

## The Normal Distribution.

$Y \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  where  $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $\sigma > 0$   
is said to be normally distributed  
w/ mean  $\mu$   
and standard deviation  $\sigma$

if

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(y-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \text{ for all } y \in \mathbb{R}$$

If  $\mu=0$  and  $\sigma=1$ , we say that  $Y$  is standard normal.

Its pdf is

$$\varphi(y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}} \text{ for } y \in \mathbb{R}$$

Q: Let  $Y \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .

$$\frac{Y-\mu}{\sigma} \sim N(0,1)$$

Q: Let  $Z \sim N(0,1)$   
Let  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  be two real constants.

$$\alpha \cdot Z + \beta \sim \underline{\text{Normal}}(\beta, \alpha^2)$$

## Expectation [revisited]

In the discrete case:

$$\mathbb{E}[Y] := \sum_{y \in S_Y} y \cdot p_Y(y)$$

if it exists

Def'n.

Let  $Y$  be a continuous r.v. w/ pdf  $f_Y$ .

We define the **expectation** of  $Y$  as

$$\mathbb{E}[Y] := \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y f_Y(y) dy$$

if the integral exists

Task: Cauchy Dist'n.

**Problem 5.3.** Consider a continuous random variable  $Y$  whose probability density function is given by

$$f_Y(y) = 2y \mathbf{1}_{[0,1]}(y)$$

What is the expected value of this random variable?

$$\rightarrow: E[Y] = \int_0^1 y \cdot f_Y(y) dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 y \cdot 2y dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 2y^2 dy$$

$$= \frac{2y^3}{3} \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{2(1)^3}{3} - \frac{2(0)^3}{3}$$

$$\boxed{= \frac{2}{3}}$$

Example.  $Y \sim E(\tau)$ , i.e.,

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{\tau} e^{-\frac{y}{\tau}} \mathbb{1}_{[0, \infty)}(y)$$

$$\rightarrow: \mathbb{E}[Y] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y f_Y(y) dy$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} y \frac{1}{\tau} e^{-\frac{y}{\tau}} \mathbb{1}_{[0, \infty)}(y) dy$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{1}{\tau} y \right) e^{-\frac{y}{\tau}} dy =$$

$$u = -\frac{y}{\tau}$$

$$du = -\frac{1}{\tau} dy$$

$$dy = -\tau du$$

$$= + \int_0^{-\infty} u e^u (+\tau) du$$

$$= \left| \begin{array}{l} u = u \\ e^u du = dv \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} du = du \\ v = e^u \end{array} \right|$$

$$= \tau \left( \underbrace{u e^u / 0}_{=0} - \int_0^{-\infty} e^u du \right)$$

$$= \tau \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^0 e^u du}_1 = \tau$$



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$$Y \sim U(l, r)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[Y] = \frac{l+r}{2}$$

$$\text{Var}[Y] = ?$$

$$\mathbb{E}[Y^2] - (\mathbb{E}[Y])^2 \checkmark$$