

67.

Consider the following investment strategy involving put options on a stock with the same expiration date.

- i) Buy one 25-strike put
- ii) Sell two 30-strike puts
- iii) Buy one 35-strike put

Calculate the payoffs of this strategy assuming stock prices (i.e., at the time the put options expire) of 27 and 37, respectively.

- (A) -2 and 2
- (B) 0 and 0
- (C) 2 and 0
- (D) 2 and 2
- (E) 14 and 0

68.

For a non-dividend-paying stock index, the current price is 1100 and the 6-month forward price is 1150. Assume the price of the stock index in 6 months will be 1210.

Which of the following is true regarding forward positions in the stock index?

- (A) Long position gains 50
- (B) Long position gains 60
- (C) Long position gains 110
- (D) Short position gains 60
- (E) Short position gains 110

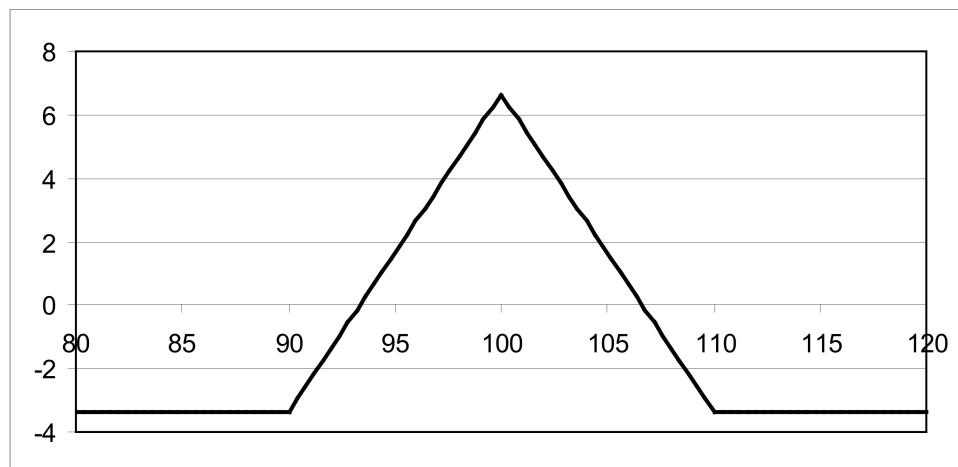
9.

Stock ABC has the following characteristics:

- The current price to buy one share is 100.
- The stock does not pay dividends.
- European options on one share expiring in one year have the following prices:

| Strike Price | Call option price | Put option price |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 90           | 14.63             | 0.24             |
| 100          | 6.80              | 1.93             |
| 110          | 2.17              | 6.81             |

A butterfly spread on this stock has the following profit diagram.



The continuously compounded risk-free interest rate is 5%.

Determine which of the following will NOT produce this profit diagram.

- (A) Buy a 90 put, buy a 110 put, sell two 100 puts
- (B) Buy a 90 call, buy a 110 call, sell two 100 calls
- (C) Buy a 90 put, sell a 100 put, sell a 100 call, buy a 110 call
- (D) Buy one share of the stock, buy a 90 call, buy a 110 put, sell two 100 puts
- (E) Buy one share of the stock, buy a 90 put, buy a 110 call, sell two 100 calls.

7.

A non-dividend paying stock currently sells for 100. One year from now the stock sells for 110. The continuously compounded risk-free interest rate is 6%. A trader purchases the stock in the following manner:

- The trader pays 100 today
- The trader takes possession of the stock in one year

Determine which of the following describes this arrangement.

- (A) Outright purchase
- (B) Fully leveraged purchase
- (C) Prepaid forward contract
- (D) Forward contract
- (E) This arrangement is not possible due to arbitrage opportunities

8.

Joe believes that the volatility of a stock is higher than indicated by market prices for options on that stock. He wants to speculate on that belief by buying or selling at-the-money options.

Determine which of the following strategies would achieve Joe's goal.

- (A) Buy a strangle
- (B) Buy a straddle
- (C) Sell a straddle
- (D) Buy a butterfly spread
- (E) Sell a butterfly spread

16.

The current price of a non-dividend paying stock is 40 and the continuously compounded risk-free interest rate is 8%. The following table shows call and put option premiums for three-month European of various exercise prices:

| Exercise Price | Call Premium | Put Premium |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 35             | 6.13         | 0.44        |
| 40             | 2.78         | 1.99        |
| 45             | 0.97         | 5.08        |

A trader interested in speculating on volatility in the stock price is considering two investment strategies. The first is a 40-strike straddle. The second is a strangle consisting of a 35-strike put and a 45-strike call.

Determine the range of stock prices in 3 months for which the strangle outperforms the straddle.

- (A) The strangle never outperforms the straddle.
- (B)  $33.56 < S_T < 46.44$
- (C)  $35.13 < S_T < 44.87$
- (D)  $36.57 < S_T < 43.43$
- (E) The strangle always outperforms the straddle.