Session: Spring 2019
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# CSIT115/CSIT815 Data Management and Security Laboratory 3

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## Scope 5

This laboratory includes the tasks related to logical design and implementation of CREATE TABLE statements of SQL.

The outcomes of the laboratory work are due by **Saturday 7 September 2019, 7.00 pm** (sharp).

## Please read very carefully information listed below.

This laboratory contributes to 3% of the total evaluation in a subject CSIT115 and it contributes to 3% of the total evaluation in a subject CSIT815.

A submission procedure is explained at the end of specification.

This laboratory work consists of 1 task.

It is recommended to solve the problems before attending the laboratory classes in order to efficiently use supervised laboratory time.

A submission marked by Moodle as Late is treated as a late submission no matter how many seconds it is late.

A policy regarding late submissions is included in the subject outline.

A submission of compressed files (zipped, gzipped, rared, tared, 7-zipped, lhzed, ... etc) is not allowed. The compressed files will not be evaluated.

All files left on Moodle in a state "Draft (not submitted)" will not be evaluated.

An implementation that does not compile due to one or more syntactical errors scores no marks.

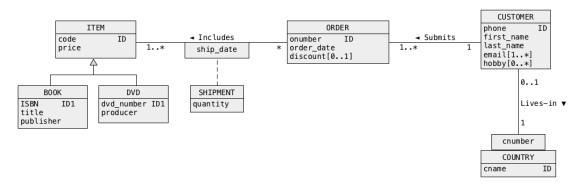
It is expected that all tasks included within **Laboratory 3** will be solved **individually without any cooperation** with the other students. If you have any doubts, questions, etc. please consult your lecturer or tutor during lab classes or office hours. Plagiarism will result in a **FAIL** grade being recorded for the assessment task.

## **Tasks**

## Task 1 (3 marks)

In this laboratory you must use a virtual machine with MySQL 8.0.16. All technical details on how to start and how to use a virtual machine have been explained and practiced in Laboratory 1, task 2 and task 3.

Consider a conceptual schema given below.



(1) Perform a step of logical database design and transform a conceptual schema given above into a collection of relational schemas. Use an association method for implementation of generalization.

No report is expected from a step of logical design.

(2) Next, use the relational schemas obtained in the previous step to create SQL script solution1.sql with CREATE TABLE statements that implement the relational schemas.

Your CREATE TABLE statements must enforce the following types of the columns in the relational tables.

- (i) All columns that contain dates must be of type DATE.
- (ii) All item codes must be fixed size sequence of 8 characters.
- (iii) All order numbers are sequences of 10 digits.
- (iv) All discounts applied are fractions in a range (0,1) with 1 position after decimal dot.
- (v) All prices are real numbers (floating point number) in a range 0.00 to 99999.99 with 2 positions after decimal dot.
- (vi) The types of all other columns in the relational tables are up to you. However, the types must make sense. For example, a city or country name of type integer will not get a lot of appreciation from a person evaluating your solution.

Note, that you MUST use only CREATE TABLE statements and no other statement of SQL!

You can find a lot of information about implementation of CREATE TABLE statements in a presentation 09 SQL - Data Definition Language (DDL) and in Cookbook, How to use data definition and basic data manipulation statements of SQL, Recipe 4.1 How to create and how to alter the relational tables?

You can use either graphical user interface SQL Developer or command line interface mysql to implement your script.

No report is expected from a step (2).

(3) When your script is ready connect to the command line interface mysql and drop all relational tables created so far.

Next, process the script solution1.sql implemented in the previous step. Processing of the script must create a report. The report from processing of a script solution1.sql must be saved in a file solution1.rpt.

If processing of the file returns the errors then you must eliminate the errors! Processing of your script must return NO ERRORS! A solution with errors is worth no marks!

It is recommended to create a script <code>drop.sql</code> that drops all relational tables created by processing of a script <code>solution1.sql</code> and it is recommend to process a script <code>drop.sql</code> after each processing of <code>solution1.sql</code>. In such a way you can avoid an unpleasant error messages like:

```
ERROR 1050 (42S01): Table '...' already exists
```

Please, remember that such message also counts as an error in processing of the script and that a solution with errors is worth no marks!

To create a report, you must use a technique already practiced in Laboratory 1. You can also find more information about creating reports from processing of SQL scripts in Cookbook, Recipe 3.1 How to use "mysql? Command based interface to MySQL database server? Step 4 How to save the results of SQL processing in a file?

Your report must contain a listing of all SQL statements processed. To achieve that, you must logon mysql client with -v (verbose) and -c (retain comments) options in the following way:

```
mysql -u csit115 -p -v -c
```

You can find more information on how to display SQL statements while a script is processed in Cookbook, Recipe 3.1 How to use "mysql? Command based interface to MySQL database server? Step 3 How to process SQL script?.

A report that contains no listing of processed SQL statements scores no marks ! So, make sure that you connect to mysql client with an option -v !

And again, ... a report from processing of SQL script must contain NO ERRORS!

## **Deliverables**

A file solution1.rpt with a report from processing of SQL script solution1.sql. The report must be created with the command line interface mysql, the report MUST NOT include any errors, and the report must list all SQL statements processed. Submission of a file with a different name and/or different extension and/or different type scores no marks.

#### **Submission**

Note, that you have only one submission. So, make it absolutely sure that you submit correct files with the correct contents. No other submission is possible!

Submit a file **solution1.rpt** to Moodle in the following way:

- (1) Access Moodle at http://moodle.uowplatform.edu.au/
- (2) To login use a **Login** link located in the right upper corner the Web page or in the middle of the bottom of the Web page
- (3) When logged select a site CSIT115/CSIT815 (S219) Data Management & Security
- (4) Scroll down to a section Submissions
- (5) Click at a link In this place you can submit the outcomes of Laboratory 3
- (6) Click at a button Add Submission
- (7) Move a file solution1.rpt into an area You can drag and drop files here to add them. You can also use a link Add...
- (8) Click at a button Save changes
- (9) Click at a button Submit assignment
- (10) Click at the checkbox with a text attached: By checking this box, I confirm that this submission is my own work, ... in order to confirm the authorship of your submission
- (11) Click at a button Continue

End of specification