# FINITE ELEMENTS IN 1-D

### THE LOCAL ELEMENT VIEW

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$$(S) \Leftrightarrow (W) \Rightarrow (G) \Leftrightarrow (M)$$

$$\textcolor{red}{(S)} \Leftrightarrow (W) \Rightarrow (G) \Leftrightarrow (M)$$

Find u s.t.

$$\frac{d^2u}{dx^2}=f\quad\forall x\in(\alpha,b)$$

with

$$u = g \quad \forall x \in \Gamma_D$$
  
 $\frac{du}{dx} = h \quad \forall x \in \Gamma_N.$ 

$$(S) \Leftrightarrow (W) \Rightarrow (G) \Leftrightarrow (M)$$

Find  $u \in \mathcal{S}$  s.t.

$$\alpha(u,v) = F(v) \quad \forall v \in \mathcal{V}$$

where

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{S} &= \{u|u \in H^1(\Omega), u = g \ \forall x \in \Gamma_D\}, \\ \mathcal{V} &= \{v|v \in H^1(\Omega), v = O \ \forall x \in \Gamma_D\} \end{split}$$

and

$$a(u,v) = \int_{\Omega} \frac{du}{dx} \frac{dv}{dx} dx, \quad F(v) = hv|_{\Gamma_N} - \int_{\Omega} fv dx$$

$$(S) \Leftrightarrow (W) \Rightarrow (G) \Leftrightarrow (M)$$

Choose a finite number of (sufficiently smooth) basis functions

$$\Phi^h = \{\phi_i\}_{i=1}^N, \quad \mathcal{Z}^h = \{\mathbf{z}^h | \mathbf{z}^h = \sum_{i=1}^N \mathbf{z}_i \phi_i(\mathbf{x})\}$$

Define a  $S^h \subseteq S$  and  $V^h \subseteq V$  such that

$$S^h = S \cap Z^h,$$
  
 $V^h = V \cap Z^h.$ 

$$(S) \Leftrightarrow (W) \Rightarrow (G) \Leftrightarrow (M)$$

Find  $u^h \in \mathcal{S}^h$  s.t.

$$a(u^h, v^h) = F(v^h) \quad \forall v^h \in \mathcal{V}^h$$

where

$$u^h(x) = u_i \phi_i(x), \quad v^h(x) = v_i \phi_i(x).$$

$$(S) \Leftrightarrow (W) \Rightarrow (G) \Leftrightarrow (M)$$

Find  $u_i$  s.t.

$$\sum_{j=1}^{N} \alpha(\phi_i, \phi_j) u_j = F(\phi_i) \quad \forall i = 1 \dots N$$

where

$$a(\phi_i,\phi_j) = \int_{\Omega} \frac{d\phi_i}{dx} \frac{d\phi_j}{dx} dx, \quad F(\phi_i) = h\phi_i|_{\Gamma_N} - \int_{\Omega} f\phi_i dx$$

$$(S) \Leftrightarrow (W) \Rightarrow (G) \Leftrightarrow (M)$$

Find  $u_i$  s.t.

$$[K]\{U\} = \{F\}$$

where

$$[K]_{ij} = \alpha(\phi_i, \phi_j), \quad \{U\}_j = u_j, \quad \{F\}_i = F(\phi_i)$$

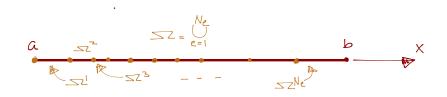
where

$$a(\phi_i,\phi_j) = \int_{\Omega} \frac{d\phi_i}{dx} \frac{d\phi_j}{dx} dx, \quad F(\phi_i) = h\phi_i|_{\Gamma_N} - \int_{\Omega} f\phi_i dx$$

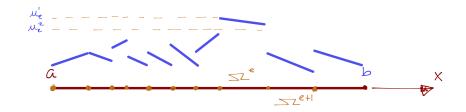
- 1. Divide the domain  $\Omega = \bigcup_{e=1}^{N} \Omega^{e}$
- 2. Require that  $\mathbf{z}^h\big|_{\Omega^e}$  be a polynomial of order p
- 3. Ensure smoothness across boundaries of  $\Omega^e$  by constraining dofs.



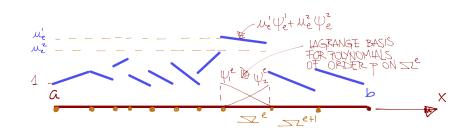
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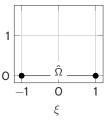


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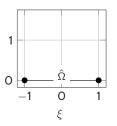


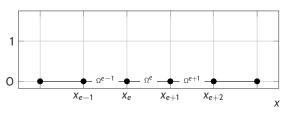
$$[K]_{ij} = a(\phi_i, \phi_j) = \int_{\Omega} rac{d\phi_i}{dx} rac{d\phi_j}{dx} dx = \sum_{e=1}^{N_e} \int_{\Omega^e} rac{d\phi_i}{dx} rac{d\phi_j}{dx} dx$$

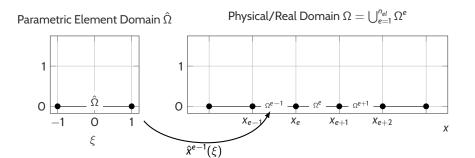
#### Parametric Element Domain $\hat{\Omega}$

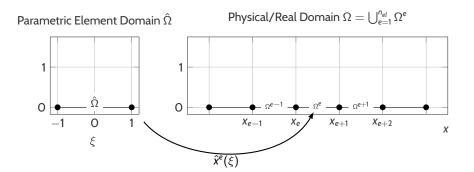


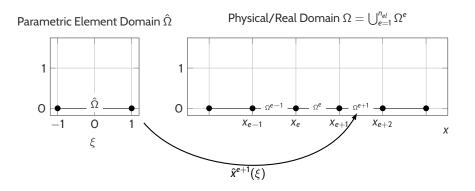
Parametric Element Domain  $\hat{\Omega}$ 



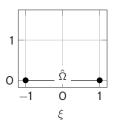


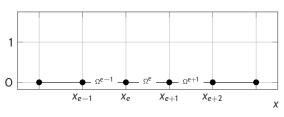






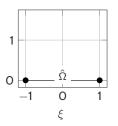
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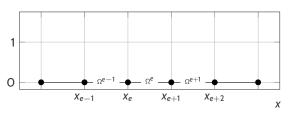




$$\hat{x}^e:\hat{\Omega} \to \Omega^e$$

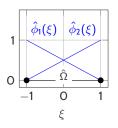
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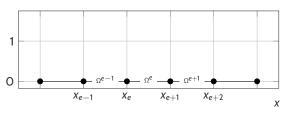




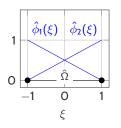
$$\hat{x}^e: [-1,1] \to [x_i, x_{i+1}]$$

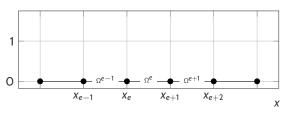
Parametric Element Domain  $\hat{\Omega}$ 





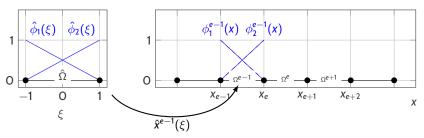
Parametric Element Domain  $\hat{\Omega}$ 





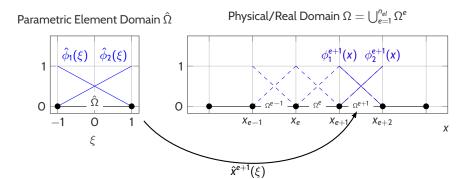
$$\phi_{a}^{e}(x)$$
 such that  $\phi_{a}^{e}(\hat{x}^{e}(\xi)) = \hat{\phi}_{a}(\xi)$ 

Parametric Element Domain  $\hat{\Omega}$ 



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$$[k^e]_{ab} = \alpha^e(\phi_a^e, \phi_b^e) = \int_{\Omega^e} \frac{d\phi_a^e}{dx} \frac{d\phi_b^e}{dx} dx = \tag{1}$$

$$= \int_{\hat{\Omega}} \frac{d\hat{\phi}_a}{d\xi} \left(\frac{dx^e}{d\xi}\right)^{-1} \frac{d\phi_b}{d\xi} \left(\frac{dx^e}{d\xi}\right)^{-1} \frac{dx^e}{d\xi} d\xi \tag{2}$$

$$[K] = \mathbb{A}_{e=1}^{N_e} [k^e]$$

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$$[K] = \mathbb{A}_{e=1}^{N_e}[k^e]$$

$$\int_{\mathcal{B}} f(x) dx \approx \sum_{q=1}^{N_q} f(x_q) \omega_q$$

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 (3)

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(5)

$$\approx \sum_{q=1}^{N_q} \left[ \frac{d\hat{\phi}_a}{d\xi} \left( \frac{dx^e}{d\xi} \right)^{-1} \frac{d\hat{\phi}_b}{d\xi} \left( \frac{dx^e}{d\xi} \right)^{-1} \frac{dx^e}{d\xi} \right] \bigg|_{x_q} \omega_q \qquad (6)$$

$$[K] = \mathbb{A}_{e=1}^{N_e}[k^e]$$