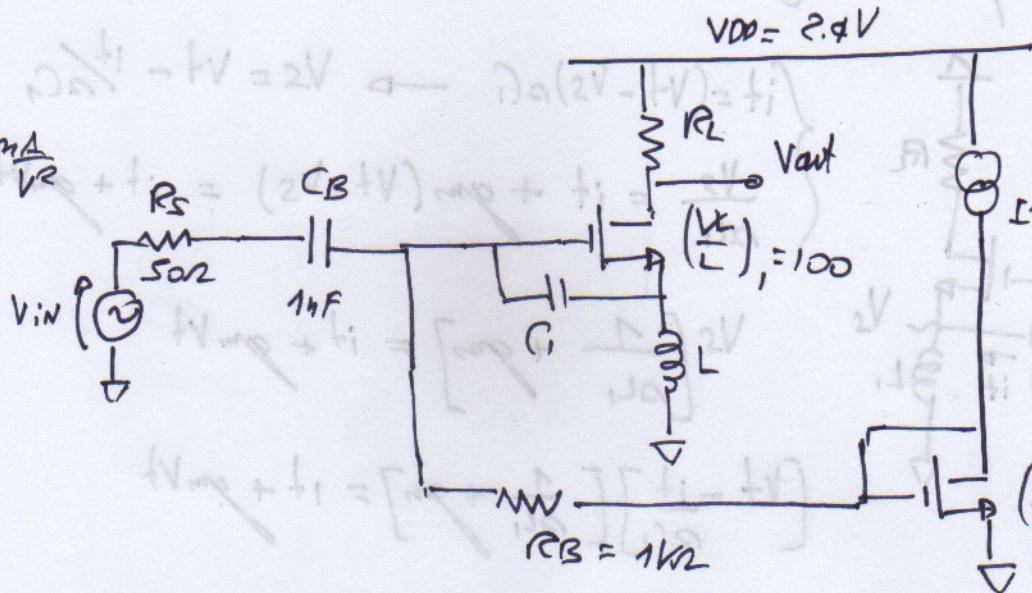


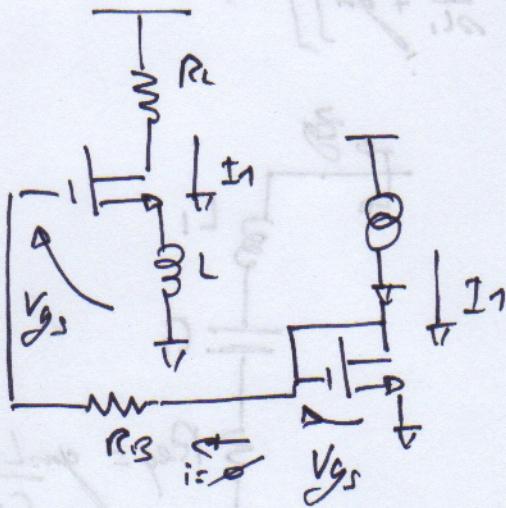
$$V_T = 0.5V$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \mu r' s t = 0.1 \text{ mA}$$

$$\frac{x}{a} = \frac{2}{3}$$



a) BIAS POINT:

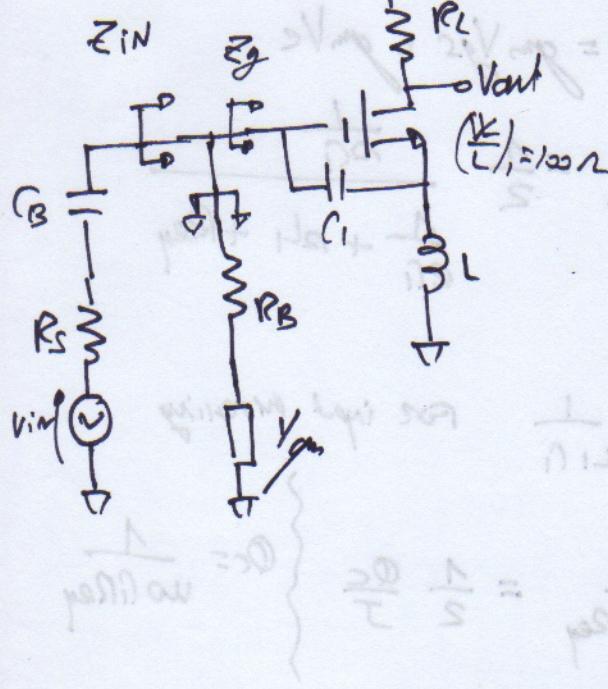


$$g_m = 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \mu r' s t \left( \frac{R}{L} \right)} I_1$$

Derive the ratio  $\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}}$  @  $f_0 = 2.4 \text{ GHz}$  assuming input matching.  $Z_{in} = 50\Omega$

AC Model:

$$Z_{in} = Z_g \parallel [R_B + \frac{1}{g_m}] = 50\Omega$$



• input impedance  $\bar{Z}_g$ .

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} i_t = (V_t - V_s) \alpha C_1 \rightarrow V_s = V_t - \frac{i_t}{\alpha C_1} \\ \frac{V_s}{\alpha L_1} = i_t + g_m (V_t - V_s) = i_t + g_m V_t - g_m V_s \end{array} \right.$$

$$V_s \left[ \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + g_m \right] = i_t + g_m V_t$$

$$\left[ V_t - \frac{i_t}{\alpha C_1} \right] \left[ \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + g_m \right] = i_t + g_m V_t$$

$$V_t \left[ \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + g_m - g_m \right] = i_t \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{\alpha C_1} \left[ \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + g_m \right] \right]$$

$$\bar{Z}_g = \frac{V_t}{i_t} = \alpha L_1 \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{\alpha C_1} \left( \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + g_m \right) \right]$$

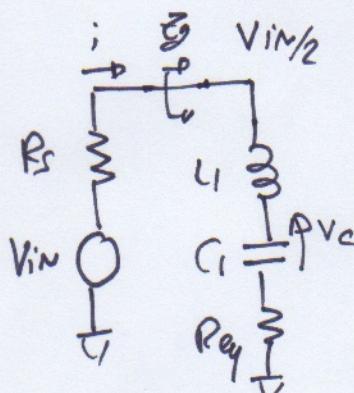
$$= \alpha L_1 + \frac{1}{\alpha C_1} + g_m \frac{L_1}{C_1}$$

- input matching:  $Z_{in} \approx \bar{Z}_g = 50\Omega$

$$w_o = 2\pi f_o = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L_1 C_1}}$$

$$R_{eq} = 50\Omega = g_m \frac{L_1}{C_1}$$

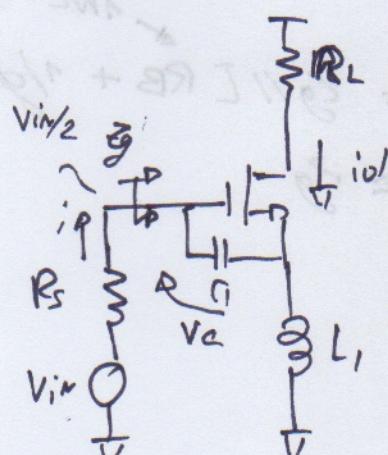
- complete model:



$$\frac{V_c}{V_{in}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\alpha^2 L_1 C_1 + \alpha L_1 R_{eq} + 1}$$

$$\rho = j\omega$$

$$\frac{V_c}{V_{in}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{-\omega^2 L_1 C_1 + j\omega C_1 R_{eq} + 1}$$



$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -\frac{i_o1}{V_{in}} \cdot R_L$$

$$i_o1 = g_m V_{o2} = g_m V_c$$

$$\frac{V_c}{V_{in}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\frac{1}{\alpha C_1}}{\frac{1}{\alpha C_1} + \alpha L_1 + R_{eq}}$$

$$\omega_o^2 = \frac{1}{L_1 C_1} \quad \text{for input matching}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \frac{1}{\omega_o C_1 R_{eq}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\omega_o}{j} \left\{ Q_C = \frac{1}{\omega_o C_1 R_{eq}} \right\}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = -\frac{V_c}{V_{in}} g_m R_L = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{w_0 C_i R_{eq}} = g_m R_L = -\frac{1}{2} Q_C g_m R_L$$

2

b)  $R_L = 600\Omega$        $L_1, C_1, I_1$

(i)  $Z_{in} = 50\Omega$   
 (ii)  $\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = 120dB$

$$\left| \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} \right| = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{w_0 f_0 g_m L_1} \cdot g_m R_L = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{w_0 L_1} R_L = 10^{12/20}$$

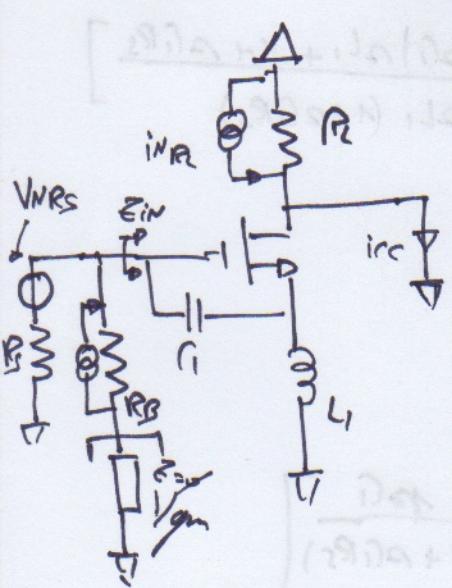
$$\Rightarrow L_1 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{w_0} \frac{R_L}{10^{12/20}} = 4,997 \text{ nH} \approx 5 \text{ nH}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{L_1} \frac{1}{(2\pi f_0)^2} = 880 \text{ pF}$$

$$R_{eq} = g_m L_1 / C_1 \rightarrow g_m = R_{eq} \frac{C_1}{L_1} = 8,795 \text{ mA/V}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_d = \frac{(g_m/2)^2}{\frac{1}{2} \mu_n C_{ox} \left(\frac{W}{L}\right)} = 1,934 \text{ mA}$$

c) NF @ fo. [Neglect the BiAS transistor contribution]

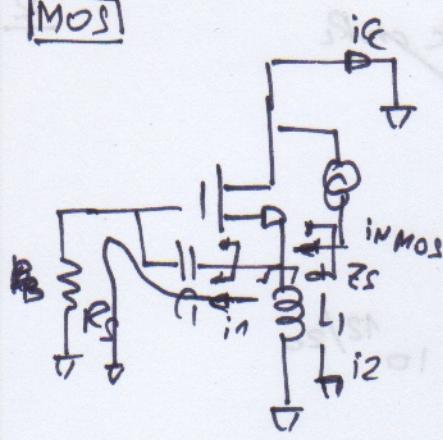


$$\boxed{R_L} \quad S_{icc}^{R_L} = \frac{4kT}{R_L}$$

$$\boxed{R_S} \quad S_{icc}^{R_S} = 4kTR_S \left( \frac{1}{2} Q_C g_m \right)^2$$

$$\boxed{R_B} \quad S_{icc}^{R_B} = \frac{4kT}{R_B} \left( \frac{R_S}{2} \right)^2 Q_C^2 g_m^2$$

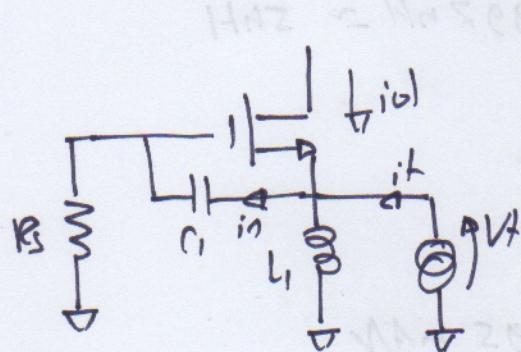
MOS



$$i_C = -i_{\text{NMOS}} \cdot \frac{Z_S}{R_1 // [\frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + R_S]}$$

$$i_C = -[i_1 + i_2]$$

- EVALUATE THE IMPEDANCE  $Z_S$ :



$$i_L + i_d = i_1 + \frac{Vt}{\alpha L_1}$$

$$i_1 = \frac{Vt}{R_S + \frac{1}{\alpha L_1}} = \frac{Vt \alpha L_1}{(1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)}$$

$$i_d = g_m V_{GS} = g_m [-i_1 \frac{1}{\alpha L_1}]$$

$$= -\frac{g_m}{\alpha L_1} \frac{Vt \alpha L_1}{(1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)} = -g_m \frac{Vt}{(1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)}$$

$$i_L - \frac{g_m Vt}{(1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)} = \frac{Vt}{\alpha L_1} + \frac{Vt \alpha L_1}{(1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)}$$

$$i_L = Vt \left[ \frac{g_m}{1 + \alpha L_1 R_S} + \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + \frac{\alpha L_1}{(1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)} \right] = Vt \left[ \frac{(g_m + \alpha L_1) \alpha L_1 + 1 + \alpha L_1 R_S}{\alpha L_1 (1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)} \right]$$

$$Z_S = \frac{Vt}{i_L} = \frac{\alpha L_1 (1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)}{[\alpha^2 L_1^2 + \alpha (C_1 R_S + g_m L_1) + 1]}$$

$$\frac{i_{\text{CC}}}{i_{\text{NMOS}}} = -\frac{Z_S}{\left( \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + \frac{1}{R_S + \frac{1}{\alpha L_1}} \right)} = \frac{1 + \alpha L_1 R_S}{-Z_S \left[ \frac{1}{\alpha L_1} + \frac{\alpha L_1}{(1 + \alpha L_1 R_S)} \right]}$$

$$\frac{i_{rc}}{i_{N Mos}} = - \frac{\alpha L_1 (1 + \alpha R_s C_i) s}{[\alpha^2 L_1 C_i + \alpha (C_i R_s + g_m L_1) + 1]} \frac{(1 + \alpha (R_s + \alpha^2 C_i L_1))}{\alpha L_1 (1 + \alpha R_s C_i)}$$

3.3 3

$$s = j\omega$$

$$\frac{i_{rc}}{i_N} = - \frac{(1 + j\omega C_i R_s - \omega^2 C_i L_1)}{[-\omega^2 L_1 C_i + j\omega (C_i R_s + g_m L_1) + 1]} \quad \omega^2 = \frac{1}{L_1 C_i}$$

$$= - \frac{j\omega C_i R_s}{j\omega (C_i R_s + g_m L_1)} = \frac{R_s}{(R_s + j\frac{g_m L_1}{C_i})} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$R_{eq} = R_s$$

$$S_{ic}^{nos} = \frac{4kT}{\alpha} g_m \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$NF = 1 + \frac{\frac{4kT}{R_B}}{\frac{4kT R_s \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha C_i g_m\right)^2}{R_s R_B \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha C_i g_m\right)^2}} + \frac{\frac{4kT}{R_B} \left(\frac{R_s}{2}\right)^2 \alpha C_i^2 g_m^2}{4kT R_s \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha C_i g_m\right)^2} + \frac{\frac{4kT \alpha g_m \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}{R_s R_B \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha C_i g_m\right)^2}}{4kT R_s \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha C_i g_m\right)^2}$$

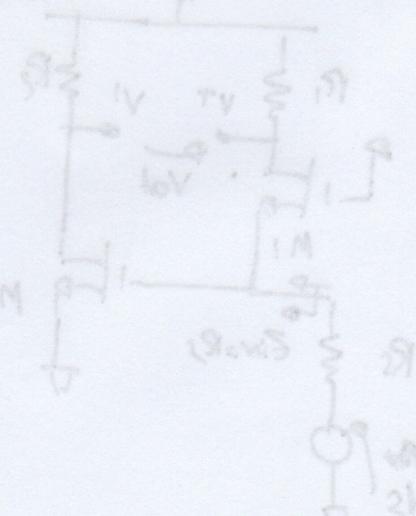
$$= 1 + \frac{1}{R_s R_B \frac{1}{4} \alpha C_i^2 g_m^2} + \frac{R_s}{R_B} + \frac{(\alpha/\alpha)}{R_s g_m \alpha C_i^2}$$

$$R_L = 600\Omega$$

$$R_s = 50\Omega$$

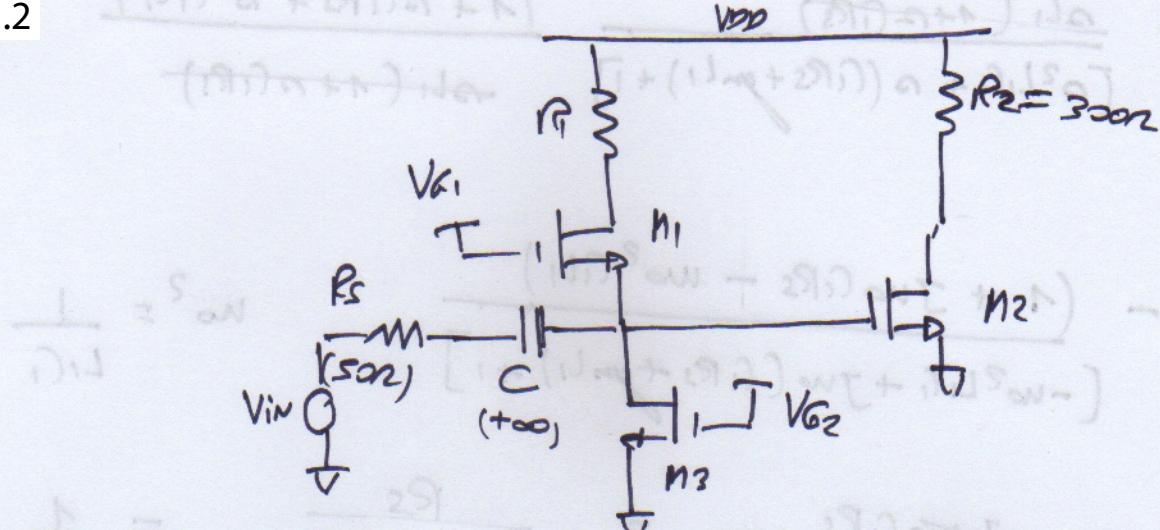
$$\alpha_C = \frac{1}{\omega R_s C_i} = 1.508$$

$$= 3,962 \text{ dB}$$

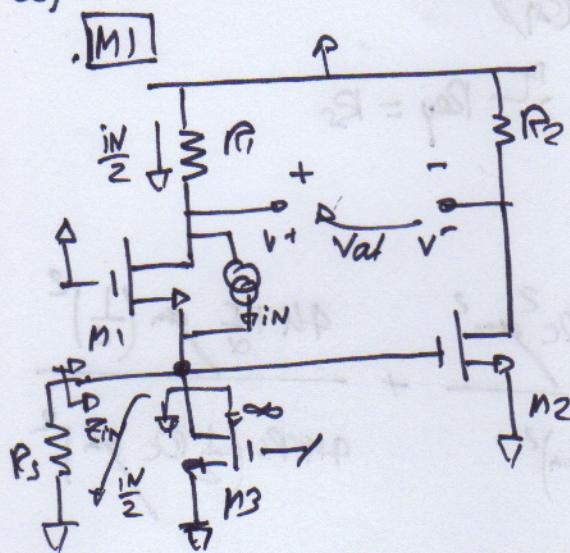


$$R_s = \frac{V_{BE}}{I_S} = \frac{0.7}{25} = 28\Omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{25} = \frac{2}{25} = \frac{0.08}{V}$$



a) EXPRESSION FOR THIS NF



- input matching condition

$$Z_{IN} = R_S = 50 \Omega = 1/g_m A$$

$$V_{\text{add}} = V^+ - V^-$$

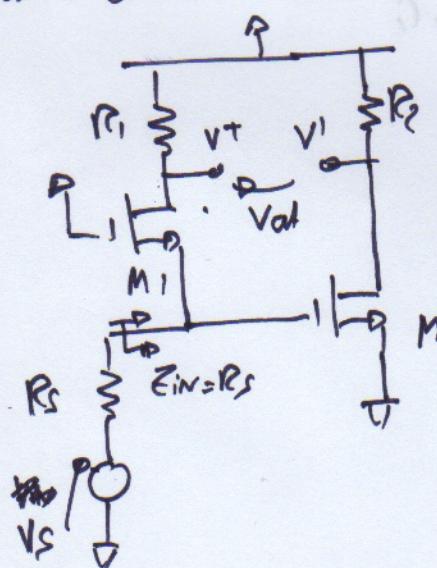
$$V^+ = -\frac{iN}{2} R_1$$

$$V = \frac{IN}{2} (-g_{m2} R_2) P_S$$

$$V_{out} = V^+ - V^- = -\frac{iN}{2} R_g - \left[ -\frac{iN}{2} g_{12} R_2 \right] \cancel{R_s}$$

$$V_{out} = 0 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}R_1 + \frac{j}{2}gm_2 R_2 R_S = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{R_1}{R_S} = gm_2 R_2$$

## GAIN OF THIS STAGE:



$$\frac{V_{at}}{V_s} = \frac{V^+}{V_s} - \frac{V^-}{V_s}$$

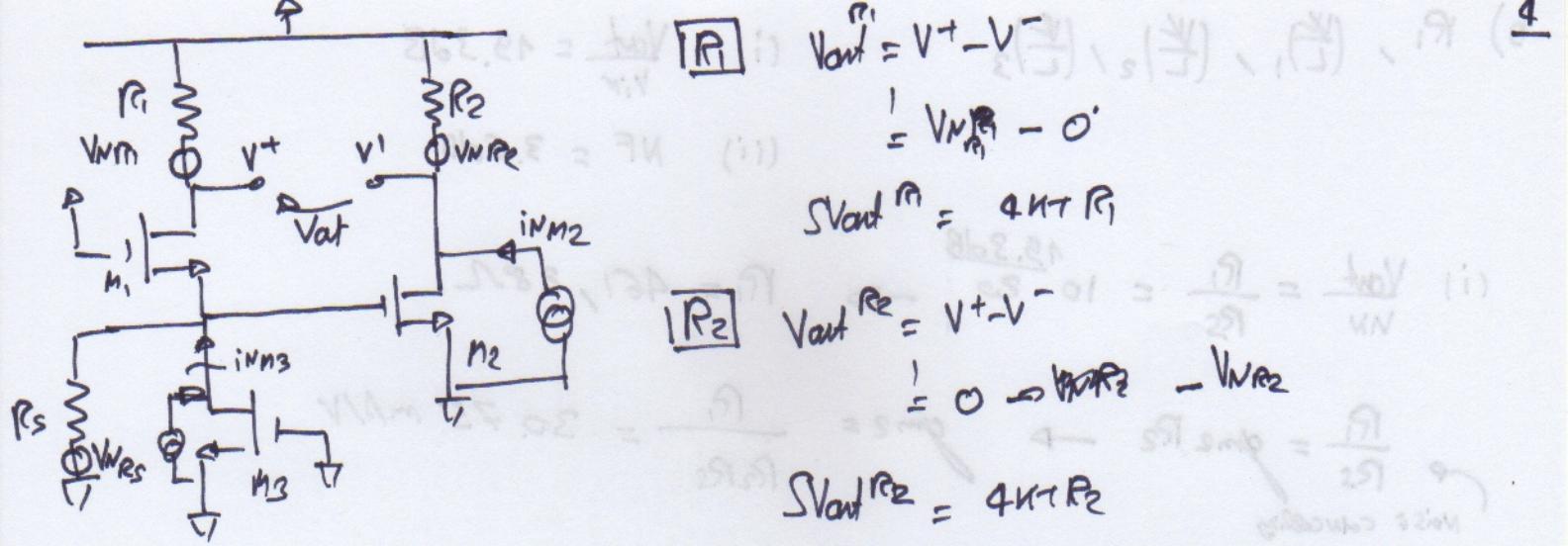
$$\frac{V+}{Vf} = \left( \frac{1}{R_S + \epsilon_{in}} \right) R_1 = \frac{R_1}{2R_S}$$

$$\frac{V}{V_S} = \frac{1}{2} (-g_{m2} R_2)$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_S} = \frac{R_1}{2R_S} + \frac{j\omega C R_2}{2} =$$

$$= \frac{R_1}{R_S}$$

to have balanced  
gain



$$V_{out} = V^+ - V^- \\ = V_{NR_1} - 0 \\ = V_{NR_1}$$

$$SV_{out}^{M1} = 4kT R_1$$

$$V_{out}^{R_2} = V^+ - V^- \\ = 0 - V_{NR_2} - V_{NR_1} \\ = -V_{NR_2}$$

$$SV_{out}^{R_2} = 4kT R_2$$

$$[R_S] \quad V_{out} = V_{NR_S} \cdot \left( \frac{R_1}{R_S} \right) \rightarrow SV_{out}^{R_S} = \frac{4kT}{R_S} R_1^2$$

$$[M_3]: \quad V_{out} = V^+ - V^- \\ = \left[ \frac{i_{INM3}}{2} R_1 \right] - \left[ i_{INM3} \left( \frac{R_S}{2} \right) (-gm_2 R_2) \right]$$

From noise cancelling:  $\frac{R_1}{R_S} = gm_2 R_2$

$$= \frac{i_{INM3}}{2} R_1 + \frac{i_{INM3}}{2} R_S \left( \frac{R_1}{R_S} \right) = i_{INM3} R_1$$

$$SV_{out}^{M3} = 4kT \frac{r}{\alpha} gm_3 (R_1)^2$$

$$[M_2]: \quad V_{out} = V^+ - V^- = 0 - [i_{IN2} R_2] \Rightarrow SV_{out}^{M2} = 4kT \frac{r}{\alpha} gm_2 R_2^2$$

$$NF = 1 + \frac{\frac{4kT R_1}{R_S}}{\frac{4kT R_1^2}{R_S}} + \frac{\frac{4kT R_2}{R_S}}{\frac{4kT R_1^2}{R_S}} + \frac{\frac{4kT \frac{r}{\alpha} gm_3 R_1^2}{R_S}}{\frac{4kT R_1^2}{R_S}} + \frac{\frac{4kT \frac{r}{\alpha} gm_2 R_2^2}{R_S}}{\frac{4kT R_1^2}{R_S}}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{R_S}{R_1} + \frac{R_2 R_S}{R_1^2} + \frac{r}{\alpha} gm_3 R_S + \frac{r}{\alpha} gm_2 R_S \left( \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right)^2$$

$$= 1 + \frac{R_S}{R_1} \left[ 1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right] + \frac{r}{\alpha} gm_3 R_S + \frac{r}{\alpha} \left( \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{R_1}{R_S} = gm_2 R_2}$$

$$b) R_1, \left(\frac{V}{L}\right)_1, \left(\frac{V}{L}\right)_2, \left(\frac{V}{L}\right)_3 \quad (i) \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = 19.3 \text{ dB}$$

$$(ii) NF = 3.6 \text{ dB}$$

$$(i) \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{R_1}{R_S} = 10^{\frac{19.3 \text{ dB}}{20}} \rightarrow R_1 = 461,28 \Omega$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_S} = g_{m2} R_2 \rightarrow g_{m2} = \frac{R_1}{R_2 R_S} = 30.75 \text{ mA/V}$$

Noise cancelling

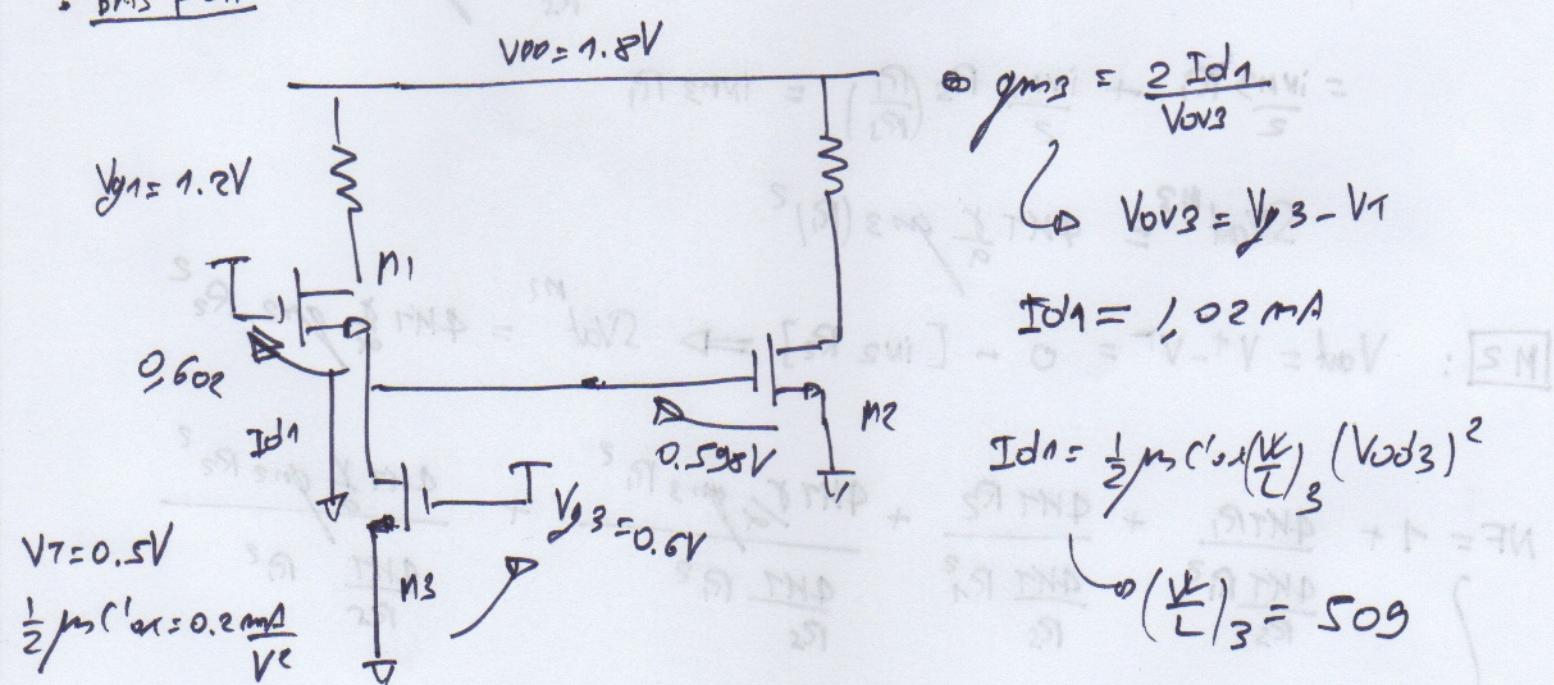
Input matching

$$\rightarrow g_{m1} = \frac{1}{50\Omega} = 20 \text{ mA/V}$$

$$(ii) NF = 1 + \frac{R_S}{R_1} \left[ 1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \right] + \frac{1}{2} g_{m3} R_S + \frac{1}{2} \frac{R_2}{R_1} = 10^{\frac{3.6 \text{ dB}}{10}}$$

$\rightarrow g_{m3} = 20.35 \text{ mA/V}$

BIAS POINT



$\bullet g_{m1} = 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \mu_s C_{ox} \left( \frac{V}{L} \right)_1 Id_1} \rightarrow \left( \frac{V}{L} \right)_1 = 492$

$\bullet g_{m2} = 2 \frac{1}{2} \mu_s C_{ox} \left( \frac{V}{L} \right)_2 V_{DS2}$

$V_{DS1} = \frac{2 Id_1}{g_{m1}} \rightarrow 0.102 \text{ V} \rightarrow V_{GS1} = 0.602 \text{ V}$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} V_{GS2} = V_{G1} - V_{GS1} \\ = 0.598 \text{ V} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow V_{DS2} = 0.098 \text{ V}$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{V}{L} \right)_2 = 282 \end{array} \right\}$

### EXERCISE 3

a) consider circuit Fig 1.

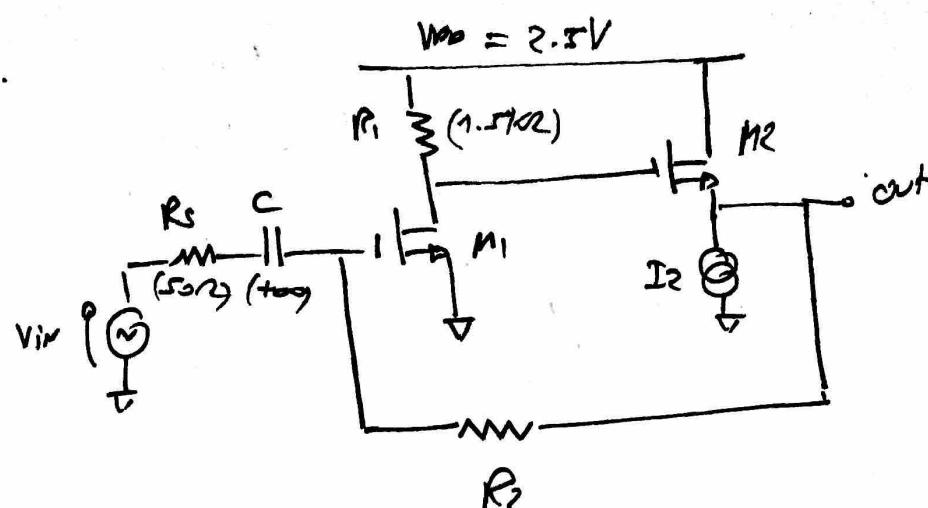
$$V_T = 0.5V$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \mu_s C_{ox} (\frac{W}{L})_1 = 0.2 \text{ mA}$$

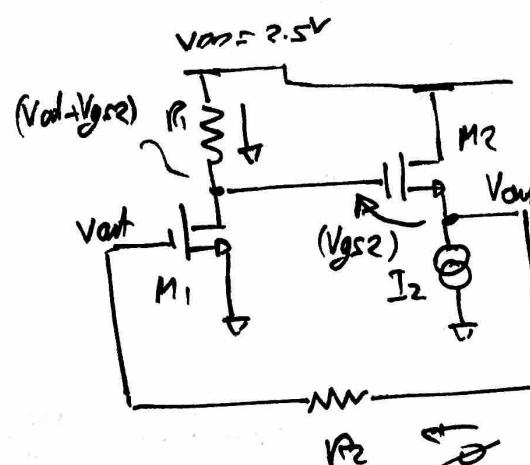
$$(\frac{W}{L})_1 = 400$$

$$(\frac{W}{L})_2 = 125$$

$$\frac{r_o}{g_m} = \frac{2}{3}$$



- Bias point:



$$I_2 = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{1}{2} \mu_s C_{ox} (\frac{W}{L})_2 (V_{ds2})^2$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{ds2} = 200 \text{ mV}$$

$$g_{m2} = \frac{2I_2}{V_{ds2}} = 10 \text{ mS}$$

$$\frac{[V_{dd} - (V_{ds1} + V_{gs2})]}{R_1} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \mu_s C_{ox} (\frac{W}{L})_1 (V_{ds1} - V_T)^2}{(V_{ds1} - V_T)^2}$$

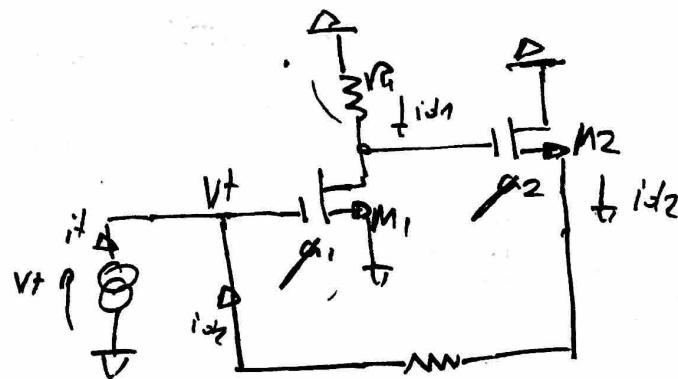
$$\frac{(1.8V)}{R_1} \xrightarrow{0.2V} \frac{(V_{dd} - V_{gs2}) - V_{ds1}}{R_1} \xrightarrow{+X} \frac{(V_{dd} - V_{gs2}) - V_{ds1}}{R_1} = \frac{1}{2} \mu_s C_{ox} (\frac{W}{L})_1 \frac{(V_{ds1} - V_T)^2}{0.2 \text{ mA} / V^2} \xrightarrow{400} \frac{(V_{ds1} - V_T)^2}{0.5V} \xrightarrow{X} V_{ds1}$$

$$I_{d1} = \frac{[V_{dd} - (V_{ds1} + V_{gs2})]}{R_1} = 800 \mu\text{A} \quad \parallel 0.6V$$

$$g_{m1} = 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \mu_s C_{ox} (\frac{W}{L})_1 I_{d1}} = 16 \text{ mS}$$

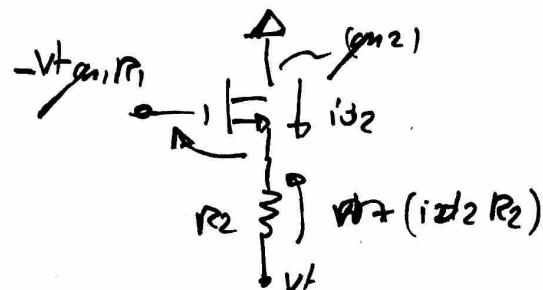
input resistance:

$$i_t = -i_{d2}$$



$$i_{d1} = g_m1 Vt$$

$$Vg_2 = -Vt g_m1 R_i$$



$$i_{d2} = g_m2 [-Vt g_m1 R_i - [Vt + R_o i_d2 R_o]]$$

$$-i_t = g_m2 g_m1 R_i Vt - Vt g_m2 + g_m2 R_o i_t \Rightarrow Y_{IN} = \frac{i_t}{Vt} = \frac{g_m2 [1 + g_m1 R_i]}{[1 + g_m2 R_o]}$$

to guarantee matching:

$$Y_{IN} = \frac{1}{50\Omega} = \frac{g_m2 [1 + g_m1 R_i]}{(1 + g_m2 R_o)}$$

$$(R_o = 1,15 k\Omega)$$

$$\begin{aligned} g_m1 &= 16 \text{ mA/V} \\ R_i &= 1.5 k\Omega \\ R_o &=? \\ g_m2 &= 10 \text{ mA/V} \end{aligned}$$

b) ASSUMING input MATCHING:

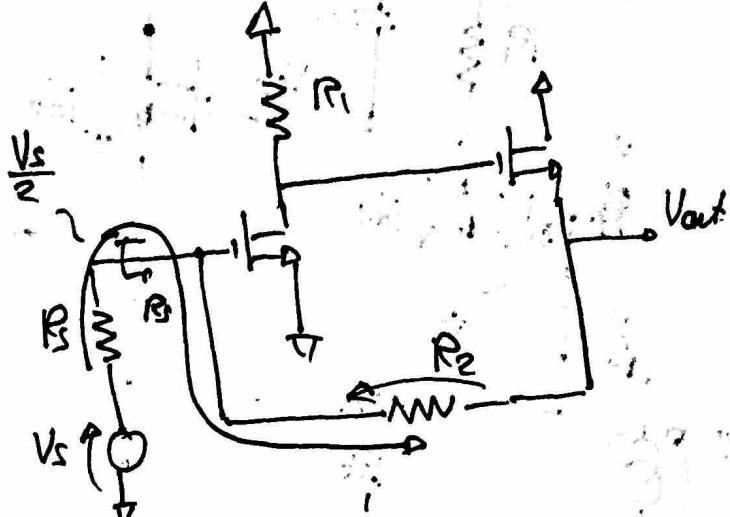
• GAIN  $\frac{V_{out}}{V_s}$

$$i = \frac{(V_s - V_s/2)}{R_s} = \frac{V_s}{2R_s}$$

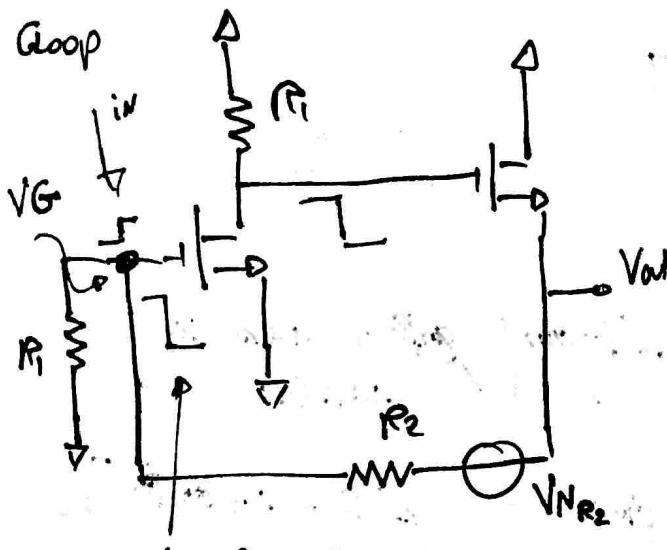
drop across  $R_s$

$$V_{out} = \frac{V_s}{2} - iR_2$$

$$= V_s \left[ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{R_2}{2R_s} \right] \Rightarrow \frac{V_{out}}{V_s} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 - \frac{R_2}{R_s} \right]$$



• NF due to  $R_2$  and  $R_s$ .



$V_g$  = VIRTUAL GND NODE

All the noise is transferred to the output since  $V_g$  is a virtual ground node.

$$NF = 1 + \frac{4kT R_2}{4kTR_s \left( \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 - \frac{R_2}{R_s} \right] \right)^2}$$

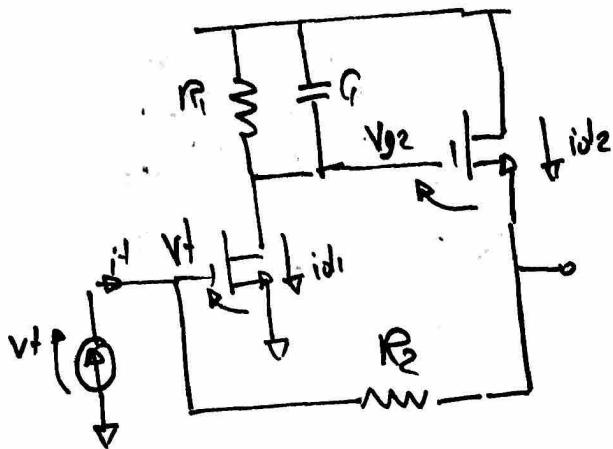
$$= 1 + \frac{R_2}{R_s} \cdot \frac{1}{\left[ \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - \frac{R_2}{R_s} \right) \right]^2}$$

$$= 0.756 \text{ dB}$$

$$R_2 = 1.15 k\Omega$$

$$R_s = 50 \Omega$$

c) expression for input admittance  $\gamma_{IN}$



$$id_2 = g_m 2 (V_{g2} - [id_2 R_2 + V_t]) =$$

$$V_{g2} = \left( 1 + g_m 1 \frac{R_1}{(1 + R_2 C_i R_1)} \right) (-1)$$

$$id_2 = -i_1$$

$$-i_1 = -g_m 2 V_t \frac{g_m 1 R_1}{(1 + R_2 C_i R_1)} + g_m 2 i_1 R_2 - V_t g_m 2$$

$$i_1 [1 + g_m 2 R_2] = V_t \left[ \frac{g_m 2 g_m 1 R_1}{(1 + R_2 C_i R_1)} + g_m 2 \right]$$

$$i_1 (1 + g_m 2 R_2) \frac{1}{g_m 2} = V_t \left[ \frac{g_m 1 R_1 + (1 + R_2 C_i R_1)}{1 + R_2 C_i R_1} \right]$$

$$i_1 (Y_{g2} + R_2) = \frac{V_t}{(1 + R_2 C_i R_1)} (g_m 1 R_1 + 1 + R_2 C_i R_1)$$

$$\rho = j\omega_0$$

$$\gamma_{IN} = \frac{i_1}{V_t} = \frac{(1 + g_m 1 R_1 + j\omega_0 C_i R_1)}{(Y_{g2} + R_2)(1 + j\omega_0 C_i R_1)} \frac{(1 - j\omega_0 C_i R_1)}{(1 - j\omega_0 C_i R_1)}$$

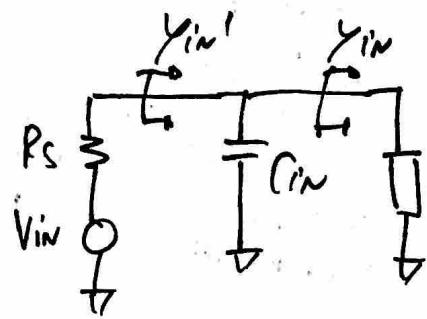
$$= \frac{1 + g_m 1 R_1 + j\omega_0 C_i R_1 - j\omega_0^2 R_1^2 - j\omega_0 C_i R_1^2 g_m 1 + \omega_0^2 (C_i R_1)^2}{(Y_{g2} + R_2)(1 + \omega_0^2 C_i^2 R_1^2)}$$

$$= \frac{(1 + g_m 1 R_1 + \omega_0^2 (C_i R_1)^2) - j(\omega_0 C_i R_1^2 g_m 1)}{(Y_{g2} + R_2)(1 + \omega_0^2 C_i^2 R_1^2)}$$

to guarantee input matching:

$$\frac{1}{R_S} = \text{Re}\{\gamma_{IN}^{-1}\}$$

$$\text{Im}\{\gamma_{IN}^{-1}\} = 0$$



$$\frac{1}{R_S} = \frac{1 + g_m1 R_1 + \omega^2 C_1 R_1}{(Y_{out2} + R_2)(1 + \omega^2 (C_1 R_1)^2)}$$

$$\left( \text{Im}\{\gamma_{IN}^{-1}\} = 0 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{(1 + g_m1 R_1)}{(Y_{out2} + R_2)} = \frac{1}{R_S} \quad (\text{some condition or point of})$$

$$\text{Im}\{\gamma_{IN}^{-1}\} = 0 \rightarrow \omega C_{IN} - \frac{\omega (C_1 R_1^2 g_m1)}{(Y_{out2} + R_2)(1 + \omega^2 (C_1 R_1)^2)} = 0$$

$$C_{IN} = \frac{C_1 R_1^2 g_m1}{(Y_{out2} + R_2)(1 + \omega^2 (C_1 R_1)^2)} \underset{\omega \ll \frac{1}{C_1 R_1}}{\approx} \frac{C_1 R_1^2 g_m1}{(Y_{out2} + R_2)}$$

$$C_1 = C_{IN} \frac{(Y_{out2} + R_2)}{R_1^2 g_m1}$$