## $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Math~324/524~Homework~8}\\ {\rm YOUR~NAME}\\ {\rm Due~11/6/2019} \end{array}$

1. For each of the following, determine whether the set spans the given vector space. If not, what is the span? Explain and show your work.

(a) 
$$S = \{(3,4), (-1,-1), (2,5)\}, V = \mathbb{R}^2$$

(b) 
$$S = \{(4, -3, 6, 2), (1, 8, 3, 1), (3, -2, -1, 0)\}, V = \mathbb{R}^4$$

(c) 
$$S = \{x^2 + 3x + 1, 2x^2 + x - 1, -3x\}, V = P_2$$

(d) 
$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -8 & -3 \\ -6 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \right\}, V = M_{2,2}$$

2. For each of the sets S in Exercise 1, determine whether the set is linearly independent. If it is linearly dependent, express one of the vectors as a sum of the others. Explain and show your work.

(a) 
$$S = \{(3,4), (-1,-1), (2,5)\}, V = \mathbb{R}^2$$

(b) 
$$S = \{(4, -3, 6, 2), (1, 8, 3, 1), (3, -2, -1, 0)\}, V = \mathbb{R}^4$$

(c) 
$$S = \{x^2 + 3x + 1, 2x^2 + x - 1, -3x\}, V = P_2$$

(d) 
$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -8 & -3 \\ -6 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \right\}, V = M_{2,2}$$

3.	Prove that if $S = \{u, v\}$ where $u$ and $v$ are vectors in $\mathbb{R}^2$ that are not scalar multiples of one another, then $\mathrm{span}(S) = \mathbb{R}^2$ .
	(Hint: Let $(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ be a generic vector, and find values for $c_1$ and $c_2$ such that $(x,y) = c_1 \vec{u} + c_2 \vec{v}$ .)
	Proof. WORDSSSSSS □
4.	Let $S = \{\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}\}$ be a linearly independent set. Prove that $T = \{\vec{u}, \vec{u} + \vec{v}, \vec{u} + \vec{v} + \vec{w}\}$ is also linearly independent.
	Proof. MORE WORDSSSSSS
5.	Let $S = \{\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2, \dots, \vec{v}_k\}$ be a spanning set for a vector space $V$ . Prove that if $\vec{v}_k$ can be written as a linear combination of $\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2, \dots, \vec{v}_{k-1}$ , then $T = \{\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2, \dots, \vec{v}_{k-1}\}$ is also a spanning set for $V$ .
	Proof. MORE MORE WORDSSSSSS □