

# Package ‘biokNN’

October 13, 2021

**Type** Package

**Title** Bi-Objective k-Nearest Neighbors Imputation for Multilevel Data

**Version** 0.1.1

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

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**Description** The bi-objective k-nearest neighbors method (biokNN) is an imputation method designed to estimate missing values on data with a multilevel structure. The original algorithm is an extension of the k-nearest neighbors method proposed by Bertsimas et al. (2017) (<<https://jmlr.org/papers/v18/17-073.html>>) using a bi-objective approach. A brief description of the method can be found in Cubillos (2021) (<<https://pure.au.dk/portal/files/214627979/biokNN.pdf>>). The 'biokNN' package provides an R implementation of the method for datasets with continuous variables (e.g. employee productivity, student grades) and a categorical class variable (e.g. department, school). Given an incomplete dataset with such structure, this package produces complete datasets using both single and multiple imputation, including visualization tools to better understand the pattern of the missing values.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**URL** <https://github.com/mcubillos3/biokNN>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/mcubillos3/biokNN/issues>

**Suggests** knitr,  
rmarkdown,  
testthat

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**Imports** dplyr,  
cluster,  
mice,  
stats,  
magrittr,  
ggplot2,  
tidyr,  
desc,  
lme4,  
mitml

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

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biokNN_impute	<i>Impute multilevel dataset</i>
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### Description

This function returns a dataframe with a complete dataset, where the missing values are imputed using a bi-objective kNN method. It assumes that the class variable is complete and its name is known, and the rest of the variables are numerical.

### Usage

```
biokNN_impute(
  data,
  className,
  nIter = 10,
  weight = 0.5,
  k = 10,
  distance = "gower"
)
```

### Arguments

data	A dataframe with missing values
className	name of the variable that contains the classes
nIter	number of iterations, default = 10
weight	weight of the kNN values in the objective function, default = 0.5
k	number of nearest neighbours, default = 10
distance	distance function used to get the k-nearest neighbors

### Value

A dataframe with the imputed data

## Examples

```
data(data_example)
complete_data <- biokNN_impute(data.example,
                               className = "class",
                               nIter = 10,
                               weight = 0.9,
                               k = 15,
                               distance = "gower")
```

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biokNN_impute_mi	<i>Multiple imputation for a multilevel dataset</i>
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## Description

This function returns a list of  $m$  complete datasets, where the missing values are imputed using a bi-objective kNN method. It assumes that the class variable name is known, and the rest of the variables are numerical.

## Usage

```
biokNN_impute_mi(
  data,
  className,
  m = 5,
  nIter = 10,
  weight = 0.5,
  k = 10,
  distance = "gower"
)
```

## Arguments

data	A dataframe with missing values
className	name of the variable that contains the classes
m	number of imputations
nIter	number of iterations, default = 10
weight	weight of the kNN values in the objective function, default = 0.5
k	number of nearest neighbours, default = 10
distance	distance function used to get the k-nearest neighbors

## Value

A dataframe with the imputed data

## Examples

```
data(data_example)
complete_data_mi <- biokNN_impute_mi(data.example,
  className = "class",
  m = 3,
  nIter = 10,
  weight = 0.9,
  k = 15,
  distance = "gower")
# View completed data sets
str(complete_data_mi)
```

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calibrate

*Calibrate parameters*


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## Description

This function returns a vector with the two parameters required by the biokNN method where the first value is the weighting parameter and the second the number of neighbors

## Usage

```
calibrate(
  data,
  className,
  prop_valid = 0.1,
  nIter = 10,
  distance = "gower",
  weight_space = NULL,
  k_space = NULL,
  print = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

data	A dataframe with missing values
className	name of the variable that contains the classes
prop_valid	proportion of missing values
nIter	number of iterations, default = 10
distance	distance function used to get the k-nearest neighbors
weight_space	vector with the calibration values to test for the weight parameter
k_space	vector with the calibration values to test for the number of neighbors
print	option to print the RMSE values of the parameters used for calibration (print = TRUE).

## Value

A dataframe with the imputed data

**Examples**

```
data(data_example)
calibrate(data_example,
          "class",
          prop_valid = 0.3,
          weight_space = c(0.5, 0.7, 0.9),
          k_space = c(10, 15),
          print = TRUE)
```

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create_multilevel	<i>Generate multilevel dataset</i>
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**Description**

This function returns a dataframe with a multilevel structure. It generates a dataframe using a varying intercepts/varying slopes linear regression with a single target variable y.

**Usage**

```
create_multilevel(
  nClass = 10,
  nVars = 1,
  classMean = 10,
  classSD = 0,
  beta0 = 0,
  tau0 = 1,
  beta = c(1),
  tau = c(1),
  sigma2 = 1
)
```

**Arguments**

nClass	number of classes
nVars	number of independent variables (X)
classMean	average number of observations per class
classSD	standard deviation of the number of observations per class
beta0	intercept parameter
tau0	variance of the parameter between classes
beta	vector with the slope parameters, one for each independent variable
tau	vector with the variance of the slope parameters, one for each independent variable
sigma2	error variance

**Value**

A dataframe with the multilevel dataset

**Examples**

```
df <- create_multilevel(nClass = 20,
                        nVars = 1,
                        classMean = 10,
                        classSD = 2)
```

data\_example

*Example data set with missing values and multilevel struture***Description**

This is a generated dataset containing a class variable, a dependent variable y, and an independent variable X. The data contains missing values in both y and X, assuming a Missing Completely at Random (MCAR) pattern and a 30

**Usage**

```
data_example
```

**Format**

An object of class `data.frame` with 100 rows and 3 columns.

**Fields**

y: Object of class "numeric", dependent variable  
 X: Object of class "numeric", independent variable  
 class: Object of class "Factor", class variable

missing\_plot

*Plot number of missing values by class***Description**

This function returns a dataframe with a multilevel structure. It generates a dataframe using a varying intercepts/varying slopes linear regression with a single target variable y.

**Usage**

```
missing_plot(df, class)
```

**Arguments**

df                      dataframe with missing values  
 class                  name of the variable containing classes

**Value**

A barplot with the number of missing values by class, by variable

**Examples**

```
data(data_example)
missing_plot(data_example, "class")
```

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pattern_plot	<i>Plot pattern of missing values by class</i>
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**Description**

This function returns a dataframe with a multilevel structure. It generates a dataframe using a varying intercepts/varying slopes linear regression with a single target variable y.

**Usage**

```
pattern_plot(df, class)
```

**Arguments**

df	dataframe with missing values
class	name of the variable containing classes

**Value**

A plot with the patter of missing values by class, by variable

**Examples**

```
data(data_example)
pattern_plot(data_example, "class")
```

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target_boxplot	<i>Plot pattern of missing values by class</i>
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**Description**

This function returns a dataframe with a multilevel structure. It generates a dataframe using a varying intercepts/varying slopes linear regression with a single target variable y.

**Usage**

```
target_boxplot(df, y, class)
```

**Arguments**

df	dataframe with missing values
y	target variable
class	name of the variable containing classes

**Value**

A boxplot for each class of the target variable

**Examples**

```
data(data_example)
target_boxplot(data_example, y, "class")
```



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