# The



# language

#### Uses of the World Wide Web:

- static documents (supported by HTML);
- dynamic documents
  (supported by CGI, ASP, Ruby on Rails, various HTML extensions, ...); and
- interactive services (supported by <bigwig> and MAWL).

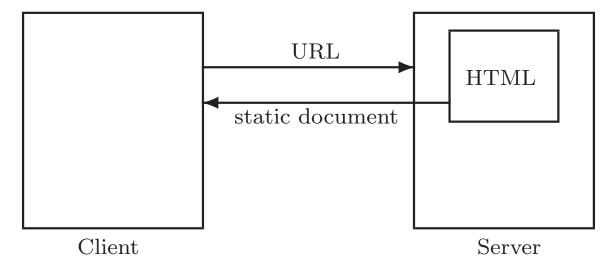
#### Static documents:

- there are too many documents;
- the documents are rarely updated; and
- the documents are not customized.

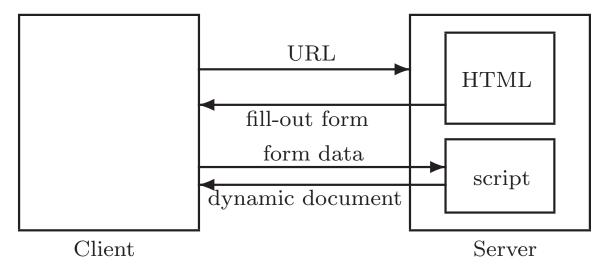
#### Dynamic documents:

- there are fewer documents;
- the documents are always updated;
- the documents are customized.

#### Standard interaction:



## Common Gateway Interface:



Fill-out forms are HTML elements.

The <form ...> tag contains:

- the transmission method (POST or GET);
- the URL of the script; and
- a query string.

Extra tags for input fields:

- simple text fields;
- radio buttons;
- menus; and
- submit buttons.

# A simple fill-out form:

Your name:	
Your quest: to find the Holy Grail	
Your favorite color: �red �green �blue �I don't kr	10 <b>W</b>
Answer	

#### HTML source for the fill-out form:

```
<form
  method="POST"
   action="http://www.brics.dk/cgi-mis/Python?Questions"
>
Your name:
<input name="name" type="text" size=20>.
>
Your quest:
<select name="quest">
<option value="grail">to find the Holy Grail
<option value="wig">to write a WIG compiler
</select>
>
Your favorite color:
<input name="color" type="radio" value="red">red
<input name="color" type="radio" value="green">green
<input name="color" type="radio" value="blue">blue
<input name="color" type="radio" value="argh">I don't know
>
<input name="submit" type="submit" value="Answer">
</form>
```

After filling out the form and clicking on the submit button, your browser sends the following text to the web server:

```
POST /cgi-mis/Python?Questions HTTP/1.0
Accept: www/source
Accept: text/html
.....
User-Agent: ...
From: ...
Content-type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-length: 47

name=Michael
&quest=wig
&color=blue
&submit=Answer
```

The web server parses the data from the client (e.g., a browser), sets environment variables and input, and invokes CGI scripts.

Additional information is available in several UNIX environment variables. Consider the following simple query

http://www.cs.mcgill.ca/~hendren/cgi-bin/myenv.cgi?foo:

```
QUERY_STRING = foo
SERVER\_ADDR = 132.206.51.10
HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE = en-us, en; q=0.5
SERVER_PROTOCOL = HTTP/1.1
HTTP_CONNECTION = keep-alive
REMOTE_PORT = 35406
HTTP_USER_AGENT =
  Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.4)
  Gecko/20030624
HTTP_ACCEPT = text/xml,application/xml,application/xhtml+xml,
              text/html; q=0.9, text/plain; q=0.8, video/x-mng,
              image/png,image/jpeg,image/gif;q=0.2,*/*;q=0.1
GATEWAY_INTERFACE = CGI/1.1
HTTP_HOST = www.cs.mcgill.ca
SERVER_ADMIN = help@cs.mcgill.ca
SERVER_SOFTWARE = Apache/2.0.43 (Unix) PHP/4.3.0RC2
SCRIPT_URI =
  http://www.cs.mcgill.ca/~hendren/cgi-bin/myenv.cgi
REMOTE\_ADDR = 132.206.3.136
SCRIPT_NAME = /~hendren/cgi-bin/myenv.cgi
```

```
SCRIPT_URL = /~hendren/cgi-bin/myenv.cgi
HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING = gzip,deflate
SERVER_NAME = www.cs.mcgill.ca
DOCUMENT_ROOT = /usr/local/www/data
REQUEST_URI = /~hendren/cgi-bin/myenv.cgi?Questions
HTTP_ACCEPT_CHARSET = ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
REQUEST_METHOD = GET
SCRIPT_FILENAME =
    /u0/prof/hendren/public_html/cgi-bin/myenv.cgi
HTTP_KEEP_ALIVE = 300
PATH = /usr/local/bin:/usr/local/bin:/bin
SERVER_PORT = 80
```

The script may be written in any programming or scripting language.

The form data appears on standard input as:

name=Michael&quest=wig&color=blue&submit=Answer

but must first be decoded:

- change '+' into a space character; and
- replace %xy by the ASCII character with hex value xy.

In this example, '=' and '&' must be encoded.

For more on URL encoding see:

http://www.w3schools.com/HTML/html\_urlencode.asp

The dynamic document is supplied by the script on standard output:

Content-type: text/html

 $\leftarrow$  important blank line

Hello Michael,

>

Good luck on writing a blue WIG compiler!

or may be redirected from a different document:

Location: http://some.abolute/url

Content-type: text/html

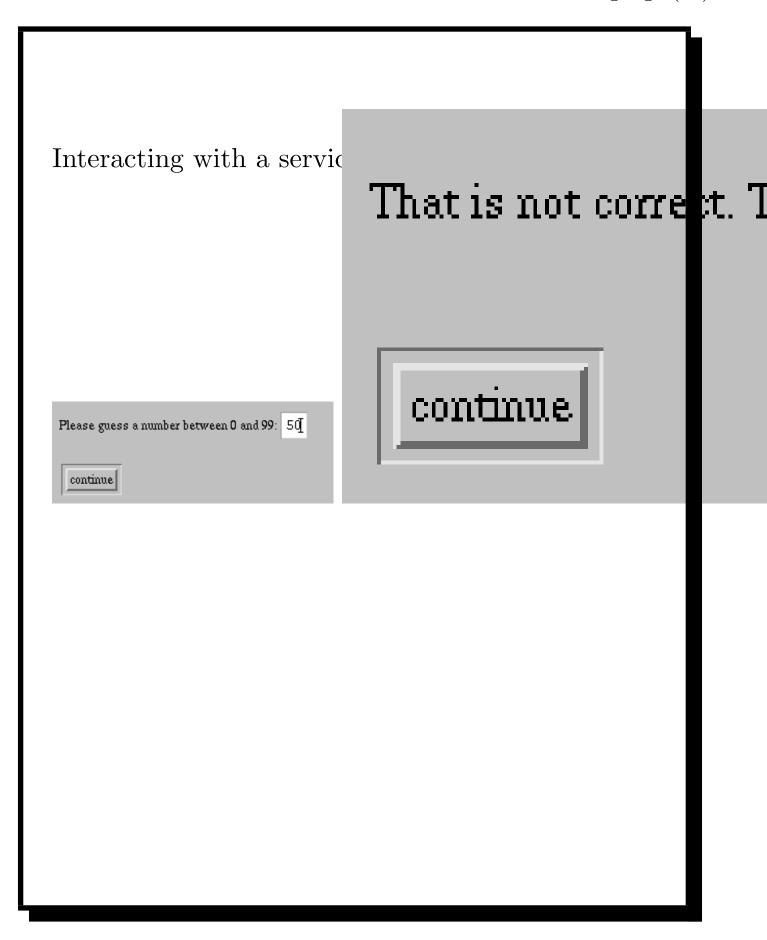
How do we know it is really HTML?

# CGI is a state-less protocol:

- each exchange happens in isolation;
- no information remains on the server; and
- different users cannot communicate.

#### We would like to have:

- global state;
- sessions;
- concurrent threads; and
- local state.



# The WIG language provides:

- global state;
- safe, dynamic documents;
- sequential sessions;
- multiple threads; and
- local state.

A WIG specification is compiled into a self-contained CGI-script.

#### A one-player guessing game:

```
service {
 const html GetSeed = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
  const html GameSeeded = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
  const html Init = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
  const html Retry = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
 const html Again = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
 const html Done = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
  const html Record = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
 const html Finish = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
  const html List = <html> <body> ... </body> </html>;
 int plays, record;
 int seed;
 string holder;
  int nextRandom() {
    int current;
    seed = (25173 * seed + 13849) \% 65536;
   return(seed);
  }
 session Seed() {
    show GetSeed receive[seed = seed];
   exit GameSeeded;
  }
}
```

```
session Play() {
  int number, guesses, guess;
  string localholder;
 number = nextRandom() % 100;
 plays = plays + 1;
  guesses = 1;
  show Init receive[guess = guess];
 while (guess > 99) show Retry receive[guess = guess];
  while (guess != number) {
    guesses = guesses + 1;
    if (guess > number)
      show plug Again[correction = "lower"]
        receive[guess = guess];
    else
      show plug Again[correction = "higher"]
        receive[guess = guess];
    while (guess > 99) show Retry receive[guess = guess];
  }
  show plug Done[trys = guesses];
  if (record == 0 || record > guesses) {
    show plug Record[old = record]
      receive [localholder = name];
    holder = localholder;
    record = guesses;
  exit Finish;
}
session HiScore() {
  exit plug List[plays = plays,
    holder = holder, record = record];
}
```

```
const html GetSeed = <html> <body>
 Please enter an integer seed for the random
 number generator:
 <input name="seed" type="text" size=5>
</body> </html>;
const html GameSeeded = <html> <body>
  Ok, now the game can proceed, the generator is seeded.
</body> </html>;
const html Init = <html> <body>
 Please guess a number between 0 and 99:
  <input name="guess" type="text" size=2>
</body> </html>;
const html Retry = <html> <body>
 That number is too large!
  >
 Please keep your guess between 0 and 99:
  <input name="guess" type="text" size=2>
</body> </html>;
const html Again = <html> <body>
 That is not correct. Try a <[correction] > number:
  <input name="guess" type="text" size=2>
</body> </html>;
```

```
const html Again = <html> <body>
 That is not correct. Try a <[correction] > number:
  <input name="guess" type="text" size=2>
</body> </html>;
const html Done = <html> <body>
 You got it, using <[trys]> guesses.
</body> </html>;
const html Record = <html> <body>
 That makes you the new record holder,
 beating the old record of <[old]> guesses.
  >
 Please enter your name for the hi-score list
  <input name="name" type="text" size=20>
</body> </html>;
const html Finish = <html> <body>
  Thanks for playing this exciting game.
</body> </html>;
const html List = <html> <body>
  In <[plays] > plays of this game, the record
 holder is <[holder]> with <[record]> guesses.
</body> </html>;
```

#### Syntax for WIG html:

```
htmls : html | htmls html ;
html : "const" "html" identifier "="
       "<html>" htmlbodies "</html>" ;
htmlbodies : /* empty */ | nehtmlbodies;
nehtmlbodies : htmlbody | nehtmlbodies htmlbody;
htmlbody : "<" identifier attributes ">"
         | "</" identifier ">"
         | "<[" identifier "]>"
         | whatever
         | meta
         | "<" "input" inputattrs ">"
         | "<" "select" inputattrs ">" htmlbodies
           "</" "select" ">";
inputattrs : inputattr | inputattrs inputattr;
inputattr : "name" "=" attr
          | "type" "=" inputtype
          | attribute;
inputtype : "text" | "radio";
attributes : /* empty */ | neattributes;
neattributes : attribute | neattributes attribute;
attribute : attr | attr "=" attr;
attr : identifier | stringconst;
```

#### Comments on WIG html:

- documents are implicitly forms;
- the <[foo] > tag defines gaps to be filled in dynamically;
- <input...> and <select...> tags are explicitly recognized; and
- all other tags and plain text are permitted but ignored.

#### Syntax for WIG statements:

```
stms : /* empty */ | nestms;
nestms : stm | nestms stm
stm : ";"
    | "show" document receive ";"
    | "exit" document ";"
    | "return" ";"
    | "return" exp ";"
    | "if" "(" exp ")" stm
    | "if" "(" exp ")" stm "else" stm
    | "while" "(" exp ")" stm
    | compoundstm
    | exp ";"
document : identifier
         | "plug" identifier "[" plugs "]";
receive : /* empty */
        | "receive" "[" inputs "]";
compoundstm : "{" variables stms "}";
plugs : plug | plugs "," plug;
plug : identifier = exp;
inputs : /* empty */ | neinputs;
neinputs : input | neinputs "," input;
input : lvalue = identifier;
```

#### Syntax for WIG expressions:

```
exp : lvalue
    | lvalue "=" exp
    | exp "==" exp
    | exp "!=" exp
    | exp "<" exp
    | exp ">" exp
    | exp "<=" exp
    | exp ">=" exp
    | "!" exp
    | "-" exp
    | exp "+" exp
    | exp "-" exp
    | exp "*" exp
    | exp "/" exp
    | exp "%" exp
    | exp "&&" exp
    | exp "||" exp
    | exp "<<" exp
    | exp "\+" identifiers
    \mid exp "\-" identifiers
    | identifier "(" exps ")"
    intconst
    | "true"
    | "false"
    | stringconst
    | "tuple" "{" fieldvalues "}"
    | "(" exp ")"
```

## Syntax for WIG expressions (cont.):

```
exps : /* empty */ | neexps;
neexps : exp | neexps "," exp;

lvalue : identifier | identifier "." identifier;

fieldvalues : /* empty */ | nefieldvalues;
nefieldvalues : fieldvalue | fieldvalues "," fieldvalue;
fieldvalue : identifier "=" exp;
```

#### Syntax for WIG schemas, types and functions:

```
schemas: /* empty */ | neschemas;
neschemas: schema | neschemas schema;
schema : "schema" identifier "{" fields "}";

fields : /* empty */ | nefields;
nefields : field | nefields field;
field : simpletype identifier ";";

simpletype : "int" | "bool" | "string" | "void";
type : simpletype | "tuple" identifier;

functions : /* empty */ | nefunctions;
nefunctions : function | nefunctions function;
function : type identifier "(" arguments ")" compoundstm;

arguments : /* empty */ | nearguments;
nearguments : argument | nearguments "," argument;
argument : type identifier;
```

#### Syntax for WIG sessions, variables, and services:

Compare our initial attempt at a grammar with a proper yacc/bison grammar with all conflicts resolved:

```
$ diff -u wiggrammar.txt wiggrammar_bison.txt
```

#### Some open questions on WIG semantics:

- what happens if not all gaps are plugged?
- what happens if a gap is plugged twice?
- must all form inputs be received?
- what are the allowed operations on tuples?
- what are the type rules?
- are global variables safe for concurrent threads?

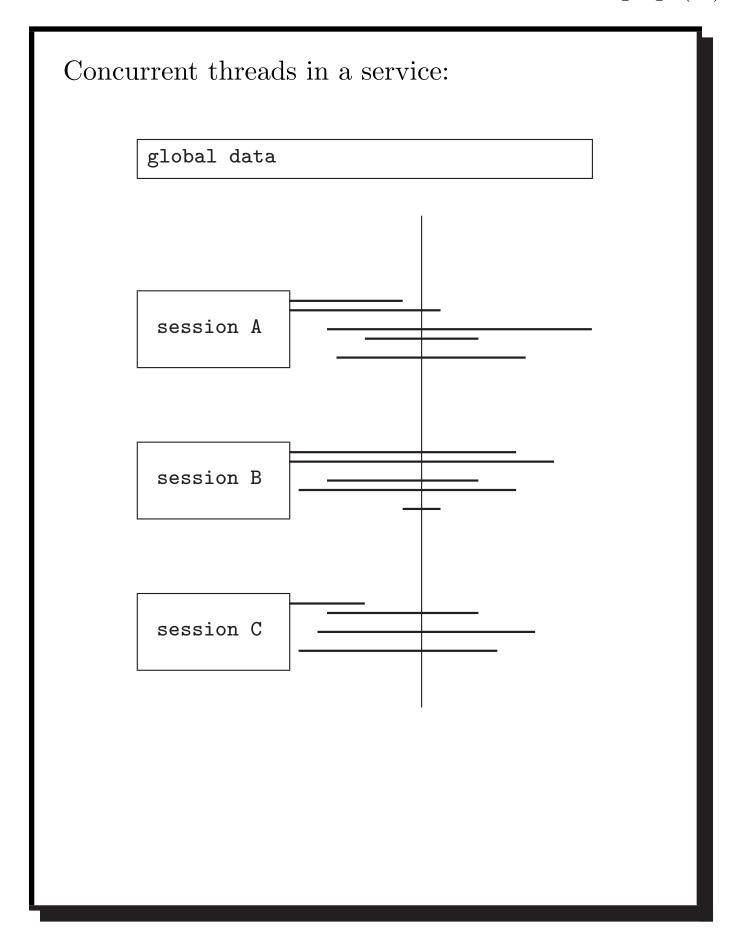
There are many such questions to ponder.

#### A simple chat room:

```
service {
 const html Logon = <html> <body>
    <h1>Welcome to The Chat Room</h1>
   Please enter your on-line name:
   <input name="name" type="text" size=25>
 </body> </html>;
 const html Update = <html> <body>
    <h1>The Chat Room Service</h1> <hr>
    <br/><b>Messages so far:</b>
    <[msg0]><[msg1]><[msg2]><[msg3]>
    <[msg4]><[msg5]>
    <hr>>
    <br/><b>Your new message:</b>
   >
   <input name="msg" type="text" size=40>
    >
    <hr>>
    >
    <input name="quit" type="radio" value="yes"> Quit now
 </body> </html>;
 const html ByeBye = <html> <body>
    <h1>Thanks for using The Chat Room</h1>
   You made <[conns]> connections
   and wrote <[msgs]> messages.
 </body> </html>;
 string msg0,msg1,msg2,msg3,msg4,msg5;
```

```
A simple chat room (cont.):
  session Chat() {
    string name, msg, quit;
    int connections, written;
    show Logon receive [name = name];
    while (quit!="yes") {
      show plug Update[msg0 = msg0,
                       msg1 = msg1,
                       msg2 = msg2,
                       msg3 = msg3,
                       msg4 = msg4,
                       msg5 = msg5]
      receive[msg = msg, quit = quit];
      connections = connections+1;
      if (msg!="") {
        written = written+1;
        msg0 = msg1;
        msg1 = msg2;
        msg2 = msg3;
        msg3 = msg4;
        msg4 = msg5;
        msg5 = name + "> " + msg;
      }
    }
    exit plug ByeBye[conns = connections,
                     msgs = written];
  }
```

A sample chat:		



#### Maintaining global and local state:

- global variables reside in shared files;
- local variables reside in program variables inside each thread.

#### Emulating a sequential thread:

- each show causes the CGI-thread to save the local state and stop;
- each form submission causes the CGI-thread to resume and restore the local state.

A WIG session thread:	

Corresponding CGI-threads:

#### Some synchronization issues and solutions:

- exclusive updates of global data: global file locking;
- critical sections: mutex semaphores.

#### Some security issues and solutions:

- tampering with the state:

  keep all state on the server;
- hijacking a session:

  use random keys in session id;
- rolling back a thread:

  the server has the program counter.

# A tiny WIG service:

```
service {
  const html Welcome = <html> <body>
    Welcome!
  </body> </html>;
  const html Pledge = <html> <body>
    How much do you want to contribute?
    <input name="contribution" type="text" size=4>
  </body> </html>;
  const html Total = <html> <body>
    The total is now <[total]>.
  </body> </html>;
  int amount;
  session Contribute() {
     int i;
     i = 87;
     show Welcome;
     show Pledge receive[i = contribution];
     amount = amount + i;
     exit plug Total[total = amount];
  }
}
```

#### Generated C-based CGI source code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "runwig.h"
char *url;
char *sessionid;
int pc;
FILE *f;
void output_Welcome()
{ printf("Welcome!\n");
}
void output_Pledge()
{ printf("How much do you want to contribute?\n");
  printf("<input name=\"contribution\"</pre>
                 type=\"text\" size=4>\n");
}
void output_Total(char *total)
{ printf("The total is now %s.\n",total);
}
int local_Contribute_i;
```

```
int main() {
/* initialize pseudorandom generator */
srand48(time((time_t *)0));
/* get form fields from CGI input */
parseFields();
/* assign the url of this service */
url = "http://dovs-www.daimi.aau.dk/cgi-mis/tiny";
/* find current sessionid from environment */
sessionid = getenv("QUERY_STRING");
/* do we start a new thread? */
if (strcmp(sessionid, "Contribute") == 0)
   goto start_Contribute;
/* do we resume an old thread? */
if (strncmp(sessionid, "Contribute$",11)==0)
   goto restart_Contribute;
/* otherwise report an error */
printf("Content-type: text/html\n\n");
printf("<title>Illegal Request</title>\n");
printf("<h1>Illegal request: %s</h1>\n",sessionid);
exit(1);
```

```
/* start up a new thread */
start_Contribute:
/* initialize local variables */
local_Contribute_i = 87;
/* assign a random sessionid */
sessionid = randomString("Contribute",20);
/* show Welcome; */
printf("Content-type: text/html\n\n");
printf("<form method=\"POST\" action=\"%s?%s\">\n",
       url, sessionid);
output_Welcome();
printf("<input type=\"submit\" value=\"continue\">\n");
printf("</form>\n");
/* save local state */
f = fopen(sessionid, "w");
fprintf(f,"1\n");
fprintf(f,"%i\n",local_Contribute_i);
fclose(f);
/* terminate thread */
exit(0);
/* and resume from here */
Contribute_1:
```

```
/* show Pledge... */
printf("Content-type: text/html\n\n");
printf("<form method=\"POST\" action=\"%s?%s\">\n",
       url, sessionid);
output_Pledge();
printf("<input type=\"submit\" value=\"continue\">");
printf("</form>\n");
/* save local state */
f = fopen(sessionid, "w");
fprintf(f,"2\n");
fprintf(f,"%i\n",local_Contribute_i);
fclose(f);
/* terminate thread */
exit(0);
/* and resume from here */
Contribute 2:
/* ...receive[i = contribution]; */
local_Contribute_i = atoi(getField("contribution"));
/* amount = amount + i; */
putGlobalInt("global_tiny_amount",
             getGlobalInt("global_tiny_amount")
             +local_Contribute_i);
/* exit pluq Total[total = amount]; */
printf("Content-type: text/html\n\n");
output_Total(itoa(getGlobalInt("global_tiny_amount")));
exit(0);
```

```
/* restart a thread */
restart_Contribute:
/* restore local state */
f = fopen(sessionid,"r");
fscanf(f,"%i\n",&pc);
fscanf(f,"%i\n",&local_Contribute_i);
/* jump to current pc */
if (pc==1) goto Contribute_1;
if (pc==2) goto Contribute_2;
} /* end of main () */
```

# The library runwig.h implements:

```
void parseFields();
char *getField(char *name);

char *randomString(char *name,int size);

int getGlobalInt(char *name);

void putGlobalInt(char *name,int value);

char *itoa(int i);
```

#### The service can be installed by a script:

#!/bin/sh
gcc tiny.c /path/to/wig4/runwig.c -o tiny4.cgi
cp tiny4.cgi ~/public\_html/cgi-bin
chmod 755 ~/public\_html/cgi-bin/tiny4.cgi

and invoked by:

http://www.cs.mcgill.ca/~'whoami'/cgi-bin/tiny.cgi?Contribute

Are we having fun yet?