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CHS FORTRAN library Project

What's the aim?

The goal is to provide a library of general Fortran modules.

What is already there?

Alphabetical ordered modules:

Name	*One-Line description*
mo_anneal	Optimization algorithm Simulated Annealing & estimation of initial temperature
mo_boxcox	Box-Cox transformation, inverse transformation & estimating best exponent for transformation
mo_constants	Mathematical and physical constants
mo_corr	Correlation function with Fast Fourier Transform, Auto- & Crosscorrelations via direct calculation
mo_file_utils	Utilities for file handling, e.g. search free unit
mo_finish	Routine to end program gracefully
mo_fit	Linear & polynomial fitting, and general fit with singular value decomposition
mo_histo	Histogram of data (useable also for variogram)
mo_interpol	Linear interpolation for irregular grids
mo_julian	Converts Julian Day into Day, Month and Year, and vice versa; Standard and IMSL convention
mo_kind	Definition of number precision
mo_mad	Median absolute deviation test
mo_message	Write out message; works with num2str from mo_string_utils
mo_moment	1st to 4th moments, central and mixed central moments
mo_ncread	Reading nc files using the netcdf4 library
mo_ncwrite	Writing nc files using the netcdf4 library
mo_nml	Routines to handle namelist files
mo_nr	Main numerical recipes module containing the interfaces
mo_nrutil	Numerical recipes utilities module
mo_percentile	Median, Percentiles
mo_sort	Quicksort arrays or indices
mo_string_utils	Utilities for strings
mo_template	Module template demonstrating the coding standard of the library
mo_xor4096	Generating Uniform/ Gaussian Random Numbers using the xor4096 algorithm

Categorical ordered modules:

Category	
Name	*One-Line description*
Date/ Time	
mo_julian	Converts Julian Day into Day, Month and Year, and vice versa; Standard and IMSL convention
Input/ Output	
mo_file_utils	Utilities for file handling, e.g. search free unit
mo_ncread	Reading nc files using the netcdf4 library
mo_ncwrite	Writing nc files using the netcdf4 library
mo_nml	Routines to handle namelist files
Optimization	
mo_anneal	Optimization algorithm Simulated Annealing & estimation of initial temperature
Miscellaneous	
mo_constants	Mathematical and physical constants
mo_finish	Routine to end program gracefully
mo_kind	Definition of number precision
mo_message	Write out message; works with num2str from mo_string_utils

mo_nr	Main numerical recipes module containing the interfaces
mo_nrutil	Numerical recipes utilities module
mo_string_utils	Utilities for strings
mo_template	Module template demonstrating the coding standard of the library
Math	
mo_fit	Linear & polynomial fitting, and general fit with singular value decomposition
mo_interpol	Linear interpolation for irregular grids
mo_sort	Quicksort arrays or indices
mo_xor4096	Generating Uniform/ Gaussian Random Numbers using the xor4096 algorithm
Statistics	
mo_boxcox	Box-Cox transformation, inverse transformation & estimating best exponent for transformation
mo_corr	Correlation function with Fast Fourier Transform, Auto- & Crosscorrelations via direct calculation
mo_histo	Histogram of data (useable also for variogram)
mo_mad	Median absolute deviation test
mo_moment	1st to 4th moments, central and mixed central moments
mo_percentile	Median, Percentiles

Please update the two tables above, if you uploaded a tested, working module. If your module is still not documented or in beta-version please do NOT list it in the tables.

Note on Numerical Recipes

- The directory nr_ori contains the original *Numerical Recipes in Fortran 90* routines. It also includes PDFs of the two books *Numerical recipes in Fortran 77* and *Numerical recipes in Fortran90*. There is also a Windows help file *NR9F206H.HLP*.

- The directory nr_chs contains copies of the routines that are already ported to the standard of this library. To use them: copy *mo_kind.f90 mo_constant.f90, mo_nrutil.f90*, and *mo_nr.f90* to your code. Also copy the routines needed from the *nr_chs* directory, e.g. gamma.f90. Then include in your code for the gamma-example:
  USE mo_nr, only: gamma

- To add a new subroutine that is not yet in *nr_chs*, do the following:
  - Copy routine from nr_ori to nr_chs and move it from nr_ori to nr_ori/in_nr_chs.
  - In new routine
    a. Change nrtype to mo_kind.
    b. Change nrutil to mo_nrutil.
    c. Change nr to mo_nr.
    d. Change I?B to I?.
    e. Add USE mo_constants if constants such as PI are used.
    f. Make sp and dp versions.
  - Look for the interface in mo_nr.f90 and change it accordingly, for example add the dp version.
  - If you change input/output or similar of the routine, the original documentation in the PDF files is not valid anymore.
    Please add the documentation structure from mo_template.f90 or consider making a completely new module (example mo_sort.f90).

- Be aware that the code were acquired under *Numerical Recipes Personal Single-User License*. This license lets you personally use Numerical Recipes code ("the code") on any number of computers, but only one computer at a time. You are not permitted to allow anyone else to access or use the code. You may, under this license, transfer precompiled, executable applications incorporating the code to other, unlicensed, persons, providing that (i) the application is noncommercial (i.e., does not involve the selling or licensing of the application for a fee), and (ii) the application was first developed, compiled, and successfully run by you, and (iii) the code is bound into the application in such a manner that it cannot be accessed as individual routines and cannot practicably be unbound and used in other programs. That is, under this license, your application user must not be able to use Numerical Recipes code as part of a program library or "mix and match" workbench.

How to checkout the complete FORTRAN lib?

To checkout the library in a local directory also called FORTRAN_chs_lib:

```
svn checkout https://svn.ufz.de/svn/chs-svn/FORTRAN_chs_lib/
```

To checkout into a local folder with the local name "local_name", which will be created if it does not exist yet:

```
svn checkout https://svn.ufz.de/svn/chs-svn/FORTRAN_chs_lib/ local_name/
```

This will check out the whole library with modules and test folders. To checkout only the module files:

```
svn checkout --depth=files https://svn.ufz.de/svn/chs-svn/FORTRAN_chs_lib/
```

How to contribute to the FORTRAN lib?

As we discussed and agreed with the Fortran programmers at our internal meeting, there are certain **programming rules** we all have to follow to share modules. A template which follows all the rules you can find under mo_template.f90. Mainly the rules are:

1. Use the mo_kind.f90 to declare your number precisions.

```
EXAMPLE:
use mo_kind, only : i4, dp
   integer(i4) :: a    ! To declare a 32-bit integer variable
   real(dp)    :: b    ! To declare a double precision real variable
```

2. All subroutines you contribute have to have a single and a double precision version which are combined in an INTERFACE.

```
EXAMPLE:
   INTERFACE foo
      MODULE PROCEDURE foo_SP, &       ! Single precision subroutine
                       foo_DP       ! Double precision subroutine
   END INTERFACE foo
```

3. Just the interface routines are public, all others are private.

```
EXAMPLE:
   PRIVATE
   PUBLIC :: foo  ! 1-line description of foo here
   PUBLIC :: bar  ! 1-line description of bar here

   INTERFACE foo
      MODULE PROCEDURE foo_SP, foo_DP
   END INTERFACE foo
   INTERFACE bar
      MODULE PROCEDURE bar_SP, bar_DP
   END INTERFACE bar
```

4. If you provide a function/ subroutine based on matrices you should allow for an optional MASK argument, if possible.

```
EXAMPLE:
   FUNCTION Mean_dp(A,MASK)
      ! Calculate average
      real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in)           :: A
      logical,  dimension(:), intent(in), optional  :: MASK
      real(dp), dimension(size(A)) :: Mean_dp
      ...
      Mean_dp = sum(A, mask=MASK) / count(MASK)
      ...
   END SUBROUTINE
```

5. Documentation/ Comment the source code
   a. Give 1-line descriptions after the public definition.
   b. Documentation:

        - document before the individual routines;
        - do one documentation per interface, i.e. no separate docu. for sp and dp;
        - follow the documentation structure before the function mean_sp in mo_template.f90;
        - break comment lines at column 130 at most.
    c. Each module has to appear in the two tables above. Please include the module name and its one-line desciption only if the module is fully tested and documented.
6. Coding style
    a. Sort routines alphabetically in the file and in the public definitions.
    b. Break lines at column 130 at most.
    c. Do not use tabs in files.
    d. Each module should have a test directory : **test/test_mo_xxx**, which includes a test program. Include a check that states if the test worked or not (output message should include "o.k." or "failed", since these strings are grepped by command "make check").
    In the subdirectory test/test_mo_xxx you simply link your modules, i.e. you do on the command prompt in the test directory:
    test/test_mo_xxx> ln -s ../../mo_kind.f90
    test/test_mo_xxx> ln -s ../../mo_xxx.f90
    e. The module should be tested with at least two different compilers (of different vendors), e.g. ifort and gfortran
    f. Use lowercase characters for the module name.

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Note on Numerical Recipes License

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