

Resampling Techniques and their Application

-Class 6-

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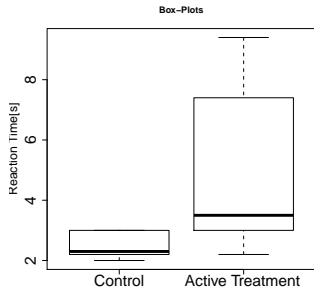
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Motivation and Examples-III

Researchers produce a pain killer using poison from a snake. They investigate the effect of the treatment on n_1 mice in the **control** group and $n_2 = 10$ mice in the **active treatment**. The response variable is the reaction time of the mice to signal pain when a stitch is applied to their tail. Is the treatment effective? (all mice survived the dose)



```
x = c(  
  2.4, 3.0, 3.0, 2.2, 2.2,  
  2.2, 2.2, 2.8, 2.0, 3.0)
```

```
y = c(  
  2.8, 2.2, 3.8, 9.4, 8.4,  
  3.0, 3.2, 4.4, 3.2, 7.4)
```

- **Aim:** Test $H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2$ and confidence interval for $\delta = \mu_1 - \mu_2$

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- $\hat{\sigma}_1^2$ and $\hat{\sigma}_2^2$: empirical variances per group with

$$\hat{\sigma}_i^2 = \frac{1}{n_i - 1} \sum_{k=1}^{n_i} (X_{ik} - \bar{X}_{i\cdot})^2$$

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$$T = \frac{\bar{X}_{1.} - \bar{X}_{2.}}{\hat{\sigma}_P \sqrt{1/n_1 + 1/n_2}}$$

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- Reject H_0 , if $|T| \geq t_{1-\alpha/2}(n_1 + n_2 - 2)$, the $(1 - \alpha/2)$ -quantile from the t -distribution with $N - 2$ degrees of freedom

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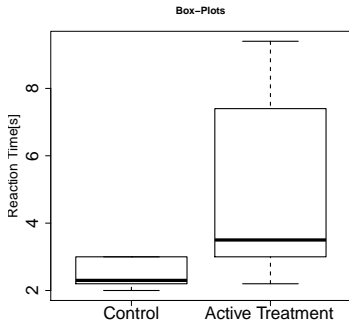
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- Reject H_0 , if $|T| \geq t_{1-\alpha/2}(\nu)$,

$$\nu = \frac{\left(\frac{\hat{\sigma}_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{\sigma}_2^2}{n_2}\right)^2}{\frac{\hat{\sigma}_1^4}{n_1^2(n_1-1)} + \frac{\hat{\sigma}_2^4}{n_2^2(n_2-1)}}$$

degrees of freedom (**Satterthwaite's approximation**).

Researchers produce pain killer using poison from a cobra. They investigate the effect of the treatment on n_1 mice in the **control** group and $n_2 = 10$ mice in the **active treatment**. The response variable is the reaction time of the mice to signal pain when a stitch is applied to their tail. Is the treatment effective?



```
react <- data.frame(resp=c(x,y),  
  grp=factor(c(rep(1,10),rep(2,10))))
```

```
t.test(resp~grp,data=react,  
  var.equal=TRUE)
```

```
t.test(resp~grp,data=react,  
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- Compute critical and p-values from the permutation distribution of T_{ns}

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- Repeat the above a large number of times (n_{perm}) and estimate the p-value

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- Use matrix technique to multiply a permutation matrix with the sample

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- Permutation version

$$\sqrt{\frac{n_1 n_2}{N}} (\bar{X}_{1\cdot}^* - \bar{X}_{2\cdot}^*) = \sum_{\ell=1}^N c_{\ell} X_{\ell}^* = \sum_{\ell=1}^N c_{\ell}^* X_{\ell}$$

- Arrange the coefficients c_{ℓ}^* in a $n_{perm} \times N$ matrix \mathbf{P} and multiply with \mathbf{X} . This operation computes all permuted values T_{ns}^*

```

mypermu<-function(nsim,nperm,n1,n2,s1,s2,Distribution){
  N<-n1+n2;erg<-c()
  #-----Permutation Matrices-----#
  i1<-sqrt(n1*n2/N)*c(rep(1/n1,n1),rep(-1/n2,n2))
  P<-t(apply(matrix(i1,nrow=nperm,ncol=N,byrow=TRUE),1,sample))

```

```

if (Distribution=="Normal"){
  x1<-matrix(rnorm(n1*nsim)*sqrt(s1),ncol=nperm,nrow=n1)
  x2 <-matrix(rnorm(n2*nsim)*sqrt(s2),ncol=nperm,nrow=n2)}
  x<-rbind(x1,x2)
  mx1<-colMeans(x1); mx2<-colMeans(x2)
  Tns <-sqrt(n1*n2/N)*(mx1-mx2)

```

```

for (i in 1:nsim){
  X<-x[,i]
  #-----Permutations-----#
  TnsP <- P%*%X #actual samle
  pvalue<-2*min(mean(TnsP<=Tns[i]),mean(TnsP>=Tns[i]))

```

```

erg[i] <-(pvalue<0.05)}
result<-data.frame(nsim=nsim,nperm=nperm,n1=n1,n2=n2,s1=s1,s2=s2,Dist=Distribution,
  Permu=mean(erg))
result}
mypermu(10000,10000,10,10,1,1,"Normal")

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Now plug everything together

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- $X_{11}^*, \dots, X_{1n_1}^*$: group 1
- $X_{21}^*, \dots, X_{2n_2}^*$: group 2
- $\bar{X}_{1\cdot}^*$ and $\bar{X}_{2\cdot}^*$: means
- $\hat{\sigma}_1^{2*}$ and $\hat{\sigma}_2^{2*}$: empirical variances

$$T^* = \frac{\bar{X}_{1\cdot}^* - \bar{X}_{2\cdot}^* - E(\bar{X}_{1\cdot}^* - \bar{X}_{2\cdot}^* | \mathbf{X})}{\sqrt{\hat{\sigma}_1^{2*}/n_1 + \hat{\sigma}_2^{2*}/n_2}}$$

- Repeat these steps $nboot$ -times
- Reject H_0 , if $T < c_{\alpha/2}^*$ or $T > c_{1-\alpha/2}^*$
- c_{α}^* : α - quantile from resampling distribution

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- $\mathbf{X}_1 = (X_{11}, \dots, X_{1n_1})$ (fixed values)
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- $f_i = 8/\hat{\mu}_{i,3}^2$

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Project

- Which resampling method is better? Permutation, Nonparametric Bootstrap or Parametric Bootstrap?

Project

- **Which resampling method is better? Permutation, Nonparametric Bootstrap or Parametric Bootstrap?**
- Write your own simulation program