# Flask-Migrate — Flask-Migrate documentation

**Flask-Migrate** is an extension that handles SQLAlchemy database migrations for Flask applications using Alembic. The database operations are made available through the Flask command-line interface or through the Flask-Script extension.

# Why Use Flask-Migrate vs. Alembic Directly?

Flask-Migrate is an extension that configures Alembic in the proper way to work with your Flask and Flask-SQLAlchemy application. In terms of the actual database migrations, everything is handled by Alembic so you get exactly the same functionality.

#### **Installation**¶

Install Flask-Migrate with pip:

```
pip install Flask-Migrate
```

# **Example**¶

This is an example application that handles database migrations through Flask-Migrate:

```
from flask import Flask
from flask_sqlalchemy import SQLAlchemy
from flask_migrate import Migrate

app = Flask(__name__)
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI'] = 'sqlite:///app.db'

db = SQLAlchemy(app)
migrate = Migrate(app, db)

class User(db.Model):
   id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
   name = db.Column(db.String(128))
```

With the above application you can create a migration repository with the following command:

This will add a *migrations* folder to your application. The contents of this folder need to be added to version control along with your other source files.

You can then generate an initial migration:

The migration script needs to be reviewed and edited, as Alembic currently does not detect every change you make to your models. In particular, Alembic is currently unable to detect table name changes, column name changes, or anonymously named

constraints. A detailed summary of limitations can be found in the <u>Alembic</u> <u>autogenerate documentation</u>. Once finalized, the migration script also needs to be added to version control.

Then you can apply the migration to the database:

Then each time the database models change repeat the migrate and upgrade commands.

To sync the database in another system just refresh the *migrations* folder from source control and run the upgrade command.

To see all the commands that are available run this command:

Note that the application script must be set in the <code>FLASK\_APP</code> environment variable for all the above commands to work, as required by the <code>flask</code> command line script.

#### **Using Flask-Script**¶

Flask-Migrate also supports the Flask-Script command-line interface. This is an example application that exposes all the database migration commands through Flask-Script:

```
from flask import Flask
from flask_sqlalchemy import SQLAlchemy
from flask_script import Manager
from flask_migrate import Migrate, MigrateCommand

app = Flask(__name__)
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI'] = 'sqlite:///app.db'

db = SQLAlchemy(app)
migrate = Migrate(app, db)

manager = Manager(app)
manager.add_command('db', MigrateCommand)

class User(db.Model):
    id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)
    name = db.Column(db.String(128))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    manager.run()
```

Assuming the above script is stored in a file named manage.py, all the database migration commands can be accessed by running the script:

```
$ python manage.py db init
$ python manage.py db migrate
$ python manage.py db upgrade
$ python manage.py db --help
```

#### **Configuration Callbacks**¶

Sometimes applications need to dynamically insert their own settings into the Alembic configuration. A function decorated with the configure callback will be

invoked after the configuration is read, and before it is used. The function can modify the configuration object, or replace it with a different one.

```
@migrate.configure
def configure_alembic(config):
    # modify config object
    return config
```

Multiple configuration callbacks can be defined simply by decorating multiple functions. The order in which multiple callbacks are invoked is undetermined.

# **Multiple Database Support**

Flask-Migrate can integrate with the <u>binds</u> feature of Flask-SQLAlchemy, making it possible to track migrations to multiple databases associated with an application.

To create a multiple database migration repository, add the --multido argument to the init command:

```
$ flask db init --multidb
```

With this command, the migration repository will be set up to track migrations on your main database, and on any additional databases defined in the SQLALCHEMY BINDS configuration option.

### **Command Reference**

Flask-Migrate exposes two classes, Migrate and MigrateCommand. The Migrate class contains all the functionality of the extension. The MigrateCommand class is only used when it is desired to expose database migration commands through the Flask-Script extension.

The following example initializes the extension with the standard Flask commandline interface:

```
from flask_migrate import Migrate
migrate = Migrate(app, db)
```

The two arguments to Migrate are the application instance and the Flask-SQLAlchemy database instance. The Migrate constructor also takes additional keyword arguments, which are passed to Alembic's EnvironmentContext.configure() method. As is standard for all Flask extensions, Flask-Migrate can be initialized using the init\_app method as well.

When using Flask-Script's command-line interface, the extension is initialized as follows:

```
from flask_migrate import Migrate, MigrateCommand
migrate = Migrate(app, db)
manager.add command('db', MigrateCommand)
```

After the extension is initialized, a db group will be added to the command-line options with several sub-commands, both in the flask command or with a manage.py type script created with Flask-Script. Below is a list of the available sub-commands:

• flask db --help

Shows a list of available commands.

flask db init [--multidb]

Initializes migration support for the application. The optional --multidb enables migrations for multiple databases configured as <u>Flask-SOLAlchemy binds</u>.

• flask db revision [--message MESSAGE] [--autogenerate] [--sql] [--head HEAD] [--splice] [--branch-label BRANCH\_LABEL] [--version-path VERSION PATH] [--rev-id REV ID]

Creates an empty revision script. The script needs to be edited manually with the upgrade and downgrade changes. See <u>Alembic's documentation</u> for instructions on how to write migration scripts. An optional migration message can be included.

• flask db migrate [--message MESSAGE] [--sql] [--head HEAD] [--splice] [--branch-label BRANCH\_LABEL] [--version-path VERSION\_PATH] [--rev-id REV\_ID]

Equivalent to revision --autogenerate. The migration script is populated with changes detected automatically. The generated script should to be reviewed and edited as not all types of changes can be detected automatically. This command does not make any changes to the database, just creates the revision script.

• flask db edit <revision>

Edit a revision script using \$EDITOR.

• flask db upgrade [--sql] [--tag TAG] [--x-arg ARG] <revision>

Upgrades the database. If revision isn't given then "head" is assumed.

• flask db downgrade [--sql] [--tag TAG] [--x-arg ARG] <revision>

Downgrades the database. If revision isn't given then -1 is assumed.

• flask db stamp [--sql] [--tag TAG] <revision>

Sets the revision in the database to the one given as an argument, without performing any migrations.

• flask db current [--verbose]

Shows the current revision of the database.

• flask db history [--rev-range REV RANGE] [--verbose]

Shows the list of migrations. If a range isn't given then the entire history is shown.

• flask db show <revision>

Show the revision denoted by the given symbol.

• flask db merge [--message MESSAGE] [--branch-label BRANCH\_LABEL] [--rev-id REV ID] <revisions>

Merge two revisions together. Creates a new revision file.

• flask db heads [--verbose] [--resolve-dependencies]

Show current available heads in the revision script directory.

• flask db branches [--verbose]

Show current branch points.

#### Notes:

- All commands also take a --directory DIRECTORY option that points to the directory containing the migration scripts. If this argument is omitted the directory used is migrations.
- The default directory can also be specified as a directory argument to the Migrate constructor.
- The --sql option present in several commands performs an 'offline' mode

migration. Instead of executing the database commands the SQL statements that need to be executed are printed to the console.

 Detailed documentation on these commands can be found in the Alembic's command reference page.

#### **API Reference**¶

The commands exposed by Flask-Migrate's command-line interface can also be accessed programmatically by importing the functions from module flask migrate. The available functions are:

• init(directory='migrations', multidb=False)

Initializes migration support for the application.

• revision(directory='migrations', message=None, autogenerate=False, sql=False, head='head', splice=False, branch label=None, version path=None, rev id=None)

Creates an empty revision script.

• migrate(directory='migrations', message=None, sql=False, head='head', splice=False, branch label=None, version path=None, rev id=None)

Creates an automatic revision script.

• edit(directory='migrations', revision='head')

Edit revision script(s) using \$EDITOR.

• merge(directory='migrations', revisions='', message=None, branch label=None, rev id=None)

Merge two revisions together. Creates a new migration file.

- upgrade (directory='migrations', revision='head', sql=False, tag=None) Upgrades the database.
- downgrade(directory='migrations', revision='-1', sql=False, tag=None) Downgrades the database.
- show(directory='migrations', revision='head')

Show the revision denoted by the given symbol.

- history(directory='migrations', rev range=None, verbose=False) Shows the list of migrations. If a range isn't given then the entire history is shown.
- heads(directory='migrations', verbose=False, resolve dependencies=False) Show current available heads in the script directory.
- branches(directory='migrations', verbose=False)

Show current branch points

• current(directory='migrations', verbose=False, head only=False)

Shows the current revision of the database.

• stamp(directory='migrations', revision='head', sql=False, tag=None) Sets the revision in the database to the one given as an argument, without performing any migrations.

Note: For greater scripting flexibility you can also use the API exposed by Alembic directly.

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