

# Patterns

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## Some Advanced Patterns

### Pattern 2.1 - Inverted Triangle

```
# N = 3
* * *
* *
*
```

#### Approach:

From the above pattern, **we can observe:**

- **Number of Rows:** The pattern has 3 rows. We have to print the pattern for N rows.
- **Number of Columns:** The number of columns in any row is equal to  $N - \text{rowNumber} + 1$ . 1<sup>st</sup> row has 3 columns ( $3 - 1 + 1$ ), 2<sup>nd</sup> row has 2 columns ( $3 - 2 + 1$ ), and so on. Thus, in a pattern of N rows, the  $i^{\text{th}}$  row will have  $N - i + 1$  columns.
- **What to print:** All the entries in any row are `"*"`.

#### Python Implementation:

```
N=int(input()) #Take user input, N= Number of Rows
row=1; #The loop starts with the 1st row
while row<=N: #Loop will on for N rows
    col=1; #The loop starts with the first column in the current row
    while col<=N-row+1: #Number of columns = N-rowNumber+1
        print("*",end="") #Printing a (*) in all columns
        col=col+1 #Increment the current column (Inner Loop)
    row=row+1 #Increment the current row (Outer Loop)
    print() #Add a new Line after each row is printed
```

## Pattern 2.2 - Reversed Pattern

```
# N = 3
*
* *
* * *
```

### Approach:

From the above pattern, **we can observe:**

- **Number of Rows:** The pattern has 3 rows. We have to print the pattern for N rows.
- **Number of Columns:** The number of columns in any row is equal to N.
- **What to print:** In the 1<sup>st</sup> row, while `columnNumber <= 2(3-1)`, we print a " " in every column. Beyond the 2<sup>nd</sup> column, we print a "\*". Similarly, in the 2<sup>nd</sup> row, we print a " " till `columnNumber <= 1(3-2)` and beyond the 1<sup>st</sup> column, we print a "\*". We can easily notice that if `col <= N-rowNumber`, we are printing a " " (Space). And if `col > N-rowNumber`, we are printing a "\*".

### Python Implementation:

```
N=int(input()) #Take user input, N= Number of Rows
row=1; #The loop starts with the 1st row
while row<=N: #Loop will on for N rows
    col=1; #The loop starts with the first column in the current row
    while col<=N:#The loop will go on for N columns
        if(col<=N-row):
            print(" ",end="") #Printing a (" ")
        else:
            print("*",end="") #Printing a (*)
        col=col+1 #Increment the current column (Inner Loop)
    row=row+1 #Increment the current row (Outer Loop)
    print() #Add a new Line after each row is printed
```

## Pattern 2.3 - Isosceles Pattern

```
# N = 4
  1
 121
12321
1234321
```

### Approach:

From the above pattern **we can observe:**

- **Number of Rows:** The pattern has 3 rows. We have to print the pattern for N rows.
- **Number of Columns:** Similar to Pattern 2.2, we first have `N-rowNumber` columns of spaces. Following this, we have `2*rowNumber-1` columns of numbers.
- **What to print:** We can notice that if `col <= N-rowNumber`, we are printing a " " (Space). Further, the pattern has two parts. First is the increasing part and second is the decreasing part. For the increasing part, we will initialise a variable `num=1`. In each row we will keep printing `num` till its value becomes equal to the `rowNumber`. We will increment `num` by 1 after printing it; ;this will account for the first part of the pattern. We have `num = rowNumber` at this stage. Now, for the decreasing part, we will again start printing `num` till `num>=1`. After printing `num` we will decrement it by 1.

## Python Implementation:

```
N=int(input()) #Take user input, N= Number of Rows
row=1; #The loop starts with the 1st row
while row<=N: #Loop will on for N rows
    spaces =1 # Printing spaces
    while spaces<= N- row:
        print(" ",end="")
        spaces=spaces+1

    num=1 #Variable to print the numbers
    while num<=row: #Increasing Pattern
        print(num,end="")
        num=num+1;

    num=row-1 # We have to start printing the decreasing part from
one less than the rowNumber
    while num>=1: #Decreasing Pattern
        print(num,end="")
        num=num-1
    print()#New Line
    row=row+1
```

## Practice Problems

Here are a few similar patterns problems for your practice. All the patterns have been drawn for N=4.

```

      *
     ***
    *****
   ********
  
```

```

      1
     121
    12321
   1234321
  12321
   121
    1
  
```

```

    1      1
   2      2
  3 3
   4
  3 3
 2  2
1    1
  
```

```

      *
     ***
    *****
   ********
  1234321
   *****
    *****
     ***
      *
  
```