

UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN

Quiz #2

The cumulative distribution function. Types of random variables.

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Provide your **complete solution** to the following problems. Final answers only, without appropriate justification, will receive zero points even if correct.

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**Problem 2.1.** (5 points) Write down the definition of the *cumulative distribution function* of a random variable.

**Solution:** Denote the random variable by  $X$ . Then, its *cumulative distribution function*  $F_X : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0, 1]$  is defined by

$$F_X(x) = \mathbb{P}[X \leq x] \quad \text{for every } x \in \mathbb{R}. \quad (2.1)$$

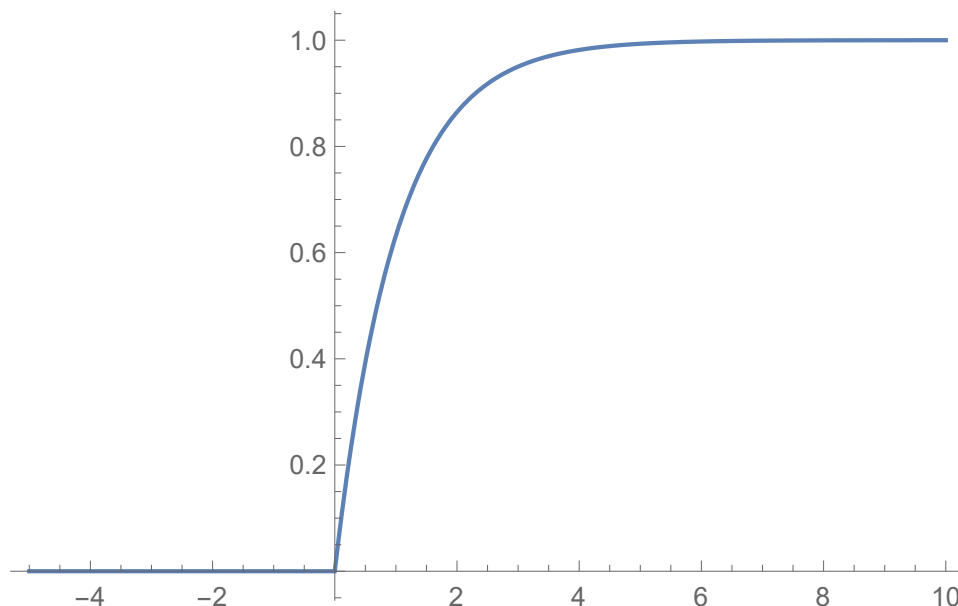
**Problem 2.2.** (2 points) The cumulative distribution function is always strictly increasing. *True or false?*

**Solution: FALSE**

The cdfs of discrete random variables are step functions. So, they are not strictly increasing.

**Problem 2.3.** (2 points) Please, sketch an example of a graph of the cumulative distribution function of a *continuous random variable*.

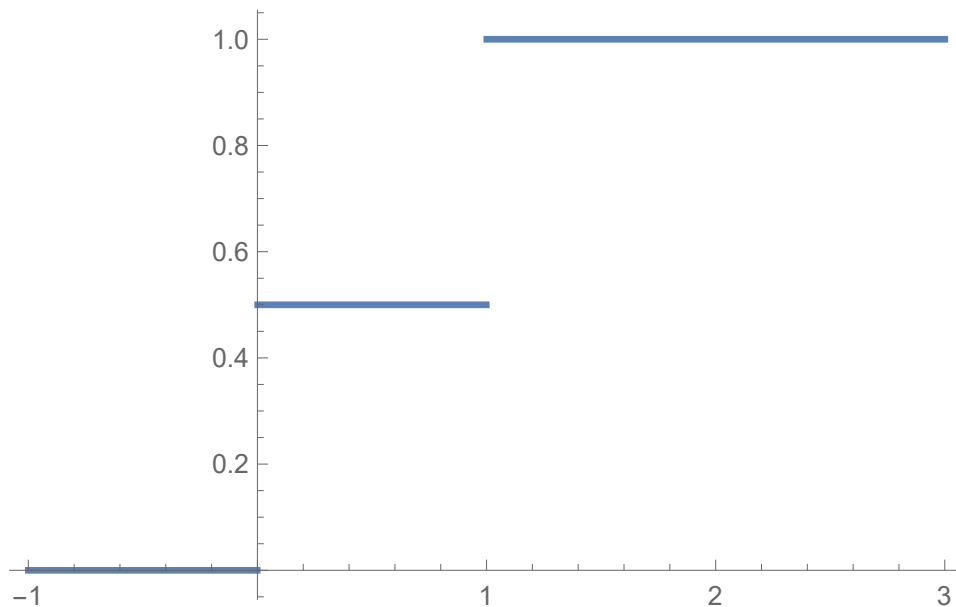
**Solution:** Solutions will vary. Here is one example:



Those students who remember their probability will notice that the above is the graph of the cdf of an exponential distribution.

**Problem 2.4.** (2 points) Please, sketch an example of a graph of the cumulative distribution function of a *discrete random variable*.

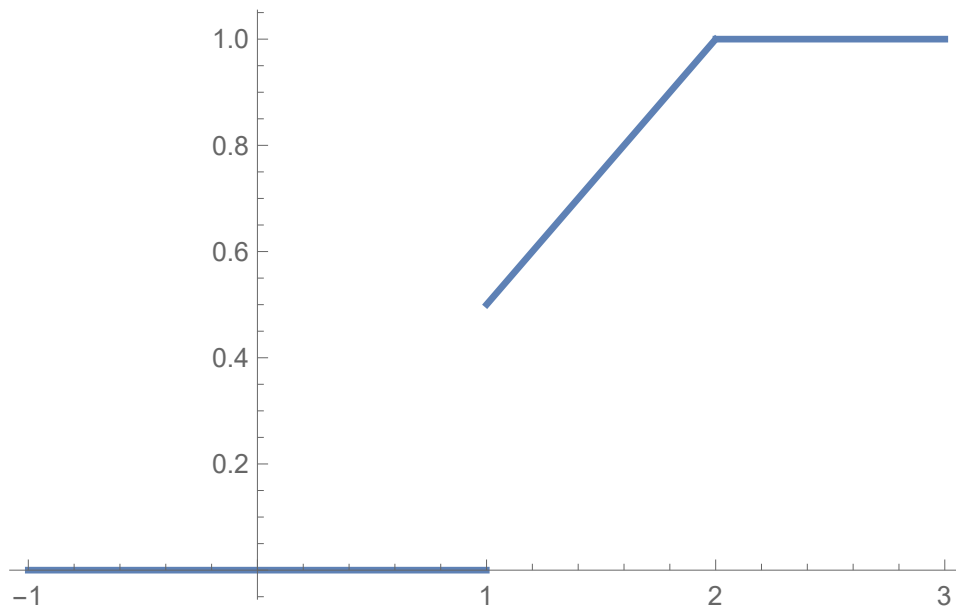
**Solution:** Solutions will vary. Here is an example:



Again, the students who remember their probability will notice that the above is the graph of the cdf of a single Bernoulli trial with probability of success equal to  $1/2$ .

**Problem 2.5.** (4 points) Please, sketch an example of a graph of the cumulative distribution function of a *mixed random variable*.

**Solution:** Solutions will vary. Here is an example:



Those students with coding experience should try to think about how they would simulate the draws from a random variable with the above cdf.