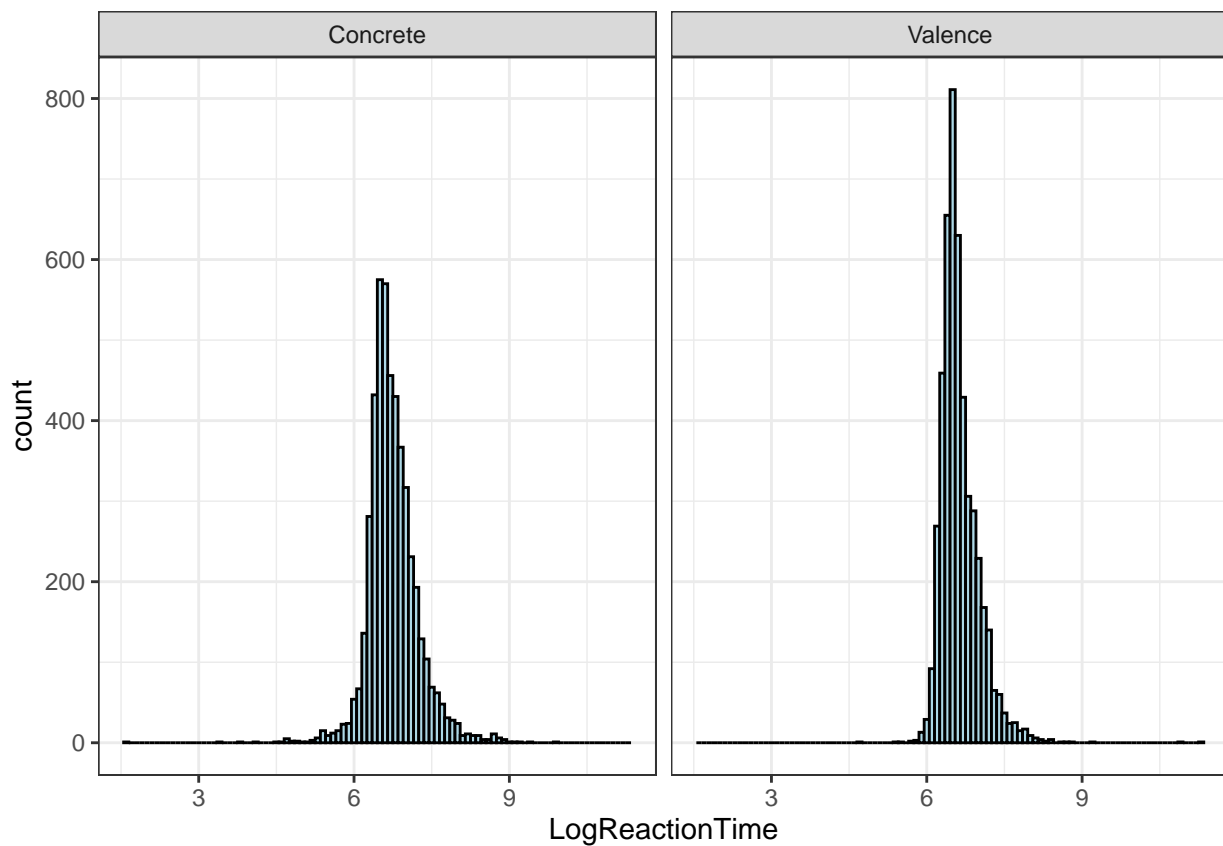


Adjs Conc-Abs: Analysis

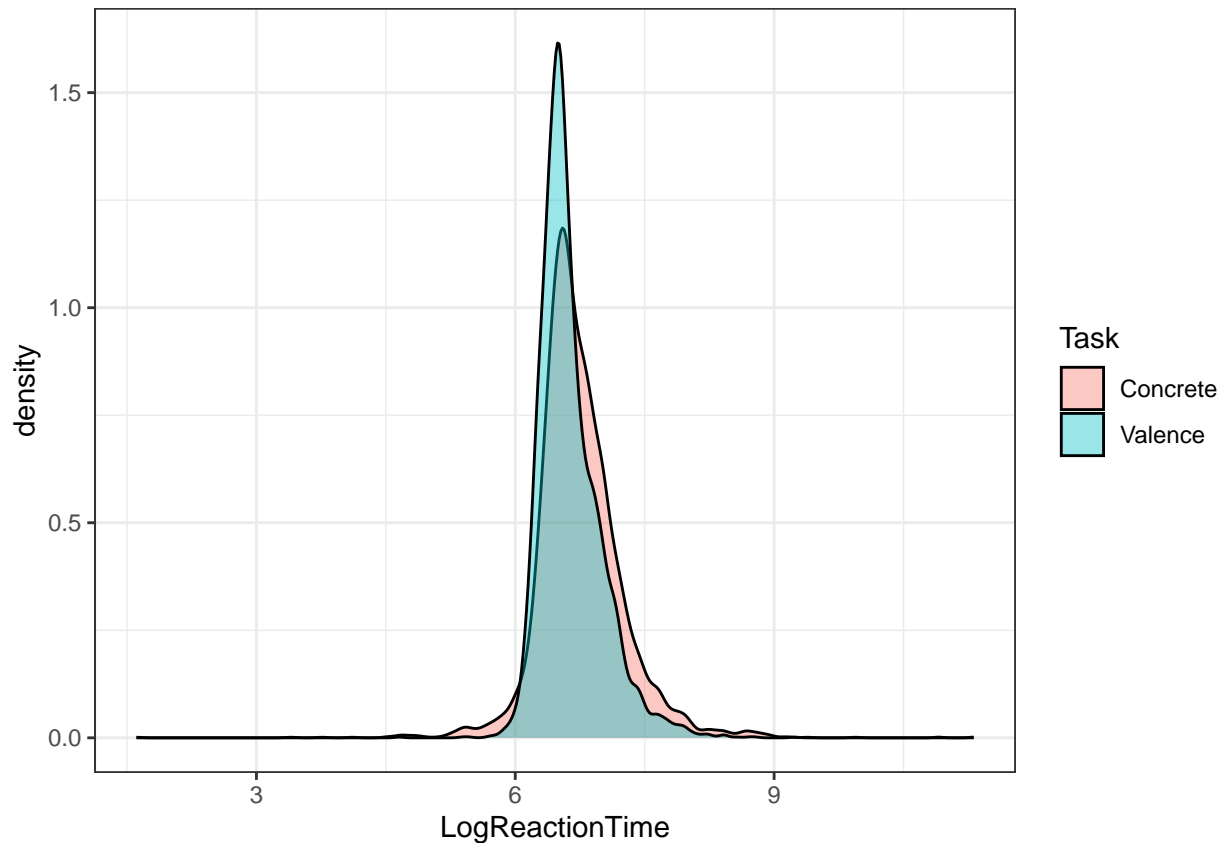
morgan moyer

2025-03-26

```
ggplot(d, aes(x=LogReactionTime)) +  
  geom_histogram(binwidth = .1, fill = "lightblue", color = "black") +  
  facet_wrap(~Task)
```



```
ggplot(d, aes(x=LogReactionTime, fill=Task)) +  
  geom_density(alpha = .4)
```



```
names(d)
```

```
## [1] "X"           "ID.true"      "Word"         "Label"
## [5] "ConcValCombo" "Task"         "BlockOrder"   "Group"
## [9] "Response"     "Accuracy"     "EventTime"    "Value"
## [13] "RT"           "ReactionTime" "Key_value_F"  "Key_value_J"
## [17] "Comments"     "LogReactionTime" "LogRT"        "TrialNumber"
```

```
dcen <- d %>%
```

```
  mutate(Word = as.factor(Word),
         ID.true = as.factor(ID.true),
         Task = as.factor(Task),
         cAccuracy = as.numeric(Accuracy) - mean(as.numeric(Accuracy)),
         cTask = as.numeric(Task) - mean(as.numeric(Task)))
```

```
m <- lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cAccuracy*cTask + (1+cTask|Word) + (1+cTask|ID.true), data = dcen)
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cAccuracy * cTask + (1 + cTask | Word) + (1 +
##       cTask | ID.true)
## Data: dcen
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 6365
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
```

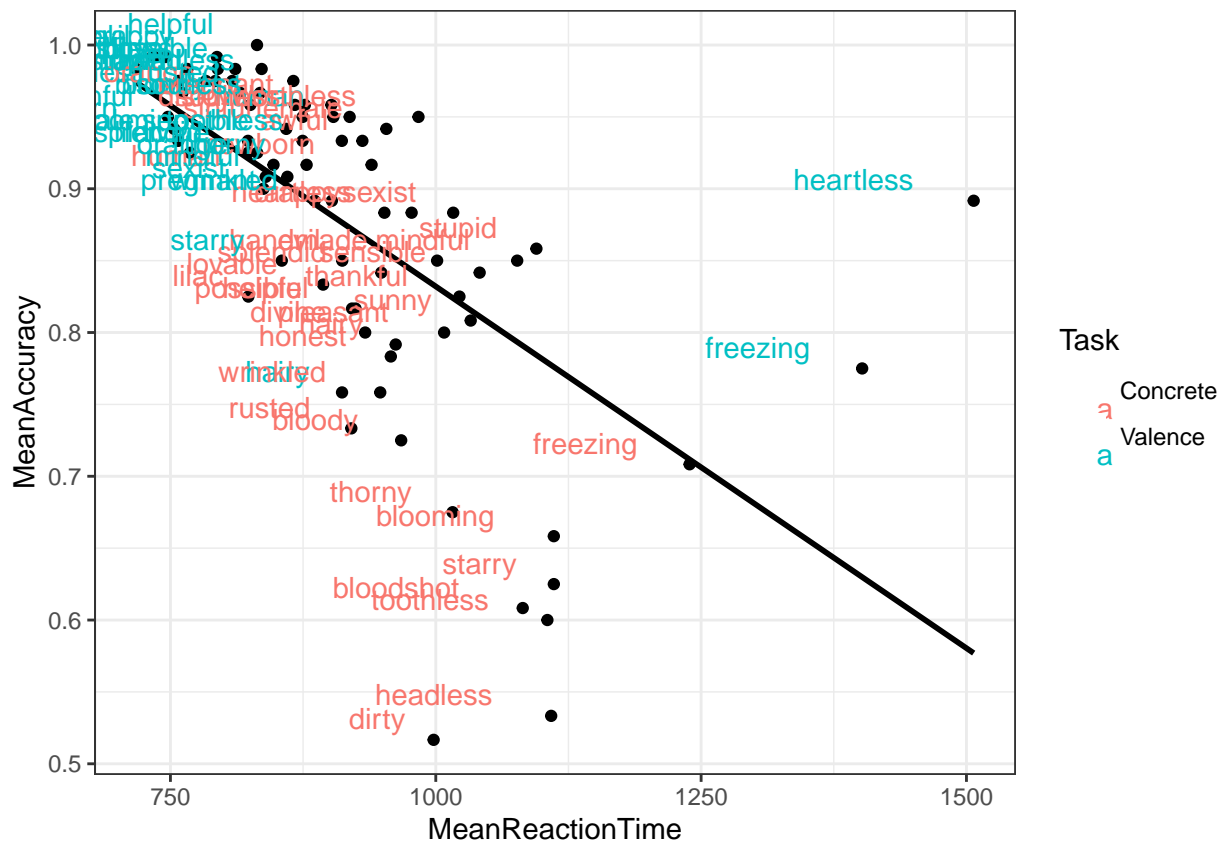
```
## -12.3572 -0.5780 -0.1481 0.4092 13.9472
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Word (Intercept) 0.002443 0.04942
## cTask 0.003430 0.05857 -0.12
## ID.true (Intercept) 0.066652 0.25817
## cTask 0.042951 0.20725 -0.44
## Residual 0.108397 0.32924
## Number of obs: 9600, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 40
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 6.69182 0.04171 41.84694 160.455 < 2e-16 ***
## cAccuracy -0.01096 0.01261 9401.15604 -0.869 0.38487
## cTask -0.10819 0.03475 44.70672 -3.114 0.00322 **
## cAccuracy:cTask 0.02952 0.02518 9314.15001 1.173 0.24101
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) cAccrc cTask
## cAccuracy -0.008
## cTask -0.412 -0.047
## cAccrc:cTs -0.020 0.408 -0.019
```

```
agr <- d %>%
  group_by(Word,Task) %>%
  summarize(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
            MeanReactionTime = mean(ReactionTime))
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Word'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
ggplot(agr, aes(x = MeanReactionTime, y = MeanAccuracy)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "black") +
  geom_text(aes(label = Word, color = Task), vjust = -0.5, hjust = 1.5)
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```



```
# guides(legend = "none")
# theme(legend.position = "none") # Remove the legend
# ggsave("../graphs/exp1b_accXrt.pdf",width = 5, height = 3)
```

```
# Compute highest accuracy for Concrete
concrete_accuracy <- d %>%
  group_by(Word,Task) %>%
  summarize(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
            MeanReactionTime = mean(ReactionTime)) %>%
  filter(Task == "Concrete") %>%
  select(Word, MeanAccuracy) %>%
  rename(ConcreteAccuracy = MeanAccuracy) %>%
  arrange(desc(ConcreteAccuracy)) %>%
  head(10)
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Word'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
agr <- d %>%
  filter(Word %in% concrete_accuracy$Word) %>%
  group_by(Word,Task) %>%
  summarize(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
            MeanReactionTime = mean(ReactionTime))
```

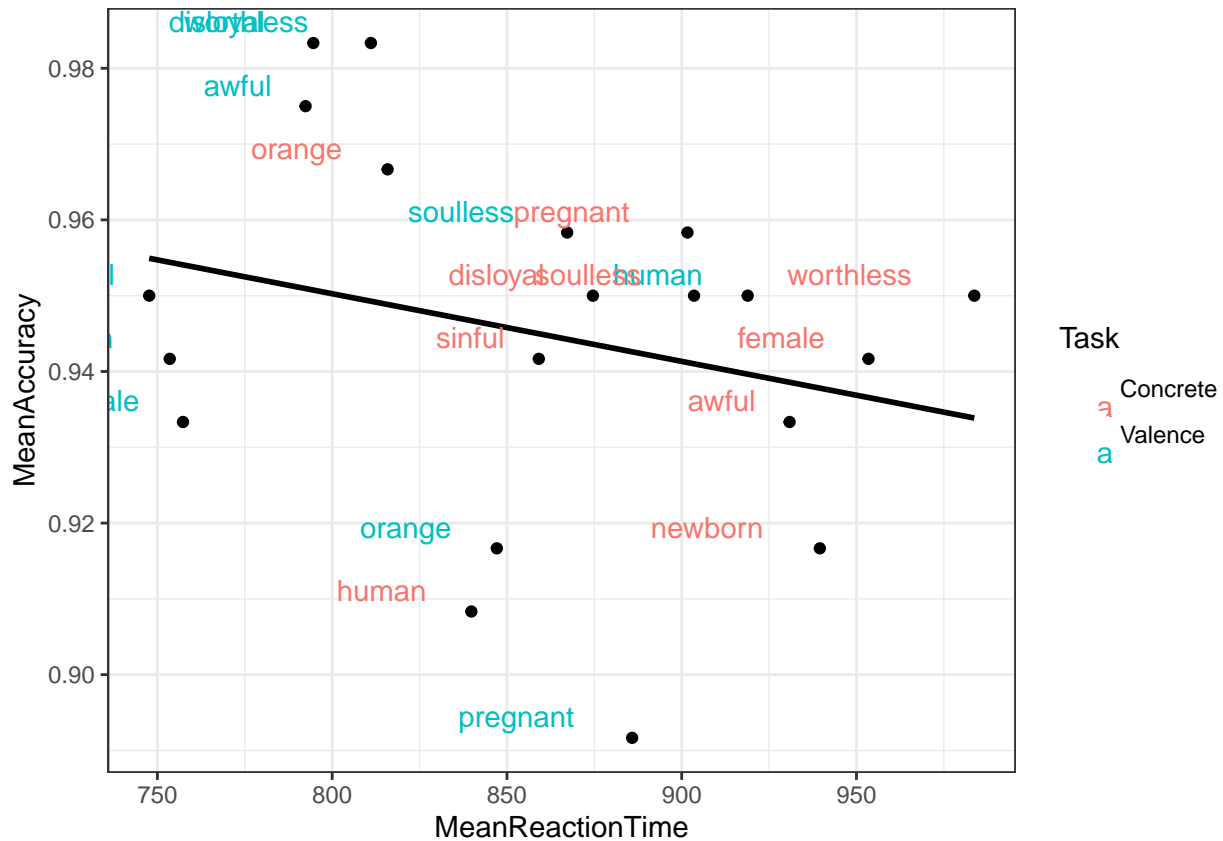
```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Word'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
print(agr)
```

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 4
## # Groups:   Word [10]
##   Word      Task MeanAccuracy MeanReactionTime
##   <chr>    <chr>      <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 awful    Concrete    0.933          931.
## 2 awful    Valence     0.975          792.
## 3 disloyal Concrete    0.95           875.
## 4 disloyal Valence     0.983          795.
## 5 female   Concrete    0.942          953.
## 6 female   Valence     0.933          757.
## 7 human     Concrete    0.908          840.
## 8 human     Valence     0.95           919.
## 9 newborn   Concrete    0.917          940.
## 10 newborn  Valence     0.942          754.
## 11 orange    Concrete    0.967          816.
## 12 orange    Valence     0.917          847.
## 13 pregnant  Concrete    0.958          902.
## 14 pregnant  Valence     0.892          886.
## 15 sinful    Concrete    0.942          859.
## 16 sinful    Valence     0.95           748.
## 17 soulless  Concrete    0.95           904.
## 18 soulless  Valence     0.958          867.
## 19 worthless Concrete    0.95           984.
## 20 worthless Valence     0.983          811.
```

```
ggplot(agr, aes(x = MeanReactionTime, y = MeanAccuracy)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "black") +
  geom_text(aes(label = Word, color = Task), vjust = -0.5, hjust = 1.5)
```

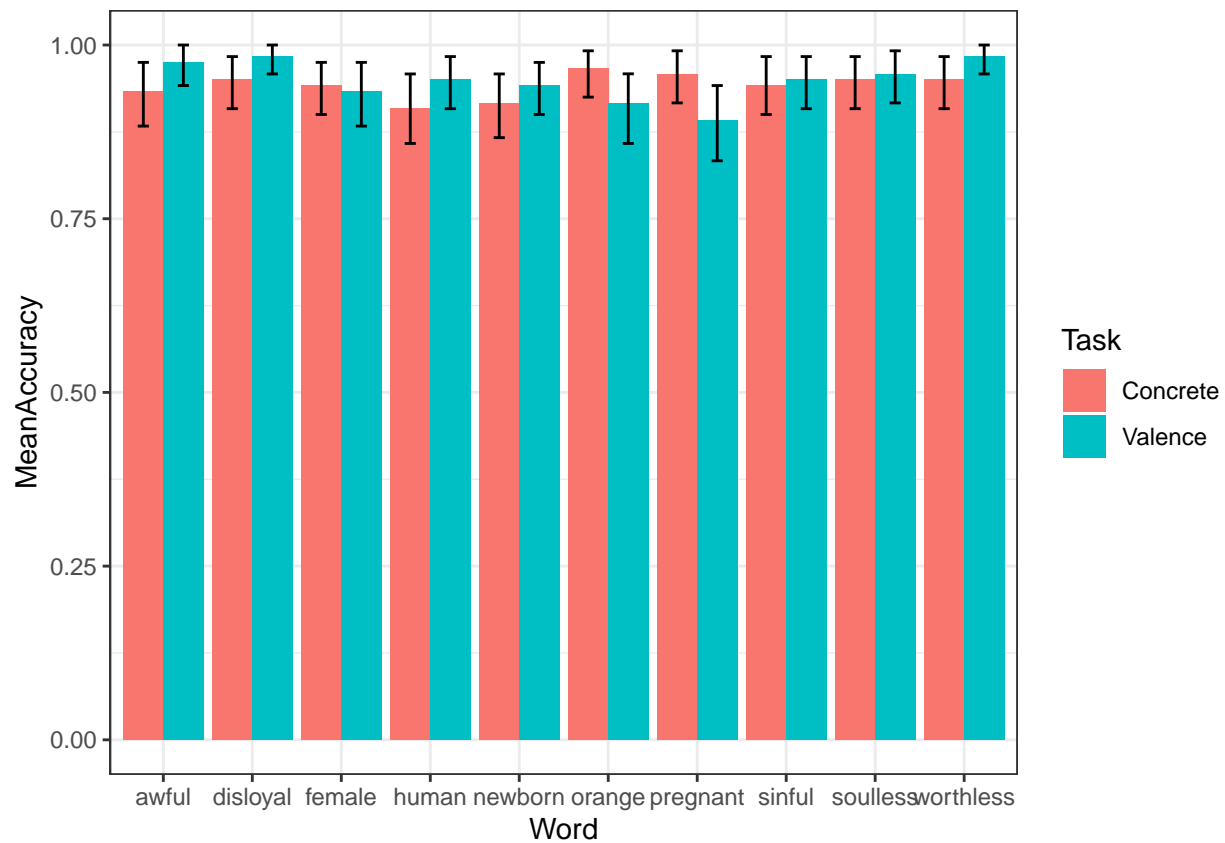
```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```



```
# guides(legend = "none")
# theme(legend.position = "none") # Remove the legend
# ggsave("../graphs/exp1b_accXrt.pdf", width = 5, height = 3)

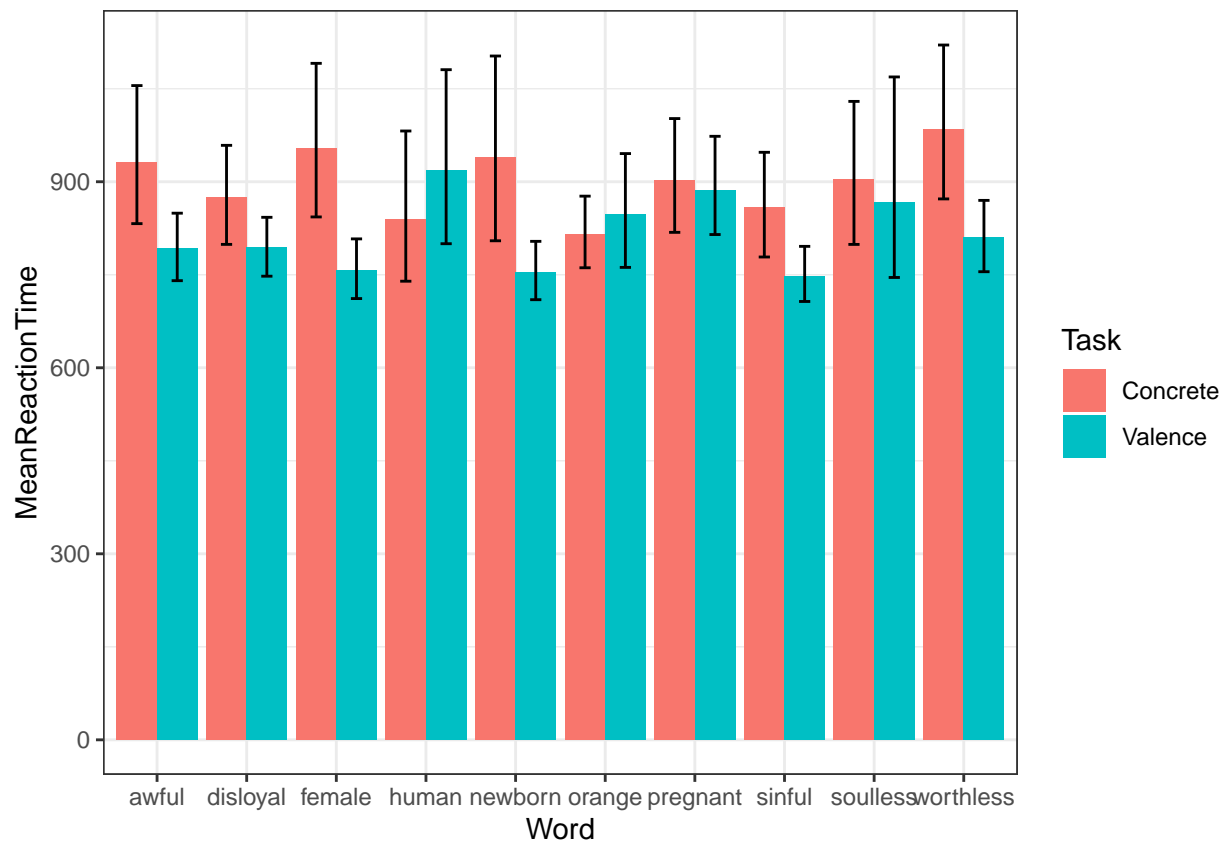
agr <- d %>%
  filter(Word %in% concrete_accuracy$Word) %>%
  group_by(Word, Task) %>%
  reframe(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy),
           CILow = ci.low(Accuracy),
           CIHigh = ci.high(Accuracy)) %>%
  mutate(YMin = MeanAccuracy - CILow,
         YMax = MeanAccuracy + CIHigh)
# View(agr)

dodge = position_dodge(.9)
ggplot(data=agr, aes(x=Word, y=MeanAccuracy, fill = Task)) +
  geom_bar(position=dodge, stat="identity") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=YMin, ymax=YMax), width=.25, position=position_dodge(0.9))
```



```
agr <- d %>%
  filter(Word %in% concrete_accuracy$Word) %>%
  group_by(Word, Task) %>%
  reframe(MeanReactionTime = mean(ReactionTime),
           CILow = ci.low(ReactionTime),
           CIHigh = ci.high(ReactionTime)) %>%
  mutate(YMin = MeanReactionTime - CILow,
         YMax = MeanReactionTime + CIHigh)
# View(agr)

dodge = position_dodge(.9)
ggplot(data=agr, aes(x=Word, y=MeanReactionTime, fill = Task)) +
  geom_bar(position=dodge, stat="identity") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=YMin, ymax=YMax), width=.25, position=position_dodge(0.9))
```



First Remove participants who aren't super , aggregating over Task

```
length(unique(d$ID.true))
```

```
## [1] 40
```

```
inacc.parts <- d %>%
  group_by(ID.true, Task) %>%
  summarise(MeanAccuracy = mean(Accuracy)) %>%
  filter(MeanAccuracy < .75)
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'ID.true'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
```

```
# How many participants have Accuracy < .75?
length(unique(inacc.parts$ID.true))
```

```
## [1] 11
```

```
d.inaccurate.removed <- d %>%
  anti_join(inacc.parts, by = "ID.true")

# Sanity check
length(unique(d.inaccurate.removed$ID.true))
```

```
## [1] 29
```


remove all inaccurate trials

```
orig <- nrow(d.inaccurate.removed)
d.inaccurate.removed <- d.inaccurate.removed %>%
  filter(Accuracy == 1)
nrow(d.inaccurate.removed)/orig*100
```

```
## [1] 92.74425
```

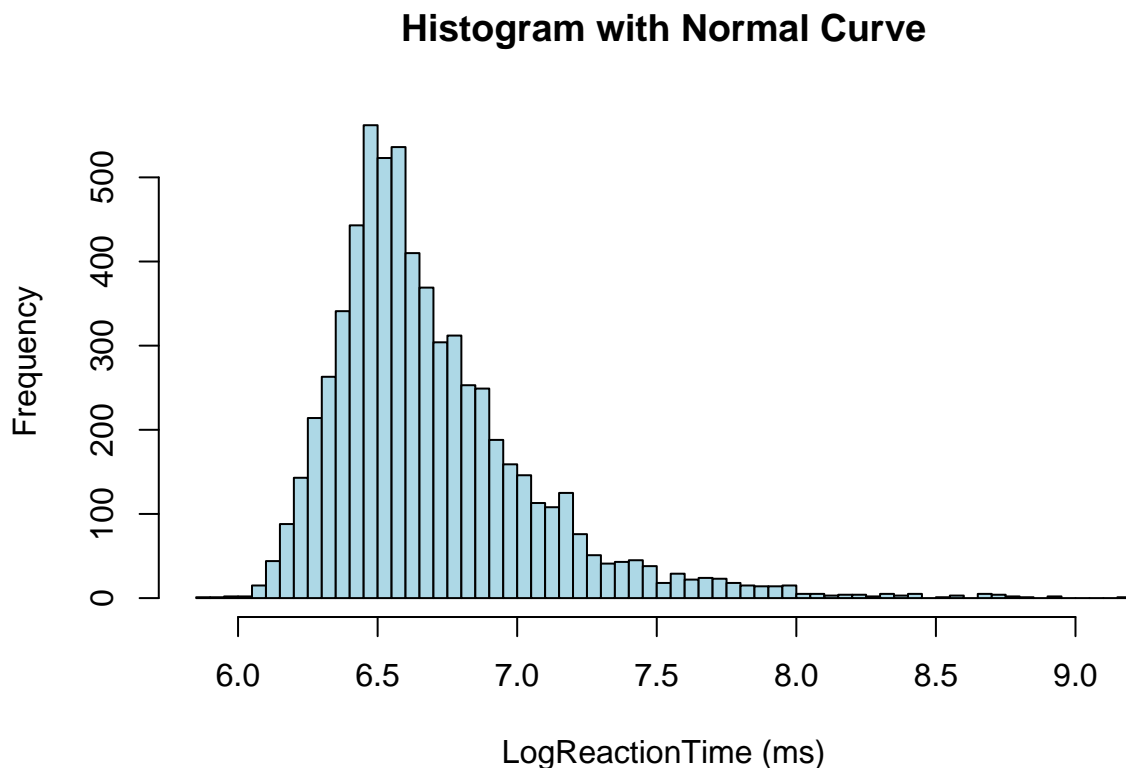
```
# Remove subjects with ReactionTime higher than 3x IQR
summary(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##  5.869   6.455   6.605   6.694   6.853   9.177
```

```
  # Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  # 6.924   7.328   7.436   7.479   7.579  10.008
range(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)
```

```
## [1] 5.869297 9.176887
```

```
hist(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime, breaks=100, col="lightblue", xlab="LogReactionTime (ms)",
     main="Histogram with Normal Curve")
```



```
quantile(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)
```

```
##      0%      25%      50%      75%     100%
## 5.869297 6.455199 6.605298 6.852771 9.176887
```

```
IQR(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)*3 # 0.7526289
```

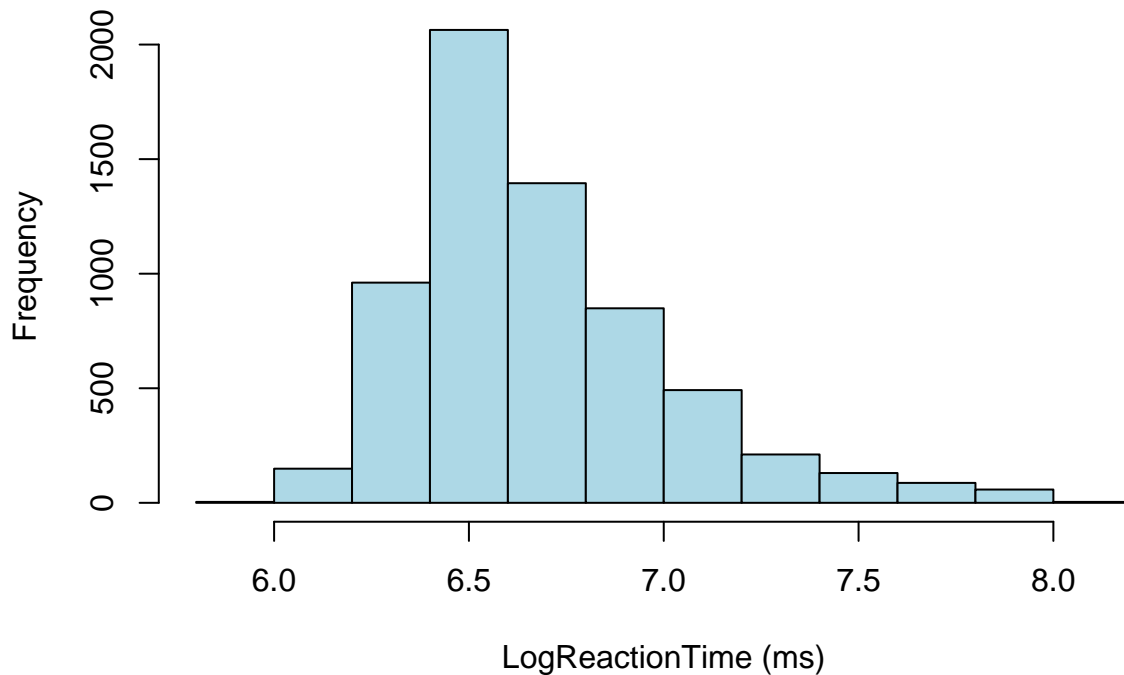
```
## [1] 1.192717
```

```
cutoff.high <- quantile(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)[4] + IQR(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)
cutoff.low <- quantile(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)[2] - IQR(d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime)

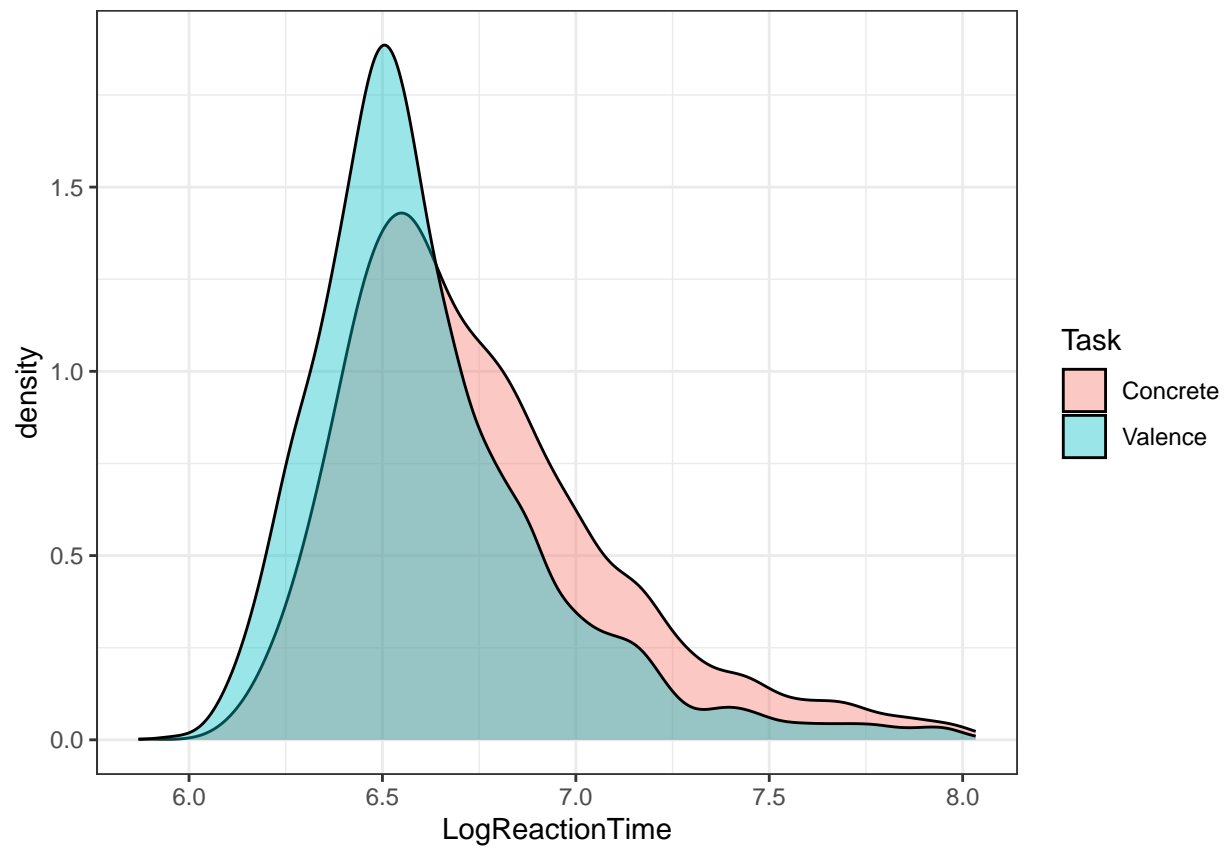
# remove subjects with ReactionTime higher than 3 x IQR
df.outliers.removed <- subset(d.inaccurate.removed, (d.inaccurate.removed$LogReactionTime > cutoff.low))

hist(df.outliers.removed$LogReactionTime, col="lightblue", xlab="LogReactionTime (ms)",
     main="Histogram with Normal Curve")
```

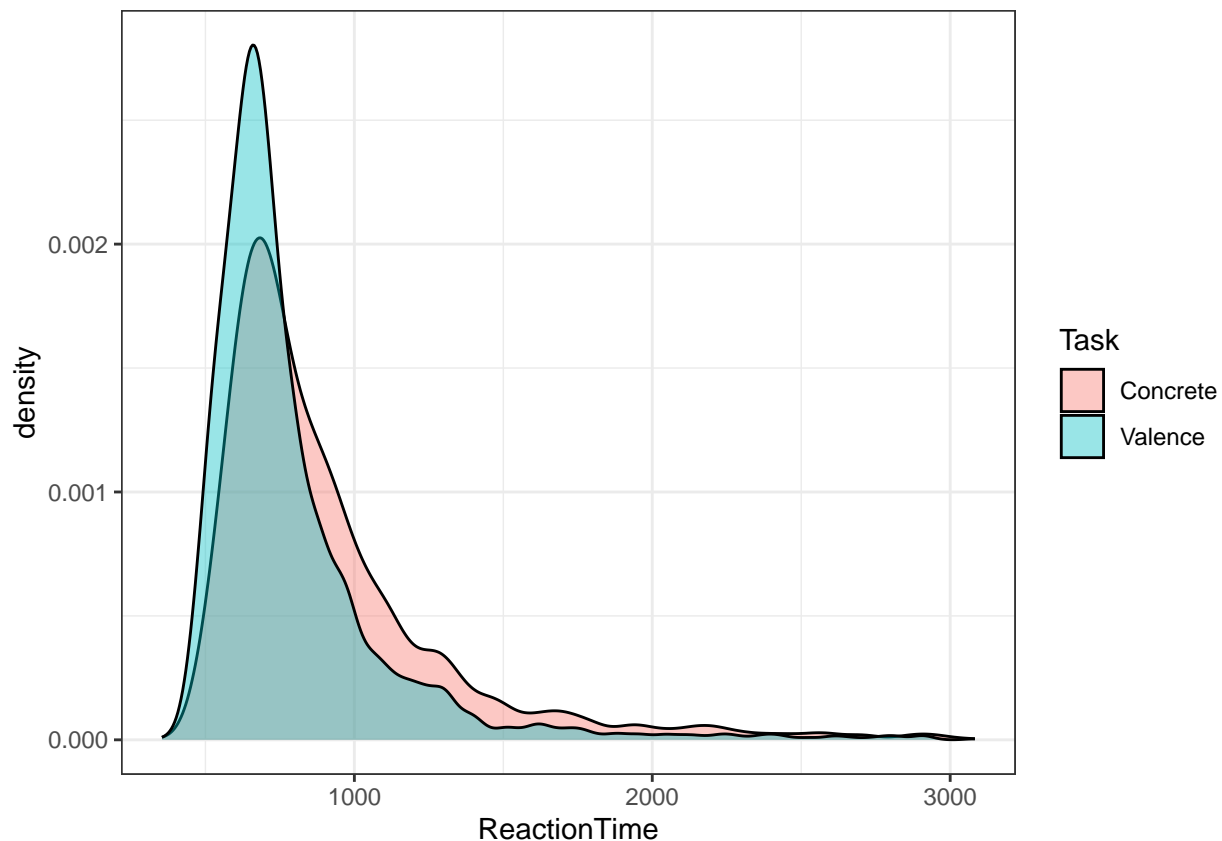
Histogram with Normal Curve



```
ggplot(df.outliers.removed, aes(x=LogReactionTime, fill=Task)) +
  # facet_wrap(~BlockOrder) +
  geom_density(alpha = .4)
```



```
ggplot(df.outliers.removed, aes(x=ReactionTime, fill=Task)) +  
  # facet_wrap(~BlockOrder) +  
  geom_density(alpha = .4)
```



convert everything to factors

Is there a difference between Semantic and Valence Tasks?

Yes

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cTask + (1+cTask|ID.true) + (1+cTask|Word), data=center)
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cTask + (1 + cTask | ID.true) + (1 + cTask |
##      Word)
##      Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1896.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.1413 -0.6566 -0.1782  0.4713  4.6790
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups      Name              Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##      Word       (Intercept) 0.003428 0.05855
##      cTask       0.005003 0.07073  -0.19
##      ID.true    (Intercept) 0.027829 0.16682
##      cTask       0.016165 0.12714  -0.04
```

```
## Residual          0.074623 0.27317
## Number of obs: 6404, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 29
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  6.69052    0.03251 32.89865 205.777 < 2e-16 ***
## cTask       -0.14254    0.02702 38.28428  -5.276 5.48e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr)
## cTask -0.060
```

Is there an Interaction between Task and WordType (ConcVal-Combo)?

Y.

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cTask*ConcValCombo + (1+ConcValCombo+cTask|ID.true) + (1+cTask|Word), data=c
saveRDS(m, "../models/model-Task-ConcValCombo_outlier_excl_ReactionTime.rds")
```

```
# m <- readRDS("../models/model-Task-ConcValCombo_outlier_excl_ReactionTime.rds")
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cTask * ConcValCombo + (1 + ConcValCombo +
##      cTask | ID.true) + (1 + cTask | Word)
##      Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1833.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.1978 -0.6492 -0.1761  0.4667  4.6498
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups      Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##      Word       (Intercept)          0.002035 0.04511
##              cTask                0.005241 0.07240  -0.20
##      ID.true    (Intercept)          0.027851 0.16689
##              ConcValComboabstract-positive 0.003182 0.05641  -0.01
##              ConcValComboconcrete-negative 0.005079 0.07126   0.18  0.25
##              ConcValComboconcrete-positive 0.003057 0.05529  -0.36  0.47 -0.12
##              cTask                0.016228 0.12739  -0.11  0.22  0.30
##      Residual                0.072861 0.26993
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
```

```
## 0.24
##
## Number of obs: 6404, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 29
##
## Fixed effects:
##
## Estimate Std. Error df t value
## (Intercept) 6.65895 0.03476 38.51214 191.599
## cTask -0.11114 0.03549 57.89120 -3.131
## ConcValComboabstract-positive 0.02120 0.02459 43.00371 0.862
## ConcValComboconcrete-negative 0.09996 0.02601 47.07693 3.842
## ConcValComboconcrete-positive 0.00881 0.02456 43.33443 0.359
## cTask:ConcValComboabstract-positive -0.06389 0.03741 34.45734 -1.708
## cTask:ConcValComboconcrete-negative -0.02482 0.03780 35.89873 -0.657
## cTask:ConcValComboconcrete-positive -0.03563 0.03755 34.97238 -0.949
##
## Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) < 2e-16 ***
## cTask 0.002727 **
## ConcValComboabstract-positive 0.393327
## ConcValComboconcrete-negative 0.000364 ***
## ConcValComboconcrete-positive 0.721500
## cTask:ConcValComboabstract-positive 0.096640 .
## cTask:ConcValComboconcrete-negative 0.515513
## cTask:ConcValComboconcrete-positive 0.349183
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) cTask CncVlCmbb- CncVlCmbcncrt-n CncVlCmbcncrt-p
## cTask -0.116
## CncVlCmbb- -0.292 0.135
## CncVlCmbcncrt-n -0.191 0.171 0.440
## CncVlCmbcncrt-p -0.425 0.140 0.493 0.361
## cTsk:CncVlCmbb- 0.049 -0.527 -0.139 -0.066 -0.070
## cTsk:CncVlCmbcncrt-n 0.049 -0.522 -0.069 -0.139 -0.069
## cTsk:CncVlCmbcncrt-p 0.049 -0.525 -0.069 -0.066 -0.142
## cTsk:CncVlCmbb- cTsk:CncVlCmbcncrt-n
## cTask
## CncVlCmbb-
## CncVlCmbcncrt-n
## CncVlCmbcncrt-p
## cTsk:CncVlCmbb-
## cTsk:CncVlCmbcncrt-n 0.495
## cTsk:CncVlCmbcncrt-p 0.498 0.493
```

Does Accuracy predict reaction time?

In other words, is reaction time affected by certainty about the categorization? - No.

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cAccuracy + (1|ID.true) + (1|Word), data=center)
```

```
## fixed-effect model matrix is rank deficient so dropping 1 column / coefficient
```

```
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
```

```
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cAccuracy + (1 | ID.true) + (1 | Word)
## Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 2557.2
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.6981 -0.6703 -0.2061  0.4839  4.5247
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## Word      (Intercept)  0.003007  0.05484
## ID.true    (Intercept)  0.027274  0.16515
## Residual                    0.084573  0.29081
## Number of obs: 6404, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 29
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  6.68750    0.03208 32.35924   208.5 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## fit warnings:
## fixed-effect model matrix is rank deficient so dropping 1 column / coefficient
```

Main Effect of Block Order

On ReactionTime

- No.

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cBlockOrder + (1|ID.true) + (1+cBlockOrder|Word), data=center)
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cBlockOrder + (1 | ID.true) + (1 + cBlockOrder |
## Word)
## Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 2559.2
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.6930 -0.6679 -0.2051  0.4814  4.5237
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Word      (Intercept)  3.002e-03  0.054792
##           cBlockOrder  6.539e-05  0.008086 -0.61
## ID.true    (Intercept)  2.698e-02  0.164250
## Residual                    8.456e-02  0.290787
## Number of obs: 6404, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 29
```

```
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  6.68763    0.03192 31.23747 209.536  <2e-16 ***
## cBlockOrder -0.07054    0.06148 26.98268  -1.147    0.261
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr)
## cBlockOrder -0.008
```

effect of ConcValCombo on ReactionTime?

nope.

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ ConcValCombo + (1+ConcValCombo|ID.true) + (1|Word), data=center)
```

```
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ ConcValCombo + (1 + ConcValCombo | ID.true) +
##          (1 | Word)
## Data: center
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 2500.9
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.6424 -0.6610 -0.2044  0.4768  4.5352
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##  Word     (Intercept)          0.001769 0.04206
##  ID.true  (Intercept)          0.026985 0.16427
##           ConcValComboabstract-positive 0.002740 0.05234  0.01
##           ConcValComboconcrete-negative 0.004441 0.06664  0.25  0.17
##           ConcValComboconcrete-positive 0.002526 0.05026 -0.36  0.49 -0.30
## Residual                                0.082997 0.28809
## Number of obs: 6404, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 29
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  6.658015    0.034021 37.304596 195.705  < 2e-16
## ConcValComboabstract-positive 0.021754    0.023414 40.903475  0.929  0.358285
## ConcValComboconcrete-negative 0.093421    0.024771 44.530908  3.771  0.000476
## ConcValComboconcrete-positive 0.005274    0.023316 41.106436  0.226  0.822159
##
## (Intercept) ***
## ConcValComboabstract-positive
## ConcValComboconcrete-negative ***
## ConcValComboconcrete-positive
## ---
```



```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) CncVlCmbb- CncVlCmbcncrt-n
## CncVlCmbbs-      -0.280
## CncVlCmbcncrt-n -0.158  0.427
## CncVlCmbcncrt-p -0.416  0.498      0.333
```

In the Concreteness task, is there a difference between concreteness and abstractness on ReactionTime?

- Nope

```
str(df_factors)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 6404 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ X : Factor w/ 6404 levels "481","482","483",...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ ID.true : Factor w/ 29 levels "5588b04ffdf99b7a91e75ddb",...: 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 ...
## $ Word : Factor w/ 40 levels "awful","bloodshot",...: 17 22 6 3 37 29 23 10 4 2 ...
## $ Label : Factor w/ 2 levels "test_conc","test_val": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ ConcValCombo : Factor w/ 4 levels "abstract-negative",...: 2 4 3 3 3 1 4 4 4 3 ...
## $ Task : Factor w/ 2 levels "Concrete","Valence": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ BlockOrder : Factor w/ 2 levels "CV","VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Group : Factor w/ 4 levels "abstract;concrete",...: 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ Response : Factor w/ 4 levels "abstract","concrete",...: 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 ...
## $ Accuracy : Factor w/ 1 level "1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ EventTime : Factor w/ 6404 levels "1739194390053",...: 4590 4591 4592 4593 4594 4595 4596 4597 ...
## $ Value : Factor w/ 4 levels "abstract","concrete",...: 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 ...
## $ RT : Factor w/ 1017 levels "1268","1283",...: 210 372 550 534 463 196 260 886 371 543 ...
## $ ReactionTime : int 575 1288 638 690 594 993 521 499 781 678 ...
## $ Key_value_F : Factor w/ 4 levels "abstract","concrete",...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Key_value_J : Factor w/ 2 levels "A","B": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Comments : Factor w/ 0 levels: NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ LogReactionTime: num 6.35 7.16 6.46 6.54 6.39 ...
## $ LogRT : Factor w/ 1017 levels "7.14519613499717",...: 210 372 550 534 463 196 260 886 371 ...
## $ TrialNumber : Factor w/ 240 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
```

```
sem <- df_factors %>%
  filter(Task == "Concrete") %>%
  mutate(
    Semantic = ifelse(grepl("concrete", ConcValCombo), "concrete",
                     ifelse(grepl("abstract", ConcValCombo), "abstract", NA)),
    Valence = ifelse(grepl("positive", ConcValCombo), "positive",
                     ifelse(grepl("negative", ConcValCombo), "negative", NA)),
    cConcValCombo = as.numeric(ConcValCombo) - mean(as.numeric(ConcValCombo)),
    cSemantic = as.numeric(factor(Semantic)) - mean(as.numeric(factor(Semantic)))
  )
```

```
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cConcValCombo + (1+cConcValCombo|ID.true) + (1+cConcValCombo|Word), data=sem)
```

```
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
```

```
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
```

```

## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cConcValCombo + (1 + cConcValCombo | ID.true) +
##      (1 + cConcValCombo | Word)
##      Data: sem
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1356.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.0744 -0.6783 -0.1973  0.4866  4.3082
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##      Word      (Intercept)    0.002235 0.04728
##              cConcValCombo 0.002383 0.04882  1.00
##      ID.true   (Intercept)    0.033109 0.18196
##              cConcValCombo 0.001091 0.03304  -0.50
##      Residual                0.085451 0.29232
## Number of obs: 3077, groups:  Word, 40; ID.true, 29
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   6.77670    0.03556 32.30054 190.569  <2e-16 ***
## cConcValCombo  0.03407    0.01206 41.59887   2.826   0.0072 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr)
## cConcValCmb -0.066
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see help('isSingular')
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cSemantic + (1+cSemantic|ID.true) + (1|Word), data=sem)
summary(m)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cSemantic + (1 + cSemantic | ID.true) + (1 |
##      Word)
##      Data: sem
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 1356.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.0932 -0.6791 -0.1892  0.4897  4.3796
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##      Word      (Intercept) 0.005227 0.07230
##      ID.true   (Intercept) 0.032873 0.18131
##              cSemantic    0.008981 0.09477  -0.39
##      Residual                0.084752 0.29112
## Number of obs: 3077, groups:  Word, 40; ID.true, 29

```

```
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  6.76467    0.03596 34.12698 188.121  <2e-16 ***
## cSemantic    0.04073    0.03076 50.91763   1.324   0.191
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr)
## cSemantic -0.223
```

In the Valence task , is there a difference between positive and negative on ReactionTime?

- Nope.

```
val <- df_factors %>%
  filter(Task == "Valence") %>%
  mutate(
    Semantic = ifelse(grepl("concrete", ConcValCombo), "concrete",
                      ifelse(grepl("abstract", ConcValCombo), "abstract", NA)),
    Valence = ifelse(grepl("positive", ConcValCombo), "positive",
                     ifelse(grepl("negative", ConcValCombo), "negative", NA)),
    cConcValCombo = as.numeric(ConcValCombo) - mean(as.numeric(ConcValCombo)),
    cValence = as.numeric(factor(Valence)) - mean(as.numeric(factor(Valence)))
  )

m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cConcValCombo + (1+cConcValCombo|ID.true) + (1+cConcValCombo|Word), data=val)
```

```
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00336745 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
```

```
summary(m)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cConcValCombo + (1 + cConcValCombo | ID.true) +
##           (1 + cConcValCombo | Word)
## Data: val
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 453.9
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.7858 -0.6471 -0.1693  0.4490  5.0441
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Word     (Intercept)         3.996e-03 0.06322
##           cConcValCombo      4.584e-05 0.00677  1.00
## ID.true  (Intercept)         3.091e-02 0.17582
##           cConcValCombo      3.148e-04 0.01774  0.37
## Residual                          6.295e-02 0.25090
```

```

## Number of obs: 3327, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 29
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  6.622428   0.034439 33.089674 192.297  <2e-16 ***
## cConcValCombo 0.009882   0.010276 42.662418   0.962   0.342
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr)
## cConcValCmb 0.169
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00336745 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
m = lmer(LogReactionTime ~ cValence + (1+cValence|ID.true) + (1|Word), data=val)
summary(m)

## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: LogReactionTime ~ cValence + (1 + cValence | ID.true) + (1 |
## Word)
## Data: val
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 415.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.7697 -0.6416 -0.1698  0.4544  4.9913
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Word (Intercept) 0.003507 0.05922
## ID.true (Intercept) 0.031003 0.17608
## cValence 0.005801 0.07616 -0.23
## Residual 0.061905 0.24881
## Number of obs: 3327, groups: Word, 40; ID.true, 29
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error      df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  6.62268   0.03428 32.41017 193.166  <2e-16 ***
## cValence    -0.05270   0.02501 51.69915  -2.107   0.04 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr)
## cValence -0.123

```