This handout includes space for every question that requires a written response. Please feel free to use it to handwrite your solutions (legibly, please). If you choose to typeset your solutions, the README.md for this assignment includes instructions to regenerate this handout with your typeset LATEX solutions.

1.a

1.b

1.c

The log-likelihood of an example $(x^{(i)},y^{(i)})$ is defined as $\ell(\theta)=\log p(y^{(i)}|x^{(i)};\theta)$. To derive the stochastic gradient ascent rule, use the results in part (a) and the standard GLM assumption that $\eta=\theta^Tx$.

$$\frac{\partial \ell(\theta)}{\partial \theta_j} = \frac{\partial \log p(y^{(i)}|x^{(i)}; \theta)}{\partial \theta_j}$$
$$= \frac{\partial \log \left(\frac{1}{y^{(i)}!} \exp(\eta^T y^{(i)} - e^{\eta})\right)}{\partial \theta_j}$$
$$= \frac{\partial \theta_j}{\partial \theta_j}$$

Thus the stochastic gradient ascent update rule should be:

$$\theta_j := \theta_j + \alpha \frac{\partial \ell(\theta)}{\partial \theta_j},$$

which reduces here to:

2.a

2.b

2.c

2.d

- 3.ai 3.aii 3.aiii 3.c