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# Problem Set # 20

The t-procedure: two means

## 20.1. Two-sample t.

**Problem 20.1.** An instructor is teaching two sections of the same basic statistics course. The instructor is giving the same exams, homework assignments, and quizzes in both sections. Which t-procedure should be used to determine if there is a difference in the academic performance between the two course sections?

- (a) One-sample t—test.
- (b) Matched-pairs t-procedure.
- (c) Two-sample t-test.
- (d) None of the above.

## **Problem 20.2.** This is an excerpt from findings of an educational study:

A study was done to determine whether there is a difference in the amount of time (in hours) that graduate students versus undergraduate students spend on the Internet per day. Five undergrads and five grad students were polled.

- (i) Is the alternative hypothesis one-sided or two-sided?
- (ii) A t—score for the data gathered was calculated to be 1.6664. Would you say that there is a significant difference in the amount of time that graduate and undergraduate students spend on the Internet?

## Problem 20.3. (5 points)

There is a dispute about salaries of male versus female elves. The North Polar Bear collected the following data:

- the total number of male elves is 121;
- the total number of female elves is 100;
- the average salary of a male elf is 10,000 candy canes;
- the average salary of a female elf is 12,000 candy canes;
- the sample standard deviation of the salaries of male elves is 50;
- the sample standard deviation of the salaries of female elves is 132.

Assume independence between the salaries of individual elves.

Let  $\mu_m$  denote the population mean for the distribution of the male elves' salaries and let  $\mu_f$  denote the population mean for the distribution of the female elves' salaries. We wish to test:

$$H_0: \mu_m = \mu_f \quad vs. \quad H_a: \mu_m \neq \mu_f.$$

What is the p-value associated with our data?

- a.: About 0.
- **b.:** About 0.01.
- **c.:** About 0.025
- d.: About 0.04.
- e.: None of the above.

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**Problem 20.4.** Let the population distributions be normal with unknown parameters. Assume that sample data, based on two independent samples of size 25, give us  $\bar{x}_1 = 505$ ,  $\bar{x}_2 = 515$ ,  $s_1 = 23$ , and  $s_2 = 28$ .

- (i) What is a 95%-confidence interval (use the conservative value for the degrees of freedom) for the difference between the two population means?
- (ii) Based on the confidence interval, we can conclude at the 5% significance level that there is no difference between the two population means. *True or false?*
- (iii) The margin of error for the difference between the two sample means would be smaller if we were to take larger samples. *True or false?*
- (iv) If a 99% confidence interval were calculated instead of the 95% interval, it would include more values for the difference between the two population means. *True or false?*

## 20.2. Pooled t (optional content from Subsection 7.3.4).

**Problem 20.5.** The **pooled** two-sample t-procedure can be used when ...

- (a) you can assume the two populations have equal variances
- (b) you can assume the two populations have equal means
- (c) the sample sizes are equal
- (a) None of the above

**Problem 20.6.** Let  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  denote the sample sizes of each group. The pooled two-sample t-procedure is based how many degrees of freedom?

- (a)  $n_1 + n_2 + 2$
- (b)  $n_1 + n_2 2$
- (c)  $n_1 + n_2 1$
- (d)  $n_1 + n_2$
- (e) None of the above.

**Problem 20.7.** A study was done to determine if students learn better in an online basic statistics class versus a traditional face-to-face (f2f) course. A random sample of 12 students in an online course and 15 students in an f2f course was taken.

- (i) Let  $\mu_{new}$  denote the population mean score for the online statistics class and let  $\mu_{old}$  denote the population mean score for the face-to-face statistics class. What are the hypotheses being tested?
- (ii) We decide it is appropriate to use the pooled t-procedure. What is the number of degrees of freedom you are going to use?