## CHEM 571A - Problem Set #3

## Due Friday September 13th

1.  $McQuarrie\ 4-11$ : Evalutate the commutator  $[\hat{A},\hat{B}]$ , where  $\hat{A}$  and  $\hat{B}$  are given below

$$\hat{A}$$
  $\hat{E}$ 

(a) 
$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2}$$
  $x$ 

(b) 
$$\frac{d}{dx} - x$$
  $\frac{d}{dx} + x$ 

(c) 
$$\int_0^x dx \qquad \frac{d}{dx}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} - x \quad \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + x^2$$

- 2. McQuarrie~5-14: The force constant of  $^{35}C^{35}Cl$  is  $319~N\cdot m^{-1}$ . Calculate the fundamental vibrational frequency and the zero-point energy of  $^{35}C^{35}Cl$  (in the harmonic approximation).
- 3. McQuarrie 5-19: The vibrational term of a diatomic molecule is given to good approximation by

$$G(\nu) = \left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)\tilde{\omega}_e - \left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \tilde{x}_e \tilde{\omega}_e$$

where  $\nu$  is the vibrational quantum number. Show that the spacing between adjacent levels  $\Delta G$  is given by

$$\Delta G = \tilde{\omega}_e \{ 1 - 2\tilde{x}_e(\nu + 1) \}$$

Also show that the maximum vibrational quantum number is given by

$$\nu_{max} = \frac{1}{2\tilde{x}_e} - 1$$

Use the above result to compute the dissociation energy,  $D_e$ , of the molecule.

4. McQuarrie 5-22: Show that  $\psi_0(x)$  and  $\psi_1(x)$  for the harmonic oscillator are orthogonal.

1