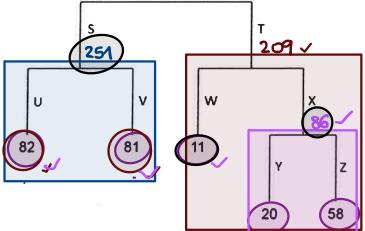
38:

You are given the following unpruned decision tree:



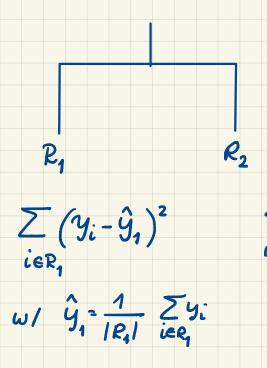
The values at each terminal node are the residual sums of squares (RSS) at that node. The table below gives the RSS at nodes S, T, and X if the tree was pruned at those nodes:

Node	RSS
S	(251)
T	209
X	(86)

The RSS for the null model is 486. You use the cost complexity pruning algorithm with the tuning parameter, α , equal to 9 in order to evaluate the following pruning strategies.

Determine which pruning strategy is selected.





$$\sum_{i \in \mathbb{R}_1} (y_i - \hat{y}_1)^2$$

$$\leq (y_i - \hat{y}_2)^2$$

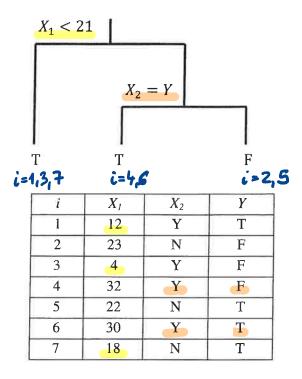
$$i \in R_2$$

$$\sum_{i \in R_2} (y_i - \hat{y}_2)^2$$

 $i \in R_2$
 $\omega / \hat{y}_2 = \frac{1}{|R_2|} \sum_{i \in R_2} y_i$

40.

You are given the following classification decision tree and data set:



Determine the relationship between the classification error rate, the Gini index, and the cross-entropy, summed across all nodes.

- A. cross-entropy > Gini index > classification error rate
- B. cross-entropy > Gini index = classification error rate
- C. classification error rate > Gini index > cross-entropy
- D. Gini index > cross-entropy > classification error rate
- E. The answer is not given by (A), (B), (C), or (D).

```
Caveat: They explicitly say "summed across all nodes"

which is different from computing a weighted average.
  For X, <21, we have observations: i=1,3,7 and they
                            have Y_1 = T, Y_2 = F, Y_3 = T
                                 => We would classify any obsentation w/X_1<21 as T
                                \Rightarrow The classification error is \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)
 For X2721, i.e., all the other obsenations,
         we have that for X2=Y, only i=4,6 would be @ that terminal node
                                 => the classification error is (1)
                               · for X2=N, i=2,5 ax @ that terminal
                                 \Rightarrow The classification error is \left(\frac{1}{2}\right).
 Total classification error: \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{12}{9}
 At the first node, the fini index is (\frac{1}{3})(\frac{2}{3})+(\frac{2}{3})(\frac{1}{3})=\frac{4}{9}
At the second node, the Gini index is \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}
Athe the third node, the same.
                  => Total Gimi index \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{13}{9} = \frac{13}{9} = 1.44
The cross entropy @ first wode: -\frac{1}{3}ln(\frac{1}{3}) - \frac{2}{3}ln(\frac{2}{3})
The cross entropy @ second and third nodes:
       The sum is: \frac{2.022809}{2}
```