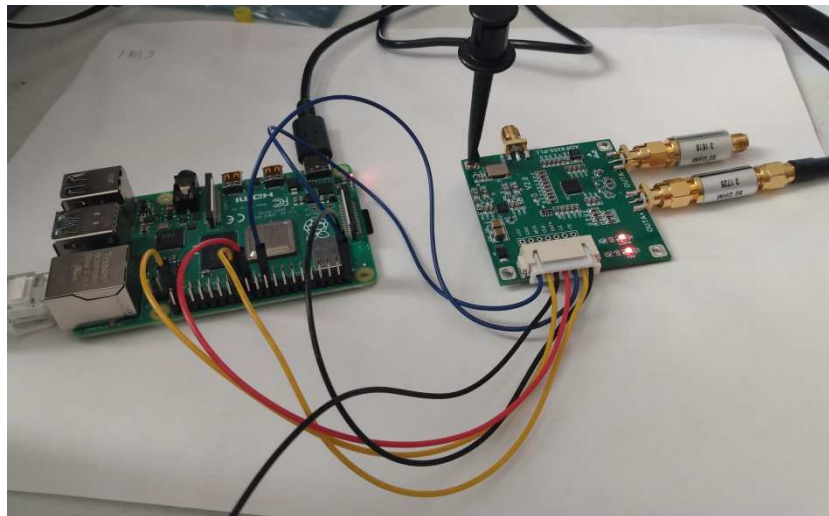
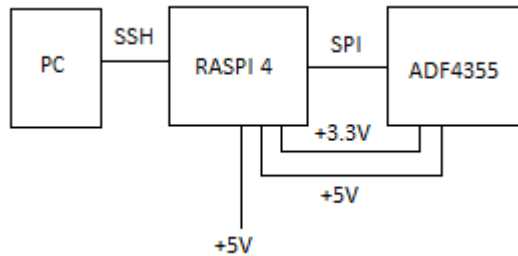


ADF4355 SYNTHESIZER

1. General

The main purpose of this document is to show the programming of the ADF4355 PLL IC and the use of SSH library JSCH written in Java. In order to run this app, Java has to be installed on PC. This is just an educational demo. No claims of any rights are made. For commercial applications the rights to use the JSch and JPytype should be investigated. The app. runs on Windows 10 Python 3.8.8. It communicates with Raspberry Pi via SSH.

2. Setup



The setup consists of the PC running Python app. which takes frequency input from the user and loads data into ADF4355 thru Raspberry Pi 4.

The ADF4355 is powered from from Raspberry Pi +5V GPIO pin 2

The ADF4355 CE is connected to Raspberry Pi +3.3V GPIO pin 1

The following frequencies were successfully tested:

Entered MHz	Measured MHz
181.250	181.271
200.050	200.049
350.100	350.098
450.325	450.325
567.075	567.072
643.025	643.021
756.375	756.370

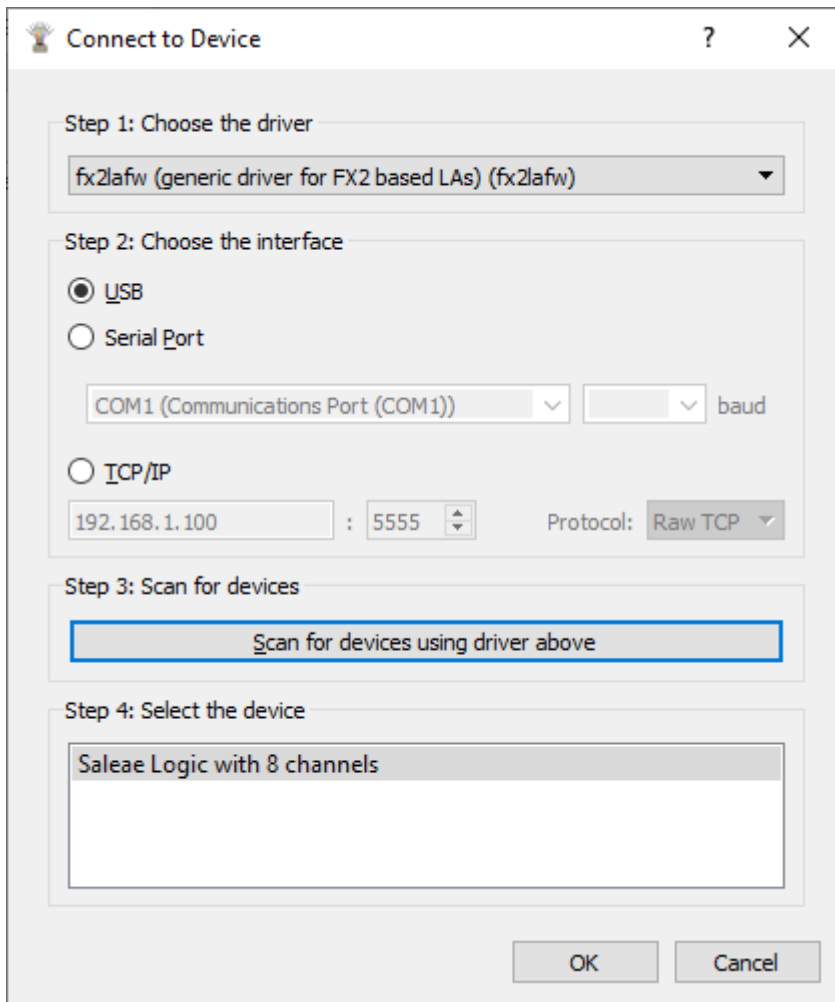
Entered MHz	Measured MHz
959.125	959.120
999.999	999.993
1001.825	1001.819
1213.425	1213.418
1305.006	1304.999
1401.033	1401.025

3. Setting up SpiDev

Logic Analyzer used for checking SPI data generated by the Raspberry Pi

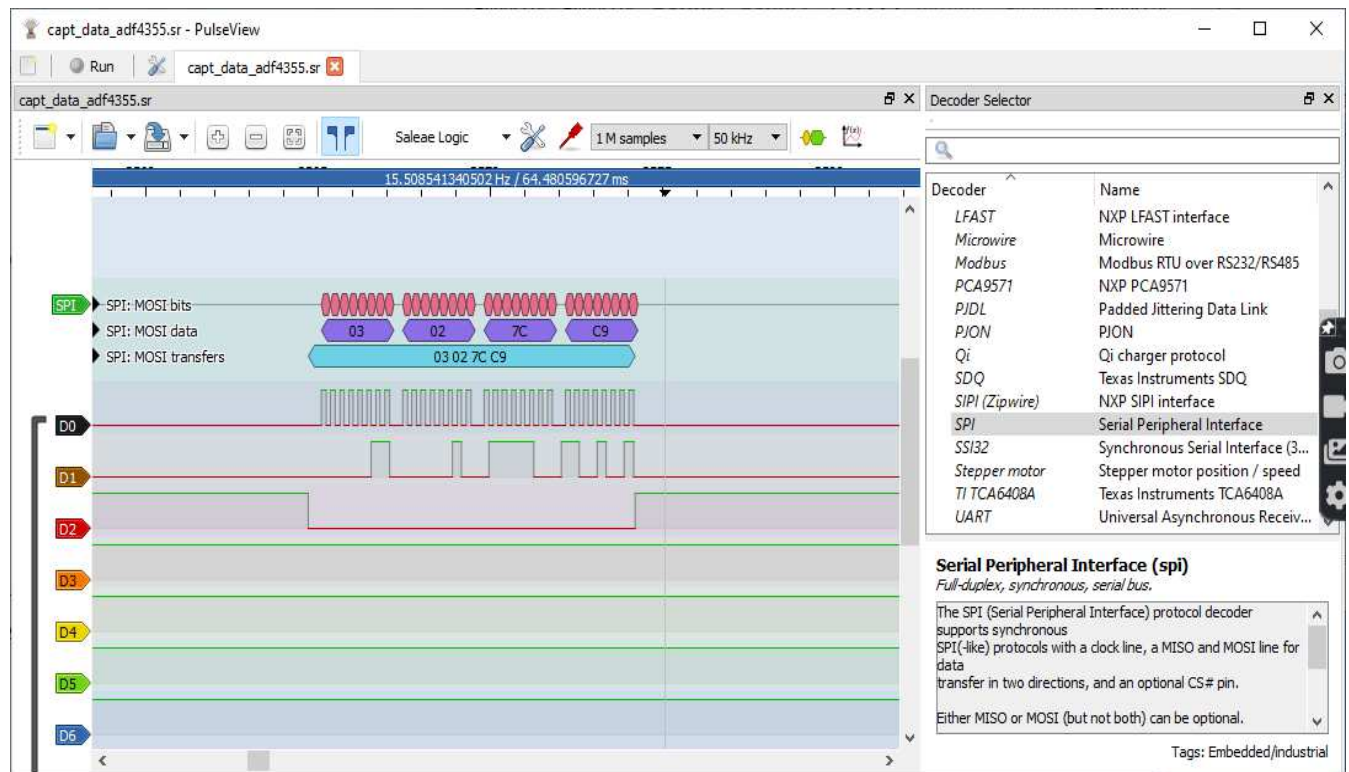


Raspi SPI CE=1
Raspi SPI mode=0
Raspi CE active high= False
lsb first=False
loopback= False
RASPI SPI speed=7629



Setting up the Logic Analyzer (Win10)

SPI data generated by Raspberry Pi captured with the Logic Analyzer



4. Data Set that maybe useful for debugging the app.

Enter PLL freq in MHz: 1401.033

```

set PLL to: 1401.033
adc clk= 62
Fpd= 5.0
OutDivider (2^x) x= 2
getSyntSettings RFout= 1401.033
PrescalerInputFrequency= 5604.132
N= 1120.8264
N= 1120.8263999999992
freq err= -3.637979e-06
VCOFreq= 5604.1319999999996
self.FRAC1= 13864691
self.FRAC2= 4954
self.MOD1= 16777216
self.MOD2= 16383
OutputDiv= 2 (division 2^2=4)
INT= 1120
R0= 0x204600
R1= 0xd38ef31
R2= 0x4d6bfff2
R3= 0x30000003
R4= 0x30050b84
R5= 0x800025
R6= 0x35402076
R7= 0x120000e7
R8= 0x102d0428
R9= 0x3027cc9
R10= 0xc00fba
R11= 0x61300b
R12= 0x1041c

Regs[]= [2115072, 221835057, 1298923506,
805306371, 805636996, 8388645,
893395062, 301990119, 271385640,
50494665, 12586938, 6369291, 66588]

```

5. Installing SW

PC

5.1 Install Python 3 or higher and Java JDK 1.8 or higher on your PC

5.2 Copy Java SSH folder to your PC C:/SshJavaJarPy7/

For full information, downloads and usage of Java SSH API example go to www.jcraft.com

Excellent example and description can be found at

<https://www.journaldev.com/246/jsch-example-java-ssh-unix-server>

5.3 Install JPyype 1.3 on your PC

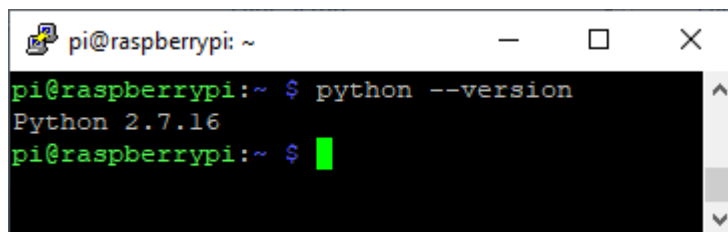
<https://pypi.org/project/JPyype1/>

This is a bridge between Python and Java.

It facilitates access to Java Classes and Jars from Python in a very simple manner.

Raspberry Pi

5.4 Check if Python is installed on your Raspberry Pi



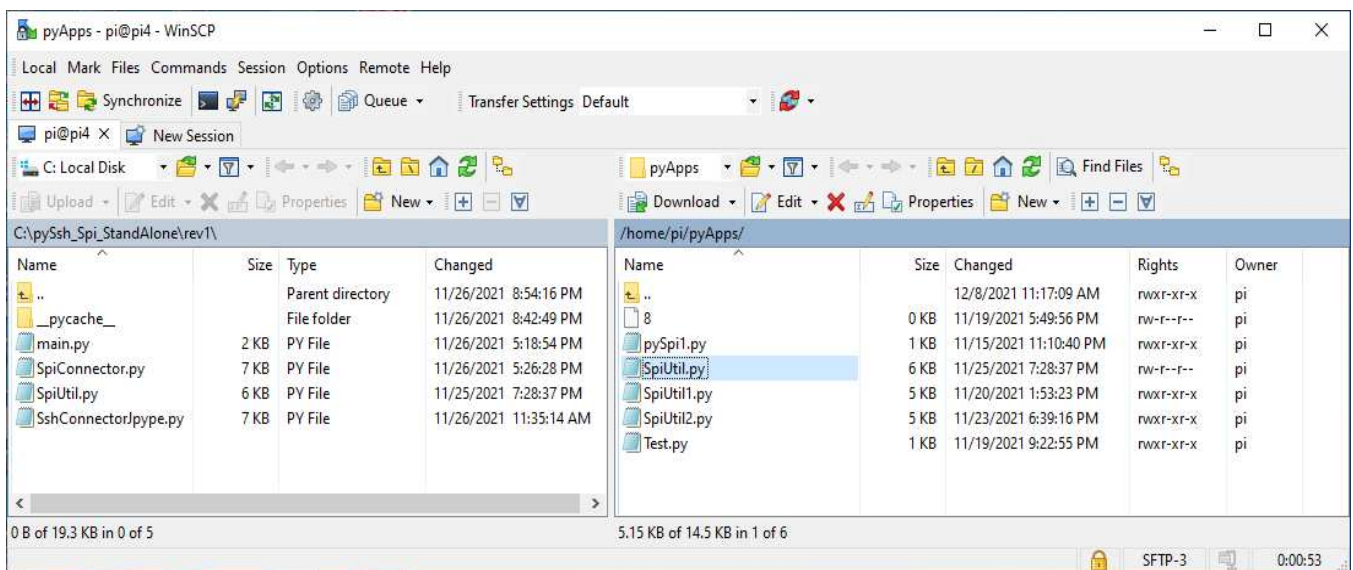
```

pi@raspberrypi: ~
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ python --version
Python 2.7.16
pi@raspberrypi:~ $

```

5.5 Make dir pyApps

5.6 Copy SpiUtil.py to this directory



5.7 Install SPIDEV on Raspberry Pi

6. Modify JPype in order to avoid “JVM already started” error

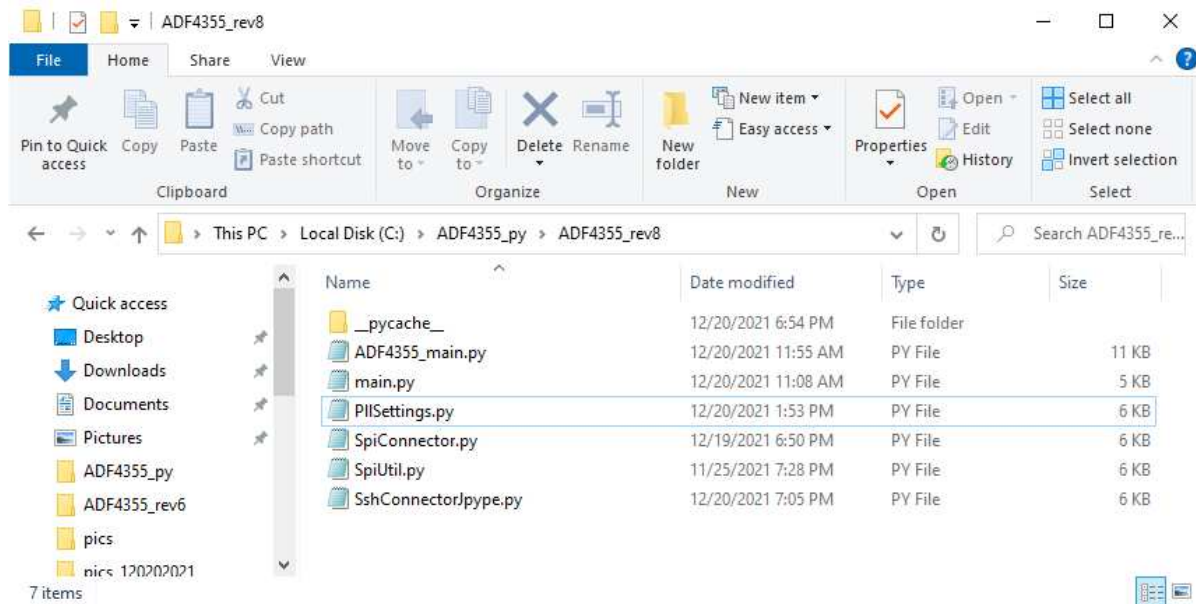
```

_jpype_core.py modified x=0 and x=-1 added
if _jpype.isStarted():
    x=0
    raise OSError('JVM is already started')
    return x
global _JVM_started
if _JVM_started:    x=-1
    raise OSError('JVM cannot be restarted')
    return x

```

More elegant modification could be made but since it worked well it was left alone.

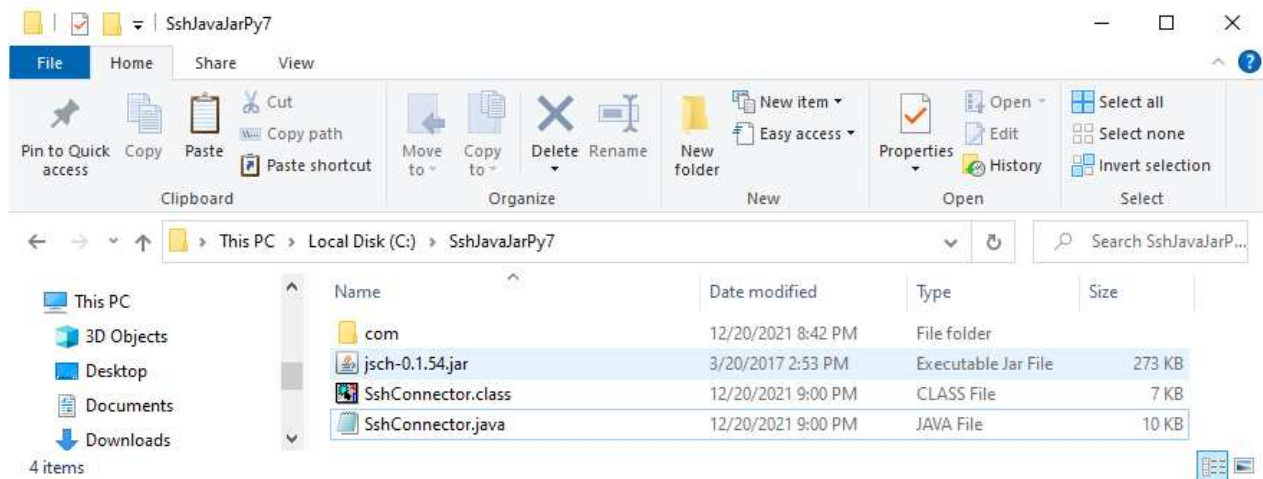
7. The app. description



The app. consists of 5 classes.

- The main.py initiates all other classes
- The PllSettings.py calculates dividers settings
- The SpiConnector.py facilitates data transfer from Raspberry Pi to ADF4355 via SPI
- The SshConnectorJpype.py supports the SSH connection between PC and Raspberry Pi.
- The ADF4355_main.py calculates all registers settings.

There is also another folder that has to be copied to PC C:\ drive.
This is Java SshJavaJarPy7 folder called by SshConnectorJpyype.py class.



To run the app. launch main.py and enter frequency in MHz

```
SshConnector send SshCommand() ssh msg= su.getData(1,0,0,0,0)
msg sent rv= su.getData(1,0,0,0,0)
('Raspi getData() got=', 1, 0, 0, 0, 0)
('Raspi Mode=', 0)
Raspi getData()
('Raspi SPI CE=', 1)
('Raspi SPI mode=', 0)
('Raspi SPI cshigh=', False)
('Raspi lsb first=', False)
('Raspiloopback=', False)
('Raspi SPI speed=', 7629)
'SpiUtil gotData for setting Raspi SPI'
>>>
>>>
>>>
SshConnector send SshCommand() ssh msg= su.getSpi()
msg sent rv= su.getSpi()
('Raspi SPI CE=', 1)
('Raspi SPI mode=', 0)
('Raspi CE active high=', False)
('lsb first=', False)
('loopback=', False)
('RASPI SPI speed=', 7629)
>>>
>>>
>>>
Enter PLL freq in MHz: 1400.5|
```


8. Final Notes

The app. contains notes, and plenty of print statements that were used for debug .
They were left in place so that the user can see the program flow.

The most interesting part of the code is the use of Java Library in Python application.
The Java Jsch API for SSH works very well in this application and it was quite easy to implement.
In fact it seems to work much better at least for this application than Paramiko and Pexpect.