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Siamese Networks

Question Duplicates

How old are you? — What is your age?

Where are you from? \neq Where are you going?

What do Siamese Networks learn?

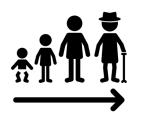
I am happy because I am learning





Classification: categorize things

Siamese Networks: Identify similarity between things



What is your age? Difference or Similarity

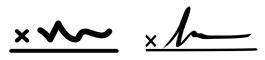
Siamese Networks in NLP



What is your age? How old are you?



Handwritten checks



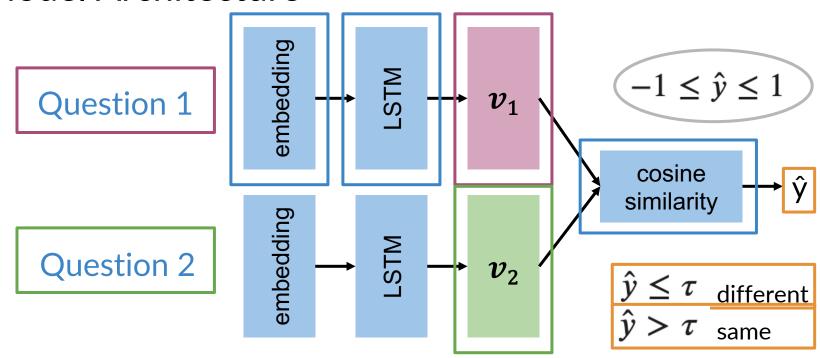
Question duplicates

Queries

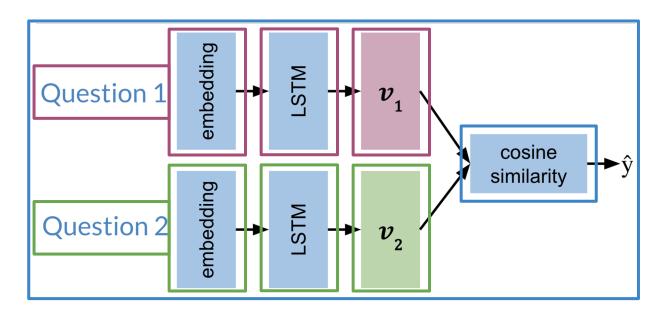


Architecture

Model Architecture



Model Architecture



- 1) Inputs
- 2)

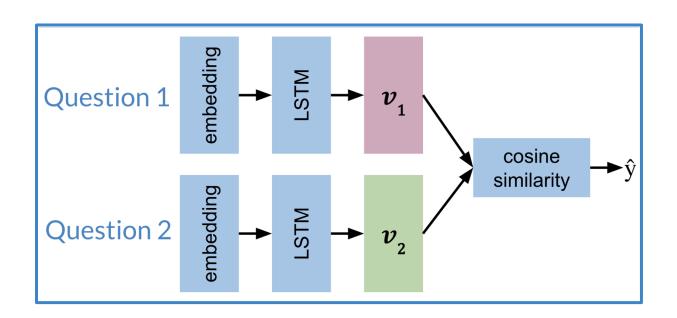
Embeddi

- ag LSTM
- 4) Vectors
- 5) Cosine Similarity



Loss Function

Loss Function



$$\hat{y} = s(v_1, v_2)$$

Loss Function

How old are you?

Anchor

$$\frac{\cos(v_1, v_2) = \frac{v_1 \cdot v_2}{||v_1|| \, ||v_2||}}{\mathrm{s}(v_1, v_2)}$$

What is your age?

Positive

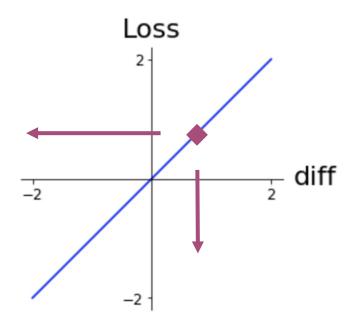
s(A, P)

Where are you from? Negative

$$s(A, N) \approx -1$$

$$s(A, N) - s(A, P)$$

Loss Function



$$diff = s(A, N) - s(A, P)$$



Triplets

Triplets

How old are you?

What is your age?

Where are you from?

Anchor

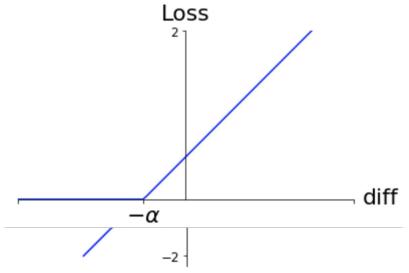
Positive

Negative



Whether or not a question has the same meaning as the anchor

Triplet Loss



Simple loss: diff = s(A, N) - s(A, P)

AnchorWith non-linearity

$$\mathbf{Positi}\mathcal{L} = \begin{cases} 0; & \text{if } diff \leq 0 \\ diff; & \text{if } diff > 0 \end{cases}$$

Negative

With alpha margin

$$\mathcal{L} = \begin{cases} 0; & \text{if } diff + \alpha \leq 0 \\ diff + \alpha; & \text{if } diff + \alpha > 0 \end{cases}$$

Triplet Loss

$$\mathcal{L} = \begin{cases} 0; & \text{if } diff + \alpha \leq 0 \\ diff + \alpha; & \text{if } diff + \alpha > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\downarrow \text{Simplified}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\underline{A}, P, N) = \max(diff + \alpha, 0)$$

From the neural network

You can use any similarity function or distance metric

Triplet Selection

Triplet A, P,

duplicate set: A, P non-duplicate set: A, N

N

$$\mathcal{L} = \max (diff + \alpha, 0)$$

Random

$$diff = s(A, N) - s(A, P)$$

Easy to satisfy. Little to learn

 $s(A, N) \approx s(A, P)$

Hard

Harder to train. More to learn



Prepare the batches as follows:





What is your age?

How old are you?

Can you see me?

Are you

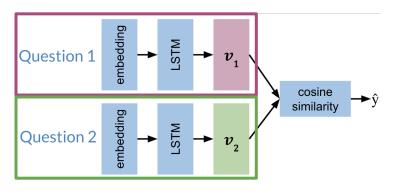
seeing me?

Where are thou?

Where are

you?

$$b = 4$$





What is your age?

Can you see me?

Where are thou?

When is the game?

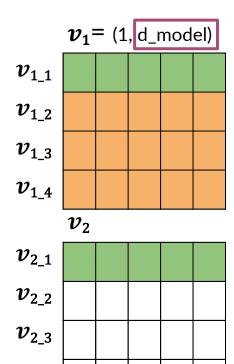
Batch 2

How old are you?

Are you seeing me?

Where are you?

What time is the game?



$$v_1$$
 v_1
 v_1
 v_1
 v_2
 v_3
 v_4
 v_2
 v_3
 v_4
 v_2
 v_3
 v_4
 v_4
 v_5
 v_5
 v_5
 v_5
 v_6
 v_7
 v_8
 v_8
 v_9
 v_9

		$s(v_1, v_2)$				
		$\overline{oldsymbol{v}_1}$				
		_1	_2	_3	_4	
$v_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$	_1	0.9	-0.8	0.3	-0.5	
	_2	-0.8	0.5	0.1	-0.2	
	_3	0.3	0.1	0.7	-0.8	
	_4	-0.5	-0.2	-0.8	1.0	

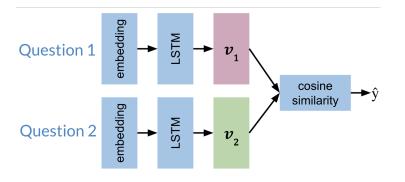
		$s(v_1, v_2)$				
		$oldsymbol{v_1}$				
		_1	_2	_3	_4	
v_2	_1	0.9	-0.8	0.3	-0.5	
	_2	-0.8	0.5	0.1	-0.2	
	_3	0.3	0.1	0.7	-0.8	
	_4	-0.5	-0.2	-0.8	1.0	

$$\mathcal{L}(A, P, N) = \max (diff + \alpha, 0)$$
$$diff = s(A, N) - s(A, P)$$

$$\mathcal{J} = \sum_{i=1}^{m} \mathcal{L}(A^{(i)}, P^{(i)}, N^{(i)})$$



Computing The Cost II



Batch 1

What is your age?

Can you see me?

Where are thou?

When is the game?

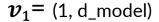
Batch 2

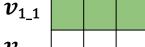
How old are you?

Are you seeing me?

Where are you?

What time is the game?









$$v_{1_4}$$

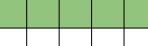






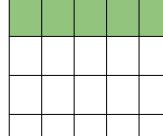


$$v_{2_4}$$

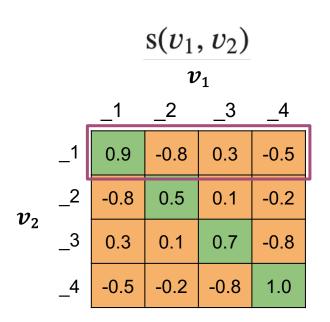








Hard Negative Mining



mean negative:

mean of off-diagonal values in each

closest negative:

off-diagonal value closest to (but less than) the value on diagonal in each row

Hard Negative Mining

mean negative mean of off-diagonal values

closest negative: closest off-diagonal value

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Original}} = \max \left(s(A, N) - s(A, P) + \alpha, 0 \right)$$

Hard Negative Mining

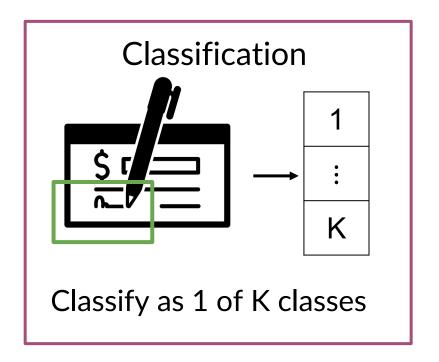
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Full}}(A, P, N) = \mathcal{L}_1 + \mathcal{L}_2$$

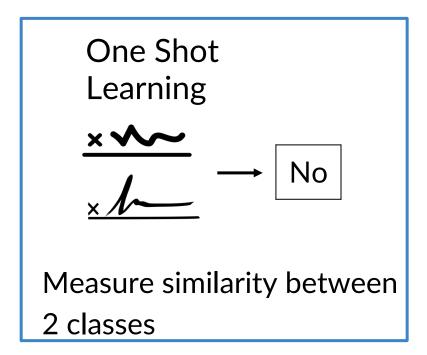
$$\mathcal{J} = \sum_{i=1}^{m} \mathcal{L}_{\text{Full}}(A^{(i)}, P^{(i)}, N^{(i)})$$



One Shot Learning

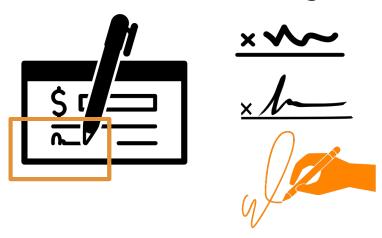
Classification vs One Shot Learning





One Shot Learning

No need for retraining!



Learn a similarity score!

$$s(sig1, sig2) > \tau$$





Training / Testing

Dataset

Question 1	Question 2	is_duplicate	
What is your age?	How old are you?	true	
Where are you from?	Where are you going?	false	
:	:	:	

Prepare Batches

Question 1: batch size b

Question 2: batch size b

Batch 1

What is your age?

Can you see me?

Where are thou?

When is the game?

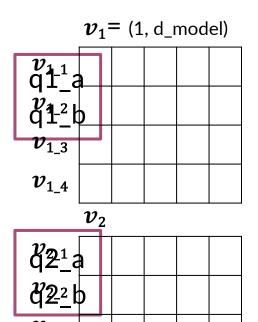
Batch 2

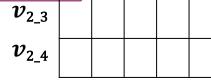
How old are you?

Are you seeing me?

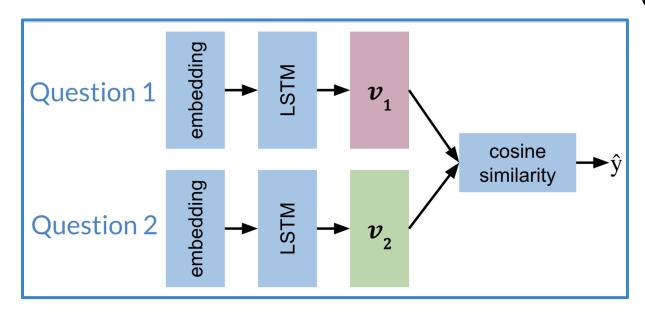
Where are you?

What time is the game? v_{2_4}





Siamese Model



Create a subnetwork:

- 1) Embedding
- 2) LSTM
- 3) Vectors
- 4) Cosine Similarity

Testing

- 1. Convert each input into an array of numbers
- 2. Feed arrays into your model
- 3. Compare v_1 , v_2 using cosine similarity
- 4. Test against a threshold τ