

M339J: January 29th, 2021.

Review.

Def'n. A random variable X is **continuous** if its cdf is

- continuous everywhere
- and

- differentiable everywhere w/ the exception of at most countably many points.

\Rightarrow We can differentiate F_X almost everywhere.

Def'n. The **probability density function (pdf)** of a continuous r.v. X is the function given by

$$f_X(x) = F'_X(x) \quad \text{wherever the derivative exists}$$

\Rightarrow You can set f_X to be @ arbitrary values elsewhere.

Exponential Dist'n.

Any exponential r.v. X w/ **parameter θ** has the pdf

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} \quad \text{for } x > 0$$

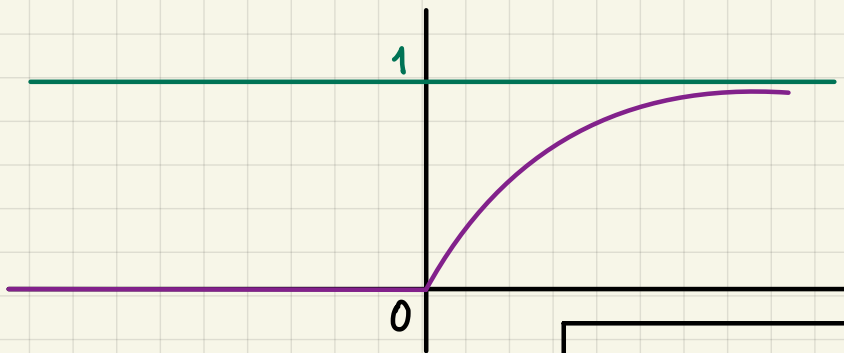
(and 0 otherwise)

In some sources: $f_X(x) = \lambda \cdot e^{-\lambda \cdot x}, x > 0$

Q: What's the support of X ? All positive reals, i.e., $\mathbb{R}_+ = (0, +\infty)$

Its cumulative dist'n f'n:

$$\begin{aligned} F_X(x) &= \mathbb{P}[X \leq x] = \int_0^x f_X(u) du \\ &= \int_0^x \left(\frac{1}{\theta} \right) e^{-\frac{u}{\theta}} du = \\ &= \frac{1}{\theta} \int_0^x e^{-\frac{u}{\theta}} du = \frac{1}{\theta} (-\theta) \left[e^{-\frac{u}{\theta}} \right]_{u=0}^x \\ &= - \left(e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} - 1 \right) = 1 - e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} \end{aligned}$$



Its survival f'n is

$$S_X(x) = e^{-x/\theta}$$

Example. Given that $X \sim \text{Exponential}(\theta)$ is bigger than a, what is the probability that it's bigger than $a+b$ ($a>0, b>0$)?

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow: \mathbb{P}[X > a+b \mid X > a] &= \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}[X > a+b, X > a]}{\mathbb{P}[X > a]} = \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}[X > a+b]}{\mathbb{P}[X > a]} = \frac{S_X(a+b)}{S_X(a)} = \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{a+b}{\theta}}}{e^{-\frac{a}{\theta}}} = e^{-\frac{b}{\theta}} = S_X(b) = \mathbb{P}[X > b]$$

The Memoryless Property

Problem. The lifetime T of a printer modeled as exponential w/ parameter $\theta = 2$. The original price of the printer is 200. The manufacturer agrees to provide a full refund if the printer fails within a year of purchase. If it fails during the second year, the manufacturer refunds half the original price. If it fails afterwards, there's no refund. What's the expected refund per printer?

→ : Ⓢ: What are the possible values of the refund?

- Support $(X) = \{0, 100, 200\}$

↑
refund
amount

$$\mathbb{E}[X] = 0 \cdot \mathbb{P}[X=0] + 100 \cdot \mathbb{P}[X=100] + 200 \cdot \mathbb{P}[X=200]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{P}[X=200] &= \mathbb{P}[T \leq 1] \\ &= 1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 0.3935 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{P}[X=100] &= \mathbb{P}[1 < T \leq 2] = \\ &= F_T(2) - F_T(1) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - e^{-\frac{2}{2}} \\ &= 0.23865 \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[X] = 100 \cdot 0.23865 + 200 \cdot 0.3935 = 102.56$$

Review: Mean and Variance