

M339G: January 26<sup>th</sup>, 2024.

Fact.

$$\mathbb{E}[(Y - \hat{f}(X))^2 \mid X=x] = \underbrace{(f(x) - \hat{f}(x))^2}_{\text{Reducible}} + \underbrace{\text{Var}[\varepsilon]}_{\text{Irreducible}}$$

→ :

By the model:

$$Y = f(X) + \varepsilon$$

w/

$\varepsilon$  is independent from  $X$   
and  $\mathbb{E}[\varepsilon] = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[(f(X) + \varepsilon - \hat{f}(X))^2 \mid X=x] &= (\text{linearity of expectation}) \\ &= \mathbb{E}[(f(X) - \hat{f}(X))^2 \mid X=x] \\ &\quad + 2 \mathbb{E}[(f(X) - \hat{f}(X)) \cdot \varepsilon \mid X=x] \quad (\varepsilon \text{ indep. of } X) \\ &\quad + \mathbb{E}[\varepsilon^2 \mid X=x] \\ &= (f(x) - \hat{f}(x))^2 + \text{Var}[\varepsilon] \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

In general: for any r.v.  $W$

$$\text{Var}[W] = \mathbb{E}[W^2] - (\mathbb{E}[W])^2$$

$$\mathbb{E}[W^2] = \text{Var}[W] + (\mathbb{E}[W])^2$$

We take  $W = \varepsilon$  and note  $\mathbb{E}[\varepsilon] = 0$

⇒

$$\mathbb{E}[\varepsilon^2] = \text{Var}[\varepsilon]$$