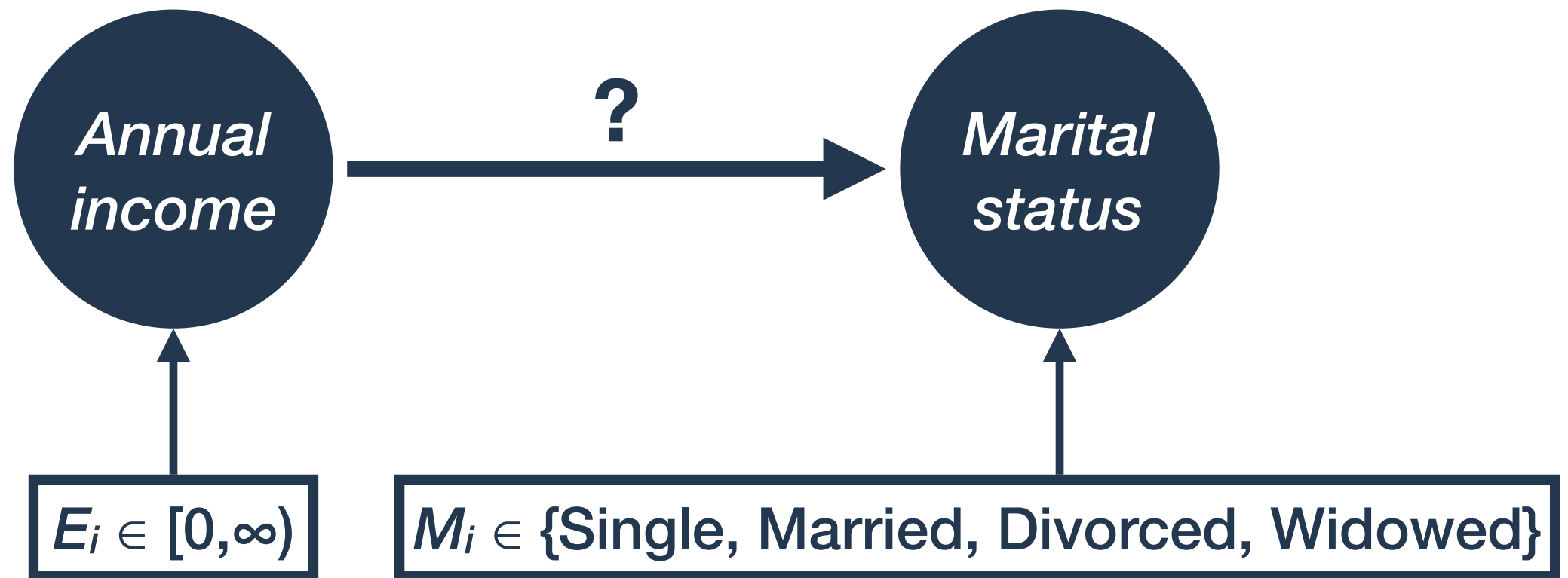


Agenda

- 1. Multinomial distribution**
- 2. Categorical outcome variables**
- 3. Softmax link function**
- 4. Interpreting coefficients**
- 5. Multinomial logistic in R**

Income and marital status



The problem

Outcome variable has multiple (>2) categories. Binomial and Poisson models won't work.

The solution

Use a multinomial outcome distribution (and a new link function) to account for the data.

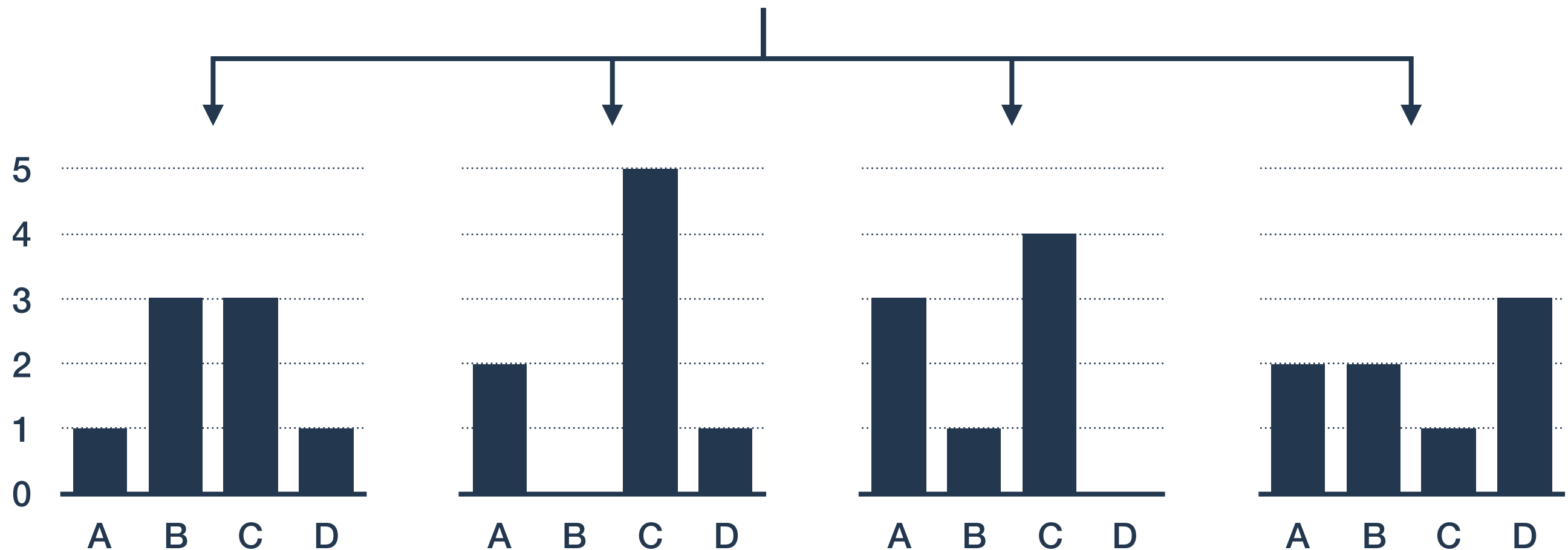
Multinomial distribution

$$\text{Multinom} (n, (p_1, \dots, p_k))$$

**Multinomial
distribution**

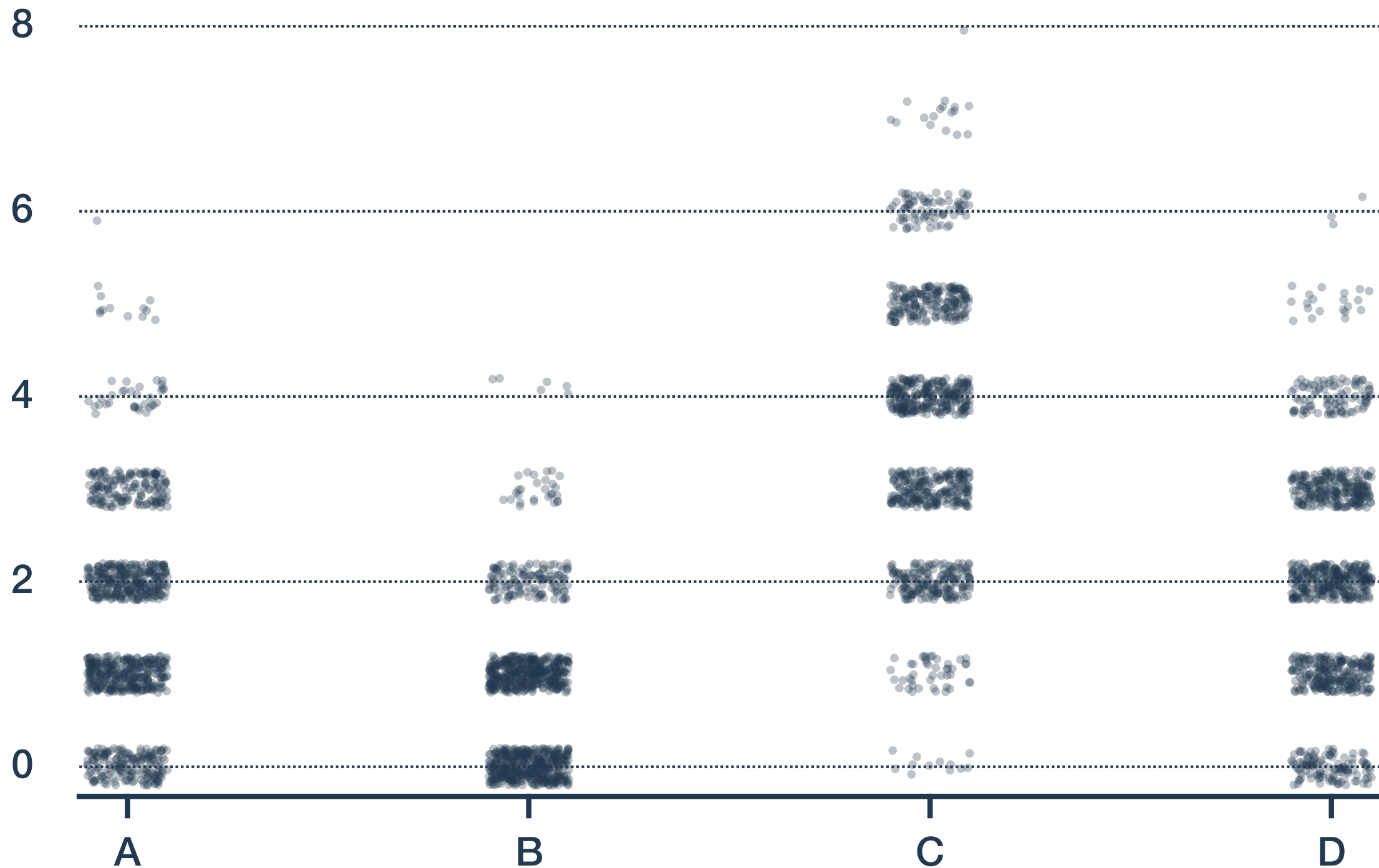
Result of n trials, each of which can result in one of k outcomes with probability p_1, p_2, \dots, p_k .

$$\text{Multinom} (8, (0.20, 0.10, 0.45, 0.25))$$



Multinomial distribution

Multinom (8, (0.20, 0.10, 0.45, 0.25))



Multinomial distribution

Binomial, Bernoulli, and categorical distributions are special cases of the multinomial.

Binomial distribution | $\text{Bin}(n, p) = \text{Multinom}(n, (p-1, p))$

Bernoulli distribution | $\text{Bernoulli}(p) = \text{Multinom}(1, (p-1, p))$

Categorical distribution | $\text{Cat}(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_k) = \text{Multinom}(1, (p_1, p_2, \dots, p_k))$

	One trial	Multiple trials
Two categories	Bernoulli	Binomial
Multiple categories	Categorical	Multinomial

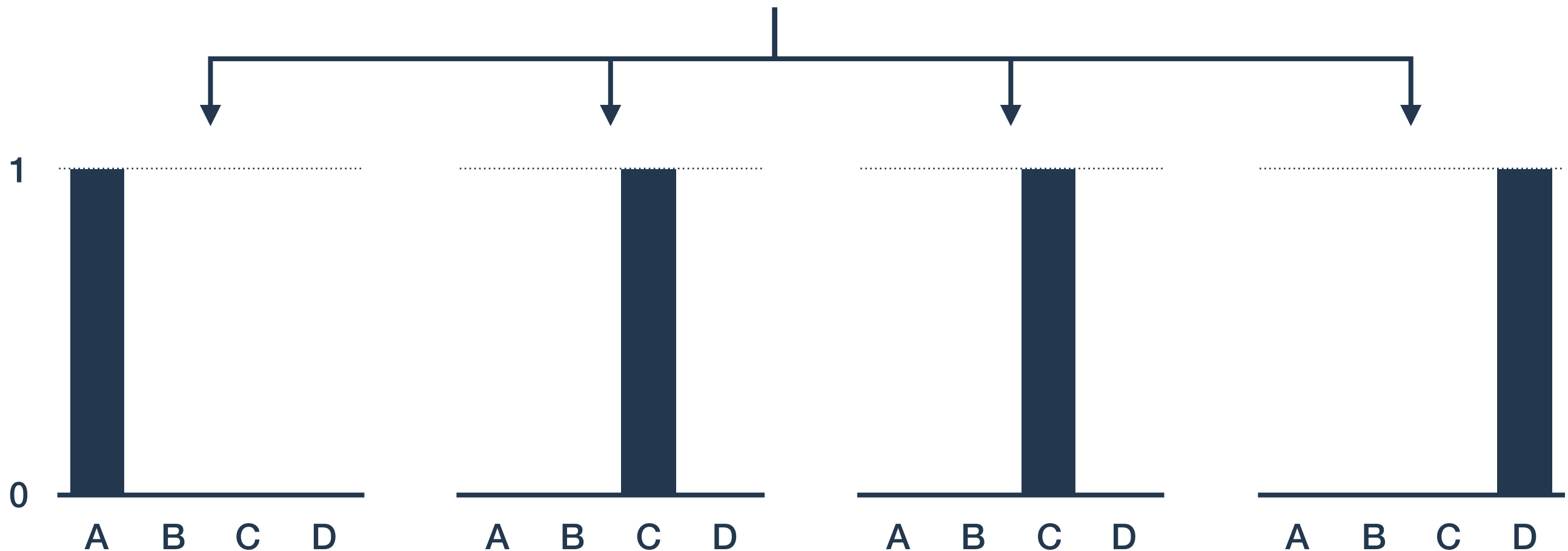
Categorical distribution

$$\text{Cat}(p_1, \dots, p_k)$$

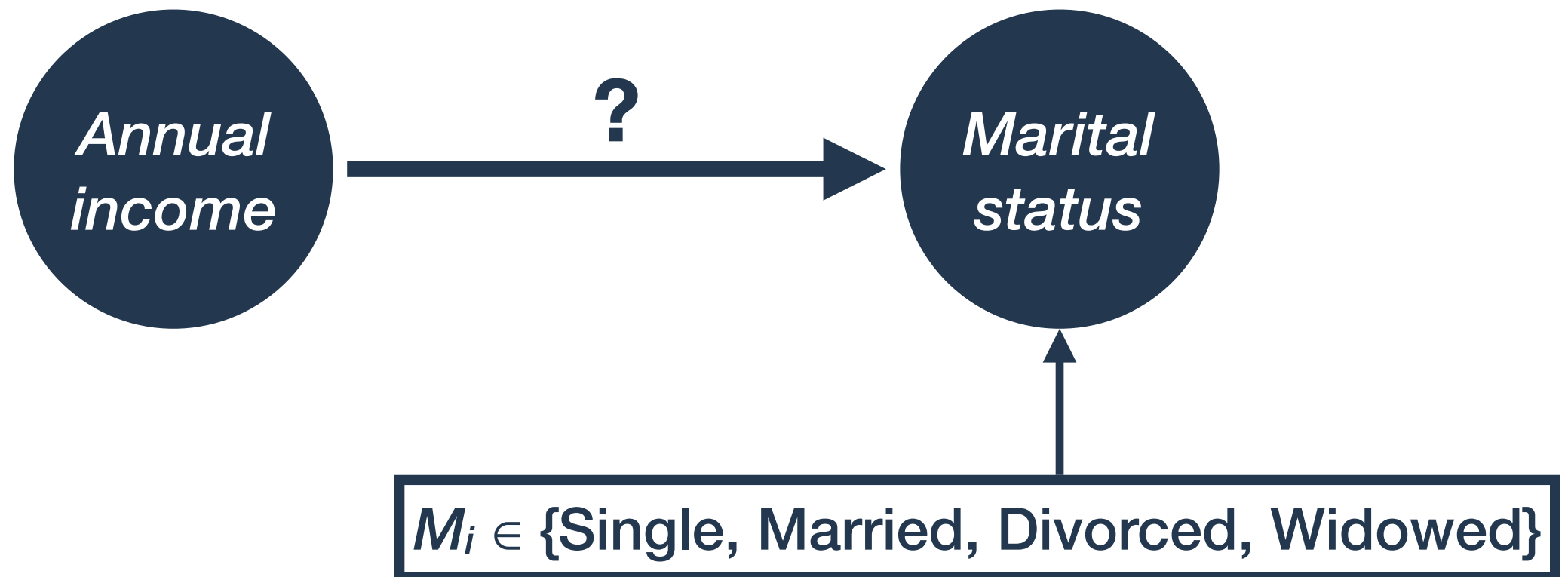
**Categorical
distribution**

| Multinomial distribution with just one trial

$$\text{Cat}(0.20, 0.10, 0.45, 0.25)$$



Categorical outcome



One category has to be the *reference* category.

$$\longrightarrow s_m = 0$$

$$s_s = a_s + \beta_s E_i$$

$$s_d = a_d + \beta_d E_i$$

$$s_w = a_w + \beta_w E_i$$

Each other category gets its own coefficient.

Softmax link function

$M_i \in \{\text{Single, Married, Divorced, Widowed}\}$

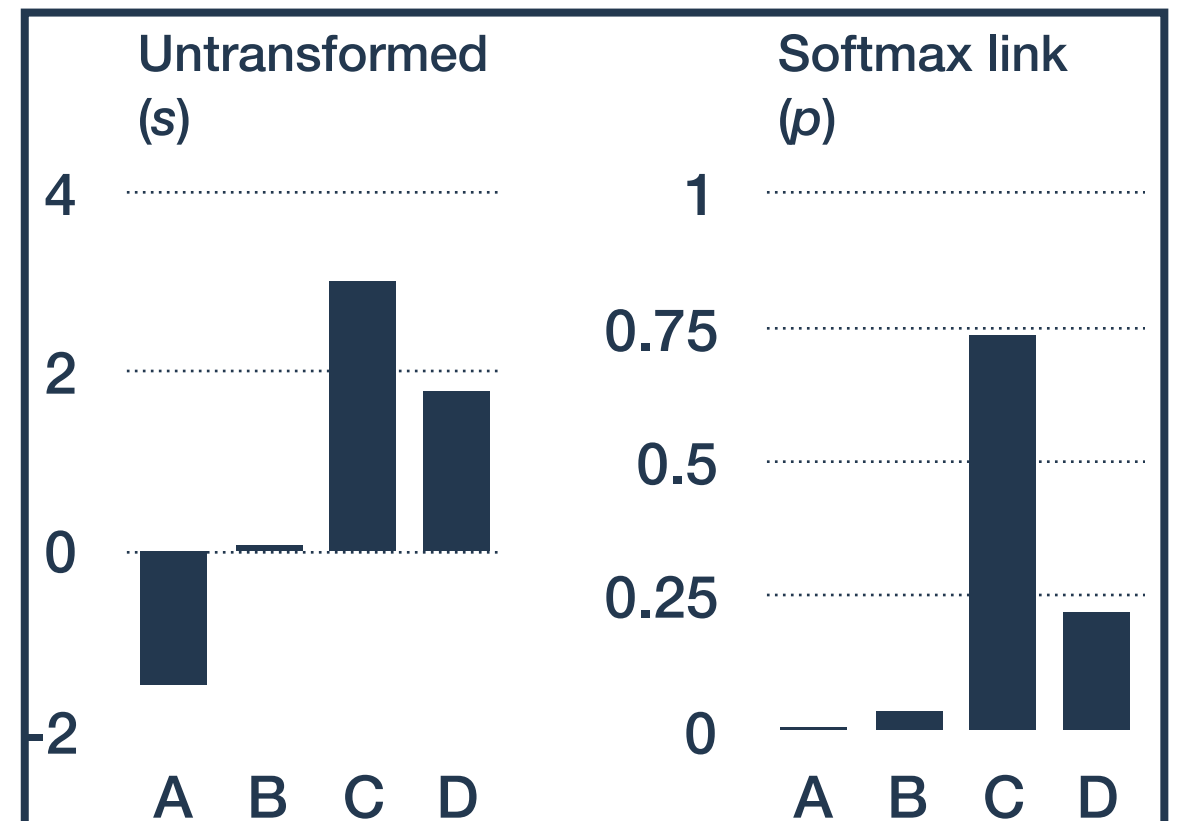
$$M_i \sim \text{Cat}(\text{softmax}(s_m, s_s, s_d, s_w))$$

$$s_m = 0$$

$$s_s = a_s + \beta_s E_i$$

$$s_d = a_d + \beta_d E_i$$

$$s_w = a_w + \beta_w E_i$$



Softmax is a multivariate generalization of inverse logit.

$$p_s = \text{softmax}(s_s) = \frac{\exp(s_s)}{\exp(s_s) + \exp(s_m) + \exp(s_d) + \exp(s_w)}$$

Multinomial logistic regression

Multinomial logistic (or categorical) regression model.

$$M_i \sim \text{Cat}(\text{softmax}(s_{mi}, s_{si}, s_{di}, s_{wi}))$$

$$s_{mi} = 0$$

$$s_{si} = a_s + \beta_s E_i$$

$$s_{di} = a_d + \beta_d E_i$$

$$s_{wi} = a_w + \beta_w E_i$$

$$a_s, a_d, a_w \sim \text{Norm}(0, 2)$$

$$\beta_s, \beta_d, \beta_w \sim \text{Norm}(0, 3)$$

Multinomial logistic regression

With two categories, the multinomial logistic model is the standard (binomial) logistic model.

$$M_i \sim \text{Cat}(\text{softmax}(s_{1i}, s_{2i}))$$

$$s_{1i} = 0$$

$$s_{2i} = a + \beta E_i$$

$$a \sim \text{Norm}(0, 1)$$

$$\beta \sim \text{Norm}(0, 3)$$

$$p_{2i} = \frac{\exp(s_{2i})}{1 + \exp(s_{2i})} = \text{logit}^{-1}(s_{2i})$$

Interpreting estimates

$$M_i \sim \text{Cat}(\text{softmax}(s_{mi}, s_{si}, s_{di}, s_{wi}))$$

$$s_{mi} = 0$$

$$s_{si} = a_s + \beta_s E_i$$

$$s_{di} = a_d + \beta_d E_i$$

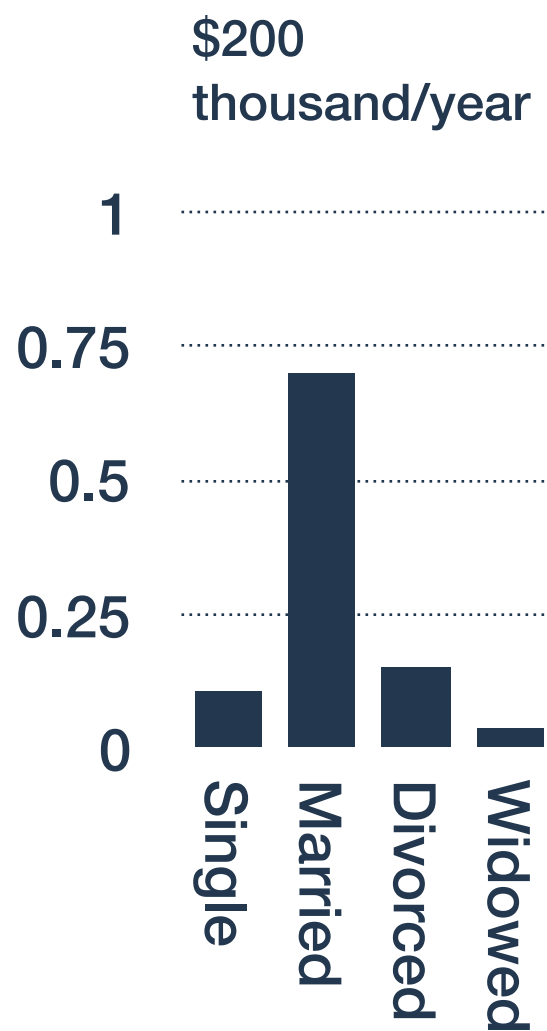
$$s_{wi} = a_w + \beta_w E_i$$

$$a_s, a_d, a_w \sim \text{Norm}(0, 2)$$

$$\beta_s, \beta_d, \beta_w \sim \text{Norm}(0, 3)$$

	Mean	90% credible interval	
a_s	5.35	4.73	5.98
β_s	-0.59	-0.65	-0.53
a_d	0.57	-0.24	1.37
β_d	-0.18	-0.25	-0.10
a_w	1.94	0.89	2.98
β_w	-0.40	-0.50	-0.30

Interpreting estimates



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