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Today's Topics

- Wrap-up on neurotransmitters
- Quiz 2 on Friday.
- Review Exam 1 on Friday.

Black widow spider venom causes paralysis by impeding the normal function of which neurotransmitter system?

- Glutamate (Glu)
- GABA (GABA)
- Dopamine (DA)
- Acetylcholine (ACh)

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With one exception, the monoamine neurotransmitters bind to what type of receptors?

- ionotropic
- voltage-gated
- nicotinic
- metabotropic

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- ionotropic
- voltage-gated voltage gated Na+, K+, and Ca++

- nicotinic ACh binds to nAChR; ACh not a monoamine
- metabotropic

The *outward* flow of this ion across the neural membrane creates what kind of PSP?

- Cl-; IPSP
- K+; IPSP
- Glutamate; EPSP
- GABA; EPSP

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The *outward* flow of this ion across the neural membrane creates what kind of PSP?

- Cl-; IPSP Outward Cl- -> inside less negative = EPSP
- K+; IPSP Make inside less positive
- Glutamate; EPSP Glu not an ion; transported across
- GABA; EPSP GABA not an ion; transported across

Serotonin (5-HT)

- $\bullet\,$ Released by $raphe\ nuclei$ in brain stem
- Role in mood, sleep, eating, pain, nausea, cognition, memory
- Modulates release of other NTs
- Most of body's 5-HT regulates digestion

5-HT anatomy

5-HT receptors

- Seven families (5-HT 1-7) with 14 types
- All but one metabotropic

5-HT clinical significance

- Ecstasy (MDMA) disturbs serotonin
- So does LSD
- Fluoxetine (Prozac)
 - Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitor (SSRI)
 - Inhibits reuptake -> increases extracellular concentration
 - Treats depression, panic, eating disorders, others

• 5-HT3 receptor antagonists are anti-mimetics used in treating nausea

Melatonin

• Released by pineal gland into bloodstream

Pineal gland

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Histamine

- In brain, released by hypothalamus, projects to whole brain
 - Metabotropic receptors
 - Role in arousal/sleep regulation
- In body, part of immune response

Other NTs

- Gases
 - Nitric Oxide (NO), carbon monoxide (CO)
- Neuropeptides
 - Substance P and endorphins (endogenous morphine-like compounds) have role in pain
 - Orexin/hypocretin, project from lateral hypothalamus across brain, regulate appetite, arousal

Other NTs

- Neuropeptides (continued)
 - Cholecystokinin (CCK) stimulates digestion
 - Oxytocin and vasopressin released by posterior hypothalamus onto posterior pituitary, regulate social behavior

Non-chemical communication between neurons

- Gap junctions
- Electrical coupling
- Connect cytoplasm directly
- Fast, but fixed, hard to modulate
- Examples, retina, cardiac muscle

Gap junctions

Ways to think about synaptic communication

- Specificity: point-to-point vs. broadcast
- Direct vs. modulatory
- Agonists vs. antagonists

Agonists vs. Antagonists

- Agonists
 - bind to receptor
 - mimic action of endogenous chemical
- Antagonists
 - bind to receptor
 - block/impede action of endogenous chemical

Valium is a GABA-A receptor agonist. This means:

- 1. It decreases inhibition
- 2. It activates a metabotropic Cl- channel
- 3. It facilitates/increases inhibition
- 4. It blocks an ionotropic channel

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Next time...

- Quiz 2
- Go over Exam 1

References