Problem set #8: Binomial Monte Carlo: Solutions

Milica Cudina

2022-11-01

Let the **volatility** of a stock be the standard deviation of its (continuously compounded) realized return on an annual basis. Then, we can define the up and down factors in the so-called *forward binomial tree* for a **non-dividend-paying** stock as

$$u = e^{rh + \sigma\sqrt{h}}$$

$$d = e^{rh - \sigma\sqrt{h}}$$
(1)

Let the continuously compounded, risk-free interest rate be 0.04.

Consider a stock whose current price is \$100 and whose volatility is 0.25. We will be pricing a one-year, at-the-money call option in a variety of ways here.

Problem #1: Analytic one period

Price the option above using a one period binomial tree.

Problem #2: Monte Carlo one period

Price the option above using Monte Carlo a one period binomial tree. Use 10000 simulations.

Problem #3: Analytic two periods

Price the above option using a two-period binomial tree.

Problem #4: Monte Carlo two periods

Price the option above using Monte Carlo using a two period binomial tree. Use 10000 simulations.

Problem #5: Analytic one hundred periods

Price the above option using a 100-period binomial tree.

Problem #6: Monte Carlo with one hundred periods

Price the option above using Monte Carlo with a hundred period binomial tree. Use 10000 simulations.