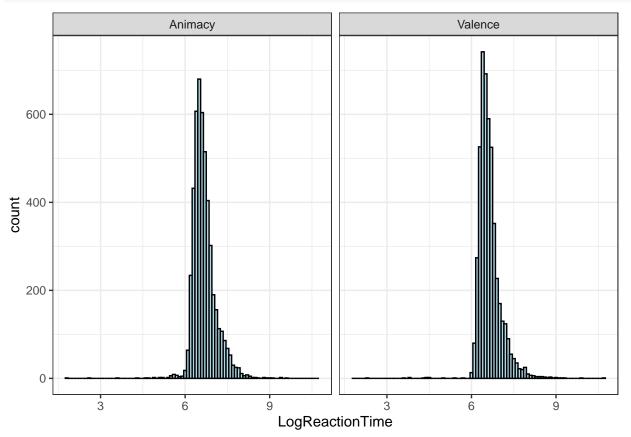
Animacy Nouns: Analysis

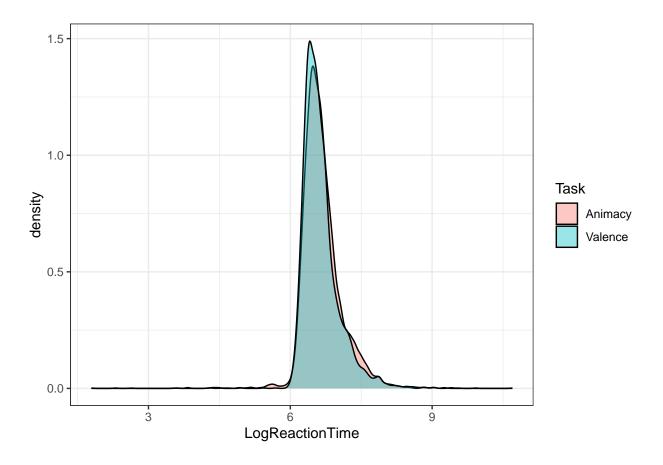
morgan moyer

2025-03-27

```
ggplot(d, aes(x=LogReactionTime)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = .1,fill = "lightblue", color = "black") +
  facet_wrap(~Task)
```



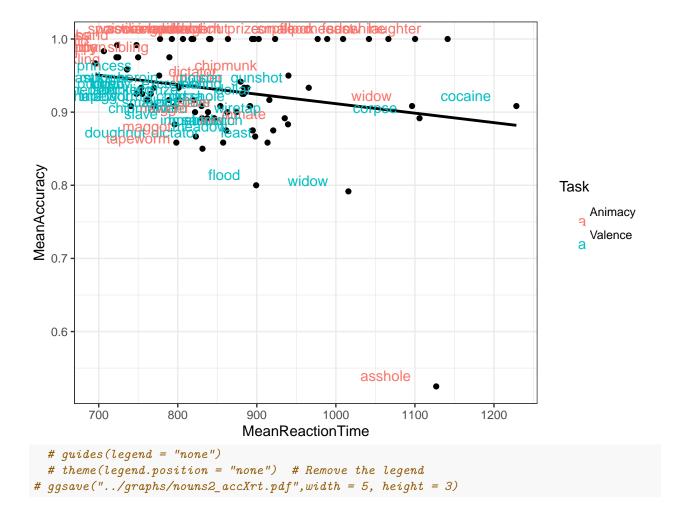
```
ggplot(d, aes(x=LogReactionTime, fill=Task)) +
  geom_density(alpha = .4)
```



Interaction between accuracy and task?

```
names(d)
   [1] "X"
                           "ID.true"
                                                                "Label"
##
                                             "Word"
                           "Valence"
                                             "Task"
                                                                "BlockOrder"
    [5] "Animacy"
                                                                "EventTime"
##
  [9] "Group"
                           "Response"
                                             "Accuracy"
## [13] "Value"
                           "RT"
                                             "ReactionTime"
                                                                "Key_value_F"
## [17] "Key_value_J"
                           "Comments"
                                             "LogReactionTime" "LogRT"
## [21] "TrialNumber"
dcen <- d %>%
 mutate(Word = as.factor(Word),
         ID.true = as.factor(ID.true),
         Task = as.factor(Task),
         cAccuracy = as.numeric(Accuracy)-mean(as.numeric(Accuracy)),
         cTask = as.numeric(Task)-mean(as.numeric(Task)))
m <- lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cAccuracy*cTask + (1+cTask | Word) + (1+cTask | ID.true), data = dcen)
summary(m)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cAccuracy * cTask + (1 + cTask | Word) + (1 +
       cTask | ID.true)
##
##
      Data: dcen
##
```

```
## REML criterion at convergence: 7023.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min 1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -12.9542 -0.5349 -0.1556 0.3430 12.4309
##
## Random effects:
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##
  Groups
            Name
             (Intercept) 0.004451 0.06672
##
   Word
                        0.007721 0.08787 -0.60
##
            cTask
  ID.true (Intercept) 0.043466 0.20849
                        0.016712 0.12928 0.29
##
            cTask
                        0.116399 0.34117
## Residual
## Number of obs: 9600, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 40
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error
                                                df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                     6.65713
                               0.03479
                                          46.72277 191.353
                                                             <2e-16 ***
## cAccuracy
                     0.02135
                                0.01795 8711.25738
                                                     1.190
                                                              0.234
## cTask
                    -0.03251
                                0.02570
                                          61.42544 -1.265
                                                              0.211
## cAccuracy:cTask
                    -0.05011
                                0.03580 8337.54377 -1.400
                                                              0.162
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
              (Intr) cAccrc cTask
## cAccuracy
              -0.003
               0.122 0.041
## cTask
## cAccrcy:cTs 0.015 -0.169 -0.007
agr <- d %>%
 group_by(Word, Task) %>%
 summarize(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
           MeanReactionTime = mean(ReactionTime))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Word'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
ggplot(agr, aes(x = MeanReactionTime, y = MeanAccuracy)) +
 geom_point() +
 geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "black") +
 geom_text(aes(label = Word, color = Task), vjust = -0.5, hjust = 1.5)
## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

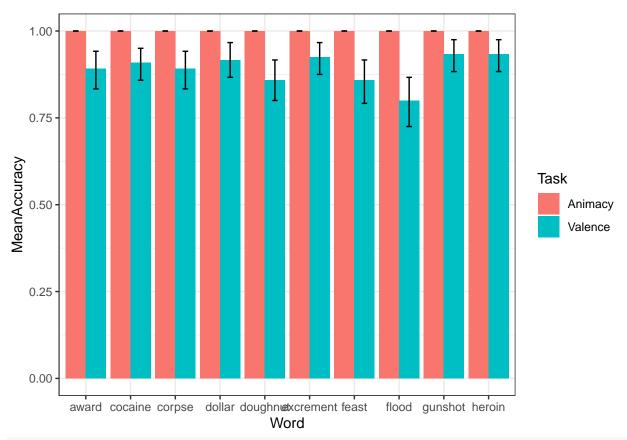


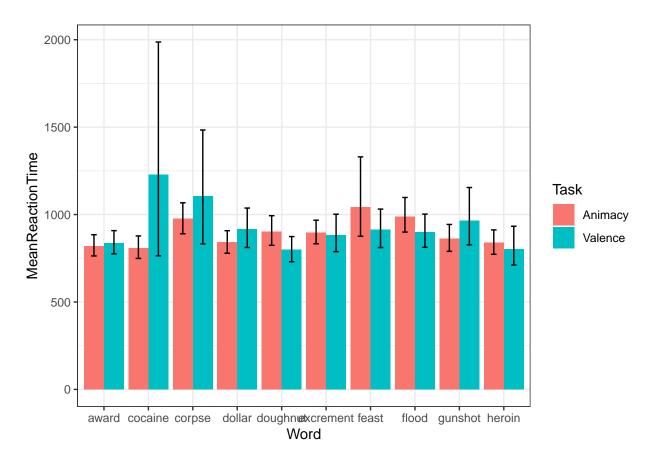
Look at words most accurate for animacy

```
# Compute highest accuracy for Concrete
concrete_accuracy <- d %>%
  group_by(Word,Task) %>%
  summarize(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
            MeanReactionTime = mean(ReactionTime)) %>%
  filter(Task == "Animacy") %>%
  select(Word, MeanAccuracy) %>%
  rename(AnimacyAccuracy = MeanAccuracy) %>%
  arrange(desc(AnimacyAccuracy)) %>%
 head(10)
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Word'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
agr <- d %>%
 filter(Word %in% concrete_accuracy$Word) %>%
  group_by(Word, Task) %>%
  summarize(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
            MeanReactionTime = mean(ReactionTime))
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'Word'. You can override using the

```
## `.groups` argument.
ggplot(agr, aes(x = MeanReactionTime, y = MeanAccuracy)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "black") +
  geom_text(aes(label = Word, color = Task), vjust = -0.5, hjust = 1.5)
## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
             mentalentut
                          corpsleod
   1.00
  0.95
                       gunshot
       excrement
MeanAccuracy
                   dollar
                                                                              Task
                                                             cocaine
  0.90 award
                                                                                   Animacy
                                            corpse
                                                                                   Valence
                                                                                 a
                    feast
  0.85
                 flood
  0.80
         800
                       900
                                     1000
                                                    1100
                                                                  1200
                               MeanReactionTime
# quides(legend = "none")
  # theme(legend.position = "none") # Remove the legend
# ggsave("../graphs/exp1b_accXrt.pdf",width = 5, height = 3)
agr <- d %>%
  filter(Word %in% concrete_accuracy$Word) %>%
  group_by(Word, Task) %>%
  reframe(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
          CILow = ci.low(Accuracy),
          CIHigh = ci.high(Accuracy)) %>%
  mutate(YMin = MeanAccuracy - CILow,
         YMax = MeanAccuracy + CIHigh)
# View(agr)
dodge = position_dodge(.9)
ggplot(data=agr, aes(x=Word,y=MeanAccuracy, fill = Task)) +
  geom_bar(position=dodge,stat="identity") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=YMin,ymax=YMax),width=.25,position=position_dodge(0.9))
```



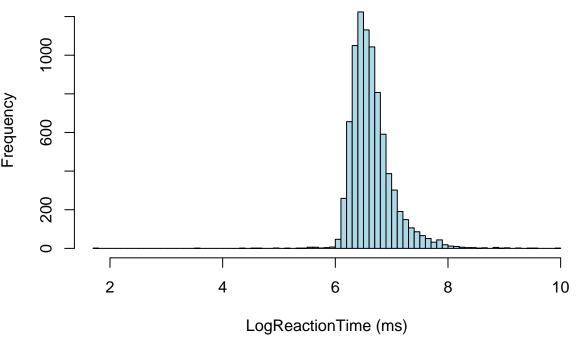


First Remove participants who aren't super, aggregating over Task

```
length(unique(d$ID.true))
## [1] 40
inacc.parts <- d %>%
  group_by(ID.true,Task) %>%
  summarise(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy)) %>%
  filter(MeanAccuracy < .75)</pre>
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'ID.true'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
# How many participants have Accuracy < .75?
length(unique(inacc.parts$ID.true))
## [1] 4
d.inaccurate.removed <- d %>%
  anti_join(inacc.parts, by = "ID.true")
# Sanity check
length(unique(d.inaccurate.removed$ID.true))
## [1] 36
# remove all inaccurate trials
orig <- nrow(d.inaccurate.removed)</pre>
```

```
d.inaccurate.removed <- d.inaccurate.removed %>%
  filter(Accuracy == 1)
nrow(d.inaccurate.removed)/orig*100
## [1] 96.41204
# Remove subjects with ReactionTime higher than 3x IQR
summary(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
            6.402
                                             9.919
##
     1.792
                     6.578
                             6.643
                                     6.799
  # Min. 1st Qu. Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                             Max.
  # 6.924
          7.328
                    7.436
                            7.479
                                    7.579 10.008
range(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)
## [1] 1.791759 9.919459
hist(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime, breaks=100, col="lightblue", xlab="LogReactionTime (ms)",
        main="Histogram with Normal Curve")
```

Histogram with Normal Curve



```
quantile(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)

## 0% 25% 50% 75% 100%

## 1.791759 6.401917 6.577861 6.799056 9.919459

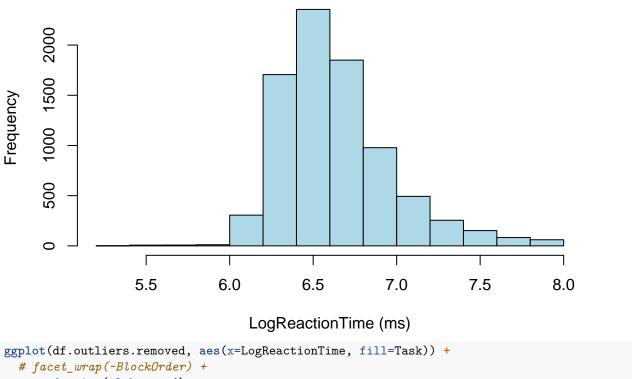
IQR(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)*3 # 0.7526289
```

[1] 1.191416

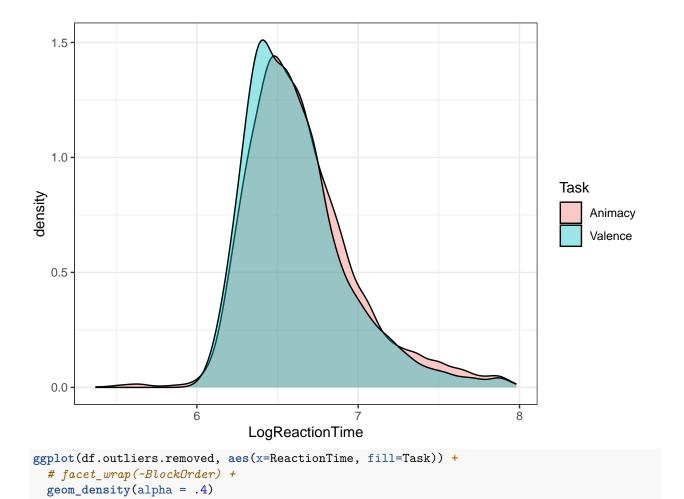
cutoff.high <- quantile(d.inaccurate.removed\$LogReactionTime)[4] + IQR(d.inaccurate.removed\$LogReactionTume)[2] - IQR(d.inaccurate.removed\$LogReactionTume)[3] - IQR(d.inaccurate.removed\$LogReactionTume)[4] -

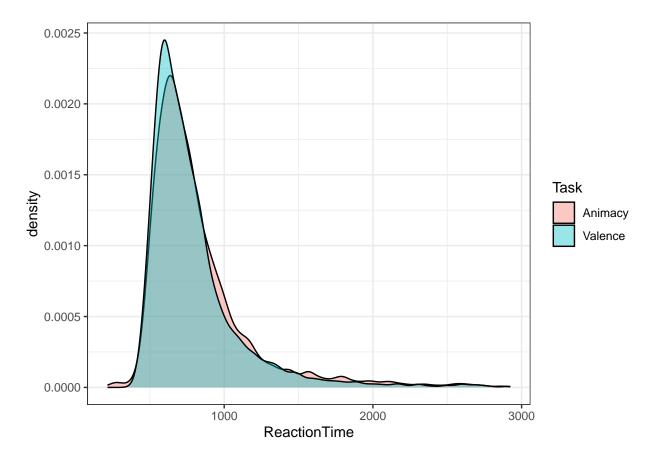
```
\# remove subjects with ReactionTime higher than 3 x IQR
df.outliers.removed <- subset(d.inaccurate.removed, (d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime > cutoff.low)
hist(df.outliers.removed$LogReactionTime, col="lightblue", xlab="LogReactionTime (ms)",
        main="Histogram with Normal Curve")
```

Histogram with Normal Curve



```
geom_density(alpha = .4)
```





convert everything to factors

Is there an effect of Task?

```
No
```

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cTask + (1+cTask|ID.true) + (1+cTask|Word), data=center)
summary(m)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cTask + (1 + cTask | ID.true) + (1 + cTask |
       Word)
##
##
      Data: center
## REML criterion at convergence: 2717.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -4.1941 -0.6206 -0.1790 0.4012 5.2021
##
## Random effects:
  Groups
                         Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##
            Name
##
  Word
             (Intercept) 0.003648 0.06040
             cTask
                         0.006919 0.08318 -0.50
##
  ID.true (Intercept) 0.026643 0.16323
                         0.011252 0.10608 0.22
##
             cTask
```

```
0.077515 0.27842
## Number of obs: 8266, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 36
## Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error
                                        df t value Pr(>|t|)
                          0.02900 43.33162 228.811
                                                     <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 6.63441
              -0.03238
                          0.02288 58.58037 -1.416
                                                      0.162
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
        (Intr)
## cTask 0.062
```

Does Accuracy predict reaction time?

```
In other words, is reaction time affected by certainty about the categorization? - No.
```

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cTask*cAccuracy + (1+cTask | ID.true) + (1+cTask | Word), data=center)
## fixed-effect model matrix is rank deficient so dropping 2 columns / coefficients
summary(m)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cTask * cAccuracy + (1 + cTask | ID.true) +
       (1 + cTask | Word)
##
      Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 2717.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
               1Q Median
      Min
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -4.1941 -0.6206 -0.1790 0.4012 5.2021
##
## Random effects:
                         Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Groups
            Name
##
   Word
             (Intercept) 0.003648 0.06040
##
             cTask
                         0.006919 0.08318 -0.50
  ID.true (Intercept) 0.026643 0.16323
                         0.011252 0.10608
##
             cTask
                                          0.22
## Residual
                         0.077515 0.27842
## Number of obs: 8266, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 36
##
## Fixed effects:
##
               Estimate Std. Error
                                         df t value Pr(>|t|)
                           0.02900 43.33162 228.811
## (Intercept) 6.63441
                                                      <2e-16 ***
              -0.03238
                           0.02288 58.58037 -1.416
                                                       0.162
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
         (Intr)
## cTask 0.062
```

```
## fit warnings:
## fixed-effect model matrix is rank deficient so dropping 2 columns / coefficients
```

Main Effect of Block Order

On ReactionTime

```
• No.
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cBlockOrder + (1 ID.true) + (1+cBlockOrder Word), data=center)
summary(m)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cBlockOrder + (1 | ID.true) + (1 + cBlockOrder |
##
      Word)
##
     Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 3049.2
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
             1Q Median
                             ЗQ
## -4.0001 -0.6348 -0.2002 0.4073 5.1660
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev. Corr
           (Intercept) 0.0035065 0.05922
## Word
##
           cBlockOrder 0.0001922 0.01386 -0.31
## ID.true (Intercept) 0.0274048 0.16554
## Residual
                       0.0820769 0.28649
## Number of obs: 8266, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 36
## Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error
##
                                  df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 6.63285 0.02931 41.57717 226.327 <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
              (Intr)
##
## cBlockOrder -0.004
```

effect of word features on ReactionTime?

```
yes
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cValence*cAnimacy + (1+cValence+cAnimacy|ID.true) + (1+cValence+cAnimacy|Work
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## unable to evaluate scaled gradient
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge: degenerate Hessian with 2 negative eigenvalues
```

```
## Warning: Model failed to converge with 2 negative eigenvalues: -2.5e-02
## -3.1e-02
summary(m)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cValence * cAnimacy + (1 + cValence + cAnimacy |
      ID.true) + (1 + cValence + cAnimacy | Word)
##
##
     Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 3013.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               ЗQ
                                      Max
## -3.9257 -0.6379 -0.1948 0.4015 5.1702
##
## Random effects:
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Groups Name
## Word
            (Intercept) 0.0004289 0.02071
##
            cValence
                      0.0047449 0.06888 -0.39
                        0.0005715 0.02391 -0.57 0.04
##
            cAnimacy
## ID.true (Intercept) 0.0266948 0.16339
##
            cValence
                      0.0011823 0.03438 0.09
##
            cAnimacy
                        0.0012485 0.03533 0.60 -0.10
                        0.0815287 0.28553
## Residual
## Number of obs: 8266, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 36
## Fixed effects:
                    Estimate Std. Error
##
                                              df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                    6.63307 0.02820 38.94821 235.253 < 2e-16 ***
## cValence
                    -0.03850
                                0.01578 39.55555 -2.441 0.01923 *
                     0.04199
## cAnimacy
                                0.01579 40.28897
                                                   2.659 0.01120 *
## cValence:cAnimacy 0.12945
                                0.02946 32.75582
                                                  4.395 0.00011 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
              (Intr) cValnc cAnmcy
              -0.032
## cValence
## cAnimacy
               0.188 - 0.004
## cVlnc:cAnmc 0.003 -0.112 -0.242
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## unable to evaluate scaled gradient
## Model failed to converge: degenerate Hessian with 2 negative eigenvalues
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cTask*cValence*cAnimacy + (1+cTask+cValence+cAnimacy | ID.true) + (1+cTask+cVa
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
## Warning: Model failed to converge with 1 negative eigenvalue: -3.4e-01
summary(m)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
```

Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cTask * cValence * cAnimacy + (1 + cTask +

```
##
      cValence + cAnimacy | ID.true) + (1 + cTask + cValence +
##
      cAnimacy | Word)
##
     Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 2681
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -4.1202 -0.6165 -0.1794 0.4059 5.2337
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Word
            (Intercept) 0.0003645 0.01909
##
                        0.0047479 0.06890
                                           0.17
            cTask
##
            cValence
                        0.0050310 0.07093 -0.59 0.13
##
            cAnimacy
                        0.0015907 0.03988 -0.52 -0.92 0.00
##
   ID.true (Intercept) 0.0266273 0.16318
##
            cTask
                        0.0112412 0.10602
                                           0.22
##
            cValence
                        0.0012370 0.03517
                                            0.12 0.27
##
            cAnimacy
                        0.0014687 0.03832
                                           0.59 -0.19 -0.05
## Residual
                        0.0768498 0.27722
## Number of obs: 8266, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 36
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                          Estimate Std. Error
                                                    df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                           6.63456
                                      0.02827 39.43220 234.721 < 2e-16 ***
## cTask
                          -0.03229
                                      0.02164 52.28180 -1.492 0.141706
## cValence
                          -0.04032
                                      0.01657 28.12994 -2.433 0.021606 *
## cAnimacy
                           0.03982
                                      0.01671 29.21295
                                                        2.383 0.023897 *
## cTask:cValence
                           0.05249
                                      0.02499 35.02060
                                                        2.100 0.042986 *
## cTask:cAnimacy
                          -0.04746
                                      0.02499 35.02451 -1.899 0.065875 .
## cValence:cAnimacy
                           0.13369
                                      0.03109 22.54020
                                                        4.300 0.000277 ***
## cTask:cValence:cAnimacy -0.14462
                                      0.04998 35.03489 -2.893 0.006517 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
              (Intr) cTask cValnc cAnmcy cTsk:V cTsk:A cVln:A
## cTask
               0.182
## cValence
              -0.047 0.122
## cAnimacy
               0.178 -0.231 -0.011
## cTask:cVlnc 0.023 0.008 0.046 -0.008
## cTsk:cAnmcy -0.088 0.007 -0.008 0.058 0.005
## cVlnc:cAnmc -0.001 -0.005 -0.146 -0.314 -0.319 0.083
## cTsk:cVln:A -0.002 0.003 -0.299 0.077 0.011 0.013 0.059
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
```