 3

Enter first point Y coordinate: 3

Enter second point X coordinate: 6

Enter second point Y coordinate: 3

Enter third point X coordinate: 6

Enter third point Y coordinate: 9

The area of the triangle is 9.000000

Problem 8.12

% Nick McCullough, AerE 161, HW4, Problem 8.12

clear,clc

% create a cell array variable to store a student's name, uni id, GPA.

% print this info.

- - - - (insert your solution here)

% let's start by storing the information in variables within the cell % array.

studentinfoCell = {'Stanley Yelnats', 150337333, 3.43};

% Student name, ID, GPA

% this creates a 1x3 cell array. Use squiggly brackets for cell arrays.

% now we can write a fprintf script to define the three values in the

% cell it will have the student name as %s for script, %d for decimal

% for ID, and %.2f for real number to two decimal places, we then

% finish the fprintf statement with the three variables within the 1x3 % cell array.

fprintf("\n The Student Information you requested: \n Student Name: %s \t University ID: %d \t GPA: %.2f \n", studentinfoCell{1,1},studentinfoCell{1,2},studentinfoCell{1,3});

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Output 1:

-----(insert output (your results) here)
>> prob8point12

The Student Information you requested:

Student Name: Stanley Yelnats University ID: 150337333 GPA: 3.43

Problem 8.13

% Nick McCullough, AerE 161, HW4, Problem 8.13

% create a cell structure variable to store a student's name, uni id, GPA. print this info. very similar to problem 8.12.

% let's start by storing the information in variables within the cell structure.

```
--- (insert your solution here)
```

clear,clc

studentinfoStruct = struct('StudentName','Stanley

Yelnats', 'UniversityID', '150337333', 'GPA', '3.43');

% create structure variable and include name, id, GPA followed by values, use quotations for each

% could not get fprintf to work for struct, used disp.

disp('The student information you requested: ') % title

disp(studentinfoStruct)

% display to print out the structure components

Output 1:

-----(insert output (your results) here)

>>

>> prob8point13

The student information you requested:

StudentName: 'Stanley Yelnats'

UniversityID: '150337333'

GPA: '3.43'

Problem 8.18

% Nick McCullough, Aere161, HW4, Problem 8.18 clear.clc % create data structure to store info about the elements. choose your % own element and store the name, atomic number, chemical symbol, % class, atomic weight, and a seven-element vector for the number of % electrons in each shell. create structure variable to store the info. % this is similar to the structure we created in the prior two problems % let's use Carbon. % start by creating a variable for the structure. --- (insert your solution here) Carbon = struct('Name', 'Carbon', 'Atomic_Number', 6, 'Symbol', 'C', 'Class', 'nonmetals', 'Atomic_Weight', 12.011 1,'Electrons_per_shell','[2 4 0 0 0 0 0]') % structure listing what we are looking for, each time followed by the % information for the element Carbon. numbers or integers need no % quotations. Output 1: ----(insert output (your results) here) Carbon = struct with fields: Name: 'Carbon'

Atomic_Number: 6

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Symbol: 'C'

Class: 'nonmetals'

Atomic_Weight: 12.0111

Electrons_per_shell: '[2 4 0 0 0 0 0]'

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