MCViz

Visualizing Monte Carlo for Research and Outreach

http://mcviz.net

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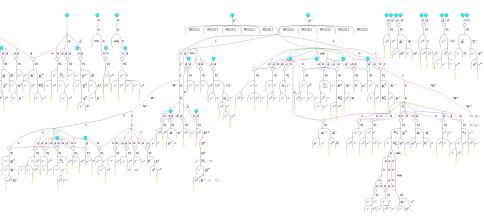


Outline ud_0 How is MCViz useful for ATLAS Physicists? How can I use it? 0000000000000 Use in Outreach todee, $\nu_{\mathbf{e}}$ $\overline{\mathbf{u}}$ u Johannes Ebke (LMU München) MCViz: Examine and visualize MC events 2013-04-25 2 / 15

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Quick look at event graphs

Get MCViz from http://mcviz.net and run ./mcviz_bootstrap.py
./mcv -sSimpleColors my.lhe && sensible-browser mcviz.svg



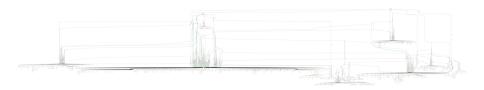
"Google Maps"-style interface - mousewheel zoom + click and drag

Examine status codes and momenta

```
-a{pt:sub,e:super,status:over,color under}
./mcv --help annotation
                                                         99.79GeV
                                                         30.84GeV
                      123
     124
                        22.53GeV
       77.26GeV
                                       Easy to extend!
                       13.49GeV
      28.64GeV
                                         Source file for existing
                                            annotations listed in
                                            ./mcv --help pt
                                         Clear code structure
```

Tools: Summarize and Cut away Particles

Example: Pythia semileptonic $t\bar{t}$

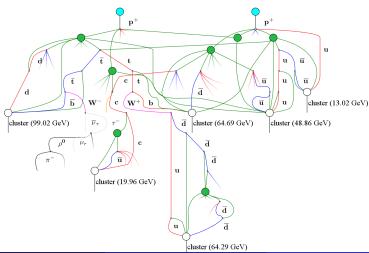


...2480 particles in the event record

Tools: Summarize and Cut away Particles

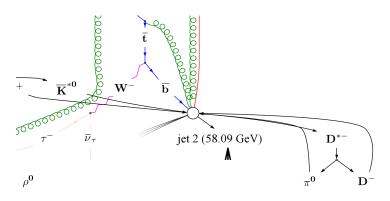
Same event with summarized hadronic clusters and $p_T > 10 \text{GeV}$

- -tGluballs -tChainmail -tNoKinks -tNoLoops -tClusters
- -tCut:cut=10:param=pt



Integrated Fastjet: Apply Jet Algorithms

.. -lInlineLabels -sFancyLines -tJets -tCut:25:pt



-tCut:25:pt -tJets would first apply the cut and then fastjet - good for applying fiducial cuts!

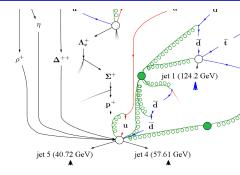
(Jet display still needs some work, as you can see by the loop on the right-hand side)

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Using MCViz on ATLAS Data

MCViz natively accepts

- ► LesHouches events (lhe)
- ► HEPMC files (hepmc)
- ► Pythia logfiles (log)
- ► (all also gzip/bzip2ed)
- ► Tested with Herwig, Pythia, Sherpa and MC@NLO.

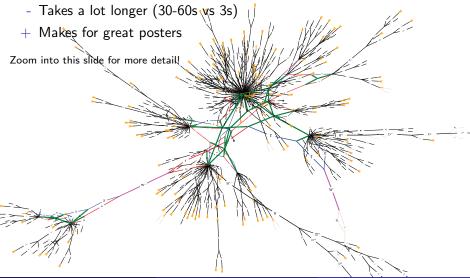


- Unfortunately, ATLAS AODs seems to lack some necessary information (old status - maybe Andy has updates?)
- ► Fortunately, EVNT files are small and quick to dq2-get
- ► Small jobOption fragment to dump hepmc from EVNT is at https://github.com/mcviz/mcviz/wiki/HepMC-from-Athena

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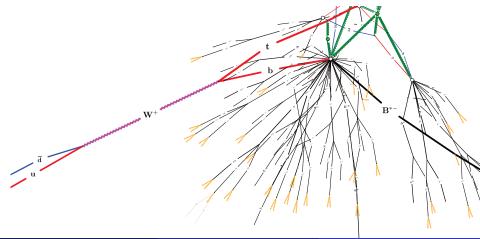
Free-form graph mode

▶ Use the graphviz "fdp" (force-directed graph) tool: ¬e fdp



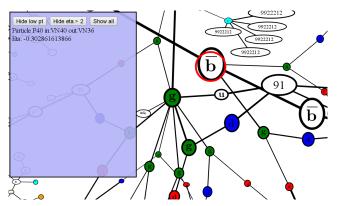
Fancy lines and p_T -dependent sizes

-efdp -lInlineLabels -sSimpleColors -sFancyLines
-sLineWidthPt -sLabelSizePt -tNoKinks -tGluballs
-tChainmail -tNoLoops



In development: Interactive browsing & 3d view

-pwebnavisvg:mcviz.svg

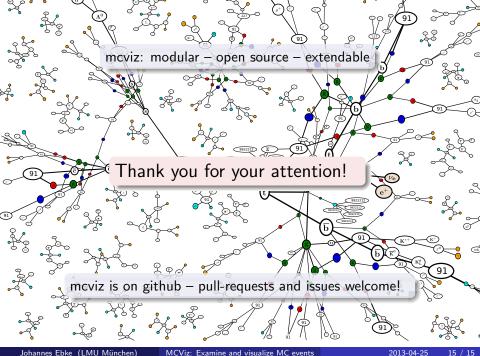


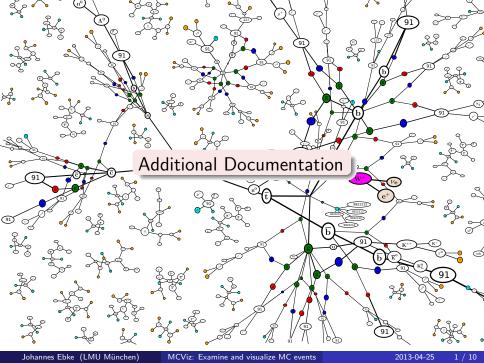
Try it live at http://www.ebke.org/mcv2.svgz!

Caveat: Not much information yet. Horribly slow with Firefox - use Chromium.

Experimental 3d view at

http://pwaller.net/mcviz/viewer-momentum.html





URLs and **Setup**

Useful Links:

```
www http://mcviz.net
dev https://github.com/mcviz/mcviz
wiki https://github.com/mcviz/mcviz/wiki (Examples)
Quick Start Summary:
```

- ▶ git clone https://github.com/mcviz/mcviz.git
- ▶ cd mcviz
- ./mcviz_bootstrap.py
- ./mcviz_bootstrap_jets.py # (setup fastjet optional)
- ./mcv --demo
 mcviz.examples/mcviz/examples/inputs/pythia/LHC/out01
- ▶ sensible-browser mcviz.svg

The MCViz Toolbox

MCViz accepts a list of tools to apply which produce the resulting image.

The implementation of these tools is typically quite short and reasonably readable, you can easily write your own!

Tool classes are run in the order:

- -t Transforms modify the input event graph (i.e, apply cuts, etc)
- -a Annotations annotate glyphs with additional particle information
- -l Layout particle graph mapping onto the layout graph
- -s Style line rendering (i.e, what colours thing are, curly lines?)
- -e Engine physical positioning of the resulting edges/nodes
- -p Painter rendering of the resulting graph (svg? custom renderer?)

Tool Chaining and Parameters

Multiple tools of the same class can be run - they stack against each other and order matters. Each tool takes the output state of the previous tool as input.

A sampling of the tools follows in the subsequent slides.

If in doubt, consult:

- mcviz --help all | less
- ▶ or our wiki at https://github.com/mcviz/mcviz/wiki

Some tools accept parameters separated by :, for example:

▶ -edot:orientation=lr

specifies that the graph should begin on the left and end on the right.

Tool class: Transforms -t

These change the physical structure of the graph. MCViz supports summarizing a number of vertices into one.

Examples:

- -tClusters summarizes everything below hadronization vertices
- ▶ -tCut can remove particle according to their physical properties
- ► -tNoKinks removes "particle → same particle" vertices
- -tOnlyHard attempts to remove everything in the graph not in the hard interaction (pythia only)
- -tJets runs fastjet to determine what the jets are
- -tGluballs summarizes all gluon self interaction

Tool classes: Annotations -a and Layout -1

Annotation: -a

Puts text describing the particle near its symbol. Examples:

- -a pt
- -a index:under

Layout:

- -1Feynman shows particles as lines, whereas -1Dual shows them as vertices in the resulting display.
- -lInlineLabels interrupts each line to insert the particle's glyph as a node, and can produce a more visually pleasing result.
- -1FixHad causes the hadronization vertices to be positioned at the same rank in the resulting graph. (sometimes, at least...)

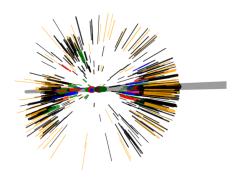
Tool class: Style -s

- -sSimpleColors makes quarks red, antiquarks blue, gluons green, photons yellow, leptons almond, bosons purple and neutral particles black.
- -sQCDRainbow gives each colour number a random hue, with the coloured particle being lighter and the anti-particle being darker.
 Makes it easy to see colour-cancellation.
- ▶ -sLineWidthPt shows line width proportion to the $\log p_T$ of the particle
- -sFancyLines gives gluons curly lines, photons sine waves, etc.

Tool class: Engine -e

The layout engine is the thing which takes the graph we want to draw and gives each edge a bezier curve and node a position. For this purpose we currently use graphviz, which comes in various flavours: dot, circo, fdp, neato, sfdp and neato.

It's possible to create an alternate layout engine which uses physical properties of the event to do layout instead of just the topological structure.



Experimental interactive 3d display

Tool class: Painter -p

The painter is responsible for taking the output of the engine and turning it into some form of physical image that you can look at. Currently, this means an SVG. Our SVGs come in different flavours so that we can supply navigation controls for the browser if they are desired.

navisvg is short for "navigable" as in, "you can navigate this google map". Currently, there is

- -pdot for raw graphviz output
- -pnavisvg the default SVG with embedded click'n'drag javascript
- -psvg Only SVG without javascript
- -pwebnavisvg SVG with experimental javascript

