### Rock The Vote on Freedom and Democracy

### **Table of Contents**

PREAMBLE	1
SECTION I: BILL OF RIGHTS ENSHRINEMENT	1
SECTION II: CITIZENS' BINDING REFERENDUM	
SECTION III: PROTECTIONS AGAINST GOVERNMENT OVERREACH	
SECTION IV: AMENDMENT AND PROTECTION OF THIS ACT	
SECTION V: IMPLEMENTATION	
SECTION VI: ENFORCEMENT	
SECTION VII: SUNSET CLAUSE	3

### Preamble

The time has come to grapple with the question: If we are a free nation - what does that mean? Is freedom an ultimate end or is it the means for something greater? If you embrace that it is the ultimate end, then drag queen story hour where grown men dress up as sexualized versions of women and gyrate in front of children, is simply an expression of liberty. Indeed, being an end in itself plays into the hands of the neo-Marxists, who are currently attempting to redefine freedom and democracy. If freedom is a means for something greater, then we need to decide what being greater means, and our gaze is lifted from defending ourselves from the false accusations of the neo-Marxists to the reasons of the success of the greatest civilization in the history of the world. In the Western world, the basis for greatness has been the Christian ethos. After a quarter century of attack, it is clear from the dystopian dysfunction of our society that Government must be used to properly order society along objective truth and morals. We, the people, in order to safeguard the principles of democracy, individual freedoms, and to protect against government overreach, hereby establish the Democracy Preservation and Bill of Rights Act.

# Section I: Bill of Rights Enshrinement

- 1. Declaration of Fundamental Rights: The following fundamental rights are hereby enshrined and protected as the cornerstone of this democratic society:
  - a. Freedom of speech, expression, and assembly.
  - b. Freedom of the press.
  - c. Right to privacy.
  - d. Individual property rights
  - e. Equal protection under the law.
  - f. Freedom of religion and belief.
  - g. Right to a fair and impartial trial.
  - h. Protection against cruel and unusual punishment.

- h. Right to bear arms, with reasonable restrictions based on cognitive and emotional stability and ability.
  - i. Protection from unreasonable searches and seizures.
- 2. Equality and Nondiscrimination: All citizens shall be equal before the law, and discrimination based on race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, disability, or any other protected characteristic shall be prohibited.
- 3. Protection of Individual Liberties: The government shall not infringe upon the rights and liberties enshrined in this Bill of Rights, under any circumstances, under penalty of treason.

### Section II: Citizens' Binding Referendum

- 1. Definition: A Citizens' Binding Referendum (CBR) is a direct vote by eligible citizens on specific issues or legislation that, when approved, carry the force of law. A CBR has an automatic sunset period of one (1) year.
- 2. Initiation of a CBR: Citizens may initiate a CBR by gathering a specified number of signatures from eligible voters, as outlined in the CBR guidelines. The government must provide clear and accessible procedures for initiating and conducting CBRs.
- 3. Protection of CBRs: The government shall ensure the protection and integrity of the CBR process, including safeguarding against fraud, misinformation, and undue influence.
- 4. Implementation of CBR Results: Upon the successful passage of a CBR, the government shall be bound to implement the will of the people as expressed in the referendum, subject to constitutional limitations.

# Section III: Protections Against Government Overreach

- 1. Separation of Powers: The government shall formalize and adhere to the principle of the separation of powers among the executive, legislative, and judicial branches to prevent the concentration of power and maintain a system of checks and balances.
- 2. Transparency and Accountability: The government shall maintain transparency in its actions and decisions. Elected officials shall be held accountable for their actions through regular elections, recall, and other mechanisms of oversight.
- 3. Emergency Powers: There is no cause or justification for Emergency Powers. Neither war or natural disaster require the subordination of individual rights.

### Section IV: Amendment and Protection of This Act

1. Amendment: Amendments to this Act shall require a supermajority vote in the legislative body, followed by approval in a nationwide referendum.

2. Protection: This Act shall be deemed sacrosanct and immune from repeal or modification if such changes would undermine the democratic principles, fundamental rights, or protections against government overreach enshrined herein.

## Section V: Implementation

The government shall take all necessary measures to implement and enforce this Act, including the creation of agencies and offices responsible for ensuring compliance with the provisions contained herein. This Act does not apply to Corporate Entities. Corporations are neither persons, individuals or citizens.

### Section VI: Enforcement

Any violation of the provisions of this Act shall be subject to judicial review, and remedies may include injunctive relief, damages, or other appropriate legal remedies.

### Section VII: Sunset Clause

This Act shall remain in effect indefinitely, subject to periodic review to ensure its continued relevance and effectiveness in preserving democracy, individual freedoms, and protection against government overreach.

This policy, the Democracy Preservation and Bill of Rights Act, is hereby established to protect and preserve the democratic principles and individual rights upon which our society is built while ensuring citizens have a meaningful role in the legislative process through binding referendums.