

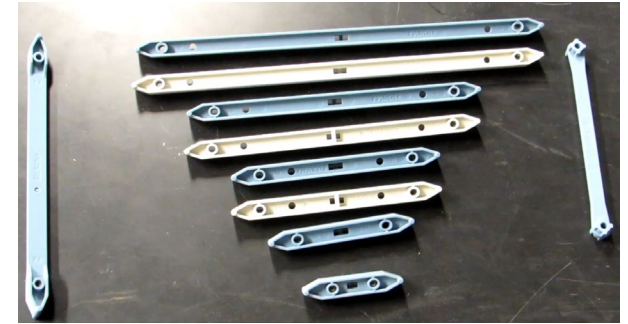
Lab 10 Structural Model Building:

Rapid Structure Design, Prototyping and Learning

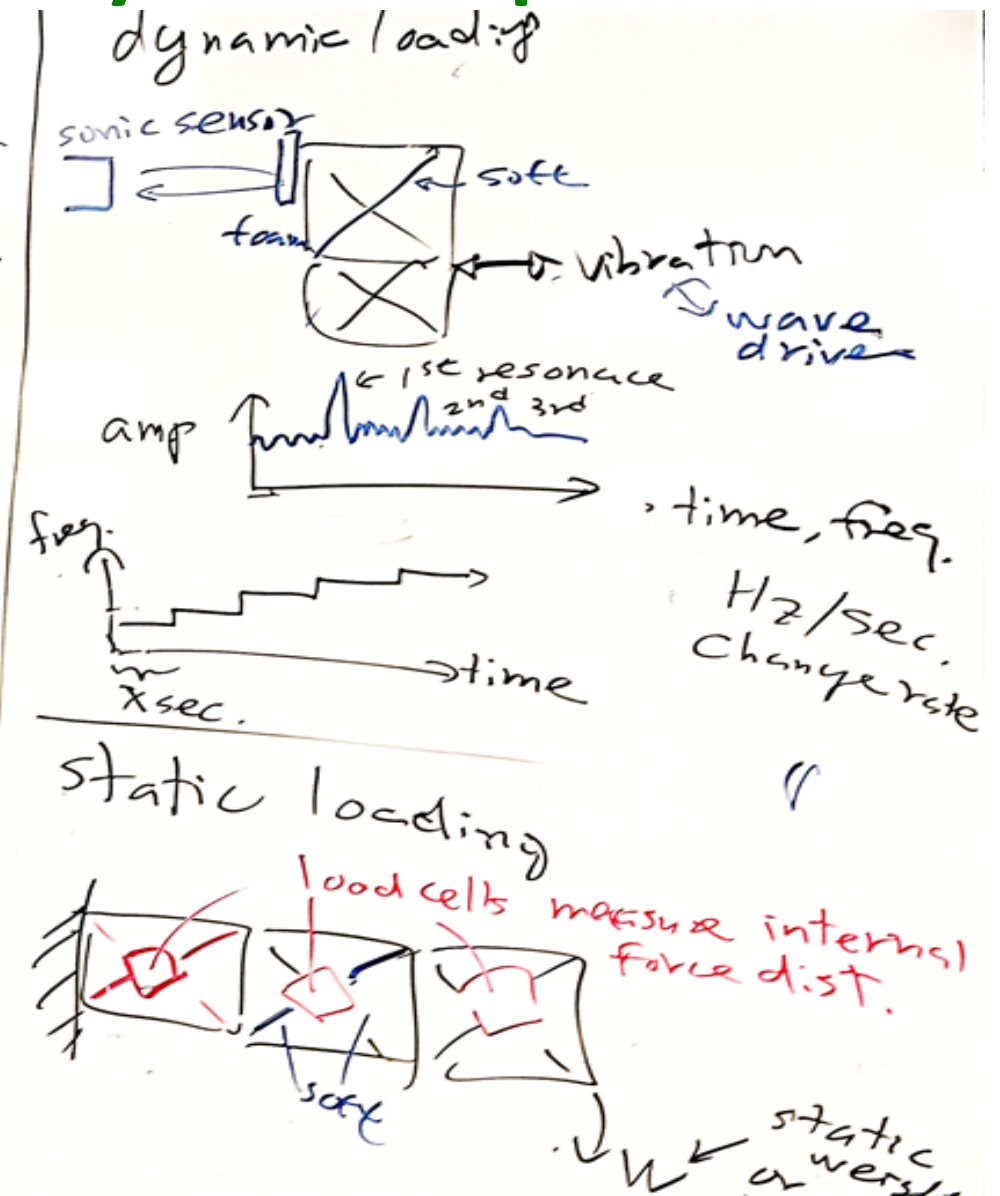
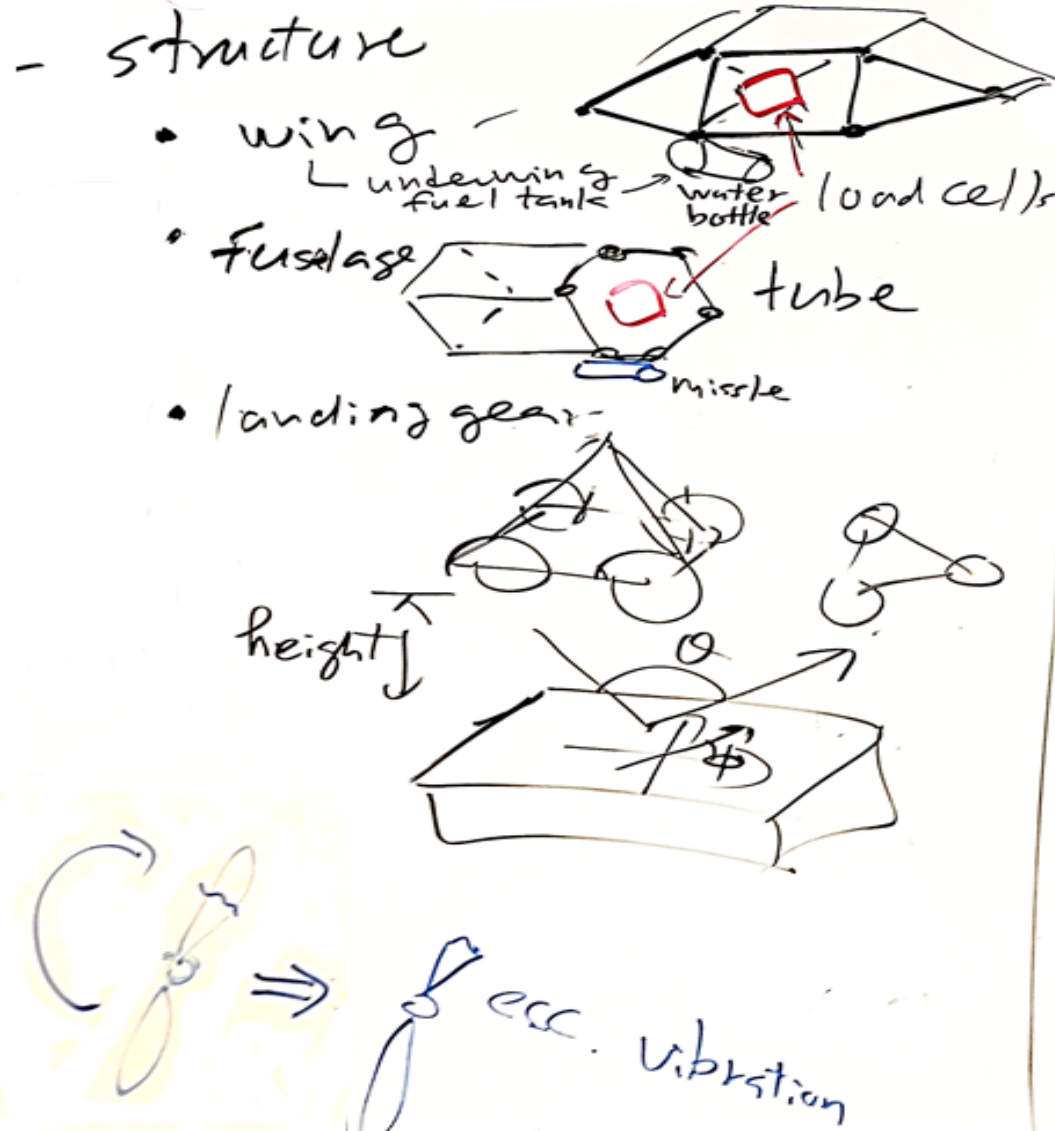
Last update: April 17, 2023

Rapid Structure Design, Prototyping and Learning

- PASCO tool kits: “Lego”-like building blocks specially designed for structure model construction
- Various load cells, motion sensors, vibration generator, etc. plug-and-play with centralized interface
- Fully monitored and controlled by PC via user-friendly software
- Fast turnaround
- Cost effective

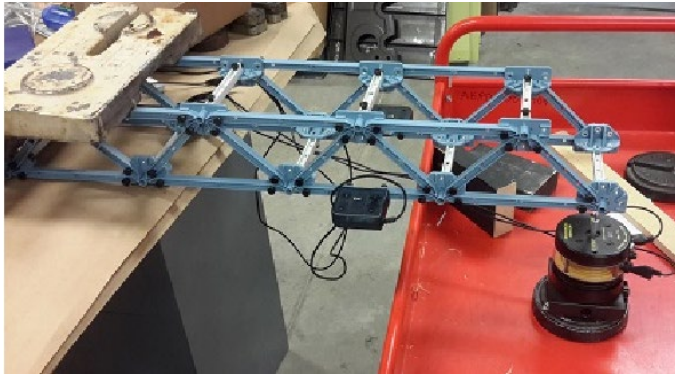


Building Ideas and Analysis Concepts

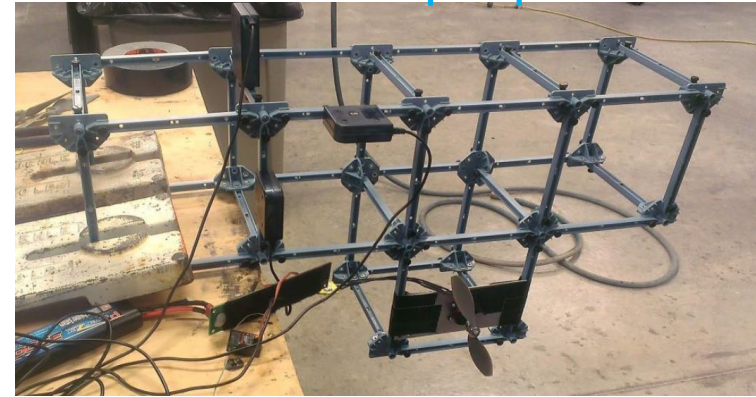


Rapid Structure Design and Prototyping: S14 Student Term Project Examples

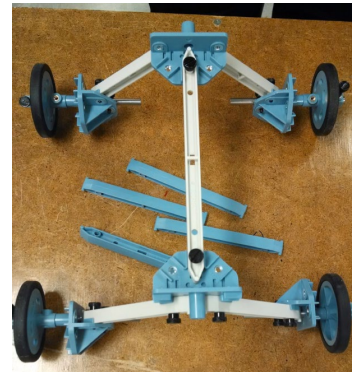
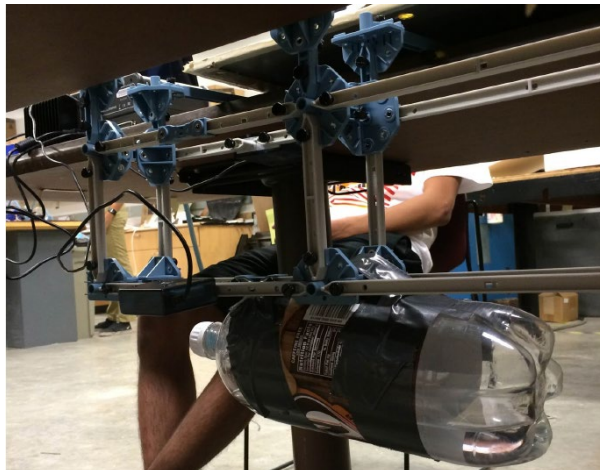
Wing structure vibration



Unbalanced propeller

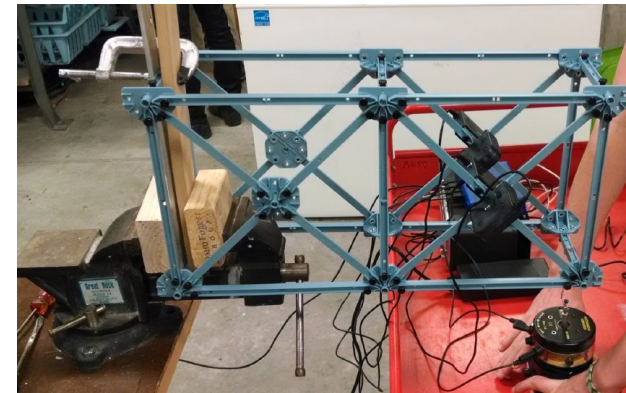


Underwing fuel tank



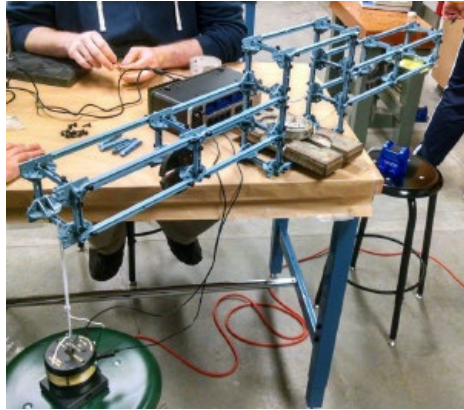
Impact loading
of landing gear

Truss force distribution



Rapid Structure Design and Prototyping: F14 Student Term Project Examples

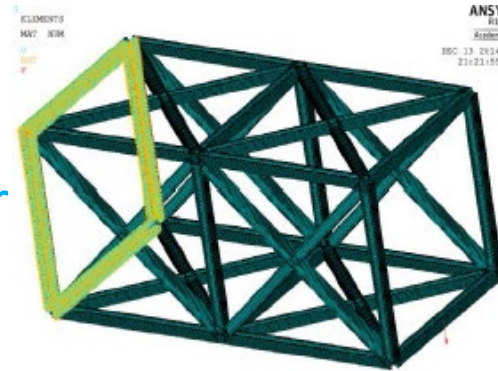
Wing structure vibration (flutter)



Vibration of quad-copter



FEM (ANSYS)
Stress analysis



Force analysis of landing gear



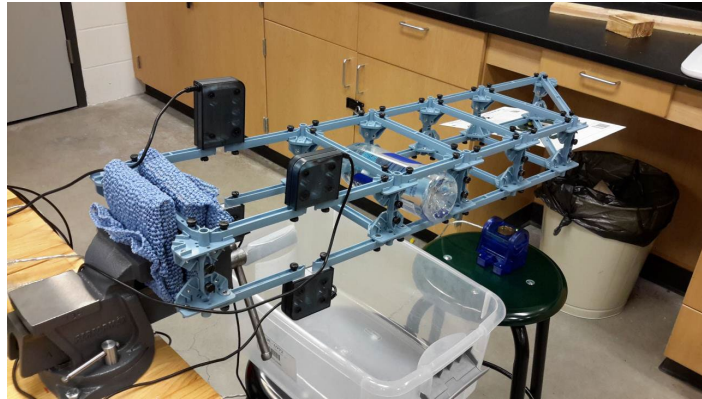
Missile payload under wing



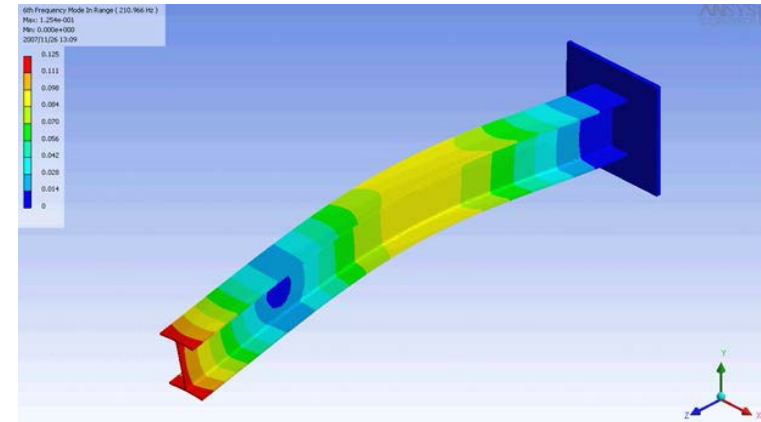
Rapid Structure Design and Prototyping: S15 Student Term Project Examples

Stress analysis of wing structure with payload

more
quantitative!



Vibration (resonance) analysis of cantilever beam



More Than Just a Fancy Structure Model !

- This lab is not a “show-and-tell” project back in grade school! We expect to see in-depth quantitative analysis rather than nice-looking qualitative structural model
- In addition to typical load/stress analyses of structures, statistical means to seek for key variable trending, regression of experimental data, etc. can be equally useful

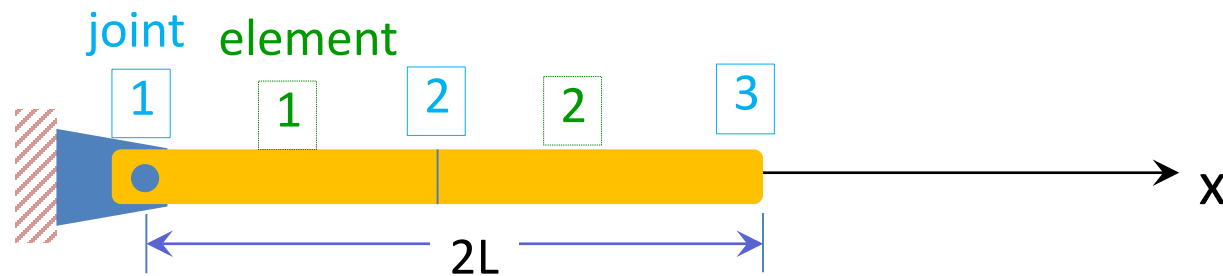
How about building this simple cantilever beam with in-depth analysis using e.g. dynamic stiffness method?!



Dynamic Stiffness Method for Structure Vibration Analysis

A simple hinged bar can be discretized into multiple elements:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{node number } \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 \end{matrix} \\
 k_{\text{element \#1}} = \frac{AE}{L} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
 \begin{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \frac{AE}{L} = k_{\text{element \#2}} \end{matrix} \\
 \begin{matrix} 2 & 3 \end{matrix}
 \end{array}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{matrix} k_{\text{element \#1}} \\ k_{\text{element \#2}} \end{matrix}} \right\}
 k_{\text{global}} = \frac{AE}{L} \begin{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\
 \begin{matrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{matrix} \end{bmatrix}$$



Modulus of elasticity E , cross sectional area A , mass density ρ

Additional Info Available in Class Canvas

- For knowledge base coverages on vibration, FFT and structural dynamics, see Week 13 and 14 lecture notes
- For calibration of load cell, see “AerE 322 How to calibrate load cell sensors.pdf” in Misc module
- For mechanical properties and modeling of PASCO building blocks, see “PASCO beam model info.pdf” in Misc module