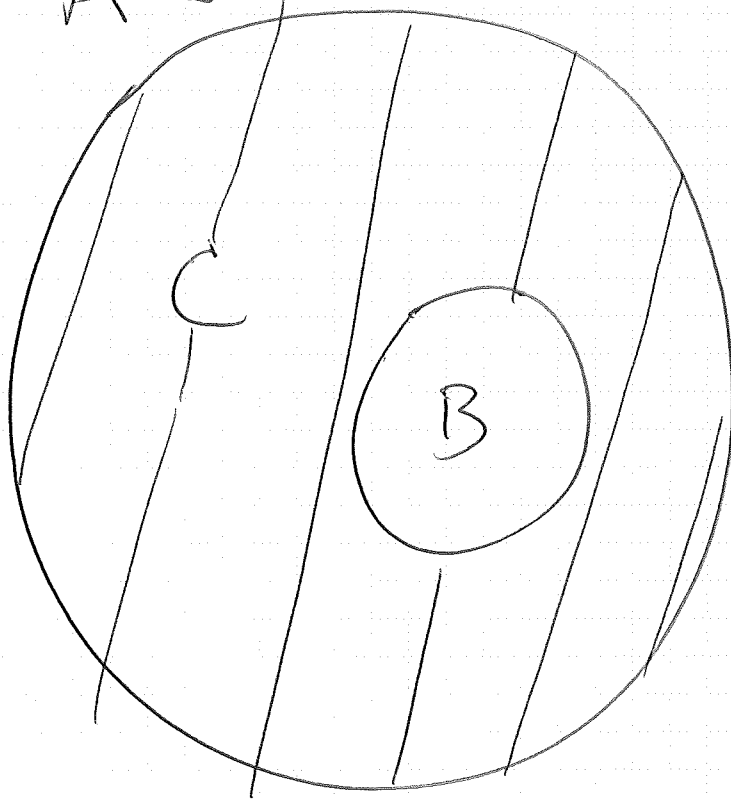


Set of Real numbers and functions

$$A \text{ ~~is~~ } = \{IR(z), IR(p), IR(f(\theta)), IR(f(\phi))\}$$



find ~~A~~ X_C

$B \subseteq A$ subset

$C \subseteq A$ subset

$B \in C$ not element

$C \in B$ not element

$$\bar{x} = \sum \frac{x_i}{\sigma_i} / \sum \frac{1}{\sigma_i^2} = \frac{x_B/\sigma_B^2 + x_C/\sigma_C^2}{1/\sigma_B^2 + 1/\sigma_C^2} \neq x_A$$

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2 = \left(\sum \frac{1}{\sigma_i^2} \right)^{-1} = \frac{1}{1/\sigma_B^2 + 1/\sigma_C^2} \neq \sigma_A^2$$

~~$x_A, x_B, \sigma_A, \sigma_B$ known~~ $x_C = \frac{x_A/\sigma_A^2 - x_B/\sigma_B^2}{1/\sigma_A^2 - 1/\sigma_B^2}$

$$\equiv \frac{\sigma_B^2 x_A - \sigma_A^2 x_B}{\sigma_B^2 - \sigma_A^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_C^2} = \frac{1}{\sigma_A^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_B^2}$$

\therefore Difference or Accuracy of predicting x_C

$$x_C - x_B = \frac{\sigma_B^2 x_A - \sigma_A^2 x_B}{\sigma_B^2 - \sigma_A^2} - \frac{(\sigma_B^2 - \sigma_A^2) x_B}{\sigma_B^2 - \sigma_A^2} = \left| \frac{\sigma_B^2 x_A - x_B}{\sigma_B^2 - \sigma_A^2} \right|$$

stat significance??

$$\frac{x_C - x_B}{\sqrt{\sigma_B^2 + \sigma_C^2}}$$

$$= \left| \frac{x_A - x_B}{\sqrt{\sigma_B^2 - \sigma_A^2}} \right|$$

??

check

This is true