

## Notation · Assumptions · Conventions.

### Assumptions.

- There is a single prevailing interest rate:
  - the same for borrowing and lending;
  - the same for everyone;
  - deterministic and constant.
- There is an infinite line of credit.
- Money is continuously valued.

Example. Say that the ccrfir equals 0.02.  
You invest \$100 @ time 0.  
You make no subsequent deposits of withdrawals.  
Your balance in three months:

$$\underline{100e^{(0.02)(0.25)}} = 100e^{0.005}$$

□

Note. Borrowing & lending via savings accounts, loans, bonds are all

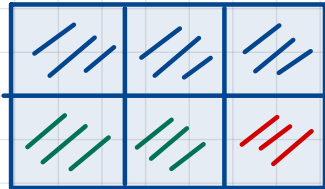
**RISKLESS INVESTMENT.**

### Riskless Asset:

governed by a fixed, deterministic

continuously compounded, risk-free interest rate;  
usually denoted by  $r$

### Risky Asset:



We will allow for **continuously valued** investment in the shares of stock, e.g.,  $\frac{11}{23}$  shares  
or  $e^{-0.03}$  shares.

The structure of returns  $\begin{cases} \text{dividend pmts} \\ \text{stock appreciation} \end{cases}$

Dividends  $\begin{cases} \text{NO DIVIDENDS ! (This class :)} \\ \text{YES DIVIDENDS} \begin{cases} \text{DISCRETE} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \end{cases} \end{cases}$