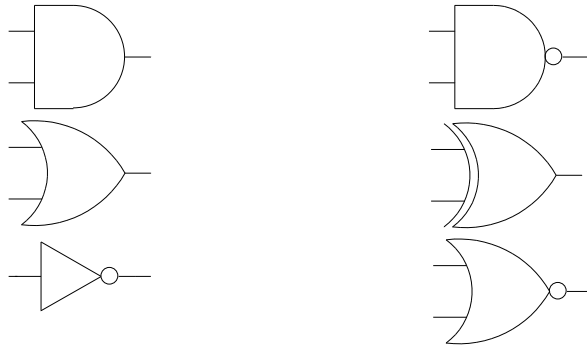


## Exercise 4: Introduction to Logic Circuit Design

### SECTION A

1. Identify the following gates:-



2. Draw the Truth Tables which describe relevant gates and display the output.

A	B	C

A	B	C

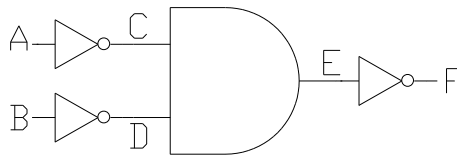
A	B	C

A	B	C

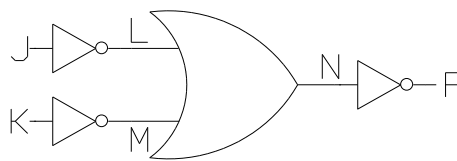
A	B

A	B	C

3. Construct the following circuits, and fill-in the truth tables for them. Indicate which gate could be used to replace each circuit.



A	B	C	D	E	F



J	K	L	M	N	P

### SECTION B

- 1) An **AND** gate can have only two inputs. (True/False)
- 2) If any input to an **OR** gate is 1, the output is 1. (True/False)
- 3) If all inputs to an **AND** gate are 1, the output is 0. (True/False)
- 4) When the input to an inverter is HIGH (1), the output is
  - (a) HIGH or 1
  - (b) LOW or 1
  - (c) HIGH or 0
  - (d) LOW or 0
- 5) An inverter performs an operation known as
  - (a) Complementation
  - (b) Assertion
  - (c) Inversion
  - (d) Both answers (a) and (c)
- 6) The output of an AND gate with inputs A, B, and C is a 1 (HIGH) when
  - (a) A = 1, B = 1, C = 1
  - (b) A = 1, B = 0, C = 1
  - (c) A = 0, B = 0, C = 0
- 7) The output of an OR gate with inputs A, B, and C is a 1 (HIGH) when
  - (a) A = 1, B = 1, C = 1
  - (b) A = 0, B = 0, C = 1
  - (c) A = 0, B = 0, C = 0
  - (d) Answers (a), (b), and (c)
  - (e) Only answers (a) and (b)