University of Texas at Austin

Problem Set # 8

Hypothesis testing: The normal case.

Problem 8.1. Source: Ramachandran, Tsokos.

The management of the local health club claims that its members lose on average 15 pounds or more within the first three months of their membership. A consumer agency took a simple random sample of 45 members and found the sample average of 13.8 in pounds lost. Assume that we model the weight loss as normal with an **unknown** mean μ and the **known** standard deviation of 4.2 pounds. What is the p-value corresponding to the gathered data? What would your decision be at the 0.05 significance level?

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Problem 8.2. Source: Ramachandran, Tsokos.

It is claimed that sports-car owners drive on the average 20,000 miles per year. A consumer firm believes that the mean annual mileage is actually <u>lower</u>. To check, the consumer firm decided to test this hypothesis.

The modeling assumptions are that the annual mileage is normally distributed with an unknown mean μ and with the standard deviation of 1200.

The consumer firm obtained information from 36 randomly selected sports-car owners that resulted in a sample average of 19,530 miles. What is the decision of this hypothesis test at the signficance level of 0.01?

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