

M339G: February 2nd, 2024.

Multiple Linear Regression.

explanatory r.v.s. $(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_p) = X$

response r.v. Y

Regression model: $Y = f(X) + \epsilon$

w/ X and ϵ are independent

Multiple linear regression:

$$Y = \beta_0 + \underbrace{\beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \dots + \beta_p X_p}_{f(X)} + \epsilon$$

With interaction terms:

e.g., $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \beta_{12} X_1 X_2 + \epsilon$

F-distribution.

Def'n. Let U and V be chi-squared random variables w/ ν_1 and ν_2 degrees of freedom, respectively.
Then, w/ U and V **independent**, the random variable

$$F = \frac{U/\nu_1}{V/\nu_2}$$

is said to have the **F-distribution** w/ numerator degrees of freedom ν_1 and denominator degrees of freedom ν_2 .

We write

$$F \sim F(\nu_1, \nu_2).$$