

自然語言處理與應用 Natural Language Processing and Applications

Project Introduction

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2025/04/07





What is Kaggle?

- Kaggle is a platform that provides:
 - Real-word datasets for machine learning
 - Competitions with prizes (sometimes with money)
 - Discussion forum with a lots of code examples





Kaggle submission types

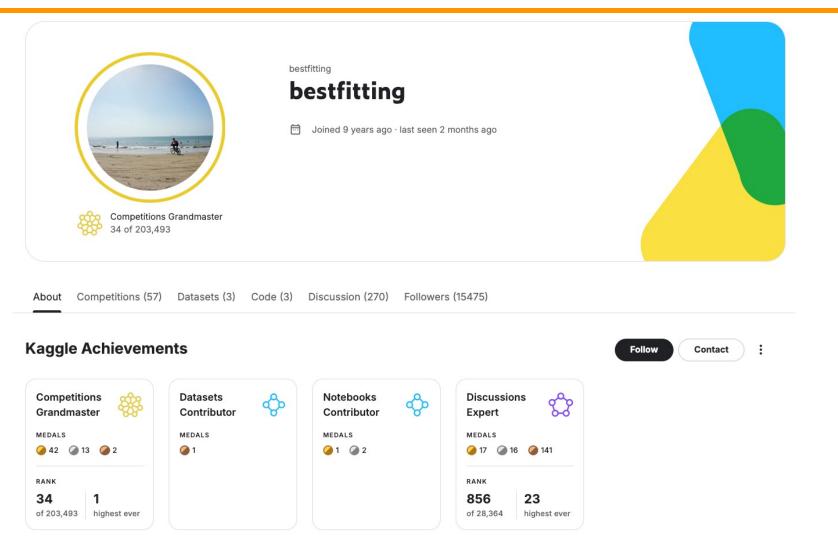
- Traditional competitions
 - Upload submission file (e.g., *.csv)
- Code / Notebook competitions

本課程 projects 採用此方式

• Upload code (e.g., *.ipynb)



If you play Kaggle a lot ...





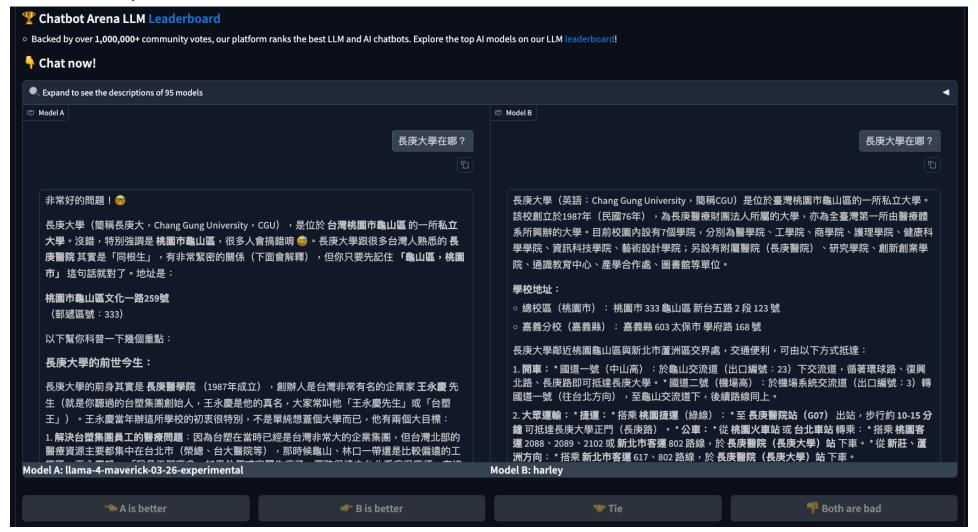
Outline of tasks

Platform	Competition Name	Data Type	Task Type
Kaggle	LLM Classification Finetuning	text	Text classification
	NBME - Score Clinical Patient Notes	text	Token classification (like Named Entity Recognition)
	LLM - Detect Al Generated Text	text	Text classification



LLM Classification Finetuning (intro)

Chatbot Arena: https://lmarena.ai/?leaderboard





LLM Classification Finetuning (data example)

train.csv	train.csv (184.18 MB) 約55K rows							₹ ;; >	
Detail Co	ompact	Column 9 of 9 columns 🗸							
∞ id	=	△ model_a =	△ model_b =	△ prompt =	△ response_a =	△ response_b =	# winner_model_a =	# winner_model_b =	# winner_tie
30.2k	4.29b	gpt-4-1106-preview 6% gpt-3.5-turbo-0613 6% Other (50246) 87%	gpt-4-1106-preview 6% gpt-3.5-turbo-0613 6% Other (50238) 87%	51734 unique values	56566 unique values	56609 unique values	0 1	0 1	0
30192		gpt-4-1106-preview	gpt-4-0613	["Is it morally right to try to have a certain percentage of females on managerial positions?", "OK,	["The question of whether it is morally right to aim for a certain percentage of females in manageri	["As an AI, I don't have personal beliefs or opinions. However, I can tell you that the question of	1	0	0
53567		koala-13b	gpt-4-0613	["What is the difference between marriage license and marriage certificate?", "How can I get both of	["A marriage license is a legal document that allows a couple to get married. It is issued by a gove	["A marriage license and a marriage certificate are two different legal documents that have separate	0	1	0
65089		gpt-3.5-turbo-0613	mistral-medium	["explain function calling. how would you call a function?"]	["Function calling is the process of invoking or executing a function in a programming language. To	["Function calling is the process of invoking a function in a program. A function is a block of code	0	0	1



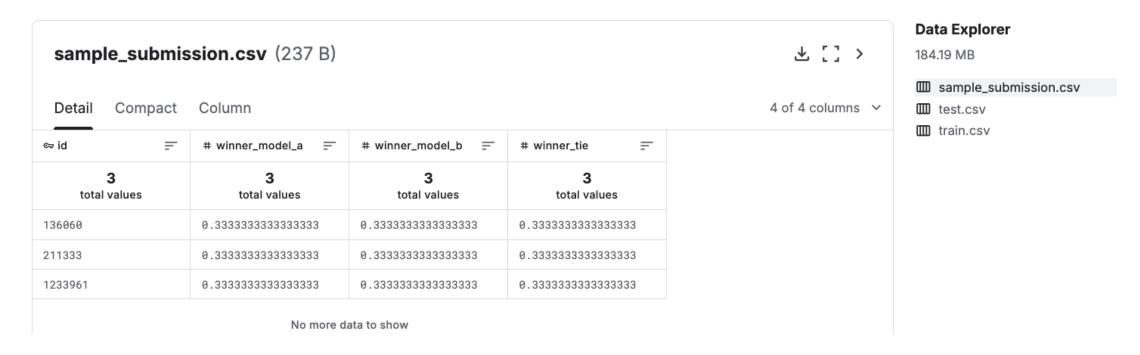
LLM Classification Finetuning (data example)





LLM Classification Finetuning (submission)

- 上傳到 Kaggle Leaderboard 需要實作 .ipynb
- 你的 code 需要能 predict test.csv 並產生檔案名稱為 submission.csv 的檔案, Kaggle 才能幫你執行程式碼並打分數,可參考 LMSYS: KerasNLP Starter





LLM Classification Finetuning (evaluation)

• Binary cross-entropy,對於任一個 class 而言 (win_a, win_b, tie):

$$L_{\log}(y, p) = -(y\log(p) + (1 - y)\log(1 - p))$$

p: 預測該類別為1的機率

y: 正確答案的類別

• Leaderboard 比的是 test set的 Loss 值 (越小越好)



NBME - Score Clinical Patient Notes

- 找出 patient note 中的重要特徵,例如:
 - 輸入一篇 patient note,輸出為 "diminished appetite"
- 競賽的實際範例:

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> df = pd.read_csv("patient_notes.csv")
>>> df[df["pn_num"]==16].pn_history.values[0][696:724]
'dad with recent heart attcak'
```



NBME – patient note example

>>> df[df["pn_num"]==16].pn_history.values[0]

HPI: 17yo M presents with palpitations. Patient reports 3-4 months of intermittent episodes of "heart beating/pounding out of my chest." 2 days ago during a soccer game had an episode, but this time had chest pressure and felt as if he were going to pass out (did not lose conciousness). Of note patient endorses abusing adderall, primarily to study (1-3 times per week). Before recent soccer game, took adderrall night before and morning of game. Denies shortness of breath, diaphoresis, fevers, chills, headache, fatigue, changes in sleep, changes in vision/hearing, abdominal paun, changes in bowel or urinary habits. \r\nPMHx: none\r\nRx: uses friends adderrall\r\nFHx: mom with "thyroid disease," dad with recent heart attcak\r\nAll: none\r\nImmunizations: up to date\r\nSHx: Freshmen in college. Endorses 3-4 drinks 3 nights / week (on weekends), denies tabacco, endorses trying marijuana. Sexually active with girlfriend x 1 year, uses condoms

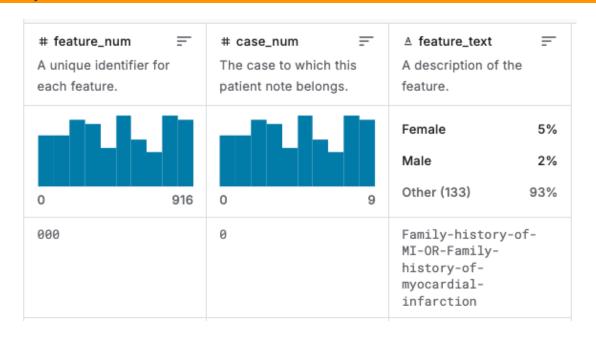


NBME - Score Clinical Patient Notes (data example - train.csv)

△ id = Unique identifier for each patient note / feature pair.	# case_num = The case to which this patient note belongs.	# pn_num = The patient note annotated in this row.	# feature_num = The feature annotated in this row.	A annotation = The text(s) within a patient note indicating a feature. A feature may be indicated multiple times within a single note.	△ location = Character spans indicating the location of each annotation within the note.
14300 unique values	0 9	16 95.3k	0 916	[] 31% ['F'] 2% Other (9597) 67%	[] 31% ['0 5'] 1% Other (9719) 68%
00016_000	0	00016	000	['dad with recent heart attcak']	['696 724']
00016_001	0	00016	001	['mom with "thyroid disease']	['668 693']
00016_002	0	00016	002	['chest pressure']	['203 217']
00016_003	0	00016	003	['intermittent episodes', 'episode']	['70 91', '176 183']
00016_004	0	00016	004	['felt as if he were going to pass out']	['222 258']
00016_005	0	00016	005	[]	[]
00016_006	0	00016	006	['adderall', 'adderrall', 'adderrall']	['321 329', '404 413', '652 661']
00016_007	0	00016	007	口但有的feature	[]
00016_008	0	00016	008	山可能沒有標註	[]
00016_009	0	00016	009	['palpitations', 'heart beating/ pounding']	['26 38', '96 118']
00016_010	0	00016	010	['3-4 months of']	['56 69']
00016_011	0	00016	011	['17yo']	['5 9']
00016_012	0	00016	012	['M']	['10 11']

每筆資料都有 feature_num代號

NBME - Score Clinical Patient Notes (data example - features.csv)

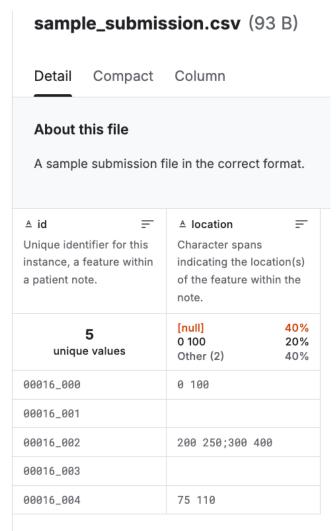


• 競賽的實際範例:

```
>>> import pandas as pd
>>> df = pd.read_csv("patient_notes.csv")
>>> df[df["pn_num"]==16].pn_history.values[0][696:724]
'dad with recent heart attcak'
```



NBME - Score Clinical Patient Notes (submission and evaluation)



- 只需要預測 location 即可
- 上傳到 Kaggle Leaderboard 需要實作 .ipynb
- 你的 code 需要能 predict test.csv 並產生檔案名稱為 submission.csv 的檔案, Kaggle 才能幫你執行程式碼 並打分數,可參考 NBME / Deberta-base baseline [inference]



NBME - Score Clinical Patient Notes (evaluation)

Metric: Micro F1-score

Example

Suppose we have an instance:

These spans give the sets of indices:

```
| ground-truth | prediction |
|-----|----|----|
| 0 1 2 3 4 | 2 3 4 7 8 |
```

We therefore compute:

- TP = size of $\{2, 3, 4\} = 3$
- FN = size of $\{0, 1\} = 2$
- $FP = size of \{7, 8\} = 2$



Confusion Matrix

	Actually positive	Actually negative	
Predicted positive	True positive (TP)	False positive (FP)	
Predicted negative	False negative (FN)	True negative (TN)	

- Precision = TP / (TP + FP)
 - 模型預測的TP比例
- Recall = TP / (TP + FN)
 - True Positive Rate (TPR)
- F1-score (廣義) = 2(Precision*Recall) /(Precision+Recall)



Macro vs. Micro

- 假設總共有100筆資料:
 - 每一筆都算出一個 F1-score, 最後取平均 => Macro F1-score
 - 加總全部100筆的 TP, FN 以及 FP 之後,再算出 F1-score => Micro F1-score



LLM - Detect Al Generated Text

- The competition dataset comprises about 10,000 essays
 - Some written by students and some generated by a variety of large language models (LLMs).
- The goal of the competition is to determine whether or not essay was generated by an LLM.



LLM - Detect Al Generated Text (data)





LLM - Detect AI Generated Text (submission and evaluation)

Evaluation

Submissions are evaluated on area under the ROC curve between the predicted probability and the observed target.

Submission File

For each id in the test set, you must predict a probability that that essay was generated. The file should contain a header and have the following format:

```
id, generated
0000aaaa, 0.1
1111bbbb, 0.9
2222cccc, 0.4
```

- 上傳到 Kaggle Leaderboard 需要實作 .ipynb
- 你的 code 需要能 predict test_essays.csv 並產生檔案名稱為 submission.csv 的檔案,Kaggle 才能幫你執行程式碼並打分數,可參考 0.960| Phrases are keys



ROC: Receiver operating characteristic curve (接收者操作特徵曲線)

AUC: ROC 的底面下面積 (越大越好)

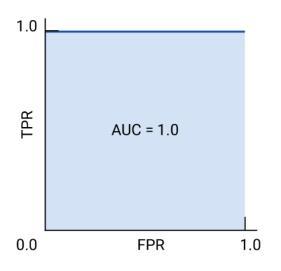


圖1:ROC和AUC,這是一個完美假設的模型。

- TP / (TP + FN): True Positive Rate (TPR)
 - 又稱作 Recall
- FP / (FP+TN): False Positive Rate (FPR)



Project checkpoints (暫定)

- Week 9: 確定各組的題目
- Week 11: 進度報告 PPT (5 pages)
- Week 13: 進度報告 PPT (5+5 pages), Presentations (selected teams)
- Week 15 Week 16: Final presentations for all teams (maybe poster)
- Week 16 結束前: 繳交書面報告以及程式碼



期末 Project 規定

- 需要上傳 Kaggle Leaderboard
 - 請留意,每個題目都是 Code competition, code 必須沒有 bug 才能上傳
- project 進度 (至少最後一次書面報告前) 需涵蓋大型語言模型的實驗,開源
 (e.g., Llama) 或閉源 (e.g., ChatGPT) 模型皆可
- 每次報告都需要列出每位組員的貢獻內容,以及組員間的工作比重 (%)



生成式 AI 融入教材核銷

- <u>三月</u>: 3/24 (一)
- 四月:4/21(一)
- 五月:5/20(二)



準備項目 (updated)

- 收據 (付款的學生需要簽名)
 - 目前受理項目為:
 - ChatGPT Plus (USD 20 / 月)
 - Colab Pro (USD 10.49 / 月)
 - OpenAI API (一個月以 USD 19 為限,見下一頁)
 - 購買 ChatGPT plus 請下載 invoice, 非 receipt
- 刷卡明細 (付款的學生需要簽名)
- 因此,每個項目需要收據*1 + 刷卡明細*1



Thank you!

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