## COMP 362 - Winter 2015 - Assignment 3

Due: 6pm March 13th.

**General rules:** In solving these questions you may consult books but you may not consult with each other. You should drop your solutions in the assignment drop-off box located in the Trottier Building.

1. (15 points) Use the complementary slackness to show that  $x_1^* = x_3^* = 0.5$ ,  $x_2^* = x_4^* = 0$ ,  $x_5^* = 2$  is an optimal solution for the following Linear Program:

$$\max \quad 3.1x_1 + 10x_2 + 8x_3 - 45.2x_4 + 18x_5$$
s.t. 
$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_4 + 2x_5 \le 5$$

$$2x_1 - 4x_2 + 1.2x_3 + 2x_4 + 7x_5 \le 16$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 - x_4 - 10x_5 \le -20$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + \frac{3}{2}x_4 + \frac{7}{3}x_5 \le 10$$

$$x_2 + x_3 + 6x_4 + 2x_5 \le 4.5$$

$$2x_2 - x_4 + x_5 \le 2$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \ge 0$$

- 2. (10 Points) Show that if P = NP, then P = NP = CoNP.
- 3. (20 points) Prove that the following problem is NP-complete:
  - Input: A number k, and a formula  $\phi$  in conjunctive normal form.
  - Output: Is there a truth assignment that satisfies  $\phi$  and assigns False to exactly k variables?

What happens if in the above problem we replace k with the fixed number 100?

- 4. (15 points) Prove that the following problem is NP-complete.
  - Input: A graph G and a vertex v of G.
  - Output: Does G have a Hamiltonian path that starts from the vertex v?

- 5. (20 points) Show that if in the decision version of linear programming we allow constraints of the form  $|\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i x_i| \ge b$  for integers b and  $a_i$ , then the problem becomes NP-complete.
- 6. (20 points) Show that the following problem is NP-complete:
  - Input: A formula  $\phi$  in conjunctive normal form such that each clause in  $\phi$  either involves only positive terms (i.e., variables), or it involves only negative terms (i.e., negated variables).
  - Output: Is there a truth assignment that satisfies  $\phi$ ?