

## M378K Introduction to Mathematical Statistics

### Homework assignment #3

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Please, provide your **complete solutions** to the following problems. Final answers only, even if correct will earn zero points for those problems.

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**Problem 3.1.** (5 points) Let the density function of a random variable  $X$  be given as

$$f_X(x) = cxI_{[0,1]}(x),$$

for some constant  $c$ . Find  $\mathbb{E}[X^3]$ .

**Problem 3.2.** (5 points) Let  $X$  denote the outcome of a roll of a fair, regular dodecahedron (a polyhedron with 12 faces) with numbers  $1, 2, \dots, 12$  written on its sides. Find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ .

**Problem 3.3.** (5 points) Let  $X$  be a random variable with mean  $\mu = 2$  and standard deviation equal to  $\sigma = 1$ . Find  $\mathbb{E}[X^2]$ .

**Problem 3.4.** (5 points) Let  $X$  denote the number of 1's in 100 throws of a fair die. Find  $\mathbb{E}[X^2]$ .

**Problem 3.5.** (15 points) Let  $X$  be a r.v. with an exponential distribution with mean  $\tau = 1/\lambda > 0$ , and let  $Y = 1/X$ . Compute the pdf of  $Y$ . Optional: compute  $\mathbb{E}[Y]$ . Is it true that  $\mathbb{E}[Y] = 1/\mathbb{E}[X]$ , i.e., that  $\mathbb{E}[Y] = \lambda$ ?

**Problem 3.6.** (20 points) Let  $X$  be a discrete random variable with the support  $\mathcal{S}_X = \mathbb{N}$ , such that  $\mathbb{P}[X = n] = C \frac{1}{n^2}$ , for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , where  $C$  is a constant chosen so that  $\sum_n \mathbb{P}[X = n] = 1$ . The distribution table of  $X$  is, therefore, given by

1	2	3	...
$C \frac{1}{1^2}$	$C \frac{1}{2^2}$	$C \frac{1}{3^2}$	...

1. (10 points) Show that  $\mathbb{E}[X]$  does not exist.
2. (10 points) Construct a distribution of a similar random variable whose expectation does exist, but the variance does not. (Hint: Use the same support  $\mathbb{N}$ , but tweak the probabilities so that the sum for  $\mathbb{E}[X]$  converges, while the sum for  $\mathbb{E}[X^2]$  does not.)