

University of Calgary

CPSC 453: Introduction to computer graphics

Homework 3

Part I:

1. $(\bar{b} * \bar{b})(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \bar{b}(x) * \bar{b}(x-y) dy = \int_0^1 \bar{b}(x-y) dy = \int_x^{x+1} \bar{b}(t) dt$
 $(\bar{b} * \bar{b})(x) =$
2. If we have the barycentric coordinates for a triangle, the point P will be $P = A + u(C - A) + v(B - A)$, u and v have to be less than 1 and $u + v < 1$, if these conditions are satisfied then the point P is within the triangle
3. The surface is a sphere, the normal at point (x,y,z) is the normalized Gradient. This surface can be modelled in OpenGL by generating points by varying u and v between 0 and 2π , and then drawing these points.