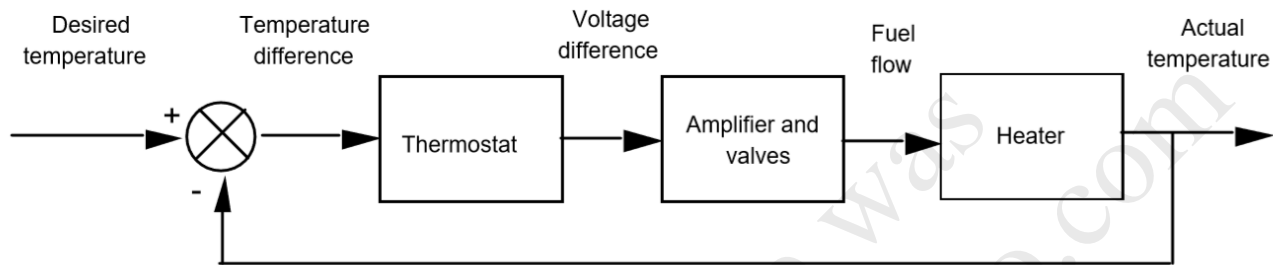


Assignment 1 (ELEC 341 L1_Introduction)

Problem 1:

A temperature control system operates by sensing the difference between the thermostat setting and the actual temperature and then opening a fuel valve an amount proportional to this difference. Draw a functional closed-loop block diagram identifying the input and output transducers, the controller, and the plant. Further, identify the input and output signals of all subsystems.

Solution:



Assignment 1 (ELEC 341 L1_Introduction)

Assignment 1. Problem 1.

Pay attention to the underlined words of the problem statement.

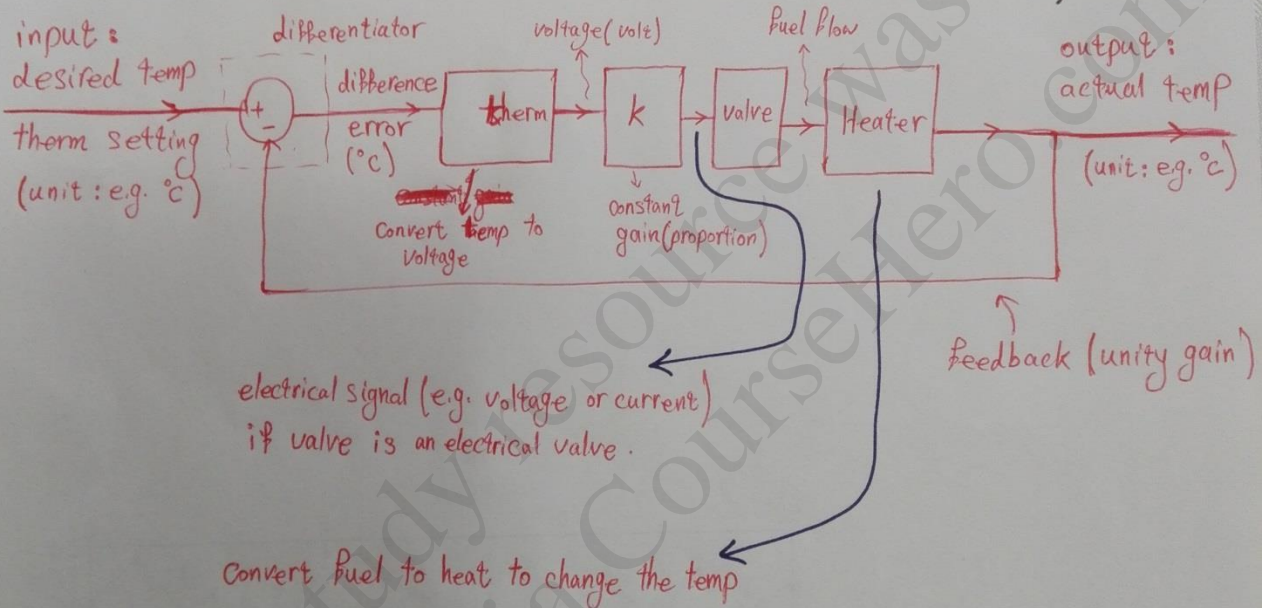
thermostat setting: this is the desired temperature which is the input.

actual temperature: is the output of the system.

difference: we need a part to take the difference. $\rightarrow \oplus$

valve: we need a valve in system.

proportional: we need a constant gain block before the valve to provide valve with an input proportional to temperature error (difference).



k : Controller

valve + Heater: plant (valve can be considered as a part of controller)

Thermostat + differentiator: transducer

Assignment 1 (ELEC 341 L1_Introduction)

Problem 2:

During a medical operation an anesthesiologist controls the depth of unconsciousness by controlling the concentration of isoflurane in a vaporized mixture with oxygen and nitrous oxide. The depth of anesthesia is measured by the patient's blood pressure. The anesthesiologist also regulates ventilation, fluid balance, and the administration of other drugs. In order to free the anesthesiologist to devote more time to the latter tasks, and in the interest of the patient's safety, we wish to automate the depth of anesthesia by automating the control of isoflurane concentration. Draw a functional block diagram of the system showing pertinent signals and subsystems.

Solution:

