

# Name:

M339J: Probability models  
University of Texas at Austin  
**Practice Problems for In-Term One**  
Instructor: Milica Čudina

**Notes:** This is a closed book and closed notes exam. The maximal score on this exam is 50 points.

**Time:** 50 minutes

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**1.1. TRUE/FALSE QUESTIONS.** *Please, note your final answer on the front page of this exam.*

**Problem 1.1.** Let  $X$  denote the outcome of a roll of a fair, regular icosahedron (a polyhedron with 20 faces) with numbers  $1, 2, \dots, 20$  written on its sides. Then  $\mathbb{E}[X] = 15/2$ . *True or false? Why?*

**Problem 1.2.** (2 pts) Let  $X$  be an exponential random variable. Then, its mean and its standard deviation are equal. *True or false?*

**Problem 1.3.** (2 points) For a random variable  $X$  and for a positive constant  $d$ , in our usual notation, we have

$$(1.1) \quad \mathbb{E}[X] = e_X(d)S_X(d) + \mathbb{E}[X \wedge d].$$

*True or false?*

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**1.2. Free-response problems.** Please, explain carefully all your statements and assumptions. Numerical results or single-word answers without an explanation (even if they're correct) are worth 0 points.

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**Problem 1.4.** (10 points) A population of insureds consists of three types of people:  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ . There is an equal number of Type  $\alpha$  and Type  $\beta$  people in the population. The number of Type  $\gamma$  people is equal to the total number of the remaining two types of people. The probability that a Type  $\alpha$  person makes at least one claim in a year is  $1/5$ . The probability that a Type  $\beta$  person makes at least one claim in a year is  $2/5$ . The probability that a Type  $\gamma$  person makes at least one claim in a year is  $3/5$ .

At the end of the year, a person is chosen at random from the population. It is observed that that person had at least one claim. What is the probability that the person was of Type  $\beta$ ?

**Problem 1.5.** (15 points) Losses  $X$  follow a Pareto distribution with parameters  $\alpha > 1$  and  $\theta$  unspecified. For a positive constant  $c$ , determine the ratio of the mean excess loss function evaluated at  $c\theta$  to the mean excess loss function evaluated at  $\theta$ .

**Problem 1.6.** Let  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  be a sequence of independent random variables. Assume that all the variables in the sequence have the two-parameter Pareto distribution with  $\theta = 10$  and  $\alpha = 3$ . For each  $n$ , define the random variable

$$Y_n = \frac{X_1^2 + X_2^2 + \cdots + X_n^2}{n}.$$

Does the limit of the sequence  $\{Y_n, n \geq 1\}$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$  exist? If so, how much is it? If not, why not?

**1.3. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.** *Please, note your final answers on the front page of this exam.*

**Problem 1.7.** (5 pts) Let  $X$  be exponential with variance 225. Let  $a = \mathbb{E}[|20 - X|]$ . Then,

- (a)  $0 \leq a < 50$
- (b)  $50 \leq a < 150$
- (c)  $150 \leq a < 325$
- (d)  $325 \leq a < 550$
- (e) None of the above.

**Problem 1.8.** Let  $E$  and  $F$  be two events on the same probability space. You know that  $\mathbb{P}[E \cup F] = 0.75$  and  $\mathbb{P}[E \cup F^c] = 0.85$ . What is the probability of the event  $E$ ?

- (a) 0.5
- (b) 0.6
- (c) 0.65
- (d) 0.7
- (e) None of the above.

**Problem 1.9.** The time until the next bus arrives is a continuous random variable  $T$  with the density

$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} \kappa(10 - t) & 0 < t < 10 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

for some constant  $\kappa$ . **Given** that you have already waited for 4 minutes, what is the probability that you will wait for at least another 4 minutes?

- (a)  $1/25$
- (b)  $1/9$
- (c)  $1/8$
- (d)  $1/3$
- (e) None of the above.

**Problem 1.10.** Let  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ , and  $X_3$  be independent, identically distributed random variables with the probability mass function

$$p_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & x = 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & x = 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & x = 2 \end{cases}$$

Find  $\mathbb{P}[X_1 X_2 X_3 = 0]$ .

- (a)  $27/64$
- (b)  $1/8$
- (c)  $31/64$
- (d)  $37/64$
- (e) None of the above.

**Problem 1.11.** A recent study indicates that the annual cost of fertilizing a Japanese plum tree in Austin has a mean 100 with a variance of 20. A tax of 10% is introduced on fertilizer, i.e., fertilizer is made 10% more expensive. What is the variance of the new annual cost of fertilizing a Japanese plum tree in Austin after the tax is introduced?

- (a) 20
- (b) 22
- (c) 23.1
- (d) 24.2
- (e) None of the above.

**Problem 1.12.** Let the random variable  $X$  have the cumulative distribution function given by

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 2x + 2) & \text{for } 1 \leq x < 2 \\ 1 & \text{for } 2 \leq x \end{cases}$$

What is the expectation of  $X$ ?

- (a)  $2/3$

- (b)  $5/6$
- (c)  $7/6$
- (d)  $4/3$
- (e) None of the above.

**Problem 1.13.** Let the independent random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  have the same mean. You are given that coefficient of variation of  $X$  equals 2 and the coefficient of variation of  $Y$  equals 4. What is the coefficient of variation of the average of  $X$  and  $Y$ ?

- (a)  $3/2$
- (b)  $\frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}$
- (c)  $5/2$
- (d) There is not enough information to answer this problem.
- (e) None of the above.