## **Medford Disaster Router**

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```
In [1]: # Function imports
    import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import networkx as nx
    import osmnx as ox
    import geopandas as gpd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import matplotlib.cm as cm
    import matplotlib.colors as colors

ox.config(use_cache=True, log_console=True)
    ox.__version__

%config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'retina'
%matplotlib inline
```

### 1. Problem Statement

- 1) Build a NLP model identifies road closures based on in social media
- 2) Use Google maps to chart travel based on different times of day
- 3) Translate "bad traffic areas" as flaged map locations
- 4) Simulate a natural disaster that destroys roads
- 5) Reflect the affected roads into a map in red color
- 6) Produce a map of valid rescue roads/escape routes
- 7) Optimize dispatch for police and rescue

## 2. Data Collection/Import Medford

Basic information about an importated city. Due to my site specific knowledge, I decided to protoype this model on the city of Medford. Other city disasters will be investigated. I-93 was removed from the road network to simplify the initial analysis.



```
In [14]: # what sized area does our network cover in square meters?
          medford_proj = ox.project_graph(medford)
          nodes_proj = ox.graph_to_gdfs(medford_proj, edges=False)
          graph_area m = nodes_proj.unary_union.convex_hull.area
          print(graph_area_m)
          # show basic stats about the network
          medford stats = ox.basic stats(medford proj,
                                             area=graph_area_m,
                                             clean_intersects=True,
                                             circuity_dist='euclidean')
          # medford stats = ox.extended stats(medford proj, ecc=True, bc=True, cc=
          True)
          pd.DataFrame(medford_stats).set_index("streets_per_node_counts")
          24864732.339954104
Out[14]:
                                             k_avg intersection_count streets_per_node_avg streets_
           streets_per_node_counts
                                     7856 5.071659
                                                              2662
                                                                             2.854099
                             o 3098
                                     7856
                                          5.071659
                                                                             2.854099
                                3098
                                                              2662
                            436
                                3098
                                     7856
                                          5.071659
                                                              2662
                                                                             2.854099
                           2230
                                3098
                                     7856 5.071659
                                                              2662
                                                                             2.854099
                                                                             2.854099
                                3098
                                     7856 5.071659
                                                              2662
                            402
                             16 3098 7856 5.071659
                                                              2662
                                                                             2.854099
          # Edge and Node projection
In [15]:
          nodes med, edges med = ox.graph to gdfs(medford, nodes=True, edges=True)
          nodes med.head(2)
In [16]:
Out[16]:
                         highway
                                     osmid
                                                                 У
                                                                                  geometry
                                                                           POINT (-71.1007798
             66478081 turning_circle
                                   66478081
                                           NaN -71.100780 42.429287
                                                                                 42.4292871)
                                                                     POINT (-71.11018660000001
           1754021893
                            NaN 1754021893 NaN -71.110187 42.426412
                                                                                 42.4264119)
In [17]:
          nodes med.shape
Out[17]: (3098, 6)
```

## 2a. Major Roads Functions

To avoid clutting up the notebook, all major functions have been exported into the "graph\_functions.py" bython file. See this file for futher information.

```
In [18]: #Functions built for this project
    # %load graph_functions.py
    import graph_functions as gf
```

The "node\_roader" function returns a data dictionary of the essential information from a plotted object.

medford\_data = gf.node\_roader(medford) nodes in lightsteelblue 5 MA 38; MA 60 colored 18 nodes in MA 16; MA 38 colored crimson nodes in 155 MA 38 colored steelblue 187 nodes in MA 60 colored mediumseagreen 65 nodes in MA 16 colored dimgrey 93 nodes in colored sienna MA 28

major road map for region



```
In [20]: medford_data.keys()
Out[20]: dict_keys(['graph', 'edges', 'nodes', 'major_roads', 'major_intersectio
          ns', 'major_map', 'color_dictionary', 'edge_color', 'node_color'])
          edges_med, nodes_med, medford = medford_data["edges"], medford_data["nod
In [21]:
           es"], medford data["graph"]
          nodes_med.major_inter.value counts()
In [22]:
Out[22]: 0
                2725
          1
                  351
          2
                    9
           3
                    6
           4
                    4
           6
                    3
          Name: major inter, dtype: int64
In [23]:
          #Long/Lat information
          nodes_med[["x","y"]].describe()
Out[23]:
                          X
                                      У
                 3098.000000
                             3098.000000
           count
                   -71.104385
                               42.417810
           mean
                    0.017585
                                0.011473
             std
                   -71.147362
                               42.396193
             min
                   -71.116528
                               42.408226
            25%
                   -71.101943
                               42.416830
            50%
                   -71.091419
                               42.426176
            75%
                   -71.073105
                               42.451141
             max
          nodes med.head(2)
In [25]:
Out[25]:
                         highway
                                      osmid
                                              ref
                                                                              geometry
                                                                                       major
                                                                      POINT (-71.1007798
             66478081 turning_circle
                                    66478081
                                            NaN
                                                 -71.100780 42.429287
                                                                                       minor v
                                                                            42.4292871)
                                                                                 POINT
           1754021893
                             NaN 1754021893 NaN -71.110187 42.426412 (-71.11018660000001
                                                                                       minor v
```

## 2b. Routing

42.4264119)

The "random point" and "get\_nearest\_node" functions are designed to pair any longitude and latitude location with a node on the road network. Routing is handled but he Networkx package.

```
In [26]: #A function to generate a random lat/long point
gf.random_point()

Out[26]: (-4.564236287744961, -83.12728159778895)

In [27]: random_point_A = gf.random_point()
random_point_B = gf.random_point()

# get the nearest network node to each random point
orig_node = ox.get_nearest_node(medford, random_point_A)
dest_node = ox.get_nearest_node(medford, random_point_B)

In [28]: # find the route between these nodes then plot it
route = nx.shortest_path(medford, orig_node, dest_node, weight='length')
fig, ax = ox.plot_graph_route(medford, route, node_size=0)
```

```
In [29]: # Length of route in meters
```

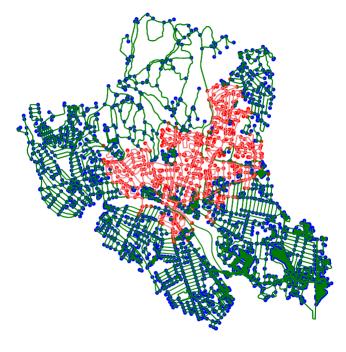
### 2c. Disaster Radius

"Disaster\_generator" creates a graph object around a node given a radius. This subgraph serves as the region effected by the disaster.

```
In [31]: d_location = nodes_med[["y","x"]].sample(1).values[0]
In [33]: print(d_location)
         [ 42.4306193 -71.1129258]
In [32]: #returns a graphs object of a disater
         disaster = gf.disaster_generator(nodes_med, location_point = d_location,
         radius = 2500)
In [34]: nodes_dis, edges_dis = ox.graph_to_gdfs(disaster)
```

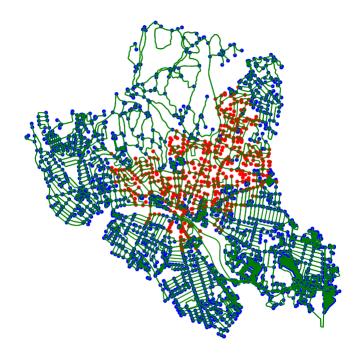
The disaster is then reimposed onto the original city graph.

```
In [35]: #Set Colors
    ec = ['lightcoral' if i in disaster.edges() else 'green' for i in medfor
    d.edges()]
    nc = ['red' if i in disaster.nodes() else 'blue' for i in medford.nodes
    ()]
    #Plot energency grid
    ox.plot_graph(medford, node_size=15, node_color = nc ,edge_color=ec)
```



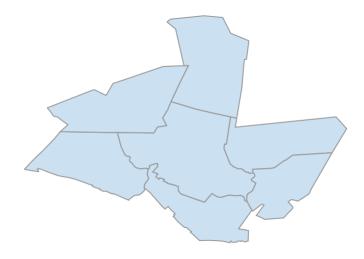
The "road\_kill" function destroys a given percentage of roads inside the disaster zone. These destroyed roads are removed from edges of the city network. Comparing the images above and below will demonstrate that some nodes are now completely isolated as all connecting roads are destroyed.

138320 roads remain of 149264 total roads



## 2d. City Visualizations

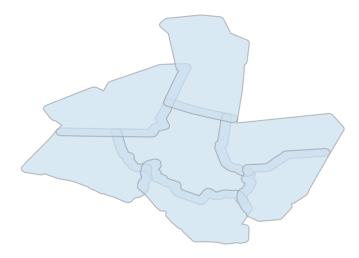
Various city road information and city information



```
In [ ]: # highlight one-way roads
    oneway = ox.graph_from_place(place, network_type='drive')
    ec = ['r' if data['oneway'] else 'b' for u, v, key, data in oneway.edges
        (keys=True, data=True)]
    fig, ax = ox.plot_graph(oneway, node_size=0, edge_color=ec, edge_linewid
        th=1.5, edge_alpha=0.5)
```



```
In [ ]: #Neighboor hoods buffered
    neigboors_buffered = ox.gdf_from_places(place_names, gdf_name='neighboor
    s', buffer_dist=250)
    fig, ax = ox.plot_shape(neigboors_buffered, alpha=0.7)
```



## 3. Data Creation

#### "Random\_zone\_picker" creates random crosstown traffic .CSVs for google to analyze.

```
In [42]: # DF builder of start/end nodes with long/lat and times
# Already done, commenting out to avoid clutter in notebook

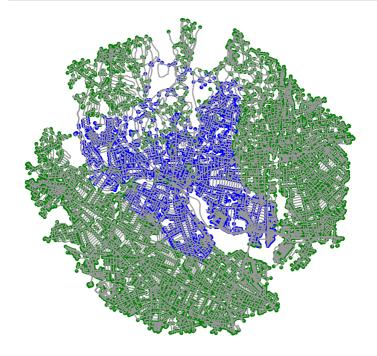
router = gf.random_zone_picker(nodes_med, 10)
#router.to_csv("more_zones.csv")
```

```
In [44]: router.head(3)
```

#### Out[44]:

	osmid_start	x_start	y_start	start_zone	osmid_end	x_end	y_end	end_zone
0	66472630	-71.116727	42.407028	0	66437756	-71.091194	42.426873	1
1	66472630	-71.116727	42.407028	0	66437756	-71.091194	42.426873	1
2	66472630	-71.116727	42.407028	0	66437756	-71.091194	42.426873	1

Police are not restricted to one city, thus, a region around Medford is mapped to potentially use as routes around the disaster. Here a 5.5 km radius is plotted around city hall.

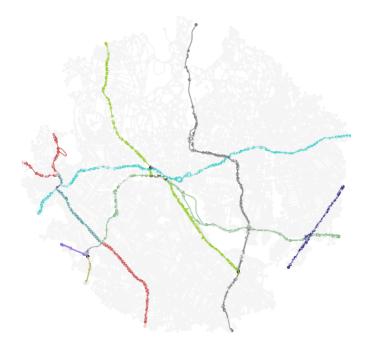


In [47]: neighbor\_data = gf.node\_roader(neighbor)

166	nodes in	US 3;MA 2A	colored	cadetblue
10	nodes in	MA 38;MA 60	colored	darkslateblue
24	nodes in	MA 16;MA 38	colored	darkolivegreen
330	nodes in	MA 38	colored	yellowgreen
28	nodes in	MA 2	colored	mediumpurple
582	nodes in	MA 60	colored	mediumturquois
е				
270	nodes in	MA 16	colored	darkseagreen
150	nodes in	MA 99	colored	darkslateblue
42	nodes in	US 3	colored	indianred
18	nodes in	US 3;MA 2A;MA 60	colored	darkslateblue
30	nodes in	US 3;MA 2;MA 16	colored	darkkhaki
22	nodes in	US 3;MA 16	colored	lightslategrey
308	nodes in	MA 2A	colored	indianred
348	nodes in	MA 28	colored	grey

major road map for region





#### In the above coloration, black nodes serve as significant intersection between major roads.

```
In [50]: black = neighbor_data["nodes"]
          black[black.color == "black"].head(2)
Out[50]:
                       highway
                                  osmid
                                           ref
                                                                            major color ma
                                                                    geometry
                                                                               MA
                                          MA
                                                                      POINT
                                                                            16;MA
           66455370 traffic_signals 66455370 16/MA -71.117942 42.419096
                                                                  (-71.117942
                                                                            38 MA
                                                                                   black
                                           38
                                                                   42.419096)
                                                                            38 MA
                                                                               16
                                                                      POINT
                                                                            MA 60
           66464342 traffic_signals 66464342
                                         NaN -71.089860 42.424022
                                                                 (-71.0898596
                                                                                   black
                                                                            MA 28
                                                                  42.4240215)
In [51]: neighbor_data.keys()
Out[51]: dict_keys(['graph', 'edges', 'nodes', 'major_roads', 'major_intersectio
          ns', 'major_map', 'color_dictionary', 'edge_color', 'node_color'])
In [52]: nodes area, edges area, neighborhood = neighbor data["nodes"], neighbor
          data["edges"], neighbor data["graph"]
```

#### Major node connection vector

```
In [54]: for i in neighbor_data['major_intersections']:
             print("Number of major nodes: ",
                   len(neighbor_data['major_intersections'][i]),
                  "\t with degree ",
                   i,)
         Number of major nodes:
                                          with degree
         Number of major nodes:
                                          with degree 1
                                 0
         Number of major nodes:
                                 19
                                          with degree
         Number of major nodes:
                                          with degree 3
         Number of major nodes:
                                 1053
                                          with degree 4
         Number of major nodes:
                                          with degree 5
                                 0
         Number of major nodes:
                                 49
                                          with degree 6
         Number of major nodes:
                                 0
                                          with degree
         Number of major nodes:
                                 14
                                          with degree 8
In [55]: | neighbor_data['major_intersections'].keys()
Out[55]: dict_keys([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
In [56]: # find the route between these nodes then plot it
         route = nx.shortest path(neighbor, 3809869827, 65339393, weight='length'
         fig, ax = ox.plot_graph_route(neighbor, route, node_size=0)
```



Checks to see if a neighborhood node is the city and creates a column based on data in the node geopandas dataframe

In [58]: nodes\_area.head()

Out[58]:

	highway	osmid	ref	x	У	geometry	major	
3809869824	NaN	3809869824	NaN	-71.114121	42.379348	POINT (-71.1141215 42.3793477)	minor	white
65339393	NaN	65339393	NaN	-71.062293	42.415550	POINT (-71.0622932 42.4155504)	minor	white
3809869827	NaN	3809869827	NaN	-71.115105	42.379540	POINT (-71.11510509999999 42.3795404)	minor	white
66453510	NaN	66453510	NaN	-71.122518	42.438382	POINT (-71.122518 42.438382)	minor	white
3809869832	NaN	3809869832	NaN	-71.115190	42.379899	POINT (-71.11519029999999 42.3798988)	minor	white

## **4 Google Directions Import**

Google perfered routes happen over the google api. The following chart shows the approximation between the intersection use and Pareto Principle. 80% of the traffic is concentrated in 20% of the intersections.

```
gmap, complete_node, node_occurances = gf.directionsToDataframe("10.Goog
le directions api all6k.csv")
50853 references of 499 nodes
Top 10 nodes in list
1
          [(42.4191023, -71.11793759999999), 1369]
2
          [(42.436239099999999, -71.1019761), 1205]
3
          [(42.4175248, -71.1179305), 1050]
          [(42.416641899999999, -71.110641), 1050]
4
5
          [(42.4245735, -71.1062702), 1036]
          [(42.4153957, -71.1105742), 1033]
6
7
          [(42.4115429, -71.1217863), 1021]
8
          [(42.4287603, -71.1025933), 1010]
9
          [(42.4342774, -71.08368829999999), 979]
10
          [(42.4058567, -71.0980563), 887]
  1400 -
  1200
Number of occurrences
  1000
   800
   600
   400
   200
```

# 4a. Google top 10 nodes

0

100

200

Place Value from Top to Lowest

300

400

500

0

In [61]: gmap.head()

Out[61]:

Out[61]:		osmid_start	Ing_start	lat_start	start_zone	osmid_end	Ing_end	lat_end	end_zone	•
	0	66450694	-71.090072	42.436659	1	66449255	-71.092265	42.411050	2	
	1	66450694	-71.090072	42.436659	1	66449255	-71.092265	42.411050	2	
	2	66450694	-71.090072	42.436659	1	66449255	-71.092265	42.411050	2	
	3	66436104	-71.088950	42.439999	1	66445131	-71.090880	42.411045	2	
	4	66436104	-71.088950	42.439999	1	66445131	-71.090880	42.411045	2	

In [64]: google\_top = gf.traffic\_node(nodes\_area, node\_occurances)
 g\_list = list(google\_top[google\_top.traffic\_importance > 887].osmid.valu
 es)

In [65]: google\_top[google\_top.traffic\_importance > 887]

Out[65]:

	highway	osmid	ref	x	У	geometry	major	
66455370	traffic_signals	66455370	MA 16/MA 38	-71.117942	42.419096	POINT (-71.117942 42.419096)	MA 16;MA 38 MA 38 MA 16	
66458425	traffic_signals	66458425	NaN	-71.110596	42.416629	POINT (-71.1105965 42.4166294)	MA 38	yel
66459547	traffic_signals	66459547	NaN	-71.121782	42.411549	POINT (-71.121782 42.411549)	minor	wh
66464026	NaN	66464026	NaN	-71.117945	42.417517	POINT (-71.1179454 42.4175169)	minor	wh
65358204	NaN	65358204	NaN	-71.083640	42.434357	POINT (-71.0836398 42.4343575)	minor	wh
66424429	NaN	66424429	NaN	-71.110593	42.415511	POINT (-71.1105927 42.415511)	MA 38	yel
66426296	NaN	66426296	NaN	-71.102557	42.428794	POINT (-71.102557 42.428794)	MA 28	
66430240	NaN	66430240	NaN	-71.101967	42.436268	POINT (-71.1019671 42.4362676)	MA 28	
66444502	traffic_signals	66444502	NaN	-71.106271	42.424573	POINT (-71.10627100000001 42.4245726)	minor	wh



## 5. Initial Monte Carlo Simulation

#### **Rules:**

- 1. Simulation
  - A. All disasters originate in Medford with no spill over
  - B. 5 patrol officers who maybe inside disaster radius
  - C. 5 officers dispatched from station
  - D. Police do not follow one way road rules
  - E. 10 randomly selected node emergencies inside disaster radius
  - F. Best route chosen for all officers
  - G. Officers dispatched for on foot for unreachable emergencies (distance 10,000 listed)
  - H. 10,000 simulations
  - I. I-93 is taken out by the disaster
  - J. Disaster radius randomly selected
- 2. Questions to answer
  - A. Average police travel distance
  - B. Most used nodes by police

```
In [68]: import time
         import pickle
         from scipy.optimize import linear_sum_assignment
         #Populate police station
         .....
         Medford Police:
         100 Main St, Medford, MA 02155
         42.415811 -71.110152
         police node = gf.nodefinder(nodes med,
                                      lat = 42.415811,
                                      lng = -71.110152)
         def monte simulator(p e samples, police location, simulations, name = ""
         ):
             main_start = time.time()
             police_node = gf.nodefinder(nodes_med,
                                      lat = police location[0],
                                      lng = police location[1])
             police station = [police node] * p e samples
             p e samples *= 2
             monte_simulation = {}
             #Iteration though simulation
             for sim in range(0,simulations):
                 #Initialization
                 start = time.time()
                 print("Starting simulation: {} at time: {}".format(sim,round(sta
         rt - main start,2)))
                 monte dis = {}
                 #Generates disaster and radius
                 disaster location = nodes med.sample(1)
                 monte dis["dis location"] = disaster location
                 monte dis["dis rad"] = np.random.uniform(low = .4, high = .9) *
         4000
                 monte dis["disaster"] = gf.disaster generator(nodes med,
                                                                 location point = d
         isaster location[["y", "x"]].values[0],
```

```
radius = monte dis
["dis_rad"],
                                                       plotter = 0)
        monte_dis["nodes_effected"] = len(monte_dis["disaster"].nodes())
        monte dis["roads_effected"] = len(monte_dis["disaster"].edges())
        #Randomly destroys roads in disaster radius
        monte dis["remain per"] = np.random.uniform(low = .35, high = 1)
        monte dis["remaining"] = gf.road kill(monte dis["disaster"],
                                               nodes area, #These come fr
om the neighborhood
                                               edges_area,
                                               kill_percentage = monte_di
s["remain_per"],
                                               plotter = 0)
        #Make dictionaries for emergencies and police
        e_list = np.random.choice(list(monte_dis["disaster"].nodes()),
                                  replace=False,
                                   size = p_e_samples)
        p_list = list(nodes_med.sample(int(p_e_samples / 2)).osmid.value
s)
        p_list.extend(police_station)
        monte_dis["emergency"] = {}
        monte_dis["patrol"] = {}
        for i in range(0,p e samples):
            monte_dis["patrol"]["officer_{{}}".format(i)] = p_list[i]
            monte dis["emergency"]["emergency {}".format(i)] = e list[i]
        rows = list(monte_dis["patrol"].keys())
        columns = list(monte dis["emergency"].keys())
        #Distance Matrix
        d_matrix = pd.DataFrame(columns = columns,
                                index = rows)
        for i in range(len(rows)):
            for j in range(len(columns)):
                    path = nx.shortest_path_length(monte_dis["remaining"
],
                                                        monte dis["patro
1"][rows[i]],
                                                        monte dis["emerge
ncy"][columns[j]],
                                                        weight='length')
                except:
                    path = 10 000
                d matrix.loc[rows[i], columns[j]] = path
```

```
monte_dis["distance_matrix"] = d_matrix.astype(float)
        #Use Hungarian algorithm for linear sum assignment
        lsa = linear_sum_assignment(monte_dis["distance_matrix"].to_nump
у())
        adj matrix = np.matrix(np.zeros((10, 10)))
        #optimized distances
        od list = []
        for i in range(len(lsa[0])):
            od = monte_dis["distance_matrix"].iloc[lsa[0][i],lsa[1][i]]
            adj_matrix[lsa[0][i],lsa[1][i]] = od
            od list.append(od)
        dispatch = {"officer_{{}}".format(lsa[0][i]):["emergency_{{}}".forma
t(lsa[1][i]),
                                                     od list[i]] for i in
range(len(lsa[0]))}
        monte_dis["ad matrix"] = adj matrix
        monte_dis["dispatch"] = dispatch
        monte dis["dispatch distance"] = sum(od list)
        monte simulation[sim] = monte dis
        if sim % 200 == 0:
            print("pickle dump")
            pickle.dump(monte simulation, open( "monte simulation {} {}).
p".format(name, sim), "wb" ))
        end = time.time()
        print("Ending simulation: {}. Total {} seconds for run\n".format
(sim,round(end - start,2)))
    return monte simulation
```

#### Demo of five simulated disasters

```
In [69]: monte_simulation = monte_simulator(5,[42.415811,-71.110152], 5, "demo")
         Starting simulation: 0 at time: 0.05
         667116 roads remain of 667836 total roads
         pickle dump
         Ending simulation: 0. Total 21.53 seconds for run
         Starting simulation: 1 at time: 21.57
         646416 roads remain of 667836 total roads
         Ending simulation: 1. Total 52.21 seconds for run
         Starting simulation: 2 at time: 73.78
         667224 roads remain of 667836 total roads
         Ending simulation: 2. Total 20.94 seconds for run
         Starting simulation: 3 at time: 94.72
         646164 roads remain of 667836 total roads
         Ending simulation: 3. Total 35.16 seconds for run
         Starting simulation: 4 at time: 129.88
         664218 roads remain of 667836 total roads
         Ending simulation: 4. Total 29.49 seconds for run
```

#### Simulations inside data dictionary

```
In [70]: monte_simulation.keys()
Out[70]: dict_keys([0, 1, 2, 3, 4])
```

#### Terms inside of each simulation

#### Two Sample dispatches with corresponding distance in meters

```
In [80]: | monte_simulation[0]['dispatch']
Out[80]: {'officer_0': ['emergency_5', 3165.7219999999999],
           'officer_1': ['emergency_0', 4553.591],
           'officer_2': ['emergency_6', 5421.6460000000025],
           'officer_3': ['emergency_2', 6558.164000000001],
           'officer 4': ['emergency 3', 5265.95699999999],
           'officer_5': ['emergency_9', 2448.74000000001],
           'officer_6': ['emergency_8', 3775.539000000007],
           'officer_7': ['emergency_7', 3491.23400000001],
           'officer_8': ['emergency_4', 2368.111000000001],
           'officer_9': ['emergency_1', 2863.6080000000000]}
In [82]:
          monte simulation[2]['dispatch']
Out[82]: {'officer_0': ['emergency_3', 2418.343000000008],
           'officer_1': ['emergency_4', 1909.563999999999],
           'officer 2': ['emergency 9', 10000.0],
           'officer_3': ['emergency_6', 2711.42899999999],
           'officer 4': ['emergency 0', 580.321999999999],
           'officer_5': ['emergency_8', 3044.8880000000004],
           'officer_6': ['emergency_7', 2505.99],
           'officer_7': ['emergency_5', 3718.087999999997],
           'officer_8': ['emergency_2', 2008.591999999999],
           'officer 9': ['emergency 1', 3077.237999999999]}
In [86]: monte simulation[2]["ad matrix"]
Out[86]: matrix([[
                                    0.
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                                                         2418.343,
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```

#### **Data frame generation**

```
In [71]: size_list = range(len(monte_simulation))
```

```
In [73]: df = pd.concat([monte_simulation[i]["dis_location"].copy() for i in size
          list]).reset index(drop=True)
In [76]: extra_data = ['dis_rad', 'nodes_effected', 'roads_effected', 'remain_pe
          r', 'dispatch distance']
In [77]:
          for i in range(len(monte_simulation)):
              for j in extra data:
                   df.loc[i, j] = monte simulation[i][j]
In [78]:
          df.columns
Out[78]: Index(['highway', 'osmid', 'ref', 'x', 'y', 'geometry', 'major', 'colo
          r',
                  'major_inter', 'dis_rad', 'nodes_effected', 'roads_effected',
                  'remain per', 'dispatch distance'],
                 dtype='object')
In [84]: X = df[['osmid','x', 'y','dis_rad', 'nodes_effected', 'roads_effected',
                  'remain_per', 'dispatch_distance']]
         X.head()
In [85]:
Out[85]:
                 osmid
                               X
                                        У
                                              dis rad nodes effected roads effected remain per
               66457384 -71.141971 42.422531 1705.878532
           0
                                                             395.0
                                                                         1044.0
                                                                                 0.447029
           1 1492438714 -71.084046 42.405243 3372.581750
                                                            2166.0
                                                                         4908.0
                                                                                 0.891804
           2 1479863481 -71.076628 42.411783 1904.437873
                                                             288.0
                                                                          663.0
                                                                                 0.523666
                                                                                 0.903811
               66474274 -71.136638 42.429198 3004.994641
                                                            1097.0
                                                                         2873.0
           3
               66452598 -71.102182 42.430619 3265.576548
                                                                         3154.0
                                                            1299.0
                                                                                 0.448429
 In [ ]:
```