





# **Sensor Technologies**

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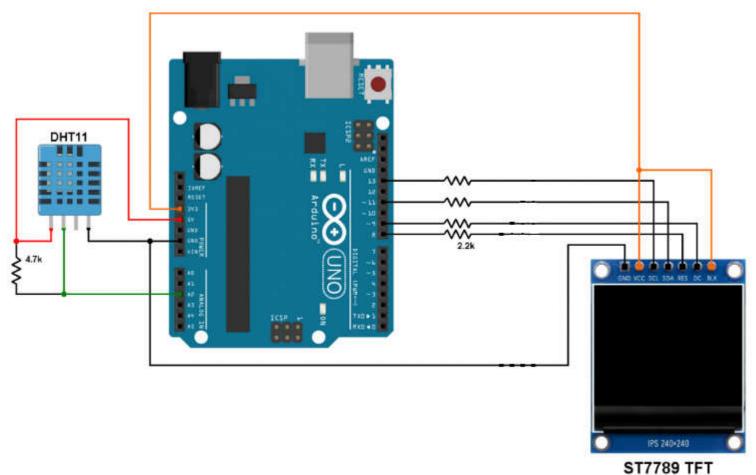
#### **Objectives**

#### • In this tutorial, you will learn:

- To understand how to implement DHT11 and ST7789 IPS display.
- To know how to make Lux Meter using BH1750 and OLED display.
- To become familiar Flame Sensor using ST7735R TFT Display.
- To understand how to make Tilt Switch using Nokia 5110 GLCD display project.
- To know how to use Sound Sensor and I2C LCD display.
- To be able to start a Clap Switch project.
- To understand Water Level Sensor using HCSR04 and ST7789 display.
- To use Rain Sensor using ST7735 TFT display.













```
/*********************
 * Interfacing Arduino with ST7789 TFT display (240x240 pixel)
  and DHT11 digital humidity & temperature sensor.
 * Ex. ST7789 DHT11.ino
 #include <Adafruit_GFX.h> // Adafruit core graphics library
#include <Adafruit_ST7789.h> // Adafruit hardware-specific library for ST7789
                       // Adafruit DHT library code
#include <DHT.h>
// ST7789 TFT module connections
#define TFT_CS 10 // define chip select pin
#define TFT_DC 9 // define data/command pin
#define TFT_RST 8 // define reset pin, or set to -1 and connect to Arduino RESET pin
// initialize Adafruit ST7789 TFT library with hardware SPI module
// MOSI(SDA) ---> Arduino digital pin 11
// SCK (SCL) ---> Arduino digital pin 13
Adafruit_ST7789 tft = Adafruit_ST7789(TFT_CS, TFT_DC, TFT_RST);
#define DHTPIN A2
                         // DHT11 data pin is connected to Arduino analog pin 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT11 // DHT11 sensor is used
DHT dht11(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); // initialize DHT library
void setup(void) {
 // initialize the ST7789 display (240x240 pixel)
 // if the display has CS pin try with SPI_MODEO
 tft.init(240, 240, SPI_MODE2);
 // if the screen is flipped, remove this command
 tft.setRotation(2):
 // fill the screen with black color
 tft.fillScreen(ST77XX_BLACK);
```





```
tft.setTextWrap(false);
                                              // turn off text wrap option
  tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_GREEN, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to green and black background
  tft.setTextSize(3); // text size = 3
                               // move cursor to position (15, 27) pixel
  tft.setCursor(15, 40);
  tft.print("TEMPERATURE:");
  tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_YELLOW, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to yellow and black background
  tft.setCursor(43, 140);
                            // move cursor to position (15, 27) pixel
  tft.print("HUMIDITY:");
  tft.setTextSize(4);
                            // text size = 4
  // initialize DHT11 sensor
  dht11.begin();
}
char _buffer[7];
// main loop
void loop() {
  delay(1000); // wait a second
 // read humidity in rH%
  int Humi = dht11.readHumidity() * 10;
  // read temperature in degrees Celsius
  int Temp = dht11.readTemperature() * 10;
  // print temperature (in °C)
  tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_RED, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to red with black background
  if(Temp < 0)  // if temperature < 0</pre>
    sprintf(_buffer, "-%02u.%1u", (abs(Temp)/10)%100, abs(Temp) % 10);
  else
                 // temperature >= 0
    sprintf(_buffer, " %02u.%1u", (Temp/10)%100, Temp % 10);
```





```
tft.setCursor(26, 71);
  tft.print(_buffer);
  tft.drawCircle(161, 77, 4, ST77XX_RED); // print degree symbol (°)
  tft.drawCircle(161, 77, 5, ST77XX_RED);
  tft.setCursor(170, 71);
  tft.print("C");

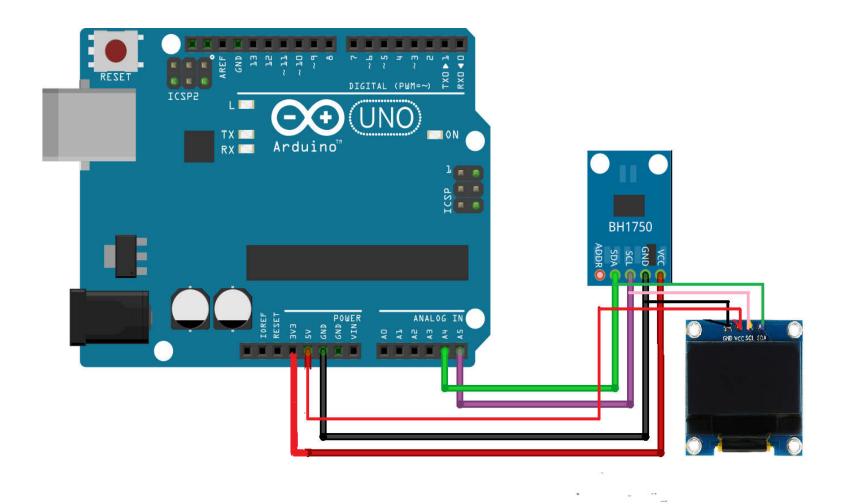
  // print humidity (in %)
  tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_CYAN, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to cyan and black background
  sprintf(_buffer, "%02u.%1u %%", (Humi/10)%100, Humi % 10);
  tft.setCursor(50, 171);
  tft.print(_buffer);
}

// end of code.
```





### **BH1750 Lux Meter and OLED Display**







#### **BH1750 Lux Meter and OLED Display**

```
// include Arduino wire library (required for I2C devices)
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Wire.h> // include Arduino wire library (requ
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h> // include Adafruit graphics library
#include <Adafruit_SSD1306.h> // include Adafruit SSD1306 OLED display driver
#include <BH1750.h>
//#define OLED_RESET 4 // define display reset pin
Adafruit_SSD1306 display(-1): // initialize Adafruit display library
BH1750 lightMeter;
void setup(void)
  // initialize the SSD1306 OLED display with I2C address = 0x3C
  display.begin(SSD1306_SWITCHCAPVCC, 0x3C);
  Wire.begin();
  lightMeter.begin();
  // clear the display buffer.
  display.clearDisplay();
  display.setTextSize(1); // text size = 1
  display.setTextColor(WHITE, BLACK); // set text color to white and black background
  display.setTextWrap(false);
                                    // disable text wrap
  display.setCursor(29, 0);
  display.print("BH1750 TEST");
  display.setCursor(0, 16);
  display.print("Light:");
  display.setCursor(80, 16);
  display.print("lx");
  display.display(); // update the display
```

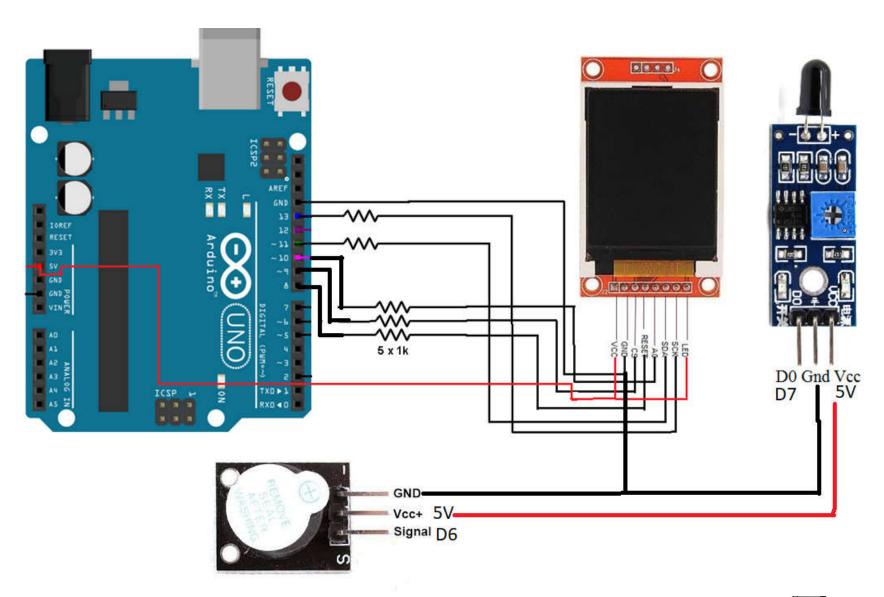




### **BH1750 Lux Meter and OLED Display**











```
/* Created By: Rally Uminga
 * Arduino Uno with ST7735 color TFT (128x160 pixel)
 * using Rain Sensor
 * IECEP RIZAL PROJECT
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h> // include Adafruit graphics library
#include <Adafruit_ST7735.h> // include Adafruit ST7735 TFT library
#define TFT RST
                        // TFT RST pin is connected to arduino pin 8
#define TFT_CS
                      // TFT CS pin is connected to arduino pin 9
                        // TFT DC pin is connected to arduino pin 10
#define TFT DC
                 10
// initialize ST7735 TFT library
Adafruit_ST7735 tft = Adafruit_ST7735(TFT_CS, TFT_DC, TFT_RST);
#define flamesensor 7
#define buzzer
boolean value:
void setup(void)
  pinMode(buzzer,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(flamesensor,INPUT);
 tft.initR(INITR_BLACKTAB); // initialize a ST7735S chip, black tab
  tft.fillScreen(ST7735_BLACK); // fill screen with black color
  tft.drawFastHLine(0, 50, tft.width(), ST7735_WHITE); // draw horizontal white line at
position (0, 50)
```





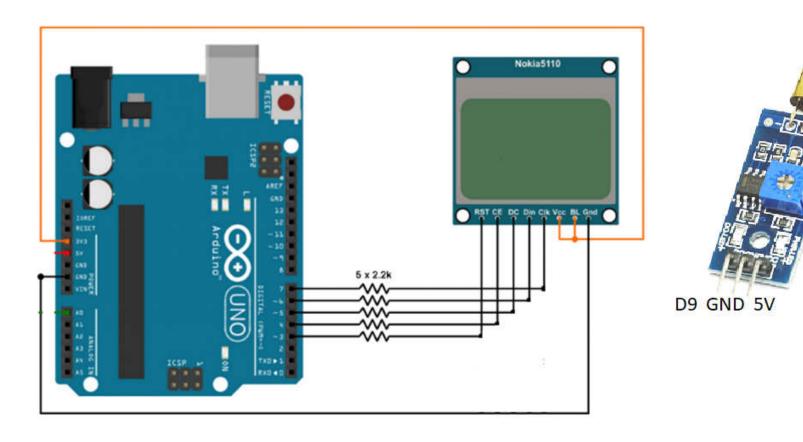
```
tft.setTextColor(ST7735_RED, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to white and black background
                                       // text size = 1
   tft.setTextSize(1):
                                       // move cursor to position (4, 16) pixel
   tft.setCursor(4, 16);
   tft.print(" IECEP RIZAL TFT");
   tft.setCursor(19, 33);
                                       // move cursor to position (19, 33) pixel
   tft.print(" FLAME SENSOR");
   tft.drawFastHLine(0, 102, tft.width(), ST7735_GREEN); // draw horizontal white line at
  position (0, 102)
   tft.setTextSize(1);
                                       // text size = 2
   tft.setTextColor(ST7735_RED, ST7735_BLACK);
                                                  // set text color to red and black background
   tft.setCursor(25, 61);
                                      // move cursor to position (25, 61) pixel
   tft.print("DIGITAL VALUE =");
   tft.setTextColor(ST7735_YELLOW, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to green and black background
                                  // move cursor to position (34, 113) pixel
   tft.setCursor(34, 113);
   tft.print(" STATUS ="):
  }
 // main loop
 void loop()
   value = digitalRead(flamesensor);
   digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
    if(value == LOW)
     tft.setTextColor(ST7735_CYAN, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to yellow and black background
     tft.setTextSize(2):
     tft.setCursor(56, 78);
     tft.print(value);
     tft.setTextSize(1);
     tft.setCursor(13, 130);
     tft.print("FLAME DETECTED!!!");
     digitalWrite(buzzer,HIGH);
     delav(500):
     digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
     delay(500);
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                                                                            IECEP RIZA
```

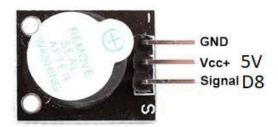
```
else
{
    tft.setTextColor(ST7735_CYAN, ST7735_BLACK);
    tft.setTextSize(2);
    tft.setCursor(56, 78);
    tft.print(value);
    tft.setTextColor(OxFD00, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to orange and black background
    tft.setTextSize(1);
    tft.setCursor(13, 130);
    tft.print(" NO FLAME ");
    digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
}
delay(500); // wait a half second*/
}
// end of code.
```





### Tilt Switch using Nokia 5110 GLCD









#### Tilt Switch using Nokia 5110 GLCD

```
#include <SPI.h>
                               // include SPI library
#include <Adafruit GFX.h>
                               // include adafruit graphics library
#include <Adafruit_PCD8544.h> // include adafruit PCD8544 (Nokia 5110) library
const int Buzzer
const int TiltSensor = 9:
// Nokia 5110 LCD module connections (CLK, DIN, D/C, CS, RST)
Adafruit_PCD8544 display = Adafruit_PCD8544(7, 6, 5, 4, 3);
void setup()
  pinMode(Buzzer, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(TiltSensor, INPUT);
  delay(500); // wait 1 second
  digitalWrite(Buzzer, LOW);
  // initialize the display
  display.begin();
// you can change the contrast around to adapt the display
  // for the best viewing!
  display.setContrast(60);
  display.clearDisplay(); // clear the screen and buffer
  display.drawFastHLine(0, 23, display.width(), BLACK);
  display.setTextSize(1);
  display.setTextColor(BLACK, WHITE);
  display.setCursor(6, 0);
  display.print("TILT SENSOR");
  display.setCursor(15, 28);
  display.print("STATUS:");
  display.setCursor(63, 28);
  display.print("OFF");
  display.display();
}
```





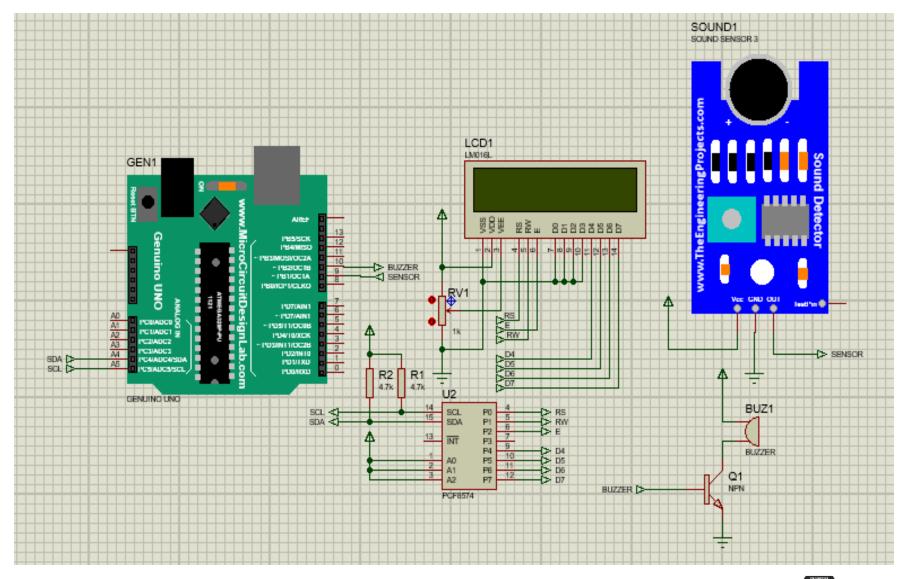
#### Tilt Switch using Nokia 5110 GLCD

```
// main loop
void loop()
  if (digitalRead(TiltSensor) == 1)
  digitalWrite(Buzzer, HIGH);
  display.setCursor(63, 28);
  display.print("ON ");
  display.display();
  delay(300);
  digitalWrite(Buzzer, LOW);
  delay(300);
  }
  else
  digitalWrite(Buzzer, LOW);
  display.setCursor(63, 28);
  display.print("OFF");
  display.display();
  }
 delay(500); // wait 0.5 second
// end of code.
```





### **Sound Sensor using I2C LCD16x2**







#### Sound Sensor using I2C LCD16x2

```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
// LCD address and geometry and library initialization
const byte lcdAddr = 0x27; // Address of I2C backpack
const byte lcdCols = 16;  // Number of character in a row
const byte lcdRows = 2;  // Number of lines
//const byte lcdAddr = 0x3F; // Address of I2C backpack
//const byte lcdCols = 20; // Number of character in a row
//const byte lcdRows = 4: // Number of lines
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(lcdAddr, lcdCols, lcdRows);
#define SoundSensor 9
#define Buzzer 10
boolean SoundValue:
void setup()
 {
 Serial.begin(115200);
 pinMode(Buzzer,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(SoundSensor,INPUT);
 lcd.init();
 lcd.backlight();
 //lcd.begin (16,2); //Initialize the LCD
 lcd.setCursor(0.0):
 lcd.print("SOUND SENSOR");
 lcd.setCursor(0,1);
 lcd.print("USING LCD1602");
 delay(2000);
```



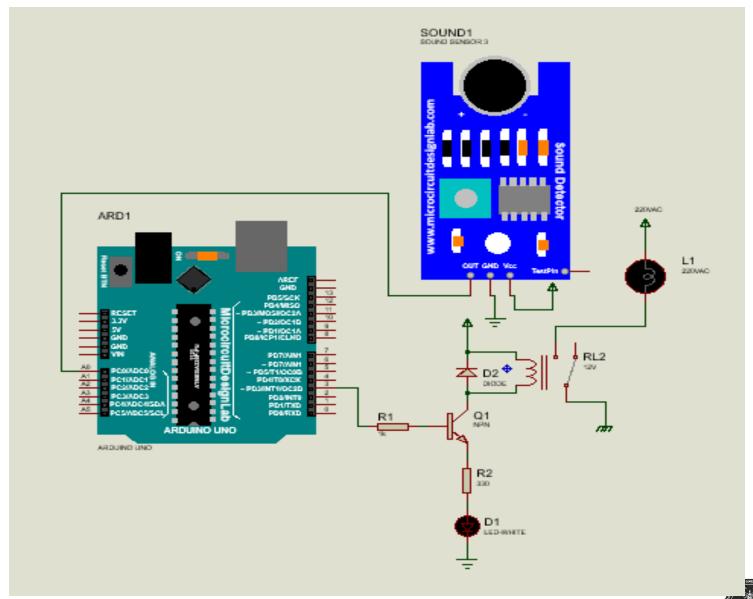


#### Sound Sensor using I2C LCD16x2

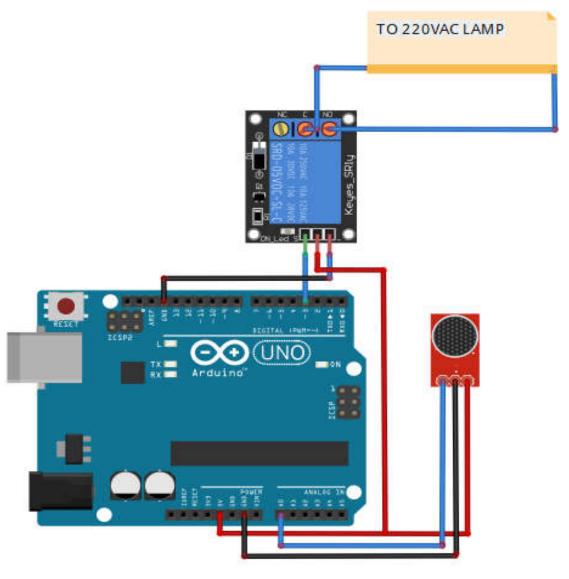
```
void loop()
 lcd.clear();
 SoundValue = digitalRead(SoundSensor);
 Serial.println(SoundValue);
 if(SoundValue == LOW)
  Serial.println("Sound Detected!!!");
  lcd.setCursor(0,0);
  lcd.print("Sound Detected!!");
  digitalWrite(Buzzer, HIGH);
  delay(1000);
  digitalWrite(Buzzer,LOW);
  delay(1000);
 else{
  Serial.println("Quiet Zone");
  digitalWrite(Buzzer,LOW);
  lcd.setCursor(0,0);
  lcd.print("Quiet Zone");
delay(500);
```















```
#define sensorPin AO
#define relayPin 3
// Variable to store the time when last event happened
unsigned long lastEvent = 0;
boolean relayState = false; // Variable to store the state of relay
void setup() {
  pinMode(relayPin, OUTPUT); // Set relay pin as an OUTPUT pin
  pinMode(sensorPin, INPUT); // Set sensor pin as an INPUT
void loop() {
 // Read Sound sensor
  int sensorData = digitalRead(sensorPin);
 // If pin goes LOW, sound is detected
 if (sensorData == LOW) {
 if (millis() - lastEvent > 25) {
    relayState = !relayState;
   digitalWrite(relayPin, relayState ? HIGH : LOW);
  lastEvent = millis();
}
```

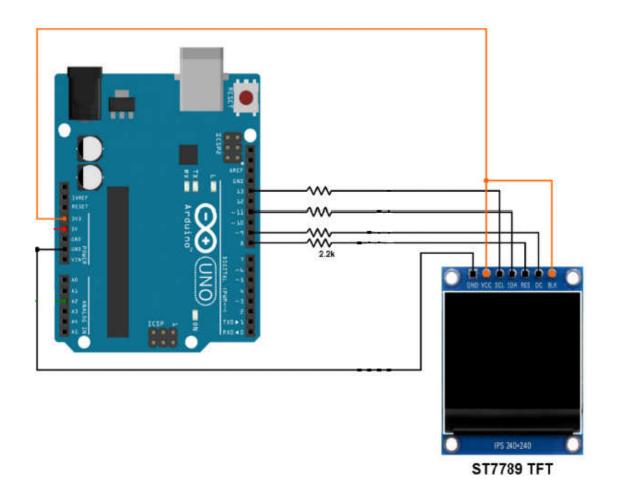




```
if (digitalRead(TiltSensor) == 1)
  digitalWrite(Buzzer, HIGH);
  display.setCursor(63, 28);
  display.print("ON ");
 display.display();
 delay(300);
 digitalWrite(Buzzer, LOW);
  delay(300);
  }
  else
  digitalWrite(Buzzer, LOW);
  display.setCursor(63, 28);
 display.print("OFF");
  display.display();
  }
 delay(500); // wait 0.5 second
// end of code
```













```
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h> // Adafruit core graphics library
#include <Adafruit_ST7789.h> // Adafruit hardware-specific library for ST7789
// ST7789 TFT module connections
#define TFT_CS 10 // define chip select pin
#define TFT_DC 9 // define data/command pin
#define TFT_RST 8 // define reset pin, or set to -1 and connect to Arduino RESET pin
// initialize Adafruit ST7789 TFT library with hardware SPI module
// MOSI(SDA) ---> Arduino digital pin 11
// SCK (SCL) ---> Arduino digital pin 13
Adafruit ST7789 tft = Adafruit ST7789(TFT CS. TFT DC. TFT RST):
const int trigPin = 7;
const int echoPin = 6;
long duration:
float distanceCm:
void setup(void)
 pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);
 // initialize the ST7789 display (240x240 pixel)
 // if the display has CS pin try with SPI_MODEO
 tft.init(240, 240, SPI_MODE2);
 // if the screen is flipped, remove this command
 tft.setRotation(2):
 // fill the screen with black color
 tft.fillScreen(ST77XX_BLACK);
```





```
// turn off text wrap option
tft.setTextWrap(false):
 tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_BLUE, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to green and black background
                              // text size = 3
  tft.setTextSize(2):
 tft.setCursor(15, 40);
                              // move cursor to position (15, 27) pixel
 tft.print("WATER LEVEL SENSOR");
 tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_GREEN, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to yellow and black background
 tft.setCursor(83, 140); // move cursor to position (15, 27) pixel
 tft.print("STATUS:");
 tft.setTextSize(4):
                      // text size = 4
char _buffer[9];
// main loop
void loop()
 digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
 delayMicroseconds(2);
 digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
 delavMicroseconds(10):
 digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
 duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
 distanceCm = (duration*0.034)/2;
 tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_RED, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to red with black background
 sprintf(_buffer, "%3u.%1u", (int)distanceCm, (int)(distanceCm * 10 ) % 100 );
 tft.setCursor(16, 71);
 tft.print( buffer):
 tft.setCursor(185, 71);
 tft.print("cm ");
if (distanceCm < 4.0)
 tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_YELLOW, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to cyan and black background
 tft.setCursor(60, 171);
 tft.print("FULL ");
```

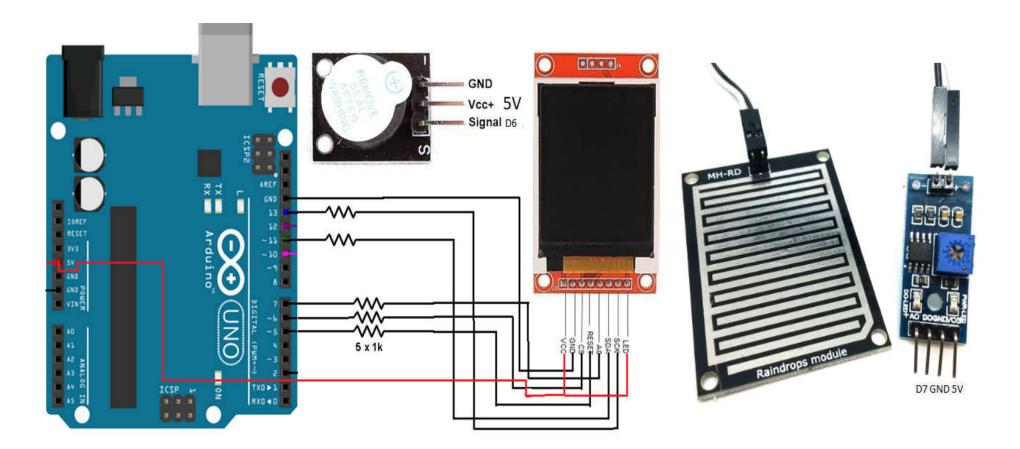




```
else
{
  tft.setTextColor(ST77XX_CYAN, ST77XX_BLACK); // set text color to cyan and black background
  tft.setCursor(60, 171);
  tft.print("REFILL");
}
  delay(500);
}// end of code.
```











```
/* Created By: Rally Uminga
* Arduino Uno with ST7735 color TFT (128x160 pixel)
* using Rain Sensor
* IECEP RIZAL PROJECT
*/
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h> // include Adafruit graphics library
#include <Adafruit_ST7735.h> // include Adafruit ST7735 TFT library
#define TFT RST
                        // TFT RST pin is connected to arduino pin 8
#define TFT CS
                 9 // TFT CS pin is connected to arduino pin 9
#define TFT DC
                 10
                        // TFT DC pin is connected to arduino pin 10
// initialize ST7735 TFT library
Adafruit_ST7735 tft = Adafruit_ST7735(TFT_CS, TFT_DC, TFT_RST);
#define rainfall 7
#define buzzer
boolean value:
void setup(void)
 pinMode(buzzer,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(rainfall.INPUT):
 tft.initR(INITR_BLACKTAB); // initialize a ST7735S chip, black tab
 tft.fillScreen(ST7735_BLACK); // fill screen with black color
 tft.drawFastHLine(0. 50. tft.width(). ST7735 WHITE): // draw horizontal white line at position
(0, 50)
```





```
tft.setTextColor(ST7735_RED, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to white and black background
   tft.setTextSize(1);
                                       // text size = 1
   tft.setCursor(4, 16):
                                       // move cursor to position (4, 16) pixel
   tft.print(" IECEP ST7735 TFT");
   tft.setCursor(19, 33);
                                       // move cursor to position (19, 33) pixel
   tft.print(" RAIN SENSOR");
   tft.drawFastHLine(0, 102, tft.width(), ST7735_GREEN); // draw horizontal white line at position
 (0, 102)
   tft.setTextSize(1);
                                       // text size = 2
   tft.setTextColor(ST7735_BLUE, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to red and black background
   tft.setCursor(25, 61);
                                       // move cursor to position (25, 61) pixel
   tft.print("DIGITAL VALUE =");
   tft.setTextColor(ST7735_YELLOW, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to green and black background
   tft.setCursor(34, 113);
                                       // move cursor to position (34, 113) pixel
   tft.print(" STATUS =");
 // main loop
 void loop()
   value = digitalRead(rainfall):
   digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
   if(value == LOW)
     tft.setTextColor(ST7735_CYAN, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to yellow and black background
     tft.setTextSize(2):
     tft.setCursor(56, 78);
     tft.print(value);
     tft.setTextSize(1);
     tft.setCursor(13, 130);
     tft.print("RAIN DETECTED!!!");
     digitalWrite(buzzer,HIGH);
     delay(500);
     digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
     delay(500);
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```

```
else
{
    tft.setTextColor(ST7735_CYAN, ST7735_BLACK);
    tft.setTextSize(2);
    tft.setCursor(56, 78);
    tft.print(value);
    tft.setTextColor(OxFD00, ST7735_BLACK); // set text color to orange and black background
    tft.setTextSize(1);
    tft.setCursor(13, 130);
    tft.print(" NO RAIN ");
    digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
}
delay(500); // wait a half second*/
}
// end of code.
```



