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<http://rise4fun.com/Dafny/Dsl1o>

// übungsaufgabe 2.1

```
function Fibonacci(n: int): int
  requires n >= 0;
  ensures Fibonacci(n) >= 0;
  decreases n;          //n muss vermindert werden
{
  if n == 0 then 1
  else if n == 1 then 1
  else Fibonacci(n - 2) + Fibonacci(n - 1)
}
```

```
method Compute_Fib(n:int) returns (x:int)
  requires n >= 0;          //vorbedingung muss eingehalten werden
  ensures x == Fibonacci(n); //nachbedingung
{
  x := Compute_Fib_Rec(n, 0, 0, 1);
}
```

```
method Compute_Fib_Rec(n:int, i:int, var_a:int, var_b:int) returns (x:int)
  requires 0 <= i <= n;
  requires i==0 ==> (var_a == 0 && var_b == 1);
  requires i==1 ==> (var_a == 1 && var_b == 0);
  requires i>1 ==> (var_a == Fibonacci(i-1) && var_b == Fibonacci(i-2));
  ensures x == Fibonacci(n);
  decreases n-i;          //increases i; --> i musst erhöht werden.
{
  if n==i {              //1. durchlauf i = 0, 2.durchlauf i = 1 --(durch rekursive aufruf z.31)
    x := var_a+var_b;
  } else {
    x := Compute_Fib_Rec(n, i+1, var_a+var_b, var_a); //1.durchlauf (n, i=1, var_a=1,
var_b=0)
  }
}
```

// übungsaufgabe 2.2

```
function pow(base:int, exp:int): int
  requires exp >= 0;
  decreases exp;
```

```

{
  if exp==0 then 1
  else pow(base, exp-1) * base
}

```

```

method f(n:int) returns (x:int)
  requires n>=0;
  ensures x==pow(3,n+1)-1; //geschlossene form
  decreases n;

```

```

{
  if n==0 {
    x := 2;          // { 2          n == 0
  } else {          //<|
    var temp := f(n-1); // |
    x := 3*temp+2;    // { 3 · f(n - 1) + 2  n > 0
  }
}

```

// übungsaufgabe 2.3

```

function algo1(A:seq<int>, i:int):int
  requires 0 <= i <= |A|;
{
  if(i==0) then 0
  else algo1(A, i-1) + A[i-1]
}

```

```

method algorithm1(A:seq<int>, n:int) returns (x:int)
  requires 0 <= n <= |A|; // Länge nicht kleiner als n
  ensures x == algo1(A, n);

```

```

{
  var counter:int := 0;
  x := 0;
  var i := 0;
  while(i<n)
    invariant 0 <= i <= n;
    invariant x == algo1(A, i);
    invariant counter == i;
  {
    x := x + A[i];
    i := i + 1;
    counter := counter + 1;
  }
  assert counter==n;
}

```

method algorithm2(x:int, k:int) returns (r:int)

requires $k \geq 0$;

ensures $r == \text{pow}(x, k)$;

```
{
  var counter:int := 0;
  r := 1;
  var i := 0;
  while (i < k)
    invariant  $0 \leq i \leq k$ ;
    invariant  $r == \text{pow}(x, i)$ ;
    invariant counter == i;
    {
      r := r * x;
      i := i + 1;
      counter := counter + 1;
    }
  assert counter == k;
}
```

method algorithm3(n:int) returns (C:array<int>)

requires $n \geq 0$;

ensures $C \neq \text{null}$;

ensures $C.Length == n$;

ensures forall $x :: 0 \leq x < C.Length \implies C[x] == x - 1$;

```
{
  ghost var counter1:int := 0;

  var A:array<int> := new int[n];
  var i := 0;
  while (i < n)
    invariant  $0 \leq i \leq n == A.Length$ ;
    invariant forall  $x :: 0 \leq x < i \leq n \implies A[x] == x$ ;
    invariant counter1 == i;

    {
      A[i] := i;
      i := i + 1;
      counter1 := counter1 + 1;
    }
  assert counter1 == n;

  C := new int[n];
```

```

i := 0;
while (i < n)
  invariant 0 ≤ i ≤ n;
  invariant n > 0 ==> A[n-1] == n-1;
  invariant forall x :: 0 ≤ x < n-1 ==> A[x] < A[n-1];
  invariant forall x :: 0 ≤ x < i ==> C[x] == n-1;
  invariant counter1 == n + i + (n * i);
{
  C[i] := 0;
  var j := n-1;

  while (j ≥ 0)
    invariant -1 ≤ j ≤ n-1;
    invariant n > 0 ==> A[n-1] == n-1;
    invariant forall x :: 0 ≤ x < n-1 ==> A[x] < A[n-1];
    invariant forall x :: 0 ≤ x < i ==> C[x] == n-1;
    invariant j == n-1 ==> C[j] == 0;
    invariant j < n-1 ==> C[j] == A[n-1];
    invariant counter1 == n + i + (n * i) + n - (j + 1);
    {
      if(A[j] > C[i]) {
        C[i] := A[j];
      }
      j := j - 1;
      counter1 := counter1 + 1;
    }

    i := i + 1;
    counter1 := counter1 + 1;
  }
assert counter1 == n * n + n + n;
}

```

```

method Main()
{
  var result:int := 0;
  var i:int := 0;
  while(i < 10) {
    result := Compute_Fib(i);
    print "Compute_Fib(";
    print i;
    print "):= ";
    print result;
    print "\n";
  }
}

```

```
    i := i + 1;
}
print "\n\n";
```

```
result := 0;
i := 0;
while(i<10) {
    result := f(i);
    print "f(";
    print i;
    print "):= ";
    print result;
    print "\n";
    i := i + 1;
}
print "\n\n";
```

```
result := 0;
i := 0;
while(i<10) {
    var a:seq<int> := [7, 5, 1, 0, 9, 3, 8, 2, 4, 6];
    result := algorithm1(a, i);
    print "algorithm1([7, 5, 1, 0, 9, 3, 8, 2, 4, 6], ";
    print i;
    print "):= ";
    print result;
    print "\n";
    i := i + 1;
}
```

```
print "\n\n";
```

```
i := 0;
while(i<10) {
    var a:int := 2;
    result := algorithm2(a,i);
    print "algorithm2(";
    print a;
    print "^";
    print i;
    print "): ";
    print result;
    print "\n";
    i := i + 1;
}
```

```
print "\n\n";
```

```
i := 0;
```

```
var a:int := 10;
```

```
var arr_result:array<int> := new int[a];
```

```
print "algorithm3(";
```

```
print a;
```

```
print "): [ ";
```

```
while(i<a) {
```

```
    arr_result := algorithm3(a);
```

```
    print arr_result[i];
```

```
    print " ";
```

```
    i := i + 1;
```

```
}
```

```
print "];
```

```
}
```